

## Exercise 25: (Drinker paradox)

$$\exists x \forall y (D(x) \wedge D(y))$$

Bring in SNF:

$$\forall y (D(f) \wedge D(y))$$

Build Herbrand expansion:

$$E(F) = \{\{D(f)\}, \{D(y)\}\}$$

We could not find any more elements of the Herbrand expansion, because  $f$  has no arguments. This also implies that there are no more resolutions apart from the one already provided by the Herbrand expansion. Thus the formula is satisfiable.

## Exercise 26: (Barber paradox)

## Exercise 27: (Runtime)

## Exercise 28: (Find the box)

Show that  $\square \in \text{Res}(F)$

