

| DFSCRIPTOR

Summary

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Overview

DataFlex Scriptor (aka DataFlex for Applications, DFS) project was started about 10 years ago as a review of the GoldParser engine. Later, GoldParser project was frozen by author and seems like not supported. Due to number of changes in the DataFlex, original GoldParser DLL is not supported anymore and latest one (as a third-party component) does not implement all features and works slightly buggy.

So, DFScriptor was re-wrote from the ground recently using DataFlex 18.x, GoldParser engine was removed and parser was created using pure DataFlex code and shows acceptable level of the performance.

The main purpose of this project is to provide ability of the Custom Applications to have expandable functionality. Possible areas of usage might be - dynamic menus, custom built-in reports, wide range of the application and data management utilities, application debugging and so on.

When you have many remote sites (installations of the product), sometimes it becomes a pain to manage (support) these sites remotely, especially when site is live and you do not have full access to. Periodically, you need to examine remote system, review remote database, provide some service utilities and updates. In all these cases DataFlex Scriptor might be a solution or at least significantly simplify your life.

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What's New (Comparing to v. 1)

General Changes

1. Built using 100% DataFlex (v. 18+).
2. GoldParser DLL was removed entirely and replaced by DataFlex based parser.
3. Brand new DFS Debugger, with CodeMax control.
4. New script options (Pre-compile and Build).

Language Changes

1. DataFlex tags are now supported ("{}").
2. DataFlex native arrays (Alpha version is parser only).
3. Most of commands now support expressions as parameters.
4. Input/Output commands now support channels.
5. Get/Set commands are implemented (additionally to the Send command).
6. Many new data types added (Alpha version is parser only).
7. Script based procedures and functions.
8. Number of compiler directives are implemented (eg. USE, #INCLUDE, #REM).
9. Objects can be instantiated using Object/End_object commands. Please note - nested objects and object augmentation are not supported by design.
10. New database management command are implemented - LOCK and ATTACH. As well as functionality expanded for all commands to support file list (where applicable) and options (line DF_ALL).
11. Additionally to MOVE command new set added - INCREMENT, DECREMENT, ADD and SUBTRACT.
12. Repeat/Until/Loop statements were implemented.
13. INDICATE command support for the number of built-in indicators (FOUND, SEQEOF, SEQEOL, ERR).
14. IF/ELSE commands are improved to support BEGIN/END blocks and constructions like IF/ELSE IF.
15. ERROR command is added (along with #ERROR directive).

Samples

Number of script samples and examples of usage provided.

Script Samples

1. ScriptSampleAttributes.ds - demonstrates general operations with DataFlex attributes.
2. ScriptSampleDatabase.ds - demonstrates general DataFlex database related operations.
3. ScriptSampleIfs.ds - demonstrates general logical operations.
4. ScriptSampleInputOutput.ds - demonstrates general input/output operations.
5. ScriptSampleScopes.ds - using different scopes in the scripts.
6. ScriptSampleAll.ds - combines all samples listed above into the single script file.

Application Samples

1. DataFlex Scriptor Console (available as a tab page under DFS Debugger).
2. Dynamic application menu item.
3. Simple in-line Reporting.

DFScriptor File Extensions

Script Source

Script source file should have *.DS extension. This is text file with the script source (DataFlex statements/phrases are expected).

Script Package

Script package should have *.DP extension. This is text file with the script source (DataFlex statements/phrases are expected). File to be included into the script source files using USE or #INCLUDE directives.

Script Executable

*.DE extension is allocated to the pre-compile script file. This file includes script tables (list of the variables, sources, included files etc). Pre-compiled script file does not require compilation and may be executed straight away. This is not mandatory file. DataFlex Scriptor may load and execute both - source (DS) and executable (DE) files.

Script PRN

*.PRN file is an intermediate code listing file. It will be created during pre-compilation process and located at the same directory where script is located. File might be useful for the debugging and review purposes.

Script Tables

This type of the file is provided for the debugging purposes in case DFS Debugger is not used. *.TBL file will be created at the same location along with script and provides developer with debugging information - scopes available, information about scopes and tokens, list of variables created, Scriptor symbols used.

❗ Please note: **.DE, *.PRN and *.TBL files are not required for the deployment. *.PRN and *.TBL should never be deployed. *.DE should be deployed in case you wish to provide better performance or secure your script code from the user.*

DataFlex Script Debugger

DataFlex Script Debugger is an optional component that is provided to assist you in script writing.

Script Page

Provides script source window, pre-compiler output window, script structure, Application objects and Application database lists.

Script source window is a CodeMax source editor with syntax highlighting. The same component is used in TheHammer project and probably DataFlex Studio.

Pre-compiler output window provides basic information on the Script compilation, build and run processes.

Script structure shows current script structure tree - including source files and available scopes. You may drag and drop methods available into the script source editor.

Application objects shows the current tree of the parent application objects. It may be used to simplify the reference of these objects in the script source. Drag and Drop operations are supported along with Copy/Paste routines.

Application database - provides detailed list of the parent application database. Including, data tables, columns and indexes. Drag and Drop along with Copy/Paste operations are supported as well. You may drag different database elements. It will insert appropriate access method for the selected element (eg. to simplify Find or Save operations writing).

Scopes Page

Provides list of the script scopes (Procedures, Functions, Objects) and pre-processed tokens list along with list of available variables. If variable has "IN" symbol, then this variable should be passed as a parameter. Scope code will be executed using list of these tokens.

Variables Page

This page shows all defined script variables for all scopes, including main script. It includes detailed information on variable (or constant) name, type, scope, dimensions, internal image and current value is applicable.

Tokens Page

Tokens page shows complete list of the parsed and not pre-compiled tokens. Actual processing goes through scopes. This list is provided for the references only and includes Token number, Symbol ID, Image, Source file, Line and column where token is found by parser.

Errors Page

Errors page shows script errors if any. It mostly duplicates pre-compile information window (may be removed at the later versions).

Symbols Page

Symbols are the DataFlex Scriptor IDs allocated to the parsed tokens if found or applicable. This page provided for the information on complete list of the symbols available.

Symbols have a few general types:

1. Token - abstract symbol for the appropriate token found (eg. String or Integer constants, End of Line or End of Script symbols, Directive, Scope, Command and so on.
2. Command - represents recognized DataFlex command in the script (for example, MOVE, FIND, INTEGER etc.).
3. Directive - represents recognized DataFlex Compiler Directives (USE, #INCLUDE, #REM, #ERROR etc).
4. Type - recognized type of the variable defined in the script.
5. Operator - represents DataFlex named operators (GE, GT, CONTAINS etc). Unnamed operators (+, -, * etc.) are recognized like Token type "Operator" symbol (DFT_OPERATOR).
6. Keyword - recognized DataFlex command reserved keyword (RECNUM, CHANNEL, FROM, IS, A etc).
7. Function - recognized DataFlex built-in function (SizeOfArray, Pos, Sin, Trim etc.). These function will be used at the later versions of the scriptor.

Charsets Page

Current parser charsets used to recognize tokens.

Debugger Hot Keys

Hot Key	Description
CTRL+N	Clear Debugger and start new script.
CTRL-O	Clear Debugger and open new saved script (*.DS, *.DE, *.DP)
F2	Save current Script.
CTRL+S	Save current script and pre-compile.
CTRL+B	Build the compiled script (produce *.DE).
F5	Run current script.

❗ Please note: Other hot keys may be assigned (and changed) using DFS Debugger source editor options. However, Options are not implemented so far in the Alpha version and all options are hardcoded (so may be changed in the code only).

Supported Data Types

Base Types

Base data types supported are *Integer*, *Number*, *Real*, *String* and *Date*. Additionally, *Constants* are supported (DEFINE statement) and database *Tables* as constants (OPEN statement).

Base data types are validated well and converted on the fly.

Number of extra data types are based on the base types (Pointer, Handle, Boolean). These type are treated as an Integer type.

Extended Types

Extended data types are: *DateTime*, *TimeSpan*, *Time*, *Char*, *UChar*, *Short*, *UShort*, *UInteger*, *BigInt*, *UBigInt*, *Address*, *RowID* and *Variant*. These types are supported by parser only for the moment. In the later versions I have intention to implement some of them.

❗ Please note: Native arrays for the listed types are supported at the parser level only. I have intention to implement native arrays in the script. Structs are not supposed to be implemented on other stages.

Supported Commands

Scopes

WHILE/LOOP

Marks a block of code to be executed repeatedly depending on a condition.

```
While {Boolean-expression}  
    ... commands ...  
Loop
```

FOR/LOOP

Executes a block of code in an iteration.

```
For {counter} From {start-value} To {stop-value}  
    ... commands ...  
Loop
```

REPEAT/UNTIL

Executes a repeating block of code.

```
Repeat  
    ... commands ...  
Until {Boolean-expression}
```

BEGIN/END

To define the beginning and end of a block of commands whose execution is to be controlled by other commands.

```
Begin  
    ... commands ...  
End
```

FUNCTION/FUNCTION_RETURN/END_FUNCTION

To define a function.

```
Function {function-name} [Global|Overloaded|For Class] [{type} {param} ... ] ;  
    Returns {return-type}  
    ... commands ...  
    Function_Return {value}  
End_Function
```

PROCEDURE/PROCEDURE_RETURN/END_PROCEDURE

To define a procedure.

```
Procedure [Set] {function-name} [Global|Overloaded|For Class] [{type} {param} ... ] ;  
    [Returns {return-type}]  
    ... commands ...  
    Procedure_Return {value}  
End_Procedure
```

OBJECT/END_OBJECT

To create an object instance of a class. Objects in the DFScriptor may not be nested or augmented. These commands are used for the instantiation of the single object only.

```
Object {object-name} is a {object-class}  
End_Object
```

CLASS/END_CLASS

To create a new DataFlex object class. A class defines a DataFlex object's behavior. DFScriptor does not support classes. These statements are for the parser only.

```
Class {sub-class} Is A {super-class}  
:  
End_Class
```

SCRIPT_RETURN

Similar to function or procedure return command, this extra command is provided for the Script return feature. So script may be called as a function and value can be returned.

Logical Operations

IF/IFNOT/ELSE

Conditionally controls the execution of one or more lines of code.

```
If|IfNot {BooleanExpression} [{Command}|Begin
    {True Statement}
End]
[Else [{Command}|Begin
    {False Statement}
End]
```

Methods and Attributes

SET

To set the value of an object property.

```
Set property [of object] [item_number] To value
```

GET

To get the value of a function or object property.

```
Get {method-name} [of {object-ID}] [{param1 ... paramN}] To {receiving-  
variable}
```

SEND

To send a message to an object.

```
Send message [of object] [arguments...]
```

GET_ATTRIBUTE

To retrieve a global, driver, database/connection, table, column, or index attribute.

```
Get_Attribute {attribute} [of {tableHandle|DriverID} ;  
  [{databaseHandle} |{columnNum} | {indexNum} [{segmentNum}]]] ;  
To {variable}
```

SET_ATTRIBUTE

To set a global, driver, database/connection, table, column, or index attribute.

```
Set_Attribute {attribute} [of {tableHandle|DriverID} ;  
  [{databaseHandle} |{columnNum} | {indexNum} [{segmentNum}]]] ;  
To {variable}
```

SYSDATE

To return the current system date, hour, minute, and second.

```
SysDate {dtDate} [{iHour} [{iMinute} [{iSecond}]]]
```

Assign Operations

MOVE/CALC

To assign a value to a variable. CALC command will be replaced with MOVE during calculations.

```
Move {expression} to {variable}
```

ADD

To perform addition.

```
Add {value} to {variable}
```

SUBTRACT

To perform subtraction.

```
subtract value from variable
```

INCREMENT

Increase the value of an integer variable by one.

```
Increment {variable}
```

DECREMENT

To reduce the value of a variable or database field by one.

```
Decrement {variable}
```

INDICATE

Indicators as a type are not supported. This command may change the state of the built-in only indicators (FOUND, SEQEOF, SEQEOL, ERR).

```
Indicate {Built-in Indicator} {True|False|[as {Logical Expression}]}
```

Database

CLOSE

To close a database table.

```
Close {table}[... {table}] | DF_ALL [ DF_TEMPORARY | DF_PERMANENT ]
```

REREAD

To maintain data integrity in multi user systems by updating record buffer data for any changes made by other users since the data was first brought into the buffers, and to prevent further changes by other users until an unlock command has been executed.

```
Reread [{table} ... {table}]
```

LOCK

To prevent other users from making changes to a database while one user is saving a record.

```
Lock
```

UNLOCK

In a multi user environment, to end the locked state of all database files imposed by the lock and reread commands.

```
Unlock
```

CLEAR

To erase all data from the record buffers of one or more database tables. The status of the tables is set inactive.

```
Clear {DF_ALL | table} [...{table}]
```


SAVE

To save changes made to a record buffer, including data from parent tables, to the database on disk.

```
Save {child-table} [...{child-table}]
```

SAVERECORD

To save changes made to a record buffer to the database on disk without updating fields that relate to other tables with data from those tables.

```
SaveRecord table [...table]
```

DELETE

To remove the record currently in the record buffer from each database table named in the command.

```
Delete {table} [...{table}]
```

RELATE

To find parent records matching the data in a child table's record buffer.

```
Relate {child-table} [...{child-table}]
```

ATTACH

To move the primary key from each parent table into the matching external keys of the named child database tables.

```
Attach {child-table} [... {child-table}]
```

FIND

To retrieve a record from a database table on disk, and place it in the record buffer.

```
Find LT | LE | EQ | GE | GT {table} By Recnum | {IndexNumber}
```

BEGIN_TRANSACTION

To explicitly mark the beginning of a database transaction.

<code>Begin_Transaction</code>

END_TRANSACTION

To explicitly mark the end of a database transaction.

<code>End_Transaction</code>

Input/Ouput

SHOW

To display a string of characters to the screen in a special "character-mode" display box that deactivates it when its Close button is pressed.

```
Show value [... value]
```

SHOWLN

To display a line of characters to the screen in a special "character-mode" display box that deactivates when its Close button is pressed.

```
Showln [value... value]
```

WRITE

To Write the values of one or more variables to a sequential file, device or text field.

```
Write [Channel channelNum] value [ ... value]
```

WRITELN

To Write the values of one or more variables to a sequential file, device, or text field as a line of data.

```
WriteLn [Channel ChannelNum] [value ... value]
```

WRITE_HEX

To write binary data as two-byte hexadecimal numbers.

```
Write_hex [Channel channelNum] value [ ... value]
```

READ

To read "words" of data from a sequential file, device, or text field and move them to one or more variables.

```
Read [Channel {channel-num}] {variable} [...{variable}]
```

READLN

To read a line of data from a sequential file, device, text field, or image, and move its "words" into one or more variables.

```
ReadLn [Channel {channelNum}] {variable} [...{variable}]
```

READ_BLOCK

To read a block of data of a specified size from a sequential file, device, or text field and move it to a variable.

```
Read_Block [Channel {channel-num}] {variable} {length}
```

READ_HEX

To read binary data as two-byte hexadecimal numbers.

```
Read_Hex [Channel {channel-num}] {variable} [{length}]
```

DIRECT_OUTPUT

To write output to a sequential file, a printer, or the Windows clipboard.

```
Direct_Output [Channel {ChannelNumber} {FileMode}: {FileModeOption}] {driver} {file/device}
```

DIRECT_INPUT

To open a file or device for sequential input.

```
Direct_Input [Channel {ChannelNumber} {FileMode}: {FileModeOption}] {driver} {file/device}
```

APPEND_OUTPUT

To add output to a sequential file, a printer, or the Windows clipboard.

```
Append_Output [Channel {ChannelNumber} {FileMode}: {FileModeOption}] {driver} {file/device}
```

CLOSE_INPUT

To close a sequential input file.

```
Close_Input [Channel {channel-no}]
```

CLOSE_OUTPUT

To close a sequential output file.

```
Close_Output [Channel {channel-no}]
```

General Purposes

ERROR

To signal an error has occurred.

```
Error {error-num} [{message}]
```

ABORT

To end the execution of the current DataFlex program. Implemented for Windows only. If used, confirmation to exit application will be provided.

```
Abort
```

SLEEP

To pause execution of the DataFlex program for a specified time interval.

```
Sleep seconds
```

Supported Compiler Directives

USE

To incorporate separate source files into DataFlex programs at compile time as source code. Use searches for file {SourceFileName.ext} at the time the program is compiled. If the specified file is found and this file has not already been included in the program, its contents are loaded compiled as though they were part of the program.

```
Use [" [{path}]{SourceFileName}[{.ext}]] ["
```

#REM

To generate a comment at compile time.

```
#Rem path\filename.ext
```

#ERROR

The #Error directive declares a compile time error.

```
#Error {error-number} {error-message}
```

#INCLUDE

To incorporate into a program at compile time, program source code from another source-code file. The entire file filename.ext will be included in the compilation process at the point(s) of the #Include(s).

```
#Include path\filename.ext
```

Parser

DataFlex Scriptor parser accepts CRLF terminated line of the characters (bytes) and going from the left to the right splits it to the separate tokens.

Parser tokens are abstract and identify basic language element types (Symbols).

At the next (pre-compiler) stage, these tokens will be identified and appropriate actual symbol IDs allocated.

Parser can recognize the following basic tokens:

1. End of File
2. General Error (token cannot be recognized)
3. End of Line
4. Code comment
5. String, Real, Number and Integer constant
6. Abstract command
7. Element ID (variable, constant, object name etc.)
8. Operator (+, -, *, / etc.)
9. Expression start and stop ('(', ')')
10. Native array definition ('[', ']')
11. Tag start and stop ('{', '}')
12. List of the parameters ('(',')')
13. Compiler directive (#INCLUDE, #ERROR etc.)
14. Database field (FILE.FIELD)
15. DataFlex Scriptor Scope name

Pre-Compiler

The purpose of the pre-compiler is to prepare parsed script for execution.

The main actions of compiler:

1. Collect all included source files into the single script.
2. Collect tokens and create script scopes.
3. Define and build list of variables for the each scope defined.
4. Recognize DataFlex phrases and allocates appropriate Symbol IDs for all tokens.
5. Control script consistency and validate phrases (reporting compile time errors).
6. Replace the token names with their respective script element IDs and references.
7. Remove noise lines¹.

When compilation process completed, all script tables are built and ready to be executed.

¹ Noise lines are lines like Tags ({}), Variable declarations (Since they are registered), Include file commands (USE/#INCLUDE), Open command (since file declared and opened), END* scope commands (which identify end of scope), scope start commands (since scope is started) etc etc. So roughly speaking, any lines that are not required for the script execution purposes

Builder

Option to build script and generate "executable" (*.DE) file is introduced to improve performance and secure script code.

Executable script may be loaded into the DataFlex scriptor and executed without compilation.

Build process reads all collected tables (scopes and variables) and records them into the binary file.

The structure of the binary file as following:

1. File Header Record:

[VERSION][INFO(File, Date, Time, Copyright)]

2. Script scopes and files record:

[FilesCount][FileTable: MDDL LLLNNFFFF*, ...]

3. Scopes record:

[ScopeCount][ScopeHeader: TTAARRDDLNNNN**][SkopeTokens:[TokensCount][TokensTable: SSLLLLCCFFBBBBIIII*, ...]]

4. Variables record:

[VariablesCount][VariablesTable: TTL LLLCCDDBBNNNN*BBBBVVVV*, ...]

File/Scope Name Record

MDDLNNNNFFFF*, where

Element	Description	Type
M	Method (Script, USE...)	BYTE
DD	Depth Level	SHORT, 2
LLLL	Line No	DWORD, 4
NN	Size of File Name	SHORT, 2
FFFF*	File/Scope Name	CHAR, Variable

Scope Record

TTAARRDDLLNNNN*, where

Element	Description	Type
TT	Scope Type (Function,..)	SHORT, 2
AA	No. Arguments	SHORT, 2
RR	Returns Type	SHORT, 2
DD	Return Type Dimension	SHORT, 2
LL	Size of Name	SHORT, 2
NNNN*	Scope Name	CHAR, Variable

Scope Tokens Record

SSLCCCFFBBBBIIII*, where

Element	Description	Type
SS	Symbol	SHORT, 2
LLLL	Line No	DWORD, 4
CC	Column No	SHORT, 2
FF	File Index, See File Table Record Ind	SHORT, 2
BBBB	Size of Image	DWORD, 4
IIII*	Image	CHAR, Variable

Variable/Constant List Record

TTLLCCDDSSBBNNNN*BBBBVVVV*, where

Element	Description	Type
TT	Type	SHORT, 2
LLLL	Line No	DWORD, 4
CC	Column No	SHORT, 2
DD	Dimension	SHORT, 2
SS	Scope Ref.	SHORT, 2
BB	Size of Name	SHORT, 2
NNNN*	Name	CHAR, Variable
BBBB	Size of Value	DWORD, 4
VVVV*	Value	CHAR, Variable