Final Assessment: Java Full Stack Development without keys Dr.R. Senthilkumar, Government College of Engineering Erode ISTE: 40, LMS id: Std71 Email: rsenthil_1976@yahoo.com, rsenthil.optical@gmail.com

Format:MCQ Points:125 Time:125 mins

Instructions:

- 1.Download the document in the docx/word format
- 2. Highlight your response in yellow color
- 3. Share your complete screen while answering the test
- 4.Record your screen while answering the test
- 5. Upload your response in the pdf format in your folder in the drive
- 6. Evaluate your response on the uploaded copy and update the score-card sheet

MCQs

- 1. What is the primary purpose of the Java programming language?
- a. System administration
- b. Web development
- c. Mobile application development
- d. Data analysis
- 2. In Java, which keyword is used to declare a constant variable?
- a. var
- b. const
- c. final
- d. static
- 3. What is the default value for a variable of the boolean data type in Java?
- a. true
- b. false
- c. 0
- d. 1
- 4. In Java, what is the purpose of the "break" statement?
- a. To exit the program
- b. To skip the current iteration of a loop
- c. To terminate the current method
- d. To declare a label
- 5. What does J2EE stand for?
- a. Java 2 Enhanced Edition

- b. Java 2 Enterprise Edition
- c. Java To Extensive Execution
- d. Java 2 Embedded Environment
- 6. Which component of J2EE is responsible for managing transactions?
- a. Servlet
- b. JSP
- c. EJB
- d. JDBC
- 7. In J2EE, what is the purpose of the Deployment Descriptor (web.xml)?
- a. To define the project structure
- b. To configure servlets and filters
- c. To manage database connections
- d. To specify HTML document structure
- 8. Which protocol is commonly used for communication between web servers and servlets?
- a. HTTP
- b. FTP
- c. SMTP
- d. TCP
- 9. Eclipse IDE is primarily used for:
- a. Database management
- b. Web development
- c. Integrated Development Environment (IDE)
- d. Graphic design
- 10. What is the purpose of the Eclipse "Workspace" in the Eclipse IDE?
- a. It stores project source code
- b. It holds configuration settings and resources
- c. It manages database connections
- d. It hosts the web server
- 11. Which perspective in Eclipse is used for Java development?
- a. Java Perspective
- b. Web Perspective
- c. Database Perspective
- d. Server Perspective
- 12. What is the function of the Eclipse "Package Explorer" view?
- a. To display a list of installed packages
- b. To organize and navigate project resources
- c. To manage server configurations

- d. To create UML diagrams
- 13. What is Maven primarily used for in Java development?
- a. Code compilation
- b. Dependency management and build automation
- c. Database administration
- d. User interface design
- 14. Which file is used to configure Maven settings globally?
- a. pom.xml
- b. settings.xml
- c. maven-settings.xml
- d. global-settings.xml
- 15. What is the purpose of the Maven lifecycle phases?
- a. To organize project files
- b. To define build goals and processes
- c. To manage project dependencies
- d. To create virtual environments
- 16. Which command is used to build a Maven project?
- a. mvn compile
- b. mvn run
- c. mvn start
- d. mvn build
- 17. Which SQL statement is used to retrieve data from a MySQL database?
- a. FETCH
- b. GET
- c. SELECT
- d. EXTRACT
- 18. What does the term "ACID" stand for in the context of database transactions?
- a. All Commands In Database
- b. Atomicity, Consistency, Isolation, Durability
- c. Advanced Control of Instances and Databases
- d. Automated Control of Isolated Databases
- 19. Which data type is used to store variable-length character strings in MySQL?
- a. CHAR
- b. INT
- c. VARCHAR
- d. TEXT

- 20. What is the purpose of the "GROUP BY" clause in MySQL?
- a. Sorting data in ascending order
- b. Filtering data based on a condition
- c. Aggregating data based on a column
- d. Joining tables
- 21. In Hibernate, what is the purpose of an Entity class?
- a. To define a database table
- b. To handle HTTP requests
- c. To create a graphical user interface
- d. To manage dependencies
- 22. What is the role of the Hibernate SessionFactory?
- a. To execute SQL queries directly
- b. To manage Hibernate sessions
- c. To handle HTTP requests
- d. To define entity classes
- 23. In Hibernate, what is Lazy Loading?
- a. Loading data eagerly
- b. Loading data on-demand
- c. Loading data randomly
- d. Loading data concurrently
- 24. What is the purpose of Hibernate's @GeneratedValue annotation?
- a. To generate primary key values automatically
- b. To specify the SQL data type of a column
- c. To define a foreign key constraint
- d. To create a new database table
- 25. What does HTML stand for?
- a. Hyperlink and Text Markup Language
- b. Hyper Transfer Markup Language
- c. Hyper Text Markup Language
- d. High-Level Text Markup Language
- 26. Which HTML tag is used to create a hyperlink?
- a. <link>
- b. <a>
- c. <url>
- d. <src>
- 27. In CSS, how can you apply styles to an HTML element with the id "example"?

- a. #example
- b. .example
- c. @example
- d. element.example
- 28. What is the purpose of the CSS "box-sizing" property?
- a. To define the color of a box
- b. To set the size of an HTML box
- c. To control the border width of a box
- d. To include or exclude padding and border in the box size calculation
- 29. Which keyword is used to declare a variable in JavaScript?
- a. var
- b. let
- c. const
- d. variable
- 30. What is the purpose of the "addEventListener" method in JavaScript?
- a. To add a new HTML element
- b. To create a function
- c. To attach an event handler to an element
- d. To remove an event listener
- 31. In JavaScript, what is the purpose of the "typeof" operator?
- a. To check if a variable is defined
- b. To determine the data type of a value
- c. To concatenate strings
- d. To create a new object
- 32. What does the term "hoisting" mean in JavaScript?
- a. Lifting an element on the webpage
- b. Moving a variable or function declaration to the top of its scope
- c. Animating an object
- d. Scrolling to the top of a webpage
- 33. What is the primary goal of ECMAScript 6 (ES6)?
- a. To replace HTML and CSS
- b. To standardize JavaScript across different browsers
- c. To enhance the performance of web servers
- d. To introduce new features and improvements to JavaScript
- 34. Which keyword is used to declare a block-scoped variable in ES6?
- a. var
- b. let

c. const

- d. set
- 35. What is the purpose of the arrow function syntax in ES6?
- a. To define anonymous functions
- b. To bind the value of "this" lexically
- c. To create function expressions
- d. To define asynchronous functions
- 36. Which ES6 feature is used for handling asynchronous operations with promises?
- a. async/await
- b. try/catch
- c. defer/promise
- d. resolve/reject
- 37. What is jQuery?
- a. A programming language
- b. A JavaScript library
- c. A style sheet language
- d. A database management system
- 38. How can you select all elements with the class "example" in jQuery?
- a. \$('example')
- b. \$('.example')
- c. #('example')
- d. getElementByClass('example')
- 39. What is the purpose of the `\$(document).ready()` function in jQuery?
- a. To check if the document is loaded
- b. To select the document element
- c. To create a new HTML document
- d. To apply styles to the document
- 40. In jQuery, how do you fade out an element with the class "fade"?
- a. \$('.fade').hide()
- b. \$('.fade').fadeOut()
- c. \$('.fade').fadeRemove()
- d. \$('.fade').toggle()
- 41. What does AJAX stand for?
- a. Asynchronous JavaScript and XML
- b. Advanced JavaScript and XML
- c. Asynchronous jQuery and XHTML
- d. Accelerated JavaScript and XML

- 42. In Ajax, what is the purpose of the XMLHttpRequest object?
- a. To create an XML document
- b. To send HTTP requests and receive responses asynchronously
- c. To manipulate HTML elements
- d. To define the structure of a webpage
- 43. What is the primary advantage of using Ajax in web development?
- a. Improved security
- b. Faster page loading
- c. Simpler coding
- d. Compatibility with older browsers
- 44. How do you handle errors in an Ajax request using jQuery?
- a. Using the 'error' callback
- b. Using the `catch` statement
- c. By placing the error handling code before the Ajax call
- d. Errors are automatically handled by jQuery
- 45 What is React.js?
- a. A JavaScript library for building user interfaces
- b. A server-side programming language
- c. A database management system
- d. A style sheet language
- 46. What is the virtual DOM in React?
- a. A conceptual representation of the DOM in memory
- b. A component that renders other components
- c. A special DOM reserved for virtual reality applications
- d. An HTML element in React
- 47. In React, what is the purpose of state?
- a. To store component properties
- b. To manage data that may change over time
- c. To define static data
- d. To control the layout of components
- 48. How do you define a functional component in React?
- a. class MyComponent extends React.Component
- b. function MyComponent() { }
- c. component MyComponent { }
- d. define MyComponent extends React.Component
- 49. What is Angular?

- a. A programming language
- b. A JavaScript library
- c. A style sheet language
- d. A TypeScript-based web application framework
- 50. In Angular, what is the purpose of the NgModule decorator?
- a. To define a new component
- b. To configure dependency injection
- c. To declare a new directive
- d. To create a new module
- 51. What is data binding in Angular?
- a. A technique to bind HTML elements to external data sources
- b. Connecting Angular components to a database
- c. Defining data types in Angular
- d. Creating a link between Angular and jQuery
- 52. How do you handle user input events in Angular?
- a. Using the `(click)` directive
- b. By defining an `onInput` method
- c. With the `(input)` event binding
- d. Through the `handleUserInput` attribute
- 53. What is Bootstrap?
- a. A programming language
- b. A JavaScript library
- c. A style sheet language
- d. A front-end framework for web development
- 54. In Bootstrap, how do you create a responsive navigation bar?
- a. Using the `.navbar-collapse` class
- b. With the `.nav-bar` class
- c. By adding the `.responsive-navbar` class
- d. Through the `.navbar-expand` class
- 55. What is the purpose of the Bootstrap grid system?
- a. To create responsive layouts with rows and columns
- b. To style text and fonts
- c. To handle user authentication
- d. To manage server-side logic
- 56. Which class is used to create a styled alert box in Bootstrap?
- a. `.alert-box`
- b. `.notification`

- c. `.alert`
- d. `.message-box`
- 57. What does DBMS stand for?
- a. Database Management Server
- b. Data Backup and Management System
- c. Database Management System
- d. Data Business Management Software
- 58. What is a primary key in a relational database?
- a. A key used for opening a database
- b. A unique identifier for a record in a table
- c. A password for database access
- d. A secondary key used for indexing
- 59. In SQL, what does the "SELECT" statement do?
- a. Insert data into a table
- b. Update existing records in a table
- c. Retrieve data from a database
- d. Delete records from a table
- 60. What is normalization in the context of database design?
- a. A process to optimize database performance
- b. A technique to minimize data redundancy and dependency
- c. The act of backing up a database
- d. A method to encrypt sensitive data
- 61. What is Spring MVC?
- a. A programming language
- b. A front-end framework
- c. A server-side framework for building web applications
- d. A database management system
- 62.In Spring MVC, what is the role of the DispatcherServlet?
- a. To dispatch HTTP requests to controllers
- b. To manage database connections
- c. To define the project structure
- d. To create a new view
- 63. What is the purpose of the `@Controller` annotation in Spring MVC?
- a. To define a new class
- b. To mark a class as a controller
- c. To handle database connections
- d. To create a new database table

- 64. How do you pass data from a controller to a view in Spring MVC?
- a. Using the `@RequestAttribute` annotation
- b. By including the data in the URL
- c. Through the `ModelAndView` object
- d. By adding parameters to the view method
- 65. What is the core purpose of the Spring Framework?
- a. To handle HTTP requests
- b. To manage database connections
- c. To provide a comprehensive infrastructure for Java applications
- d. To create web pages
- 66. What is Dependency Injection in the context of the Spring Framework?
- a. Injecting dependencies into the database
- b. The act of resolving dependencies at runtime
- c. Injecting dependencies into a class through constructor or setter
- d. The process of excluding dependencies
- 67. What is an AOP (Aspect-Oriented Programming) in Spring?
- a. A way of organizing projects in Spring
- b. A technique for handling exceptions
- c. A programming paradigm that aims to increase modularity
- d. A type of database table
- 68. In Spring, what is the purpose of the `@Autowired` annotation?
- a. To mark a class as a component
- b. To inject dependencies automatically
- c. To handle HTTP requests
- d. To create a new view
- 69. What is Spring Boot?
- a. A programming language
- b. A front-end framework
- c. A microservices-based extension of the Spring Framework
- d. A database management system
- 70. In Spring Boot, how is the application configuration simplified?
- a. By using XML configuration files
- b. By eliminating the need for configuration
- c. By increasing the number of configuration files
- d. By using properties and annotations
- 71. What is the purpose of the `@SpringBootApplication` annotation in Spring Boot?

- a. To define a new class
- b. To mark a class as a controller
- c. To configure a Spring Boot application
- d. To create a new database table
- 72. How does Spring Boot simplify the deployment of applications?
- a. By increasing the number of required dependencies
- b. By providing an embedded web server
- c. By eliminating the need for testing
- d. By requiring extensive manual configuration
- 73. What does REST stand for in the context of web services?
- a. Remote Execution of Server Tasks
- b. Representational State Transfer
- c. Responsive Server Technologies
- d. Rapid Execution of Service Tasks
- 74. In REST, what HTTP method is typically used to update a resource?
- a. GET
- b. POST
- c. PUT
- d. DELETE
- 75. What is the purpose of the status code "404 Not Found" in a REST API response?
- a. Successful request
- b. Resource not found
- c. Resource updated
- d. New resource created
- 76. What is the purpose of the "Content-Type" header in a REST API request?
- a. To specify the desired response format
- b. To define the type of authentication used
- c. To indicate the type of data being sent
- d. To identify the HTTP method used
- 77. What is Git?
- a. A programming language
- b. A version control system
- c. A server-side framework
- d. A style sheet language
- 78. What is the purpose of the "git clone" command?
- a. To create a new Git repository
- b. To clone a remote repository to the local machine

- c. To merge branches in Git
- d. To delete a Git repository
- 79. In Git, what is the role of the "HEAD" pointer?
- a. To point to the last commit in the current branch
- b. To indicate the starting point of a branch
- c. To track changes in a file
- d. To manage Git hooks
- 80. What is a Git branch?
- a. A separate copy of the entire repository
- b. A commit in the repository history
- c. A pointer to a specific commit
- d. A local copy of a remote repository
- 81. What does the SOLID acronym stand for in object-oriented design?
- a. Secure, Organized, Lightweight, Integrated, Dynamic
- b. Single Responsibility, Open/Closed, Liskov Substitution, Interface Segregation, Dependency Inversion
- c. Scalable, Optimized, Logical, Integrated, Decentralized
- d. Structured, Object-Oriented, Lightweight, Interactive, Dynamic
- 82. In SOLID, what does the "Liskov Substitution Principle" state?
- a. Objects of a superclass should be replaceable with objects of a subclass without affecting the correctness of the program
- b. A class should have only one reason to change
- c. Classes should be open for extension but closed for modification
- d. High-level modules should not depend on low-level modules
- 83.According to the "Interface Segregation Principle" in SOLID, what should happen to large interfaces?
- a. They should be hidden from the client
- b. They should be split into smaller, client-specific interfaces
- c. They should be merged with other large interfaces
- d. They should be implemented by multiple classes
- 84. How does the "Dependency Inversion Principle" in SOLID suggest handling dependencies?
- a. High-level modules should depend on low-level modules
- b. Low-level modules should depend on high-level modules
- c. Modules should not depend on each other
- d. Abstractions should not depend on details; details should depend on abstractions
- 85. What does UML stand for?
- a. Unified Markup Language

- b. Universal Modeling Language
- c. Uniform Modeling Language
- d. Unstructured Modeling Logic
- 86. In UML, what does a diamond shape represent in a class diagram?
- a. Association
- b. Inheritance
- c. Aggregation
- d. Composition
- 87. What is the purpose of a use case diagram in UML?
- a. To show the sequence of interactions between objects
- b. To illustrate the static structure of a system
- c. To depict the flow of control in a system
- d. To represent the interactions between a system and its users
- 88. What does a solid line with an unfilled arrowhead represent in a UML class diagram?
- a. Association
- b. Inheritance
- c. Aggregation
- d. Composition
- 89. What is Node.js?
- a. A programming language
- b. A front-end framework
- c. A server-side JavaScript runtime
- d. A database management system
- 90. In Node.js, what is the role of the npm command?
- a. To install and manage Node.js packages
- b. To execute JavaScript code
- c. To create new JavaScript files
- d. To define the project structure
- 91. How does Node.js handle asynchronous operations?
- a. By blocking the event loop
- b. By using callbacks and Promises
- c. By ignoring asynchronous operations
- d. By terminating the application
- 92. What is the purpose of the Node.js "require" function?
- a. To import external JavaScript libraries
- b. To include HTML files
- c. To install Node.js modules
- d. To load external modules or files

- 93. What is JUnit?
- a. A programming language
- b. A front-end framework
- c. A testing framework for Java
- d. A database management system
- 94. In JUnit, what is the purpose of the `@Test` annotation?
- a. To mark a class as a test class
- b. To define a new test method
- c. To skip a test case
- d. To run the entire test suite
- 95. How can you assert that two values are equal in a JUnit test?
- a. `assertEqual(value1, value2)`
- b. `assertEquals(value1, value2)`
- c. `value1.equals(value2)`
- d. `value1 == value2`
- 96. What does the '@Before' annotation in JUnit signify?
- a. It marks a test method to be executed before any test case
- b. It specifies that a method is a test case
- c. It marks a method to be executed after any test case
- d. It is not a valid JUnit annotation
- 97. What is Mockito?
- a. A programming language
- b. A front-end framework
- c. A mocking framework for Java
- d. A database management system
- 98. In Mockito, what is the purpose of the 'when' method?
- a. To define the behavior of a mock object
- b. To create a new mock object
- c. To verify the number of method invocations
- d. To execute a method on a mock object
- 99. How can you verify that a method was called on a Mockito mock object?
- a. `verifyMethodCall(mockObject)`
- b. `validateMethodCall(mockObject)`
- c. `assertMethodCalled(mockObject)`
- d. `verify(mockObject).methodName()`
- 100. In Mockito, what is a stub?

- a. A placeholder for a real object
- b. A mock object
- c. A mechanism to verify method calls
- d. A fake implementation of a method
- 101. What is the purpose of a logging framework?
- a. To design user interfaces
- b. To manage database connections
- c. To record information about the application's runtime behavior
- d. To create web pages
- 102. In Java, what is SLF4J?
- a. A front-end framework
- b. A logging framework
- c. A database management system
- d. A server-side framework
- 103. How do you log a message at the INFO level using SLF4J?
- a. \log.info("Message");\
- b. `logger("Message").info();`
- c. `info("Message")`
- d. `LoggerFactory.getLogger(getClass()).info("Message");`
- 104. What is the purpose of log levels in a logging framework?
- a. To control the appearance of logs in the console
- b. To specify the color of log messages
- c. To define the font size of log messages
- d. To indicate the severity or importance of log messages
- 105. What is the Spring IoC container?
- a. A database management system
- b. A container that manages the lifecycle of Java objects
- c. A front-end framework
- d. A programming language
- 106. In Spring, what is the purpose of the `@Transactional` annotation?
- a. To define a new transaction
- b. To mark a class as transactional
- c. To manage database connections
- d. To configure a Spring Boot application
- 107. What is Spring AOP?
- a. A front-end framework
- b. Aspect-Oriented Programming in Spring

- c. A database management system
- d. A programming language
- 108. How is the Spring Boot application configured by default?
- a. Through XML configuration files
- b. By using annotations and properties files
- c. By specifying configurations in the command line
- d. Configuration is not required in Spring Boot
- 109. What is the purpose of the Spring Bean?
- a. To define a new Java class
- b. To represent an object that is managed by the Spring IoC container
- c. To manage database connections
- d. To create a new database table
- 110. In Spring, what is a stereotype annotation?
- a. Annotations used for marking classes as beans
- b. Annotations used for defining transactions
- c. Annotations used for creating views
- d. Annotations used for logging
- 111. What is the purpose of the Spring MVC framework?
- a. To manage database connections
- b. To provide a comprehensive infrastructure for building web applications
- c. To handle HTTP requests and responses
- d. To create static web pages
- 112. How do you configure view resolvers in Spring MVC?
- a. Through XML configuration files
- b. By using annotations
- c. By specifying properties in the application properties file
- d. View resolvers are not configurable in Spring MVC
- 113. What is Spring Boot Starter?
- a. A standalone application built with Spring Boot
- b. A set of dependency management conventions
- c. A front-end framework
- d. A programming language
- 114. How does Spring Boot simplify database configuration?
- a. By requiring explicit configuration for each database connection
- b. By using a default in-memory database
- c. By eliminating the need for a database
- d. By providing auto-configuration based on the classpath

- 115. What is the purpose of the `@SpringBootTest` annotation in Spring Boot?
- a. To define a new test method
- b. To mark a class as a test class
- c. To configure the application for testing
- d. To specify the database connection details
- 116. How is external configuration done in Spring Boot?
- a. Through XML configuration files
- b. By hardcoding values in the code
- c. By using the 'application.properties' or 'application.yml' files
- d. Configuration is not possible in Spring Boot
- 117. What is a RESTful API?
- a. A programming language
- b. A front-end framework
- c. An architectural style for designing networked applications
- d. A database management system
- 118. In a REST API, what HTTP method is typically used to retrieve data?
- a. POST
- b. GET
- c. PUT
- d. DELETE
- 119. What is the purpose of the HTTP status code "201 Created" in a REST API response?
- a. Successful request
- b. Resource not found
- c. New resource created
- d. Bad request
- 120. How do you secure a REST API?
- a. By using HTTP Basic Authentication
- b. By exposing the API only on certain days
- c. By requiring complex URL structures
- d. Security is not applicable to REST APIs
- 121. What is a Git repository?
- a. A collection of programming languages
- b. A server that hosts web pages
- c. A version control system storage
- d. A type of database management system
- 122. How do you create a new branch in Git?

- a. `git new-branch branch_name`
- b. `git branch create branch_name`
- c. `git checkout -b branch_name`
- d. `git add branch_name`
- 123. What is the purpose of the "git merge" command?
- a. To create a new branch
- b. To delete a branch
- c. To combine changes from different branches
- d. To commit changes
- 124. How do you undo the last Git commit?
- a. `git cancel`
- b. `git revert`
- c. `git reset --hard HEAD^`
- d. `git undo`
- 125. In a logging framework, what is the purpose of log levels such as INFO, DEBUG, and ERROR?
- a. To control the appearance of logs in the console
- b. To specify the color of log messages
- c. To define the font size of log messages
- d. To indicate the severity or importance of log messages