

# 딥러닝/클라우드

기말대체과제 레포트

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## 1. Neural network structure

```
In [9]: 1 model_4.summary()
```

Model: "sequential\_1"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d_1 (Conv2D)	(None, 198, 198, 32)	896
activation_1 (Activation)	(None, 198, 198, 32)	0
max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 99, 99, 32)	0
conv2d_2 (Conv2D)	(None, 97, 97, 64)	18496
activation_2 (Activation)	(None, 97, 97, 64)	0
max_pooling2d_2 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 48, 48, 64)	0
dropout_1 (Dropout)	(None, 48, 48, 64)	0
conv2d_3 (Conv2D)	(None, 46, 46, 128)	73856
activation_3 (Activation)	(None, 46, 46, 128)	0
max_pooling2d_3 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 23, 23, 128)	0
conv2d_4 (Conv2D)	(None, 21, 21, 256)	295168
activation_4 (Activation)	(None, 21, 21, 256)	0
max_pooling2d_4 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 10, 10, 256)	0
dropout_2 (Dropout)	(None, 10, 10, 256)	0
flatten_1 (Flatten)	(None, 25600)	0
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 256)	6553856
dropout_3 (Dropout)	(None, 256)	0
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 1)	257
Total params: 6,942,529		
Trainable params: 6,942,529		
Non-trainable params: 0		

## 2. Source code

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow import keras
from keras.models import Sequential
from keras.layers import Dense,Activation,Flatten,Dropout
from keras.layers import Conv2D,MaxPooling2D
from keras.callbacks import ModelCheckpoint
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
from tensorflow.keras import layers

import os
for dirname, _, filenames in os.walk('chest_xray'):
    for filename in filenames:
        print(os.path.join(dirname, filename))

datagen = ImageDataGenerator (
    rescale = 1./255,
    shear_range=0.2,
    zoom_range=0.2,
    horizontal_flip=True,
)

images_dir = 'chest_xray/'

train_generator = datagen.flow_from_directory(
    images_dir + 'train',
    seed=42,
    target_size = (200,200),
    batch_size =32 ,
```

```
        class_mode = 'binary',
    )

    test_generator = datagen.flow_from_directory(
        images_dir + 'test' ,
        seed=42,
        target_size = (200,200),
        batch_size = 32 ,
        class_mode = 'binary',
    )

    Validation_generator = datagen.flow_from_directory(
        images_dir + 'val' ,
        seed=42,
        target_size = (200,200),
        batch_size = 32 ,
        class_mode = 'binary',
    )

    from keras.callbacks import ReduceLROnPlateau
    learning_rate_reduction      =      ReduceLROnPlateau(monitor='val_loss',
    factor=0.3, patience=2, verbose=2, mode='auto')

    model_4=Sequential()

    #The first CNN layer
    model_4.add(Conv2D(32,(3,3),input_shape=(200,200,3)))
    model_4.add(Activation('relu'))
    model_4.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2,2)))

    #The second convolution layer
    model_4.add(Conv2D(64,(3,3)))
    model_4.add(Activation('relu'))
    model_4.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2,2)))
```

```
model_4.add(Dropout(0.3))

#The Third convolution layer
model_4.add(Conv2D(128,(3,3)))
model_4.add(Activation('relu'))
model_4.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2,2)))

#The Fourth convolution layer
model_4.add(Conv2D(256,(3,3)))
model_4.add(Activation('relu'))
model_4.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2,2)))
model_4.add(Dropout(0.3))

model_4.add(Flatten())

model_4.add(Dense(256,activation='relu'))
model_4.add(Dropout(0.5))

model_4.add(Dense(1,activation='sigmoid'))

model_4.compile(loss='binary_crossentropy',optimizer='adam',metrics=['accuracy'])

history_4 = model_4.fit_generator(
    train_generator ,
    epochs = 20,
    validation_data = Validation_generator,
    callbacks = [learning_rate_reduction])

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
epochs = [i for i in range(20)]
fig , ax = plt.subplots(1,2)
train_acc = history_4.history['accuracy']
train_loss = history_4.history['loss']
val_acc = history_4.history['val_accuracy']
```

```
val_loss = history_4.history['val_loss']
fig.set_size_inches(20,10)

ax[0].plot(epochs , train_acc , 'g' , label = 'Train')
ax[0].plot(epochs , val_acc , 'r' , label = 'Validation')
ax[0].set_title('model accuracy')
ax[0].legend()
ax[0].set_xlabel("Epochs")
ax[0].set_ylabel("Accuracy")
plt.show()

#Test loss & test accuracy
evaluation = loaded_model.evaluate(test_generator)
print(f"Test Loss: {evaluation[0] * 100:.2f}%")

evaluation = loaded_model.evaluate(test_generator)
print(f"Test Accuracy: {evaluation[1] * 100:.2f}%")

#save model
model_json = model_4.to_json()
with open("eighth_model.json", "w") as json_file :
    json_file.write(model_json)
model_4.save_weights("eighth_model.h5")
print("Saved model to disk")

#Load model
from keras.models import model_from_json
json_file = open("eighth_model.json", "r")
loaded_model_json = json_file.read()
json_file.close()
loaded_model = model_from_json(loaded_model_json)
loaded_model.load_weights("eighth_model.h5")
print("Loaded model from disk")

#compile model
loaded_model.compile(loss='binary_crossentropy',optimizer='adam',metrics=
['accuracy'])
```

### 3. Last 5 epochs, Test loss, Test accuracy

```
Epoch 16/20
163/163 [=====] - 349s 2s/step - loss: 0.1215 - accuracy: 0.9559 - val_loss: 0.7838 - val_accuracy: 0.6875
Epoch 17/20
163/163 [=====] - 348s 2s/step - loss: 0.1176 - accuracy: 0.9584 - val_loss: 0.7292 - val_accuracy: 0.5625

Epoch 00017: ReduceLROnPlateau reducing learning rate to 2.429999949526973e-06.
Epoch 18/20
163/163 [=====] - 349s 2s/step - loss: 0.1169 - accuracy: 0.9557 - val_loss: 0.9363 - val_accuracy: 0.7500
Epoch 19/20
163/163 [=====] - 349s 2s/step - loss: 0.1187 - accuracy: 0.9557 - val_loss: 0.7561 - val_accuracy: 0.6875

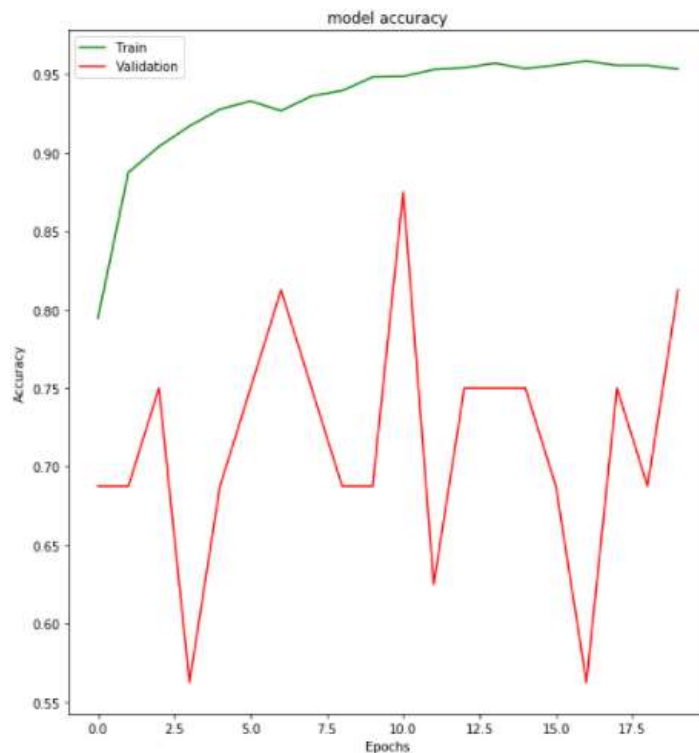
Epoch 00019: ReduceLROnPlateau reducing learning rate to 7.289999985005124e-07.
Epoch 20/20
163/163 [=====] - 348s 2s/step - loss: 0.1165 - accuracy: 0.9532 - val_loss: 0.9485 - val_accuracy: 0.8125
```

```
In [75]: 1 evaluation = loaded_model.evaluate(test_generator)
        2 print(f"Test Loss: {evaluation[0] * 100:.2f}%")
        3
        4 evaluation = loaded_model.evaluate(test_generator)
        5 print(f"Test Accuracy: {evaluation[1] * 100:.2f}%")
        6
```

```
20/20 [=====] - 24s 1s/step
Test Loss: 3.89%
20/20 [=====] - 21s 1s/step
Test Accuracy: 89.10%
```

\* accuracy 가 계속 바뀌는 문제점이 있었고, 아래 소감에 사진과 함께 작성하였습니다.

### 4. 학습곡선그래프





## 5. 소감

이번 프로젝트를 진행하면서 이미 training set, validation set, test set 이 나누어져 있고 각 directory 로부터 데이터를 generate 할 때, seed 값을 42 로 고정해 주었기 때문에 매번 동일하게 accuracy 가 형성될 것이라고 생각하였는데, 학습할 때 마다 accuracy 의 추세가 달라져 학습을 시키는데 어려움이 있었습니다. 학습시킨 모델을 잃지 않기 위해서 중간중간 모델을 저장하다 보니 여덟 번째 모델까지 오게 되었습니다. 처음에는 아래의 첫번째 모델 구조로 학습을 했는데 validation accuracy 가 처음부터 적게 나오고 epoch 수가 늘어나도 높아지지 않아서, convolution layer 를 추가했습니다. 두번째 모델 구조로 학습을 하니 validation accuracy 가 오르다 감소하는 overfitting 이 나타났고, 이를 해결하기 위해 epoch 를 낮추어 실행해보았더니 학습이 잘 되지 않아 train accuracy 자체가 생각만큼 높지 않게 형성되었습니다. 따라서 다시 epoch 를 늘리고 overfitting 이 되는 것을 줄이기 위해 convolution layer 사이에 두 군데에 dropout 을 넣어주었고 accuracy 를 높일 수 있었습니다. 또 가장 높은 accuracy 를 찾기 위해 epoch 를 바꿔가며 여러 차례 모델링을 하였고 89.1%의 accuracy 를 가진 모델을 개발하게 되었습니다. 처음부터 모델 structure 구상 및 accuracy 를 높이기 위한 모델 구조 수정 작업이 시간도 오래 걸리고, 때로는 오히려 accuracy 가 감소하는 경우도 있어 허무함이 들기도 하였습니다. 하지만 할 수 있다는 생각을 가지고 overfitting 시 dropout 을 늘리는 등 수업시간에 배웠던 내용을 토대로 수정을 하면서 accuracy 를 높이겠다는 목표를 달성할 수 있었습니다. 다만, 한가지 문제가 같은 모델로 테스트를 하여도 accuracy 가 조금씩 변한다는 점이었는데, 이는 해결하지 못했습니다. 이 사진을 아래에 첨부합니다.

```
1 loaded_model.compile(loss='binary_crossentropy', optimizer='adam', metrics=['accuracy'])
2
3 evaluation = loaded_model.evaluate(test_generator)
4 print(f"Test Loss: {evaluation[0] * 100:.2f}%")
5
6 evaluation = loaded_model.evaluate(test_generator)
7 print(f"Test Accuracy: {evaluation[1] * 100:.2f}%")
8
```

20/20 [=====] - 23s 1s/step  
Test Loss: 5.27%

```
1 evaluation = loaded_model.evaluate(test_generator)
2 print(f"Test Loss: {evaluation[0] * 100:.2f}%")
3
4 evaluation = loaded_model.evaluate(test_generator)
5 print(f"Test Accuracy: {evaluation[1] * 100:.2f}%")
6
```

20/20 [=====] - 23s 1s/step  
Test Loss: 4.21%

```
1 evaluation = loaded_model.evaluate(test_generator)
2 print(f"Test Loss: {evaluation[0] * 100:.2f}%")
3
4 evaluation = loaded_model.evaluate(test_generator)
5 print(f"Test Accuracy: {evaluation[1] * 100:.2f}%")
6
```

20/20 [=====] - 21s 1s/step  
Test Loss: 8.50%

```
1 evaluation = loaded_model.evaluate(test_generator)
2 print(f"Test Loss: {evaluation[0] * 100:.2f}%")
3
4 evaluation = loaded_model.evaluate(test_generator)
5 print(f"Test Accuracy: {evaluation[1] * 100:.2f}%")
6
```

20/20 [=====] - 22s 1s/step  
Test Loss: 12.25%

```
1 evaluation = loaded_model.evaluate(test_generator)
2 print(f"Test Loss: {evaluation[0] * 100:.2f}%")
3
4 evaluation = loaded_model.evaluate(test_generator)
5 print(f"Test Accuracy: {evaluation[1] * 100:.2f}%")
6
```

20/20 [=====] - 23s 1s/step  
Test Loss: 19.70%

```
1 evaluation = loaded_model.evaluate(test_generator)
2 print(f"Test Loss: {evaluation[0] * 100:.2f}%")
3
4 evaluation = loaded_model.evaluate(test_generator)
5 print(f"Test Accuracy: {evaluation[1] * 100:.2f}%")
6
```

20/20 [=====] - 24s 1s/step  
Test Loss: 11.45%

```
1 evaluation = loaded_model.evaluate(test_generator)
2 print(f"Test Loss: {evaluation[0] * 100:.2f}%")
3
4 evaluation = loaded_model.evaluate(test_generator)
5 print(f"Test Accuracy: {evaluation[1] * 100:.2f}%")
6
```

20/20 [=====] - 26s 1s/step  
Test Loss: 7.50%

```
1 evaluation = loaded_model.evaluate(test_generator)
2 print(f"Test Loss: {evaluation[0] * 100:.2f}%")
3
4 evaluation = loaded_model.evaluate(test_generator)
5 print(f"Test Accuracy: {evaluation[1] * 100:.2f}%")
6
```

20/20 [=====] - 28s 1s/step  
Test Loss: 1.52%

```
1 evaluation = loaded_model.evaluate(test_generator)
2 print(f"Test Loss: {evaluation[0] * 100:.2f}%")
3
4 evaluation = loaded_model.evaluate(test_generator)
5 print(f"Test Accuracy: {evaluation[1] * 100:.2f}%")
6
```

20/20 [=====] - 28s 1s/step  
Test Loss: 19.38%

```
1 evaluation = loaded_model.evaluate(test_generator)
2 print(f"Test Loss: {evaluation[0] * 100:.2f}%")
3
4 evaluation = loaded_model.evaluate(test_generator)
5 print(f"Test Accuracy: {evaluation[1] * 100:.2f}%")
6
```

20/20 [=====] - 24s 1s/step  
Test Loss: 3.89%

Seokhyeon Lee(이석현) 32183164

이번 학기가 시작할 때 딥러닝은 물론이고 머신러닝도 전혀 모르던 제 자신이 이 과목을 잘 수강할 수 있을지 걱정이 되었는데, 교수님께서 기초부터 차근차근 잘 설명해 주셔서 수업을 잘 따라갈 수 있었고 모델도 스스로 개발해보는 경험을 할 수 있었던 것 같습니다. 지금껏 전공 과목을 배워도 큰 관심이 없었는데 딥러닝에 흥미가 생겼고 더 깊게 공부해보고 싶다는 생각이 들어 이번 방학에는 kaggle 에서 다른 데이터를 이용해 직접 모델을 개발하는 작업을 추가로 해보려고 합니다. 이번 학기 전면 온라인 강의임에도 교수님의 열정적인 가르침에 감사드립니다.

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d_1 (Conv2D)	(None, 198, 198, 32)	896
activation_1 (Activation)	(None, 198, 198, 32)	0
max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 99, 99, 32)	0
conv2d_2 (Conv2D)	(None, 97, 97, 64)	18496
activation_2 (Activation)	(None, 97, 97, 64)	0
max_pooling2d_2 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 48, 48, 64)	0
conv2d_3 (Conv2D)	(None, 46, 46, 128)	73856
activation_3 (Activation)	(None, 46, 46, 128)	0
max_pooling2d_3 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 23, 23, 128)	0
flatten_1 (Flatten)	(None, 67712)	0
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 128)	8667264
dropout_1 (Dropout)	(None, 128)	0
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 1)	129
Total params: 8,760,641		
Trainable params: 8,760,641		
Non-trainable params: 0		

#### △첫 번째 모델 구조

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d_1 (Conv2D)	(None, 198, 198, 32)	896
activation_1 (Activation)	(None, 198, 198, 32)	0
max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 99, 99, 32)	0
conv2d_2 (Conv2D)	(None, 97, 97, 64)	18496
activation_2 (Activation)	(None, 97, 97, 64)	0
max_pooling2d_2 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 48, 48, 64)	0
conv2d_3 (Conv2D)	(None, 46, 46, 128)	73856
activation_3 (Activation)	(None, 46, 46, 128)	0
max_pooling2d_3 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 23, 23, 128)	0
conv2d_4 (Conv2D)	(None, 21, 21, 256)	295168
activation_4 (Activation)	(None, 21, 21, 256)	0
max_pooling2d_4 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 10, 10, 256)	0
flatten_1 (Flatten)	(None, 25600)	0
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 256)	6553656
dropout_1 (Dropout)	(None, 256)	0
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 1)	257
Total params: 6,942,529		
Trainable params: 6,942,529		
Non-trainable params: 0		

#### △두 번째 모델 구조

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d_1 (Conv2D)	(None, 198, 198, 32)	896
activation_1 (Activation)	(None, 198, 198, 32)	0
max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 99, 99, 32)	0
conv2d_2 (Conv2D)	(None, 97, 97, 64)	18496
activation_2 (Activation)	(None, 97, 97, 64)	0
max_pooling2d_2 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 48, 48, 64)	0
dropout_1 (Dropout)	(None, 48, 48, 64)	0
conv2d_3 (Conv2D)	(None, 46, 46, 128)	73856
activation_3 (Activation)	(None, 46, 46, 128)	0
max_pooling2d_3 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 23, 23, 128)	0
conv2d_4 (Conv2D)	(None, 21, 21, 256)	295168
activation_4 (Activation)	(None, 21, 21, 256)	0
max_pooling2d_4 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 10, 10, 256)	0
dropout_2 (Dropout)	(None, 10, 10, 256)	0
flatten_1 (Flatten)	(None, 25600)	0
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 256)	6553656
dropout_3 (Dropout)	(None, 256)	0
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 1)	257
Total params: 6,942,529		
Trainable params: 6,942,529		
Non-trainable params: 0		

#### △세 번째 모델 구조