

Dialog SDK 5.0.x/6.0.x Tutorial



BLE device advertising process

Let's build a demo together ...

- Before we start, we recommend you to ...
 - Install the latest Smartsnippets studio from Dialog customer support website
 - Download the SDK as well
 - Link:
 - https://support.dialog-semiconductor.com/connectivity
- Consideration ...
 - All the changes are applicable in both the SDK 5.0.x (DA14580/1/2/3) and SDK 6.0.x (DA14585/6) if it is not mentioned specifically for a particular application
- What are you going to learn from this tutorial ...
 - Debugging using serial port
 - Possible ways of analysing hard-fault



Contents

Debugging using serial port

Possible way of analyzing hard-fault



Serial debug Contents

Barebone example

- This example demonstrates:
 - How to activate and use serial debug in a DA1458x project step by step
- Software you need:
 - Dialog Smartsnippets studio
 - Dialog SDK
 - Project location:
 - ..\projects\target_apps\ble_examples\ble_app_profile



Configuration

TODO 1 - Define the serial UART print flag, initially it is undefined.

```
/* @file da1458x_config_basic.h */
/* copy and paste */
#define CFG_PRINTF
```

#elif HW_CONFIG_PRO_DK

#define UART2_TX_GPIO_PORT_GPIO_PORT_0

#define UART2_TX_GPIO_PIN GPIO_PIN_4

#define UART2_RX_GPIO_PORT_GPIO_PORT_0

#define UART2_RX_GPIO_PIN GPIO_PIN_5

J5 - UART Configuration Pin 1. **VBAT 580** T_RxD PO_4 T_TxD PO_5 PO_6 T_CTS PO_7 T RTS T_TMS SWDIO T_TCK **SWCLK**



#endif

#endif

Configuration

```
TODO 3 - Find user barbone.c under user app project folder.
/* @file user barebone.c */
/* copy and paste */
#include "arch_console.h"
TODO 4 - Check the port configuration
/* @file user barebone.c */
void user_app_adv_start(void)
  struct gapm_start_advertise_cmd* cmd;
  // Schedule the next advertising data update
  app adv data update timer used = app easy timer(APP ADV DATA UPDATE TO, adv data update timer cb);
 // PRINT
  arch_printf("\r\n ADVERTISING TEST STARTED *\r\n");
  cmd = app_easy_gap_undirected_advertise_get_active();
  // add manufacturer specific data dynamically
  mnf_data_update();
  app_add_ad_struct(cmd, &mnf_data, sizeof(struct mnf_specific_data_ad_structure));
  app_easy_gap_undirected_advertise_start();
```



Try this

TODO 5 - Try to find out how to send a complete advertising serial message.

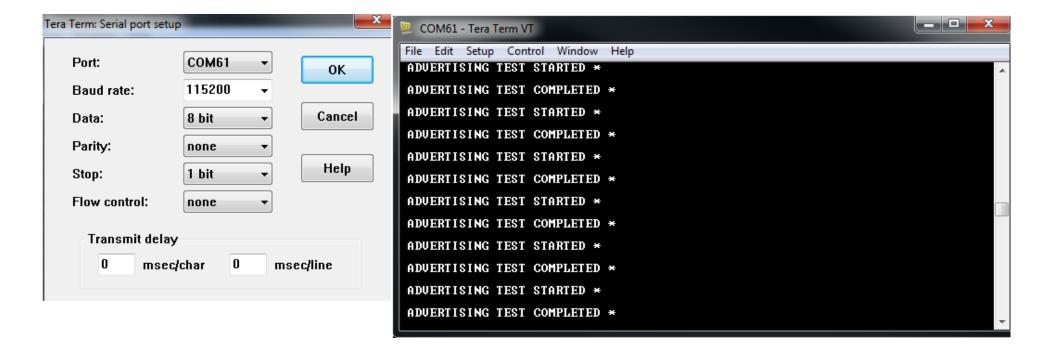
We have used Teraterm as a terminal software and you can see the configuration in the next slide page.

```
/* @file user_barebone.c */
/* copy and paste */
```

#include "arch_console.h"



Output





Contents

Possible way of analyzing hard-fault



Hard-fault analysis Contents

Peripheral custom profile example

This example demonstrates:

How to track hard-fault in DA1458x project step by step

Software you need:

- Dialog Smartsnippets studio
- Dialog SDK
- Project location:
 - ..\projects\target_apps\ble_examples\ble_app_peripheral



Configuration

```
TODO 1 - Insert a jumper in J9 of DA14580 DEV-KIT Pro.
TODO 2 - Open ..\target apps\ble examples\ble app peripheral\Keil 5\ble app peripheral.uvprojx.
TODO 3 - Search for LED write indication handler - user custs1 led wr ind handler
TODO 4 - Replace with the following code in - user custs1 led wr ind handler
            void user custs1 led wr ind handler(ke msg id t const msgid,
                             struct custs1_val_write_ind const *param,
                              ke task id t const dest id,
                              ke task id t const src id)
              uint8 t val = 0;
              memcpy(&val, &param->value[0], param->length);
              if (val == CUSTS1 LED ON)
                GPIO SetActive(GPIO LED PORT, GPIO LED PIN);
              else if (val == CUSTS1 LED OFF)
                GPIO SetInactive(GPIO LED PORT, GPIO LED PIN);
              // test
              *(uint32 t *)0x90 = 0x90;
```



Configuration

TODO 5 - You can switch off the sleep mode by assigning app_default_sleep_mode = ARCH_SLEEP_OFF; in user_config.h file and change default BD address and device name (these are optional).

TODO 6 - Compile and download the code in the device (device starts advertising).

TODO 7 - Open iOS Light-Blue - you will find your device is advertising.

TODO 8 - Connect to your device using Light-Blue.

TODO 9 - Find - LED State characteristics and press on it.

TODO 10 - Find - write new value - and press on it.

TODO 11 - Write - 1 and press - Done.

TODO 12 - You will see the Light-Blue shows disconnection alert message.

TODO 13 - Go to Keil IDE you will see a hard-fault is trapped.



Configuration

TODO 13 - Go to Keil IDE you will see a hard-fault is trapped.

```
98
 99 void HardFault HandlerC(unsigned long *hardfault args)
100 □{
101
102
         if (DEVELOPMENT DEBUG)
103
104
             SetBits16(SYS CTRL REG, DEBUGGER ENABLE, 1); // enable
105
             *(volatile unsigned long *)(STATUS BASE
                                                          ) = hardfau
             *(volatile unsigned long *)(STATUS BASE + 0x04) = hardfau
106
107
             *(volatile unsigned long *)(STATUS BASE + 0x08) = hardfau
             *(volatile unsigned long *)(STATUS BASE + 0x0C) = hardfau
108
109
             *(volatile unsigned long *)(STATUS BASE + 0x10) = hardfau
110
             *(volatile unsigned long *)(STATUS BASE + 0x14) = hardfau
             *(volatile unsigned long *)(STATUS BASE + 0x18) = hardfau
111
             *(volatile unsigned long *)(STATUS BASE + 0x1C) = hardfau
112
113
             *(volatile unsigned long *)(STATUS BASE + 0x20) = (unsign
114
115
             *(volatile unsigned long *)(STATUS BASE + 0x24) = (*((vol
116
             *(volatile unsigned long *)(STATUS BASE + 0x28) = (*((vol
117
             *(volatile unsigned long *)(STATUS BASE + 0x2C) = (*((vol
             *(volatile unsigned long *)(STATUS BASE + 0x30) = (*((vol
118
             *(volatile unsigned long *)(STATUS BASE + 0x34) = (*((vol
119
120
             *(volatile unsigned long *)(STATUS BASE + 0x38) = (*((vol
121
             if (USE WDOG)
122
                 wdg freeze();
                                          // Stop WDOG
             if ((GetWord16(SYS STAT REG) & DBG_IS_UP) == DBG_IS_UP)
124
                   asm("BKPT #0\n");
125
                                  1. Hardfault Trapped
127
                 while (1);
128
129
         else // DEVELOPMENT DEBUG
```



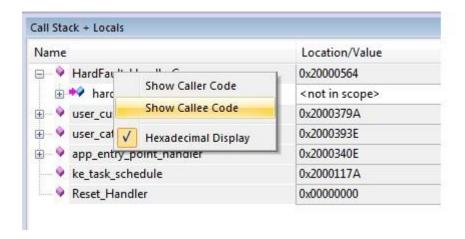
Configuration 1

TODO 14 - Now there are 2 options to debug hard-fault.

Option 1 is the easiest one:

TODO 15 - Open KEIL IDE call stack from - [View->Call stack window]

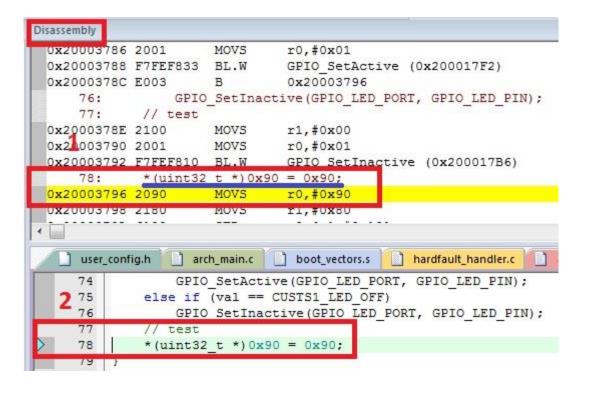
TODO 16 - Press right button mouse on [HardFault_HandlerC] and press [Show Callee Code] option





Configuration

TODO 17 - You will see in disassembly window that where exactly the hardfault has occurred. You can see the hardfault in code window too.





Configuration 2

Option 2 when there is no call stack generated:

TODO 16 - Open KEIL IDE call stack from - [View->Memory window->Memory 1]

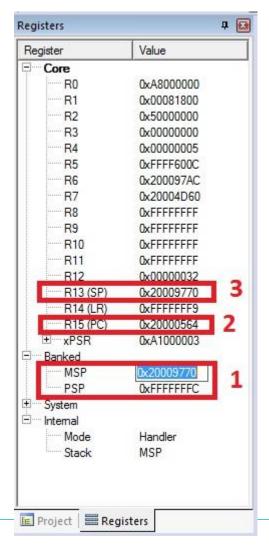
TODO 17 - In Registers window find out

Main stack pointer (MSP) for this study the address is 0x20009770

Stack pointer (SP) for this study the address is 0x20009770

Program counter (PC) for this study the address is 0x20000564

TODO 15 - Open KEIL IDE call stack from - [View->Register window]

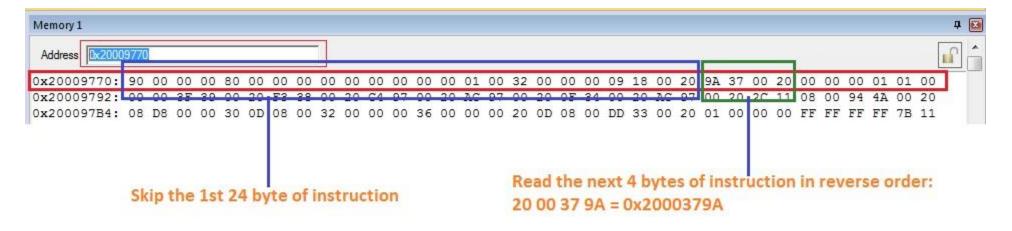




Configuration 2

TODO 18 - Copy Main stack pointer (MSP) in this study the address is **0x20009770**Paste in **Address of Memory 1 window**. Then create the memory address as instructed below:

In this study it is 0x2000379A

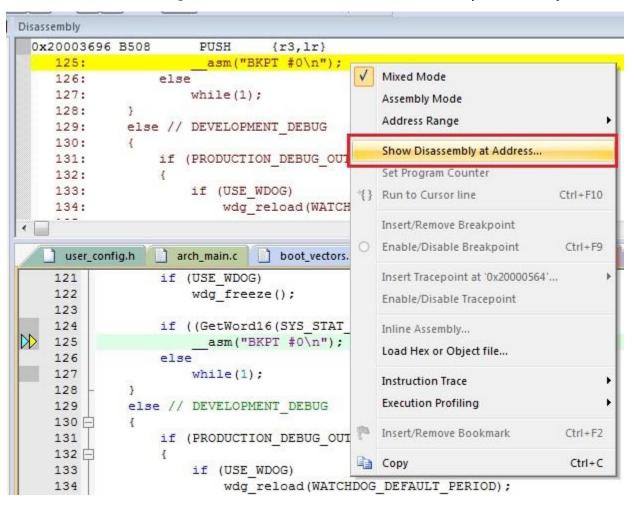


Please read ARM Cortex MO and KEIL IDE manuals for more information.



Configuration 2

TODO 19 - Right click on - [Disassembly window] and Select [Show Disassembly at Address...]





Configuration 2

TODO 20 - Paste the address 0x2000379A in [Show code at address window] and press [Go To] button.





Configuration 2

TODO 21 - Check the disassembly window.

```
Disassembly
     65: void user custs1 led wr ind handler ke msg id t const msgid,
                                          struct custs1 val write ind const *param,
                                          ke task id t const dest id,
     67:
                                         ke task id t const src id)
 0x20003764 BD38
                            {r3-r5,pc}
   69: {
 0x20003766 B508
                    PUSH
                            {r3,1r}
           uint8 t val = 0;
 0x20003768 2200 MOVS
                            r2.#0x00
 0x2000376A 4668
                    MOV
                            r0,sp
 0x2000376C 7002 STRB
                            r2,[r0,#0x00]
            memcpy(&val, &param->value[0], param->length);
     72:
 0x2000376E 888A
                          r2,[r1,#0x04]
                   LDRH
 0x20003770 1D89
                ADDS r1, r1, #6
                            $Ven$TT$L$$ aeabi memcpy (0x200039B0)
 0x20003772 F000F91D BL.W
    73: if (val == CUSTS1 LED ON)
     74: GPIO SetActive (GPIO LED PORT, GPIO LED PIN);
 0x20003776 4668 MOV
                            r0,sp
 0x20003778 7800 LDRB r0,[r0,#0x00]
                                            Hardfault occured near around
 0x2000377A 2801 CMP r0, #0x01
                                            0x2000379A inside user_cust1
 0x2000377C D002 BEO
                            0x20003784
    75: else if (val == CUSTS1 LED OFF)
                                            _led_wr_ind_handler
 0x2000377E 2800 CMP r0, #0x00
 0x20003780 D005 BEQ
                            0x2000378E
                                            In 78 line instruction
                            0x20003796
 0x20003782 E008
    74: GPIO SetActive (GPIO LED PORT, GPIO LED PIN);
     75: else if (val == CUSTS1 LED OFF)
 0x20003784 2100 MOVS
                            r1.#0x00
 0x20003786 2001
                    MOVS
                            r0.#0x01
 0x20003788 F7FEF833 BL.W
                            GPIO SetActive (0x200017F2)
 0x2000378C E003
                 В
                            0x20003796
          GPIO_SetInactive(GPIO_LED_PORT, GPIO_LED_PIN);
     77: // test
 0x2000378E 2100
                            r1, #0x00
 0x20003790 2001
                    MOVS
                            r0, #0x01
 0x20003792 F7FEF810 BL.W
                            GPIO SetInactive (0x200017B6)
   78: *(uint32 t *)0x90 = 0x90;
 0x20003796 2090
                           r0,#0x90
 0x20003798 2180
                    MOVS
                            r1, #0x80
 0x2000379A 6108
                            r0,[r1,#0x10]
     79: }
```



Configuration 2

TODO 22 - Check the cursor position in [code window]

```
arch system.c user custs1 impl.c
           arch main.c
                         boot vectors.s
                                        hardfault handler.c
user config.h
                timer used = 0xFFFF;
61
63
64
    void user custs1 led wr ind handler(ke msg id t const msgid,
                                           struct custs1 val write ind const *param,
66
                                           ke task id t const dest id,
67
                                           ke task id t const src id)
68
69 - {
        uint8 t val = 0;
70
        memcpy(&val, &param->value[0], param->length);
72
        if (val == CUSTS1 LED ON)
74
            GPIO SetActive (GPIO LED PORT, GPIO LED PIN);
        else if (val == CUSTS1 LED OFF)
75
            GPIO SetInactive (GPIO LED PORT, GPIO LED PIN);
76
                                             Check cursor position in code window
        *(uint32 t *)0x90 - 0x90;
78
```

TODO 23 - PRACTISE, PRACTISE, PRACTISE



What's next

For more ...

- What's next ...
 - Please follow the other Dialog tutorials based on
 - **SDK 5.0.x** for **DA14580/1/2/3** development OR
 - SDK 6.0.x for DA14585/6 development
 - See Reference section of this training slide
 - Learn about Dialog BLE chip differences at a glance from –
 https://support.dialog-semiconductor.com/connectivity/products



The Power To Be...



