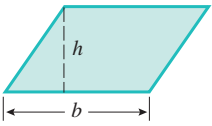
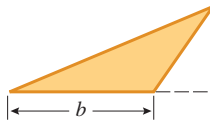
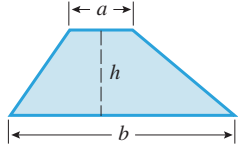
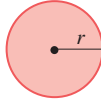
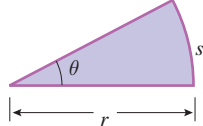
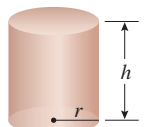
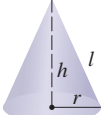

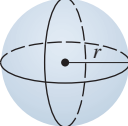


GEOMETRY FORMULAS

A = area, S = lateral surface area, V = volume, h = height, B = area of base, r = radius, l = slant height, C = circumference, s = arc length

Parallelogram	Triangle	Trapezoid	Circle	Sector
 $A = bh$	 $A = \frac{1}{2}bh$	 $A = \frac{1}{2}(a + b)h$	 $A = \pi r^2, C = 2\pi r$	 $A = \frac{1}{2}r^2\theta, s = r\theta$ (θ in radians)
Right Circular Cylinder	Right Circular Cone	Any Cylinder or Prism with Parallel Bases		Sphere
 $V = \pi r^2h, S = 2\pi rh$	 $V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2h, S = \pi rl$	 $V = Bh$		 $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3, S = 4\pi r^2$

ALGEBRA FORMULAS

THE QUADRATIC FORMULA	THE BINOMIAL FORMULA
<p>The solutions of the quadratic equation $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ are</p> $x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$	$(x + y)^n = x^n + nx^{n-1}y + \frac{n(n-1)}{1 \cdot 2}x^{n-2}y^2 + \frac{n(n-1)(n-2)}{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3}x^{n-3}y^3 + \cdots + nxy^{n-1} + y^n$ $(x - y)^n = x^n - nx^{n-1}y + \frac{n(n-1)}{1 \cdot 2}x^{n-2}y^2 - \frac{n(n-1)(n-2)}{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3}x^{n-3}y^3 + \cdots \pm nxy^{n-1} \mp y^n$

TABLE OF INTEGRALS

BASIC FUNCTIONS

- $\int u^n du = \frac{u^{n+1}}{n+1} + C$
- $\int \frac{du}{u} = \ln|u| + C$
- $\int e^u du = e^u + C$
- $\int \sin u du = -\cos u + C$
- $\int \cos u du = \sin u + C$
- $\int \tan u du = \ln|\sec u| + C$
- $\int \sin^{-1} u du = u \sin^{-1} u + \sqrt{1 - u^2} + C$
- $\int \cos^{-1} u du = u \cos^{-1} u - \sqrt{1 - u^2} + C$
- $\int \tan^{-1} u du = u \tan^{-1} u - \ln \sqrt{1 + u^2} + C$
- $\int a^u du = \frac{a^u}{\ln a} + C$
- $\int \ln u du = u \ln u - u + C$
- $\int \cot u du = \ln|\sin u| + C$
- $\int \sec u du = \ln|\sec u + \tan u| + C$
 $= \ln \left| \tan \left(\frac{1}{4}\pi + \frac{1}{2}u \right) \right| + C$
- $\int \csc u du = \ln|\csc u - \cot u| + C$
 $= \ln|\tan \frac{1}{2}u| + C$
- $\int \cot^{-1} u du = u \cot^{-1} u + \ln \sqrt{1 + u^2} + C$
- $\int \sec^{-1} u du = u \sec^{-1} u - \ln|u + \sqrt{u^2 - 1}| + C$
- $\int \csc^{-1} u du = u \csc^{-1} u + \ln|u + \sqrt{u^2 - 1}| + C$

RECIPROCAL OF BASIC FUNCTIONS

$$\begin{aligned}
 18. \int \frac{1}{1 \pm \sin u} du &= \tan u \mp \sec u + C \\
 19. \int \frac{1}{1 \pm \cos u} du &= -\cot u \pm \csc u + C \\
 20. \int \frac{1}{1 \pm \tan u} du &= \frac{1}{2}(u \pm \ln|\cos u \pm \sin u|) + C \\
 21. \int \frac{1}{\sin u \cos u} du &= \ln|\tan u| + C \\
 22. \int \frac{1}{1 \pm \cot u} du &= \frac{1}{2}(u \mp \ln|\sin u \pm \cos u|) + C \\
 23. \int \frac{1}{1 \pm \sec u} du &= u + \cot u \mp \csc u + C \\
 24. \int \frac{1}{1 \pm \csc u} du &= u - \tan u \pm \sec u + C \\
 25. \int \frac{1}{1 \pm e^u} du &= u - \ln(1 \pm e^u) + C
 \end{aligned}$$

POWERS OF TRIGONOMETRIC FUNCTIONS

$$\begin{aligned}
 26. \int \sin^2 u du &= \frac{1}{2}u - \frac{1}{4}\sin 2u + C \\
 27. \int \cos^2 u du &= \frac{1}{2}u + \frac{1}{4}\sin 2u + C \\
 28. \int \tan^2 u du &= \tan u - u + C \\
 29. \int \sin^n u du &= -\frac{1}{n}\sin^{n-1} u \cos u + \frac{n-1}{n} \int \sin^{n-2} u du \\
 30. \int \cos^n u du &= \frac{1}{n}\cos^{n-1} u \sin u + \frac{n-1}{n} \int \cos^{n-2} u du \\
 31. \int \tan^n u du &= \frac{1}{n-1}\tan^{n-1} u - \int \tan^{n-2} u du \\
 32. \int \cot^2 u du &= -\cot u - u + C \\
 33. \int \sec^2 u du &= \tan u + C \\
 34. \int \csc^2 u du &= -\cot u + C \\
 35. \int \cot^n u du &= -\frac{1}{n-1}\cot^{n-1} u - \int \cot^{n-2} u du \\
 36. \int \sec^n u du &= \frac{1}{n-1}\sec^{n-2} u \tan u + \frac{n-2}{n-1} \int \sec^{n-2} u du \\
 37. \int \csc^n u du &= -\frac{1}{n-1}\csc^{n-2} u \cot u + \frac{n-2}{n-1} \int \csc^{n-2} u du
 \end{aligned}$$

PRODUCTS OF TRIGONOMETRIC FUNCTIONS

$$\begin{aligned}
 38. \int \sin mu \sin nu du &= -\frac{\sin(m+n)u}{2(m+n)} + \frac{\sin(m-n)u}{2(m-n)} + C \\
 39. \int \cos mu \cos nu du &= \frac{\sin(m+n)u}{2(m+n)} + \frac{\sin(m-n)u}{2(m-n)} + C \\
 40. \int \sin mu \cos nu du &= -\frac{\cos(m+n)u}{2(m+n)} - \frac{\cos(m-n)u}{2(m-n)} + C \\
 41. \int \sin^m u \cos^n u du &= -\frac{\sin^{m-1} u \cos^{n+1} u}{m+n} + \frac{m-1}{m+n} \int \sin^{m-2} u \cos^n u du \\
 &= \frac{\sin^{m+1} u \cos^{n-1} u}{m+n} + \frac{n-1}{m+n} \int \sin^m u \cos^{n-2} u du
 \end{aligned}$$

PRODUCTS OF TRIGONOMETRIC AND EXPONENTIAL FUNCTIONS

$$\begin{aligned}
 42. \int e^{au} \sin bu du &= \frac{e^{au}}{a^2 + b^2}(a \sin bu - b \cos bu) + C \\
 43. \int e^{au} \cos bu du &= \frac{e^{au}}{a^2 + b^2}(a \cos bu + b \sin bu) + C
 \end{aligned}$$

POWERS OF u MULTIPLYING OR DIVIDING BASIC FUNCTIONS

$$\begin{aligned}
 44. \int u \sin u du &= \sin u - u \cos u + C \\
 45. \int u \cos u du &= \cos u + u \sin u + C \\
 46. \int u^2 \sin u du &= 2u \sin u + (2 - u^2) \cos u + C \\
 47. \int u^2 \cos u du &= 2u \cos u + (u^2 - 2) \sin u + C \\
 48. \int u^n \sin u du &= -u^n \cos u + n \int u^{n-1} \cos u du \\
 49. \int u^n \cos u du &= u^n \sin u - n \int u^{n-1} \sin u du \\
 50. \int u^n \ln u du &= \frac{u^{n+1}}{(n+1)^2}[(n+1) \ln u - 1] + C \\
 51. \int u e^u du &= e^u(u-1) + C \\
 52. \int u^n e^u du &= u^n e^u - n \int u^{n-1} e^u du \\
 53. \int u^n a^u du &= \frac{u^n a^u}{\ln a} - \frac{n}{\ln a} \int u^{n-1} a^u du + C \\
 54. \int \frac{e^u}{u^n} du &= -\frac{e^u}{(n-1)u^{n-1}} + \frac{1}{n-1} \int \frac{e^u}{u^{n-1}} du \\
 55. \int \frac{a^u}{u^n} du &= -\frac{a^u}{(n-1)u^{n-1}} + \frac{\ln a}{n-1} \int \frac{a^u}{u^{n-1}} du \\
 56. \int \frac{du}{u \ln u} &= \ln|\ln u| + C
 \end{aligned}$$

POLYNOMIALS MULTIPLYING BASIC FUNCTIONS

$$\begin{aligned}
 57. \int p(u) e^{au} du &= \frac{1}{a} p(u) e^{au} - \frac{1}{a^2} p'(u) e^{au} + \frac{1}{a^3} p''(u) e^{au} - \dots \quad [\text{signs alternate: } + - + - \dots] \\
 58. \int p(u) \sin au du &= -\frac{1}{a} p(u) \cos au + \frac{1}{a^2} p'(u) \sin au + \frac{1}{a^3} p''(u) \cos au - \dots \quad [\text{signs alternate in pairs after first term: } + + - - + + - - \dots] \\
 59. \int p(u) \cos au du &= \frac{1}{a} p(u) \sin au + \frac{1}{a^2} p'(u) \cos au - \frac{1}{a^3} p''(u) \sin au - \dots \quad [\text{signs alternate in pairs: } + + - - + + - - \dots]
 \end{aligned}$$