

#### **Features**

- · 22.4 dB Gain at 150 MHz
- · 23 dBm P1dB at 150 MHz
- · 42 dBm Output IP3 at 150 MHz
- · 2.2 dB NF at 150 MHz
- · MTTF > 100 Years
- · Single Supply
- · Minimal External Components

#### **Description**

The ASF255, a IF gain block amplifier MMIC, has a high linearity, high gain, and high efficiency over a wide range of frequency, being suitable for use in both receiver and transmitter of telecommunication systems up to 3 GHz. It has an active bias network for stable current over temperature and process variation. The amplifier is available in a SOT89 package and passes through the stringent DC, RF, and reliability tests.

# RoHS-compliant GREEN Package



Package Style: SOT89

# **Application Circuit**

- · IF (50 ~ 1000 MHz, 5 V)
- · IF (50 ~ 1000 MHz, 4.5 V, 90 mA)
- · SMATV (50 ~ 2150 MHz, 5 V)
- IF (50 ~ 1000 MHz, 6 V)

#### **Typical Performance**

(Supply Voltage = +5 V,  $T_A$  = +25 °C,  $Z_O$  = 50  $\Omega$ )

Parameters	Units	Typica	l				
Frequency	MHz	70	150	300	450	900	150
Gain	dB	22.4	22.4	22.2	21.9	21.0	22.1
S11	dB	-15.5	-18.0	-18.0	-16.0	-11.0	-18.0
S22	dB	-15.5	-20.0	-20.0	-20.0	-13.0	-20.0
Output IP31)	dBm	39.0	42.0	42.0	40.0	38.0	40.0
Noise Figure	dB	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.2
Output P1dB	dBm	22.5	23.0	23.0	23.0	22.5	22.0
Current	mA	103	103	103	103	103	90
Device Voltage	V	+5.0	+5.0	+5.0	+5.0	+5.0	+4.5

<sup>1)</sup> OIP3 is measured with two tones at an output power of +8 dBm/tone separated by 1 MHz.

# **Product Specifications**

Parameters	Units	Min	Тур	Max
Testing Frequency	MHz		150	
Gain	dB		22.4	
S11	dB		-18	
S22	dB		-20	
Output IP3	dBm		42.0	
Noise Figure	dB		2.2	
Output P1dB	dBm		23.0	
Current	mA		103	
Device Voltage	V		+5.0	

# **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

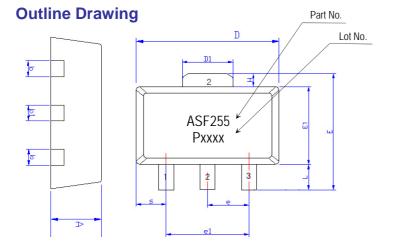
Parameters	Rating
Operating Case Temperature	-40 to +85 °C
Storage Temperature	-40 to +150 °C
Device Voltage	+7 V
Operating Junction Temperature	+150 °C
Input RF Power (Continuous)1)	+23 dBm
Thermal Resistance	92 °C/W

 $<sup>1) \</sup> Please find the \ max. \ input \ power \ data \ from \ \underline{http://www.asb.co.kr/pdf/Maximum \ Input \ Power \ Analysis.pdf}$ 

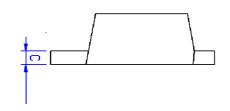
# **Pin Configuration**



Pin No.	Function
1	RF IN
2	GND
3	RF OUT & Bias

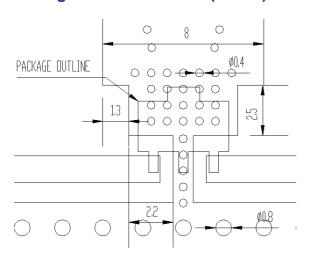


Symbolo	Dimension	s (In mm)	
Symbols	MIN	NOM	MAX
Α	1.40	1.50	1.60
L	0.89	1.04	1.20
b	0.36	0.42	0.48
b1	0.41	0.47	0.53
С	0.38	0.40	0.43
D	4.40	4.50	4.60
D1	1.40	1.60	1.75
E	3.64		4.25
E1	2.40	2.50	2.60
e1	2.90	3.00	3.10
Н	0.35	0.40	0.45
S	0.65	0.75	0.85
е	1.40	1.50	1.60



Pin No.	Function
1	RF IN
2	GND
3	RF OUT & Bias

# **Mounting Recommendation (In mm)**



- **Note**: 1. The number and size of ground via holes in a circuit board is critical for thermal and RF grounding considerations.
  - We recommend that the ground via holes be placed on the bottom of the lead pin 2 and exposed pad of the device for better RF and thermal performance, as shown in the drawing at the left side.

# **ESD Classification & Moisture Sensitivity Level**

#### **ESD Classification**

HBM Class 1B
Voltage Level: 500 V ~ 1000 V

MM Class A
Voltage Level: <200 V

CAUTION: ESD-sensitive device!

#### **Moisture Sensitivity Level (MSL)**

Level 3 at 260 °C reflow

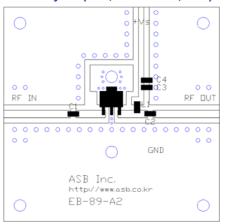
APPLI	CATION CIRCU
	IF
50	) ~ 1000 MHz
	+5 V

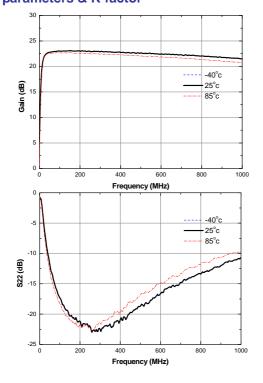
Frequency (MHz)	70	150	300	450	900
Magnitude S21 (dB)	22.4	22.4	22.2	21.9	21.0
Magnitude S11 (dB)	-15.5	-18.0	-18.0	-16.0	-11.0
Magnitude S22 (dB)	-15.5	-20.0	-20.0	-20.0	-13.0
Output P1dB (dBm)	22.5	23.0	23.0	23.0	22.5
Output IP31) (dBm)	39.0	42.0	42.0	40.0	38.0
Noise Figure (dB)	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.3
Device Voltage (V)	+5	+5	+5	+5	+5
Device Current (mA)	103	103	103	103	103
1) OID2 is massured with two tone	oo ot on outr	out nower of	O dDm/ton	accorated	hu

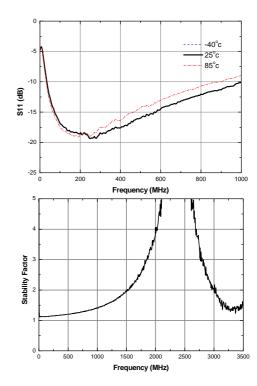
<sup>1)</sup> OIP3 is measured with two tones at an output power of +8 dBm/tone separated by 1 MHz.

# Schematic $V_{S=5} V \bigcirc V_{S=5} V \bigcirc V_{S=5$

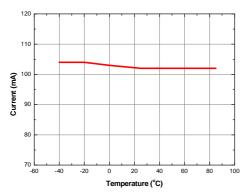
#### Board Layout (FR4, 40x40 mm<sup>2</sup>, 0.8T)



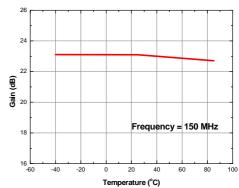




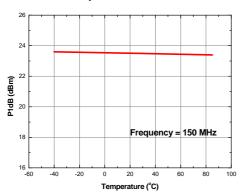
#### **Current vs. Temperature**



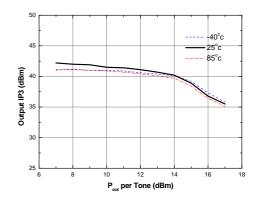
# Gain vs. Temperature



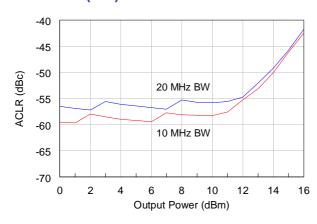
#### P1dB vs. Temperature

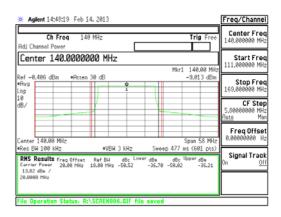


#### Output IP3 vs. Tone Power (Frequency = 150 MHz)



#### **ACLR (LTE)**





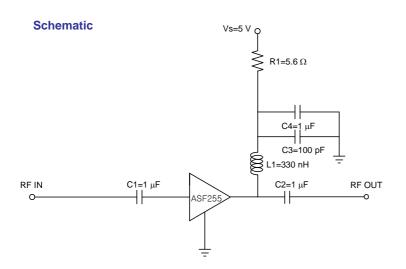
Note that ACLR test conditions are as follows;

- 1) Test Source: LTE\_FDD\_test model 3.1, BW: 10 MHz & 20 MHz, Test Frequency: 140 MHz
- 2) Test Source: LTE\_FDD\_test model 3.1, BW: 20 MHz, Test Frequency: 140 MHz

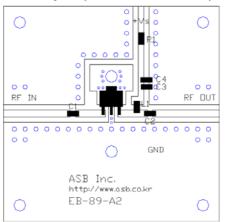
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<b>~</b> 1	
	IF
	50 ~ 1000 MHz
	+4.5 V, 90 mA

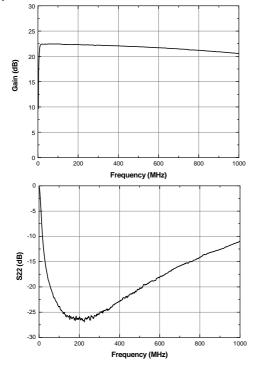
Frequency (MHz)	70	150	300	450	900
Magnitude S21 (dB)	22.2	22.1	21.9	21.7	20.8
Magnitude S11 (dB)	-15.5	-18.0	-18.0	-16.0	-11.0
Magnitude S22 (dB)	-15.5	-20.0	-20.0	-20.0	-13.0
Output P1dB (dBm)	21.5	22.0	22.0	22.0	21.0
Output IP31) (dBm)	37.5	40.0	40.5	38.0	36.0
Noise Figure (dB)	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.3
Device Voltage (V)	+4.5	+4.5	+4.5	+4.5	+4.5
Device Current (mA)	90	90	90	90	90
4) OIDO is seen and with two terms			. O . ID //		l

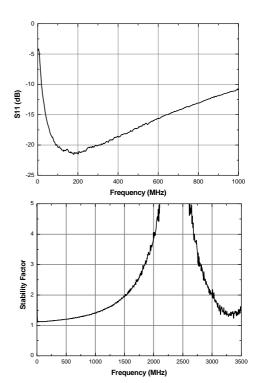
<sup>1)</sup> OIP3 is measured with two tones at an output power of +8 dBm/tone separated by 1 MHz.

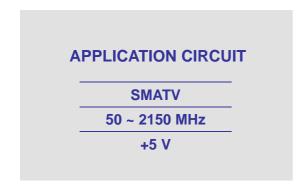


#### Board Layout (FR4, 40x40 mm<sup>2</sup>, 0.8T)



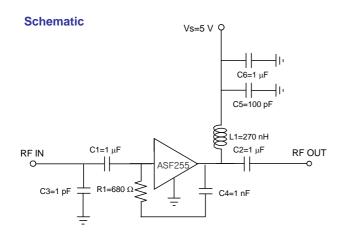




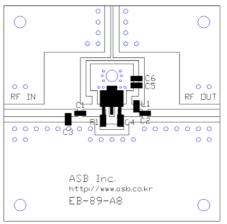


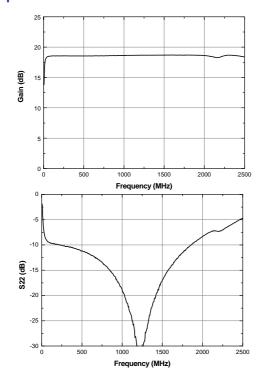
-			
Frequency (MHz)	50	1000	2150
Magnitude S21 (dB)	18.2	18.4	18.1
Magnitude S11 (dB)	-8.0	-10.0	-14.0
Magnitude S22 (dB)	-8.0	-17.0	-7.0
Output P1dB (dBm)	21.5	21.5	20.0
Output IP31) (dBm)	38.0	37.0	34.0
Noise Figure (dB)	2.5	2.6	3.0
Supply Voltage (V)	+5	+5	+5
Current (mA)	104	104	104

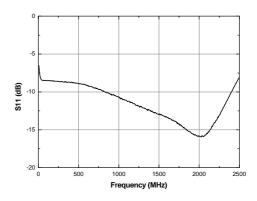
<sup>1)</sup> OIP3 is measured with two tones at an output power of +5 dBm/tone separated by 1 MHz.



# Board Layout (FR4, 40x40 mm<sup>2</sup>, 0.8T)



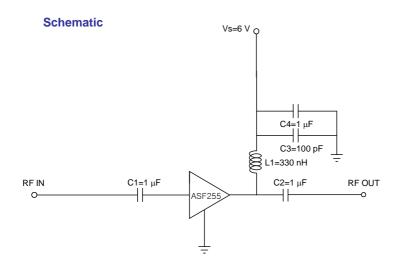




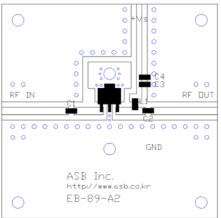
APPLICA	ATION CIRCU
<u> </u>	IF
5	0 ~ 1000
	+6 V

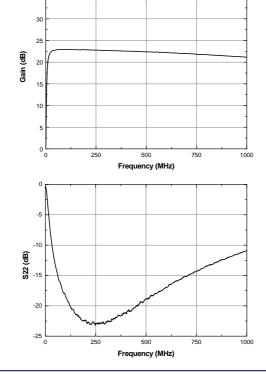
Frequency (MHz)	70	150	300	450	900
Magnitude S21 (dB)	22.9	22.8	22.7	22.4	21.4
Magnitude S11 (dB)	-15	-18	-18	-15	-10
Magnitude S22 (dB)	-15	-20	-20	-18	-11
Output P1dB (dBm)	24	24.5	24.5	24.5	24.5
Output IP31) (dBm)	39.5	42.5	42	40.5	38.5
Noise Figure (dB)	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.5
Device Voltage (V)	6	6	6	6	6
Device Current (mA)	123	123	123	123	123
4) OIDS is assessed with two transports are extracted as a first of the original form.					

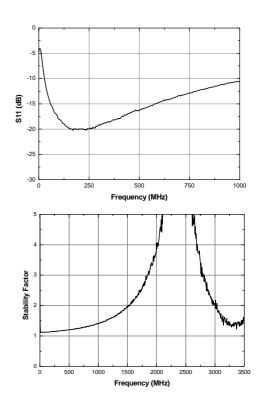
<sup>1)</sup> OIP3 is measured with two tones at an output power of +8 dBm/tone separated by 1 MHz.



# Board Layout (FR4, 40x40 mm<sup>2</sup>, 0.8T)







# **Recommended Soldering Reflow Profile**

