Simulation and Scientific Computing 2 Seminar

David Uhl, Thomas Stadelmayer

Friedrich-Alexander Universität Erlangen-Nürnberg

June 08/12, 2015

Optimization techniques

- inline
- Successive Over-Relaxation (SOR)
- Red-Black Gauss-Seidel
- OpenMP
- Wall Clock Time / s = 0.695766

Red-Black Gauss-Seidel

```
for (int iter = 0; iter < times; iter++){</pre>
// red points
                                 // black points
#pragma omp parallel for
                              #pragma omp parallel for
for(int j=1;j<height-1;j++){    for(int j=1;j<height-1;j++){</pre>
for(int i=1;i<width-1;i+=2){    for(int i=2;i<width-2;i+=2){
 u(i,j)=(1-w)*u(i,j)+
                                 u(i,j)=(1-w)*u(i,j)+
    w*factor*(f(i,j)+
                                    w*factor*(f(i,j)+
    h_2_{inv}*(u(i-1,j)+
                                    h_2_{inv} *(u(i-1,j)+
    u(i+1,j)+u(i,j+1)+
                                    u(i+1,j)+u(i,j+1)+
    u(i, i-1)));}
                                    u(i, i-1)));}
 j++:
                                  j++:
 if (j == height -1) continue;
                                  if (j == height -1) continue;
 for(int i=2;i<width-2 i+=2){    for(int i=1;i<width-1;i+=2){
  if(j==(height-1)*0.5
                                  if(j==(height-1)*0.5
   && i > = (width - 1) * 0.5) continue; && i > = (width - 1) * 0.5) continue;
                                    u(i,j)=...;
   u(i,j) = ...;
}}
                                 }}}
```

Performance

