## 1) Preparación del entorno

#### Windows 10/11

1. Node 18+: https://nodejs.org

2. Angular & Ionic CLI

```
npm i -g @angular/cli @ionic/cli
```

- 3. Android Studio (SDK + emulador).
- 4. Python 3.10+: https://www.python.org/downloads/
- 5. **Dependencias C++ p/dlib** (necesarias para face\_recognition):
  - CMake: https://cmake.org/download/
  - Visual Studio 2022 Build Tools (c++): https://visualstudio.microsoft.com/downloads/
- 6. **Docker Desktop**: https://www.docker.com/products/docker-desktop
- 7. **Opcional (atajo Windows)**: en lugar de compilar dlib, suele funcionar:

```
pip install dlib-bin
```

y luego pip install face\_recognition. Si dlib-bin no está disponible para tu versión, usa el camino con Build Tools.

#### **Ubuntu 22.04**

```
sudo apt update
sudo apt install -y build-essential cmake libopenblas-dev liblapack-dev libjpeg-
dev python3-venv
# Node 18 (via nvm recomendado) + Android Studio + Docker Engine
```

# 2) Backend FastAPI + face\_recognition + SQLite

### Estructura rápida

```
backend/

|- main.py
```

```
├─ requirements.txt
├─ data/  # se crea sola (SQLite aquí)
├─ Dockerfile
└─ docker-compose.yml
```

#### requirements.txt

```
fastapi
uvicorn[standard]
face_recognition
numpy
SQLAlchemy>=2
pillow
python-multipart
```

Si en Windows usas el atajo dlib-bin, agrégalo a requirements.txt antes de face\_recognition.

#### main.py (único archivo)

```
from fastapi import FastAPI, HTTPException
from fastapi.middleware.cors import CORSMiddleware
from pydantic import BaseModel
from typing import Optional, List, Literal
import base64, io, os, datetime
from PIL import Image
import numpy as np
import face recognition
from sqlalchemy import create_engine, Column, Integer, String, Float, DateTime,
ForeignKey, select, text
from sqlalchemy.orm import declarative_base, Session, relationship
# --- Config ---
DB_DIR = os.path.join(os.path.dirname(__file__), "data")
os.makedirs(DB_DIR, exist_ok=True)
DB PATH = os.path.join(DB DIR, "db.sqlite3")
engine = create_engine(f"sqlite:///{DB_PATH}", future=True)
Base = declarative_base()
# --- Modelos DB ---
class Employee(Base):
    __tablename__ = "employees"
   id = Column(String, primary_key=True) # employee_id definido por el cliente
    name = Column(String, nullable=False)
    # encoding almacenado como texto JSON de floats separados por coma (simple
para POC)
    encoding = Column(String, nullable=False) # "0.12,0.34,..."
    logs = relationship("AccessLog", back_populates="employee")
```

```
class AccessLog(Base):
    __tablename__ = "access_logs"
   id = Column(Integer, primary_key=True, autoincrement=True)
    employee_id = Column(String, ForeignKey("employees.id"), nullable=False)
    event = Column(String, nullable=False) # "in" | "out"
    ts = Column(DateTime, default=datetime.datetime.utcnow)
    employee = relationship("Employee", back_populates="logs")
Base.metadata.create_all(engine)
# --- FastAPI ---
app = FastAPI(title="Employee Face POC")
origins = [
   "http://localhost",
    "http://localhost:8100",
                                 # Ionic serve
    "capacitor://localhost",
    "ionic://localhost",
    "http://10.0.2.2:8100",
                                 # Emulador Android (opcional)
]
app.add_middleware(
   CORSMiddleware,
    allow_origins=origins,
    allow_credentials=True,
    allow_methods=["*"],
    allow_headers=["*"],
)
# --- Schemas ---
class RegisterFaceReq(BaseModel):
    employee_id: str
    name: str
    image_base64: str # sin el prefijo data:image/...
class RegisterFaceRes(BaseModel):
    status: Literal["ok"]
    employee_id: str
class CheckReq(BaseModel):
    image base64: str
class CheckRes(BaseModel):
    recognized: bool
    employee_id: Optional[str] = None
    name: Optional[str] = None
    distance: Optional[float] = None
    event: Optional[Literal["in","out"]] = None
    ts: Optional[str] = None
# --- Utilidades ---
def b64_to_rgb_np(b64: str) -> np.ndarray:
    img bytes = base64.b64decode(b64)
```

```
img = Image.open(io.BytesIO(img_bytes)).convert("RGB")
    return np.array(img)
def compute_encoding(b64: str) -> List[float]:
    image np = b64 to rgb np(b64)
    boxes = face_recognition.face_locations(image_np, model="hog") # HOG para POC
(sin GPU)
    if not boxes:
        raise HTTPException(status_code=422, detail="No se detectó rostro en la
imagen.")
    encs = face_recognition.face_encodings(image_np, boxes)
    if not encs:
        raise HTTPException(status_code=422, detail="No se pudo extraer el
encoding del rostro.")
    return encs[0].tolist()
def serialize_encoding(enc: List[float]) -> str:
    return ",".join(f"{v:.8f}" for v in enc)
def deserialize_encoding(s: str) -> np.ndarray:
    return np.array([float(x) for x in s.split(",")], dtype=np.float32)
TOLERANCE = 0.6
def decide_event(session: Session, employee_id: str) -> str:
    last = session.execute(
        select(AccessLog).where(AccessLog.employee_id ==
employee_id).order_by(AccessLog.ts.desc()).limit(1)
    ).scalar_one_or_none()
    return "out" if (last and last.event == "in") else "in"
# --- Endpoints ---
@app.get("/health")
def health():
    return {"status": "ok"}
@app.post("/register_face", response_model=RegisterFaceRes)
def register face(req: RegisterFaceReq):
    enc = compute_encoding(req.image_base64)
    enc_s = serialize_encoding(enc)
    with Session(engine) as session:
        emp = session.get(Employee, req.employee_id)
        if emp:
            emp.name = req.name
            emp.encoding = enc s
        else:
            emp = Employee(id=req.employee_id, name=req.name, encoding=enc_s)
            session.add(emp)
        session.commit()
    return {"status": "ok", "employee_id": req.employee_id}
@app.post("/check_in_out", response_model=CheckRes)
def check_in_out(req: CheckReq):
    probe = np.array(compute encoding(req.image base64), dtype=np.float32)
```

```
with Session(engine) as session:
        employees = session.execute(select(Employee)).scalars().all()
        if not employees:
            raise HTTPException(status code=400, detail="No hay empleados
registrados.")
        best_id, best_name, best_dist = None, None, 1e9
        for e in employees:
            db_enc = deserialize_encoding(e.encoding)
            # Distancia euclidiana (face_recognition usa distancia similar)
            dist = np.linalg.norm(db_enc - probe)
            if dist < best_dist:</pre>
                best_id, best_name, best_dist = e.id, e.name, dist
        if best_dist > TOLERANCE:
            return {"recognized": False}
        event = decide_event(session, best_id)
        log = AccessLog(employee_id=best_id, event=event)
        session.add(log)
        session.commit()
        return {
            "recognized": True,
            "employee_id": best_id,
            "name": best_name,
            "distance": float(best dist),
            "event": event,
            "ts": log.ts.isoformat()
        }
@app.get("/employees")
def list_employees():
    with Session(engine) as session:
        rows = session.execute(select(Employee)).scalars().all()
        return [{"employee_id": r.id, "name": r.name} for r in rows]
@app.get("/logs")
def list_logs():
    with Session(engine) as session:
        rows = session.execute(
            select(AccessLog).order_by(AccessLog.ts.desc()).limit(100)
        ).scalars().all()
        return [{"id": r.id, "employee id": r.employee id, "event": r.event, "ts":
r.ts.isoformat()} for r in rows]
```

#### Probar local

```
cd backend
python -m venv
```

```
# Windows:
venv\Scripts\activate
# Linux/macOS:
source venv/bin/activate

pip install --upgrade pip
pip install -r requirements.txt
# (Windows atajo) si falla dlib:
# pip install dlib-bin && pip install face_recognition

uvicorn main:app --reload --host 0.0.0.0 --port 8000
# http://localhost:8000/docs
```

## 3) Dockerizar el backend

#### Dockerfile

## docker-compose.yml

```
services:
    api:
        build: .
    image: employee-backend:latest
        container_name: employee-backend
    ports:
        - "8000:8000"
        volumes:
```

```
- ./data:/app/data # Persistir SQLite
restart: unless-stopped
```

#### Build & run

```
cd backend
docker compose up --build
# http://localhost:8000/docs
```

# 4) Frontend Ionic/Angular + Capacitor (Android)

### Crear proyecto base

```
ionic start employee-register blank --type=angular
cd employee-register
ionic integrations enable capacitor
npm i @capacitor/camera
npm i @capacitor/android
npx cap add android
```

### Permisos de cámara (Android)

En android/app/src/main/AndroidManifest.xml, agrega:

```
<uses-permission android:name="android.permission.CAMERA" />
```

### (Red local/Emulador) Cleartext & Network Security

Si usarás HTTP (no HTTPS) hacia el backend:

• En AndroidManifest.xml, dentro de <application ...> agrega:

```
android:usesCleartextTraffic="true"
android:networkSecurityConfig="@xml/network_security_config"
```

Crea android/app/src/main/res/xml/network\_security\_config.xml:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<network-security-config>
  <domain-config cleartextTrafficPermitted="true">
```

Emulador Android accede al host como <a href="http://10.0.2.2:8000">http://10.0.2.2:8000</a>. En dispositivo físico, usa la IP LAN de tu PC (por ejemplo <a href="http://192.168.1.50:8000">http://192.168.1.50:8000</a>).

#### environments

src/environments/environment.ts (dev con lonic serve):

```
export const environment = {
  production: false,
  apiBaseUrl: 'http://localhost:8000'
};
```

#### Para emulador:

```
// src/environments/environment.emu.ts
export const environment = {
  production: false,
  apiBaseUrl: 'http://10.0.2.2:8000'
};
```

### Servicio API

src/app/services/api.service.ts

```
import { Injectable } from '@angular/core';
import { HttpClient } from '@angular/common/http';
import { environment } from '../../environments/environment';

@Injectable({ providedIn: 'root' })
export class ApiService {
  private base = environment.apiBaseUrl;

  constructor(private http: HttpClient) {}

  registerFace(employee_id: string, name: string, image_base64: string) {
    return this.http.post(`${this.base}/register_face`, { employee_id, name, image_base64 });
  }

  checkInOut(image_base64: string) {
    return this.http.post(`${this.base}/check_in_out`, { image_base64 });
}
```

```
getLogs() {
    return this.http.get(`${this.base}/logs`);
}
```

### Captura con Camera y envío

src/app/home/home.page.ts

```
import { Component } from '@angular/core';
import { Camera, CameraResultType, CameraSource } from '@capacitor/camera';
import { ApiService } from '../services/api.service';
@Component({
  selector: 'app-home',
  templateUrl: 'home.page.html',
})
export class HomePage {
  loading = false;
  message = '';
  employee_id = '';
  name = '';
  constructor(private api: ApiService) {}
  async captureBase64(): Promise<string | null> {
    const photo = await Camera.getPhoto({
      quality: 80,
      resultType: CameraResultType.Base64,
      source: CameraSource.Camera
    });
    return photo.base64String ?? null;
  }
  async enroll() {
    if (!this.employee_id || !this.name) { this.message = 'Employee ID y Name son
requeridos'; return; }
    this.loading = true;
    try {
      const b64 = await this.captureBase64();
      if (!b64) { this.message = 'No se pudo capturar la imagen'; return; }
      await this.api.registerFace(this.employee_id, this.name, b64).toPromise();
     this.message = `Registrado: ${this.employee_id}`;
    } catch (e: any) {
      this.message = e?.error?.detail || 'Error registrando rostro';
    } finally {
      this.loading = false;
```

```
}
 async check() {
   this.message = '';
   this.loading = true;
   try {
      const b64 = await this.captureBase64();
      if (!b64) { this.message = 'No se pudo capturar la imagen'; return; }
      const res: any = await this.api.checkInOut(b64).toPromise();
     if (res.recognized) {
       this.message = `${res.event?.toUpperCase()} de ${res.name}
(${res.employee_id}) @ ${res.ts}`;
     } else {
       this.message = 'Rostro no reconocido';
   } catch (e: any) {
     this.message = e?.error?.detail || 'Error en verificación';
    } finally {
     this.loading = false;
 }
}
```

#### src/app/home/home.page.html

```
<ion-header>
  <ion-toolbar>
    <ion-title>Registro de Ingreso (POC)</ion-title>
  </ion-toolbar>
</ion-header>
<ion-content class="ion-padding">
  <ion-card>
    <ion-card-header>
      <ion-card-title>Enroll (Registrar Rostro)</ion-card-title>
    </ion-card-header>
    <ion-card-content>
      <ion-item>
        <ion-input label="Employee ID" [(ngModel)]="employee_id"></ion-input>
      </ion-item>
      <ion-item>
        <ion-input label="Name" [(ngModel)]="name"></ion-input>
      <ion-button expand="block" (click)="enroll()"</pre>
[disabled]="loading">Registrar</ion-button>
    </ion-card-content>
  </ion-card>
  <ion-card>
    <ion-card-header>
      <ion-card-title>Check In/Out</ion-card-title>
```

Asegúrate de importar FormsModule en el módulo de la página para ngModel, y HttpClientModule en AppModule.

### Ejecutar

- Web (solo pruebas de UI): ionic serve (no tiene cámara real).
- Android Emulador:

```
ionic build
npx cap sync android
npx cap run android
```

```
Si usas emulador, compila con el environment.emu.ts o ajusta apiBaseUrl a http://10.0.2.2:8000.
```

- Dispositivo físico:
  - o Conecta vía USB, activa "Depuración USB".
  - Asegúrate de que la IP del backend sea la IP LAN de tu PC.

# 5) Integración y pruebas

### Postman / cURL (API local)

• Registro (reemplaza <B64> con base64 de una foto):

```
curl -X POST http://localhost:8000/register_face \
  -H "Content-Type: application/json" \
  -d '{"employee_id":"E001","name":"Alice","image_base64":"<B64>"}'
```

• Check In/Out:

```
curl -X POST http://localhost:8000/check_in_out \
  -H "Content-Type: application/json" \
  -d '{"image_base64":"<B64>"}'
```

• Ver logs:

```
curl http://localhost:8000/logs
```

#### Validar en SQLite

El archivo queda en backend/data/db.sqlite3. Puedes abrirlo con DB Browser for SQLite o:

```
sqlite3 backend/data/db.sqlite3 "SELECT * FROM access_logs ORDER BY ts DESC LIMIT
5;"
```

# 6) Gotchas (POC)

- Calidad de imagen: usa buena iluminación y encuadre frontal.
- Un rostro por foto (el backend toma el primero).
- **CORS**: ya configurado para localhost, ionic://localhost y capacitor://localhost.
- **Distancia/Tolerancia**: ajusta TOLERANCE = 0.6 según resultados (0.5 más estricto, 0.65 más laxo).
- Rendimiento: model="hog" es CPU-friendly. Para producción, evalúa CNN con GPU (no en este POC).
- **Docker**: la imagen compila dlib; tarda un poco la primera vez.

# 7) Checklist de entregables (según tu JSON)

- App Ionic con captura de foto y envío (base64) al backend.
- Backend FastAPI con:

```
POST /register_facePOST /check_in_outGET /employees, GET /logs (útiles para pruebas)
```

- SQLite en backend/data/db.sqlite3 con registros de ingresos/egresos.
- Dockerfile y docker-compose.yml para desplegar el backend en contenedor.

Si quieres, luego te dejo un script de **datos de prueba** y un pequeño **seed** de empleados, o agregamos un endpoint DELETE /employees/{id} para re-entrenar/limpiar.