

Source

# Welcome to Week 13 Lecture 1!

Intro to MySQL, MySQL Workbench, GitHub Desktop, & Jupyter Notebooks



#### Agenda

- Progress Check & Assignments
- Today's Topics:
  - GitHub / GitHub Repositories
  - Using GitHub Desktop
  - Using Jupyter Notebook
  - Using MySQL Workbench Generating an ERD
  - Walkthrough: Creating an Assignment Repo + Notebook
  - Querying MySQL with Python

#### Thursday's Topics:

- Advanced SQL Queries
- Database Administration
- Exporting MySQL Databases

#### Progress Check

- Local Python Installation.
  - Poll 1:
    - Have you been able to install Python locally and your Setup your dojo-env successfully? <a href="Link">[Link]</a>
  - Poll 2:
    - For those that ran into problems installing Python + dojo-env, where did you get stuck? [Link]
- MySQL Server/Workbench
  - Poll 3:
    - Have you been able to install MySQL Server + MySQL Workbench Successfully? [Link]

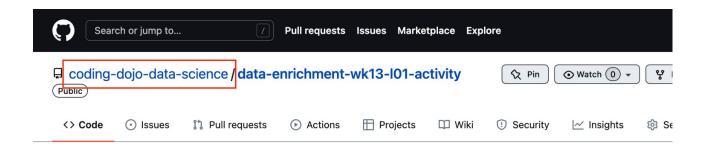
#### Assignments

- Core Assignments for this Week:
  - Queries: Sakila (Core)
  - Books (Core)
  - Project 3 Part 1 (Core)
- Assignment Deadline This Week:
  - Extended until Sunday night 11:59 PM PST
  - Allows time for installation troubleshooting
  - More lecture time to cover everything needed.

### GitHub & GitHub Desktop

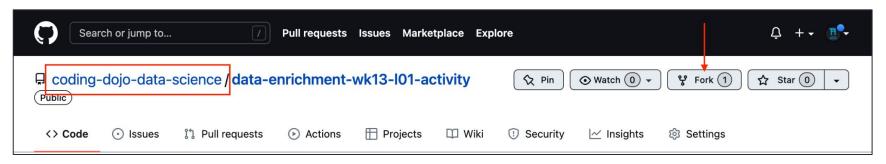
#### GitHub Repositories & Version Control

- A GitHub repository is a version-controlled folder containing code and related files.
  - By "version-controlled", we mean that GitHub tracks every change made to all files within a repository.
    - The changes are saved as a snapshot of each file at that point in time, called a "commit".
    - This allows us to retrieve any previous snapshot of our work, if we need to.
- Repositories are owned by a specific GitHub user. Only that user can change the contents of a repo. In the screenshot below, you can see that <u>this repo is owned by "coding-dojo-data-science"</u>.

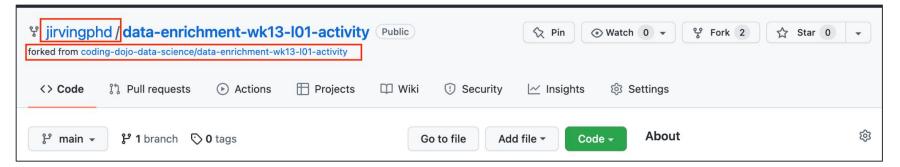


#### Forking a Repo

To Fork a repo, click on the "Fork" button on the repo on GitHub.com

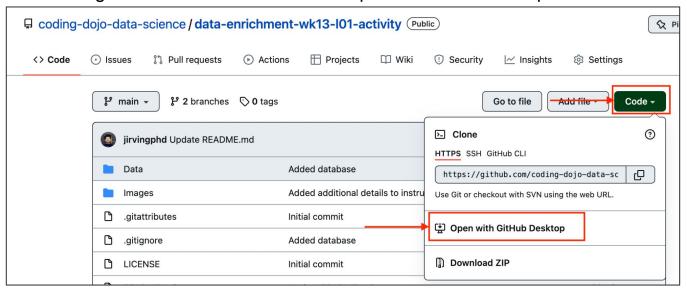


 It will then open a new copy of the repository, but attached to YOUR username. It will also indicate what repository it was forked from.



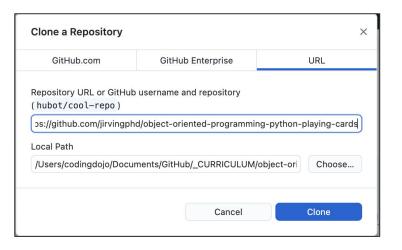
### Opening a Repo Locally - 1

1. Click on green Code button and select Open in GitHub Desktop

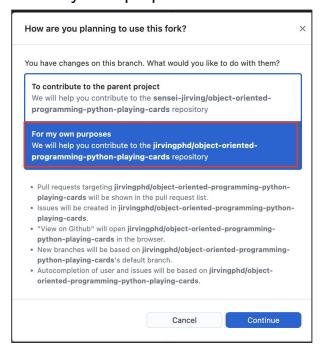


#### Opening a Repo Locally - 2

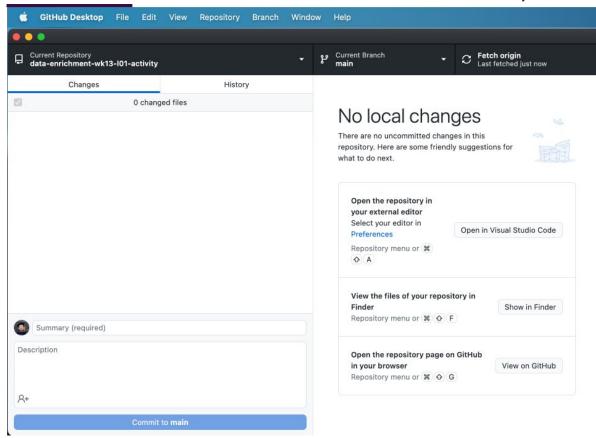
2. Select a folder to clone the repo into and click "Clone".



2. When asked "How are you planning to use this fork". Select "For my own purposes"



#### GitHub Desktop Interface

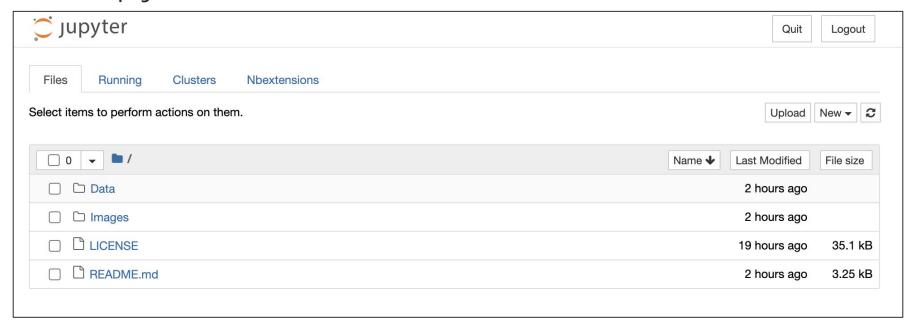


#### To Open Repo in Jupyter:

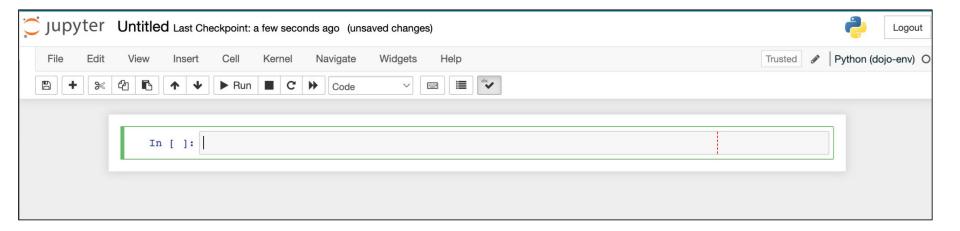
- Click on the "Repository" menu on the menu bar/top of the window.
- Select "Open in Terminal"/"Open in GitBash"
- 3. In the terminal/GitBash window, start jupyter notebook by running: "jupyter notebook" or "jnb" (if you added the alias as shown in step 3. Setting dojo-env as your default)

## Jupyter Notebook

#### Jupyter Notebook Interface - Files View



#### Jupyter Notebook Interface - Editor



# Walkthrough/Activity: Practicing SQL Queries with Python

Using GitHub Desktop, Jupyter Notebook, MySQL Workbench, and PyMySQL Together

#### Group Activity Details

- For today's activity, you are going to be practicing working with GitHub Desktop, Jupyter Notebook, and MySQL Workbench.
  - Full instructions are in the README:
     <a href="https://github.com/coding-dojo-data-science/data-enrichment-wk13-l01-activity">https://github.com/coding-dojo-data-science/data-enrichment-wk13-l01-activity</a>
  - Brief Summary:
    - Fork and clone the GitHub repository:
    - Open the repo with Jupyter and create a new notebook.
    - Install the Chinook database into your MySQL Server.
    - Use Reverse Engineering in MySQL Workbench to create an ERD for the Chinook database you just installed.
    - Use PyMySQL and Sqlalchemy to perform the correct queries to answer the listed queries.
- We will walk through the first 4 steps together before we split into breakout rooms.

#### **Breakout Group Time!**

Get as far as you can working with your group!