# Activity Classification using MHI

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#### Introduction

#### Video Activity Recognition using MHI

**Dataset:** 

http://www.nada.kth.se/

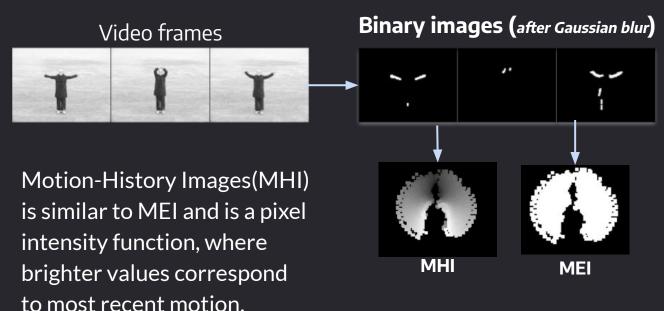


Image source: <a href="http://www.nada.kth.se/cvap/actions/">http://www.nada.kth.se/cvap/actions/</a>

## IMAGE PROCESSING PIPELINE



#### **MHI and MEI**

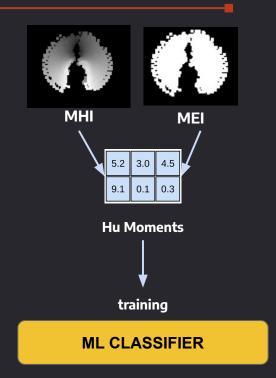


Motion-Energy Images (MEI) highlight regions in the image where any form of motion is present.

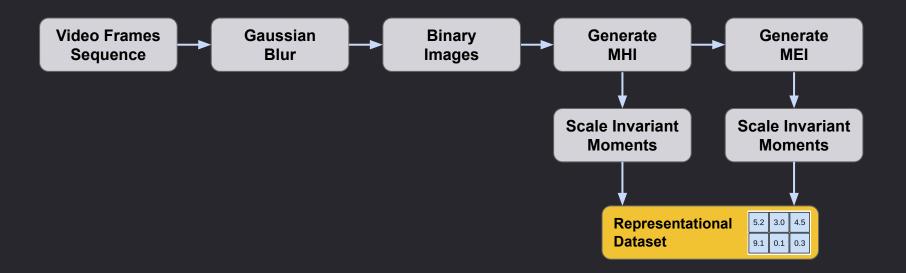
#### **Hu Moments**

The **Seven Hu moments** provide reasonable shape discrimination in a **translation**, **rotation** and **scale invariant** manner.

The Eight Hu moment ensures independence and completeness.



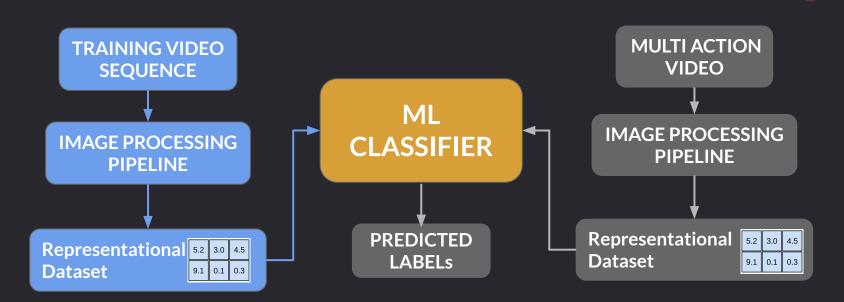
#### **Image Processing Pipeline**



## **CLASSIFIERS**



#### TYPICAL CLASSIFIER



**TRAINING** 

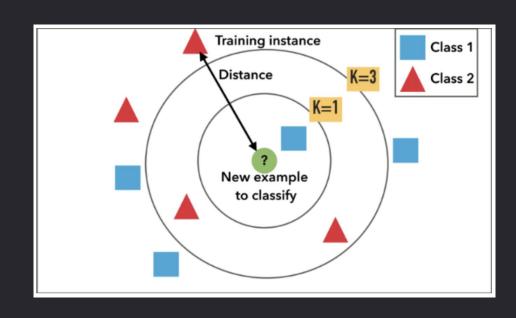
**PREDICTION** 

#### KNN CLASSIFIER

KNN Algorithm classifies based on **feature similarity** 

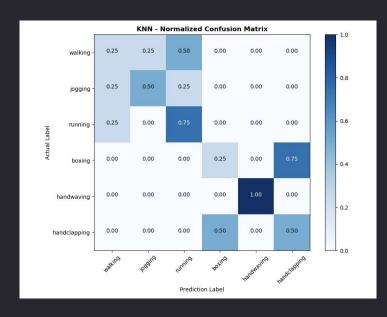
How close does the out-of-sample features resemble the training set

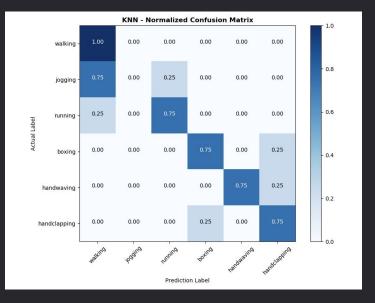
Nearest K-Neighbors determine the classification.



https://blog.usejournal.com/a-quick-introduction-to-k-nearest-neighbors-algorithm-62214cea29c7

#### KNN CLASSIFIER - RESULTS





**Validation Accuracy - 54.17%** 

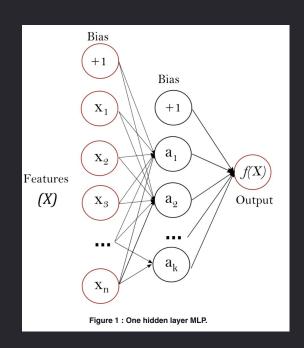
Testing Accuracy - 66.67%

#### MLP CLASSIFIER

Multi-layer Perceptron (MLP) Classifier uses **neural network like structure** to train.

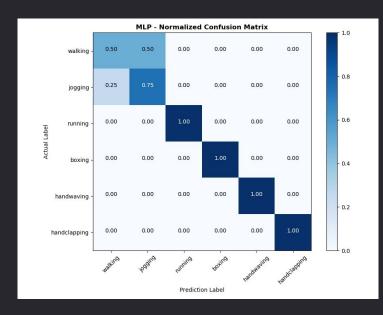
Uses hidden layers to capture subtle differences and garner **better accuracy**.

**Back-Propagation** to continuously adjusts the weights of the network connections to minimize error



https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/neural\_networks\_supervised.html

#### **MLP CLASSIFIER - RESULTS**





**Validation Accuracy - 87.50%** 

Testing Accuracy - 83.33%

### **MULTI ACTION VIDEO**



#### **MULTI ACTION VIDEO**

A multi action video was recorded using the same subject performing all of the trained actions in sequence.



Few sample frames from the video

#### **MULTI ACTION VIDEO - PROCESSING**

Video is processed using the **Image Processing Pipeline** and MHI/MEI are generated.

Their **Hu Moments** are used to predict the action using the trained MLP Classifier.



MHIs generated from the multi-action video

#### **MULTI ACTION VIDEO - RESULTS**

Using the MHI/MEI based Hu Moments, the trained MLP Classifier was able to predict all the actions accurately.







boxing

clapping

waving







walking

jogging

running

Video frames with prediction



# Thanks to all the TAs and students of Spring 2019 for your guidance and help.