#### Week 1

- 1. In Ordinary Least Squares we are trying to minimize:
  - a. The Median Absolute Error
  - b. The Mean Absolute Error
  - c. The Sum of Squared Error
  - d. The Root Mean Squared Error
- 2. The following formula is which of the following:

$$\sum_{i}(\bar{y}-\widehat{y_i})^2$$

- a. Sum of Squared Total
- b. Sum of Squared Errors
- c. Sum of Squared Regression
- d. Total Sum of Squares

#### Week 2

- 1. An indicator variable is sometimes referred to as a:
  - a. Hyperparameter
  - b. Dummy variable
  - c. Interaction variable
  - d. Continuous predictor variable
- 2. Which of the following is an example of an Interaction Term?
  - a. Height\*Gender
  - b. Height<sup>2</sup>
  - c. Height Gender
  - d. Height + Gender
- 3. If your dataset has a column that contained one of three states for each observation ('New York', 'California', 'Hawaii'), what would be the best way to code them for a regression model with one-hot encoding (not using a factor variable in R)?

a.

Obs	States	
1	'New York'	
2	'California'	
3	'Hawaii'	

b.

Obs	States
1	1
2	2
3	3

c.

Obs	'New York'	'California'
1	1	0
2	0	1
3	0	0

d.

Obs	'New York'	'California'	'Hawaii'
1	1	0	0
2	0	1	0
3	0	0	1

4. If our regression model is as follows:

Nursing\_Home\_Cost\_Per\_Day = B0 +B1\*Age + B2\*'New York'+ B3\*'California'

And the base case is 'Hawaii'

After training the model the coefficients are as follows

B0 = 200

B1 = 1.5

B2 = -15

B3= -5

How much more would a person in California expect to pay per day vs a person in New York of the same age?

- a. \$5
- b. \$-5
- c. \$10
- d. \$-15
- 5. From the above scenario, what would a 70-year-old that lives in Hawaii expect to pay per week?
  - a. \$290
  - b. \$300
  - c. \$305
  - d. \$2,135
- 6. In a linear regression model with one qualitative (categorical) predicting variable with 4 values, we need to include 4 dummy variables.
  - a. True
  - b. False

	Estimate	S.E.	t Value	Pr> t
Intercept	-6.12	4.72	-1.30	0.20
Salary	.002	.00009	25	<.001
AgeMid	-4.81	6.39	-0.75	0.45
AgeOld	23.28	6.72	3.46	<.001

# AmountSpent = b<sub>0</sub> + b<sub>1</sub>\*Salary + b<sub>2</sub>\*AgeMid + b<sub>3</sub>\*AgeOld

Based on the following regression model summary (Note: the base case is Age = Young), what is the Amount Spent by a Middle-aged customer if his/her salary is 10000?

- a. 20 6.12
- b. 20 6.12 4.81
- c. 20 6.12 + 23.28
- d. 20
- 8. An interaction term is used to model how the synergies between multiple variables impact the response variable.
  - a. True
  - b. False

## **Answers**

7.

### Week1

Question 1: c The Sum of Squared Error (page 18 slide 1)

Question 2: c Sum of Squared Regression (page 18 slide 2)

## Week2

Question 1: b. Dummy variable (page 9 slide 2)

Question 2: a. Height\*Weight (page 18 slide 1)

Question 3: c (page 24 slide 2)

Question 4: c (Page 27 slide 2)

Question 5: d (Page 27 slide 2) \$305\*7

Question 6: b (page 20 slide 2)

Question 7: b (Lesson 2 / Video 4 / Slides 1 – 4)

Question 8: a (Lesson 2 / Video 4 / Slides 6 – 9)