Program statement: Write programs in C to find out the minimum spanning tree of a given undirected graph using the following: 1) Kruskal's Algorithm

Source code:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
int v, e, parent[20];
typedef struct edge{
   int u, v, w;
}edge;
void sort(edge edges[e])
       key = edges[i];
        while (j \ge 0 \&\& edges[j].w > key.w){
            edges[j + 1] = edges[j];
        edges[j + 1] = key;
int find(int n)
void union_(int m, int n)
```

```
void kruskal(edge edges[e])
   sort (edges);
           union (find(edges[i].u), find(edges[i].v));
int main()
   int i, m, n, w;
```

```
scanf("%d%d%d", &edges[i].u, &edges[i].v, &edges[i].w);
}
kruskal(edges);
}
```

Output:

```
Enter the no of vertices and edges
6 10
Enter the edges as vertices - m n w
017
038
1 3 3
129
1 2 6
2 3 4
3 4 3
2 4 2
2 5 5
4 5 2
MST:
(2, 4)
(4, 5)
(1, 3)
(3, 4)
(0, 1)
The weight of the MST is: 17
PS D:\Sem 4\GRAPH>
```

Program statement: 2) Prim's Algorithm.

Source code:

```
// A C Program for prim algorithm
// representation of graphs using adjacency matrix
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
void prim(int v, int a[v][v])
    int parent[v], key[v], mstset[v];
        key[j]=9999;
       mstset[j]=0;
       parent[j]=-1;
    j=0;
    key[j]=0;
    while (j<v)
       min=9998;
        for( i=0; i<v; i++ )</pre>
            if( mstset[i]==0 )
                if( min>key[i] )
                    min=key[i];
                    n=i;
        mstset[n]=1;
        for( i=0; i<v; i++ )</pre>
            if( a[n][i] > 0 )
                if( mstset[i]==0 )
                     if( key[i]>a[n][i] )
                        key[i]=a[n][i];
                        parent[i]=n;
```

```
printf("\nMST:\n");
    for( i=1; i<v; i++ )</pre>
        sw += a[i][parent[i]];
       printf("(%d, %d)\n",parent[i],i);
    printf("\nThe minimum cost: %d\n",sw);
int main()
    int v,e;
   printf("Enter the number of vertices: ");
    scanf("%d",&v);
    printf("Enter the number of edges: ");
    scanf("%d", &e);
    int a[v][v];
    int i,j,p,w;
    for( i=0; i<v; i++ )</pre>
           a[i][j]=0;
    printf("\nEnter the edge - m n w\n");
    for( p=0; p<e; p++ )</pre>
        scanf("%d%d%d", &i, &j, &w);
        if((a[i][j] > 0 \&\& a[i][j] < w) || (i==j))
            continue;
        else{
            a[i][j]=w;
            a[j][i]=w;
```

```
}
printf("\nThe adjacency matrix:\n");
for( i=0; i<v; i++)
{
    for( j=0; j<v; j++)
        {
        printf("%d ",a[i][j]);
        }
    printf("\n");
}
prim(v,a);
}
</pre>
```

Output:

```
Enter the number of vertices: 6
Enter the number of edges: 10
Enter the edge - m n w
017
038
1 3 3
129
1 2 6
2 3 4
3 4 3
2 4 2
2 5 5
4 5 2
The adjacency matrix:
070800
706300
060425
8 3 4 0 3 0
002302
005020
MST:
(0, 1)
(4, 2)
(1, 3)
(3, 4)
(4, 5)
The minimum cost: 17
PS D:\Sem 4\GRAPH>
```