- 1. Ppt Welcome and agenda
  - a. Go through "What is fixed? What is Variable?" one-by-one, encouraging interaction
  - b. Explain how labor is "step-variable" (don't forget to build graph)
  - c. After presentation, switch to Excel.
- b. Excel Example (BozaMan)
  - a. Fixed / Variable Costs columns (simple cell references), then sum each column

  - b. Propogate Right the totalsc. Do break-even the long way first
  - d. Revenue column (sales \* price)
  - e. Expenses Column (sales \* unit var cost) + fixed costs
  - f. Profit Column (rev expenses)
  - g. Scroll down to find break-even point
  - h. Show shortcut for CM and Break-even Point
  - i. Contribution margin formula (price variable costs)
  - Break-even point formula (fixed costs / contribution margin)
  - k. Explain each line on the graph
  - Break-even point is where revenue becomes greater than expenses (where the red and green lines cross)
  - m. Blue line is profit and you can see it goes above zero at this point
  - n. Explain slopes for profit (CM), expenses (VC) and revenue (Price) lines

Show students office hour and extra help session times from LMS

-TBA

Practice Part - If you have time left, let them do the practices and help them through it. Do not do it together! Let them do it.

- -Macuncu
- -OzU Store
- -Coffee Stand