

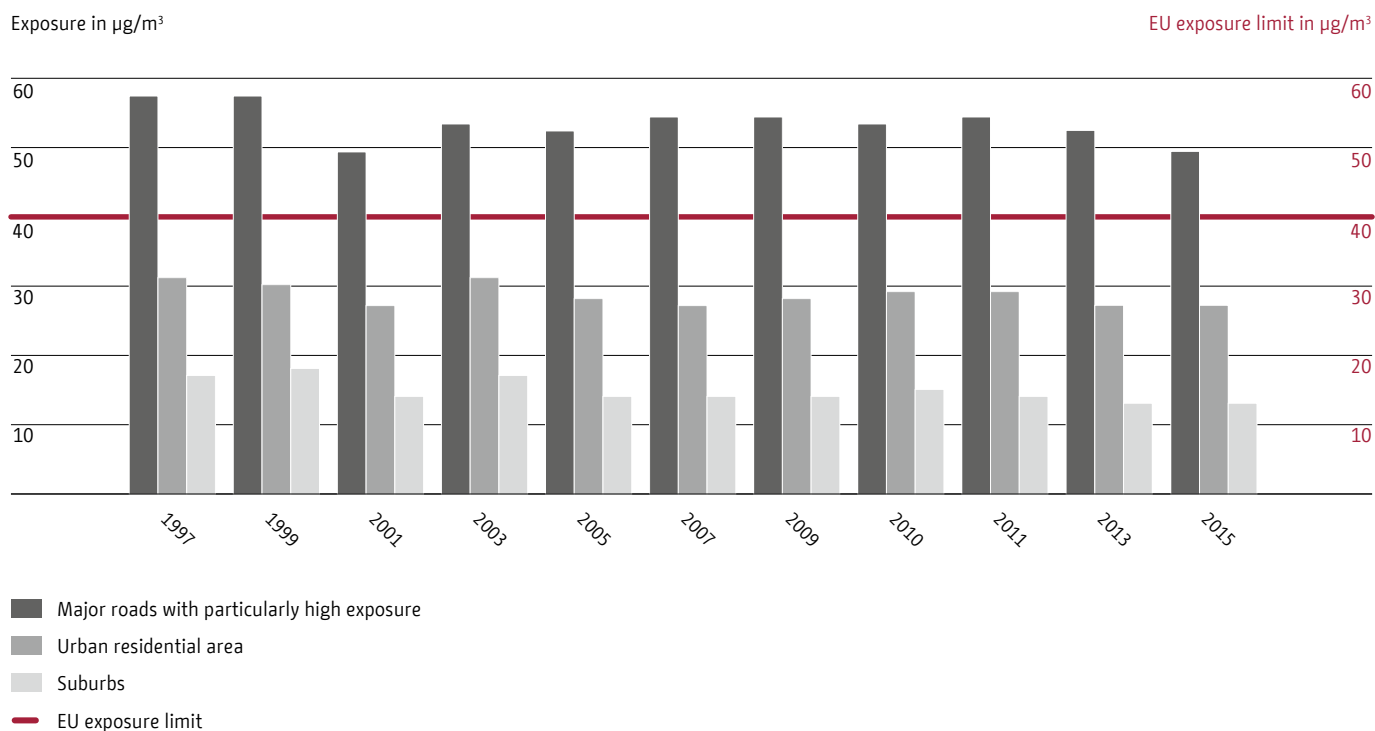
## Yearly average values of NO<sub>2</sub> exposure at selected air quality monitoring sites

	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2010	2011	2013	2015
<b>EU exposure limit (in µg/m<sup>3</sup>)</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>40</b>
Major roads with particularly high exposure (in µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	57	57	49	53	52	54	54	53	54	52	49
Urban residential areas (in µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	31	30	27	31	28	27	28	29	29	27	27
Suburbs (in µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	17	18	14	17	14	14	14	15	14	13	13

The tables and diagrams on this page do not describe the overall situation in Berlin. Individual monitoring sites have been selected to illustrate the trend in exposure hot spots. Monitoring sites on major roads are generally positioned at places where the highest pollutant concentrations and the greatest exceedance of exposure limits are to be expected.

The yearly average value of NO<sub>2</sub> exposure for major roads is composed of the average values of monitoring sites in Frankfurter Allee, Karl-Marx-Straße, Schildhornstraße and Silbersteinstraße. The yearly average value for residential areas is based on measurements made at monitoring sites in the districts of Neukölln, Schöneberg and Wedding. Data on the suburbs relate to monitoring sites in Buch, Friedrichshagen, Frohnau, Grunewald and Marienfelde.

## Yearly average values of NO<sub>2</sub> immissions at selected air quality monitoring sites



Source: Senate Department for the Environment, Transport and Climate Protection, Berlin