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BBM 407 - Fuzzy Logic

Mamdani Style Fuzzy Inference System

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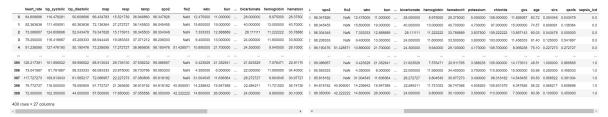
Libraries

I imported os and glob libraries to access all .csv files I have in the file, pandas library to do the most operations with the dataset, missingno library to do feature selection based on missing values, seaborn library to do feature selection based on heatmap, numpy library mostly for the mathematical operations like arange that used to determine variable ranges, sklearn.metrics library to print out the membership functions and skfuzzy library for all the fuzzy operations.

```
import os
import glob
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib as mpl
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import missingno as msno
import seaborn as sns
import skfuzzy as fuzz
import skfuzzy.membership as mf
import sklearn.metrics
```

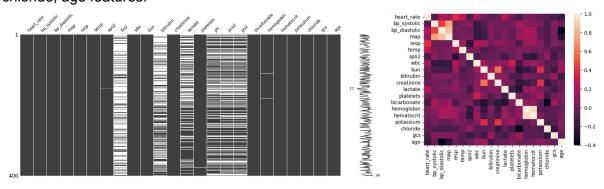
Data Set

I took 200 person datasets from the sepsis file and 200 person datasets from the no sepsis file, then took mean in every column for all person datasets and combined them in a single dataset with 400 rows.



Feature Selection

For input features, first I checked their missing values and eliminated fio2, ph, pco2, po2 features since they have too many null values that will prevent it from checking their effect on the output. Then looked at the heatmap of their correlations and eliminated bp_systolic, bp_diastolic, resp, temp, spo2, wbc, bun, bicarbonate, hemoglobin, hematocrit, potassium, chloride, age features.

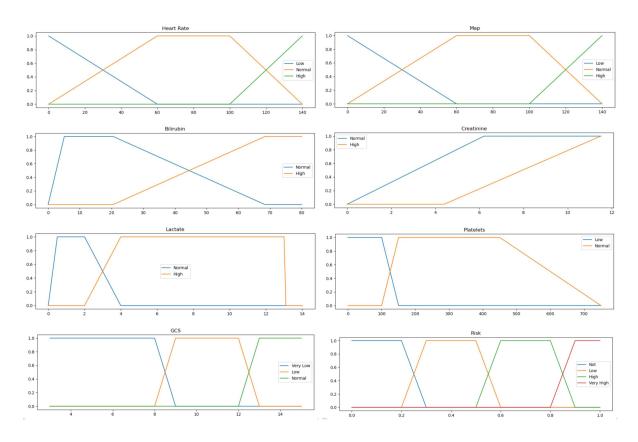


Variable Ranges

I determined ranges for input variables mostly from their ranges in the dataset but also their normal ranges. I determined a range between 0 and 1 with 0.1 spacing for risk variables.

Membership Functions

For the heart rate feature, I used 3 sets and determined their range values by internet[1]. For the map feature, I used 3 sets and determined their range values by internet[2]. For the bilirubin feature, I used 2 sets and determined their range values by internet[3]. For the creatinine feature, I used 2 sets and determined their range values by internet[4]. For the lactate feature, I used 2 sets and determined their range values by internet[5]. For the platelets feature, I used 2 sets and determined their range values by internet[6]. For the gcs feature, I used 3 sets and determined their range values by internet[7]. For the risk output I used 4 sets for not sepsis, low risk, high risk and very high risk.



Rules

I determined rules by result of my research of the sepsis and septic shock definitions that I attached under[8,9,10].

	1992* Sepsis Consensus Definitions Conference ¹	2003* Sepsis Consensus Definitions Conference ²	2016* Sepsis Consensus Definitions Conference ³
Infection without systemic inflammation	Infection	Infection	Infection
Infection with systemic inflammation without organ dysfunction	Sepsis**	Sepsis***	Infection
Infection with systemic inflammation and presence of organ dysfunction	Severe sepsis	Severe sepsis	Sepsis
Infection-induced hypotension not responding to fluid administration and requiring vasopressors	Septic shock	Septic shock	Septic shock****

- Date of publication
- SIRS criteria were the only criteria for systemic inflammation
- Added to SIRS criteria several other general, hemodynamic, inflammatory, organ dysfunction, and tissue hypoperfusion variables which, if abnormal, might support systemic inflammation
- **** Also requires an elevated lactate

11992 publication (Bone et al.)

²2003 publication (Levy et al.)

³2016 publication (Singer et al.)

SEPSIS: A Look at Lab Values The fotowing lab abnormatities may be seen in sepsis and septic shock. These are inclusors of inflammation and organ dysfunction and are not meant to diagnose sepsis. Please refer to your specific hospital laboratory reference ranges, which may differ slightly.			
Lab Value (normal range)	Changes in sepsis		
Lactate (0.5-2.0 mmol/L)	>2 mmol/L (hyperlactatemia) >4 mmol/L (lactic acidosis)		
Partial pressure of oxygen/fraction of inspired oxygen (PaO₂/FiO₂> 400)	<300 (arterial hypoxemia)		
Creatinine (0.7-1.3 mg/dL)	Increase >0.5 mg/dL		
Total bilirubin (0.3-1.2 mg/dL)	>4 mg/dL		
Serum glucose (70-105 mg/dL)	>140 mg/dL (in the absence of diabetes)		
White blood cell count (4,000-11,000 uL) ¹	> 12,000 uL²(leukocytosis) or < 4,000 uL²(leukopenia) or normal range with >10% immature forms		
Platelets (150-350 x 10 ³ /uL)	<100 x 10 ⁻³ /uL (thrombocytopenia)		
aPTT (25-35 seconds)	>60 seconds		
INR (< 1.5)	>1.5		
Procalcitonin (<0.15 ng/mL])	>2 standard deviations above normal		
Plasma C-reactive protein (0-10 mg/L)	>2 standard deviations above normal		

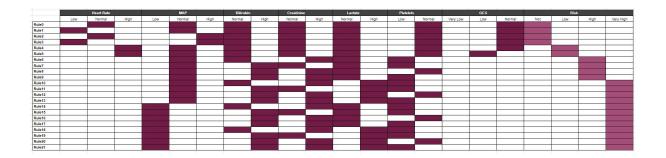
 $Systemic\ Inflammatory\ Response\ Syndrome\ (SIRS)\ criteria\ Patients\ are\ diagnosed\ with\ SIRS\ if\ they\ meet\ two\ of\ the\ four\ criteria$

Criteria	Metric	Comment Either hyperthermia or hypothermia is a SIRS criteria	
Temperature	>100.4° F (>38.0°C) or <96.8°F (<36.0°C)		
Heart rate	>90 beats per minute	Only tachycardia	
Respiratory rate	>20 breaths per minute	If the patient is mechanically ventilated, PaCO ₂ <32 mm Hg	
White blood count >12,000/mm ³ or <4,000/mm ³ or >10% immature forms		Any one of these parameters is sufficient for this category	

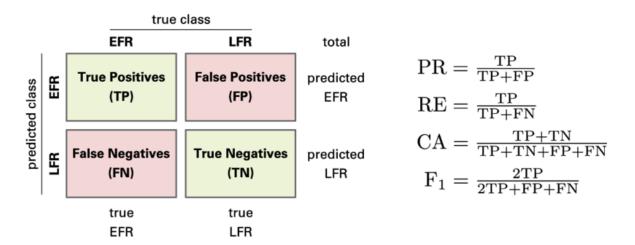
The SOFA Score*

Organ System, Measurement	SOFA Score				
	0	1	2	3	4
Respiration PaO ₂ /FiO ₂ , mmHg	Normal	<400	<300	<200 (with respiratory support)	<100 (with respiratory support)
Coagulation Platelets x10³/mm³	Normal	<150	<100	<50	<20
Liver Bilirubin, mg/dL (µmol/l)	Normal	1.2-1.9 (20-32)	2.0-5.9 (33-101)	6.0-11.9 (102-204)	>12.0 (<204)
Cardiovascular Hypotension	Normal	MAP<70 mmHg	Dopamine ≤5 or dobutamine (any dose)**	Dopamine >5 or epinephrine ≤0.1 or norepinephrine ≤0.1	Dopamine >15 or epinephrine >0.1 or norepinephrine >0.1
System Glasgow Coma Score	Normal	13-14	10-12	6-9	<6
Renal Creatinine, mg/dL (µmol/l) or Urine output	Normal	1.2-1.9 (110-170)	2.0-3.4 (171-299)	3.5-4.9 (300-440) or <500 mL/day	>5.0 (>440) or <200 mL/day

^{**}Adrenergic agents administered for at least 1 hour (doses given are in mcg/kg/min).



Results



Confusion Matrix

Accuracy Score

```
sklearn.metrics.accuracy_score(Y, Y_result)
0.5225
```

F1 Score

```
sklearn.metrics.f1_score(Y, Y_result)
0.13574660633484162
```

ROC(AUC) Score

sklearn.metrics.roc_auc_score(Y, Y_result)
0.5225

References

- [1] "Heart Rate Normal Range". https://www.healthline.com/health/dangerous-heart-rate.
- [2] "MAP Normal Range". https://www.healthline.com/health/mean-arterial-pressure.
- [3] "Bilirubin Normal Range".

https://www.mountsinai.org/health-library/tests/bilirubin-blood-test.

[4] "Creatinine Normal Range".

https://www.mayoclinic.org/tests-procedures/creatinine-test/about/pac-20384646.

- [5] "Lactate Normal Range". https://www.ucsfhealth.org/medical-tests/lactic-acid-test.
- [6] "Platelets Normal Range". https://www.nhlbi.nih.gov/health/thrombocytopenia.
- [7] "GCS Normal Range". https://medictests.com/units/glasgow-coma-score.
- [8] "Laboratory Signs of Sepsis".

https://www.nursingcenter.com/ncblog/march-2017/laboratory-signs-of-sepsis.

- [9] "Diagnosing Sepsis". https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC4980259/.
- [10] "SOFA Score in Relation to Sepsis".

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC9385349/.