

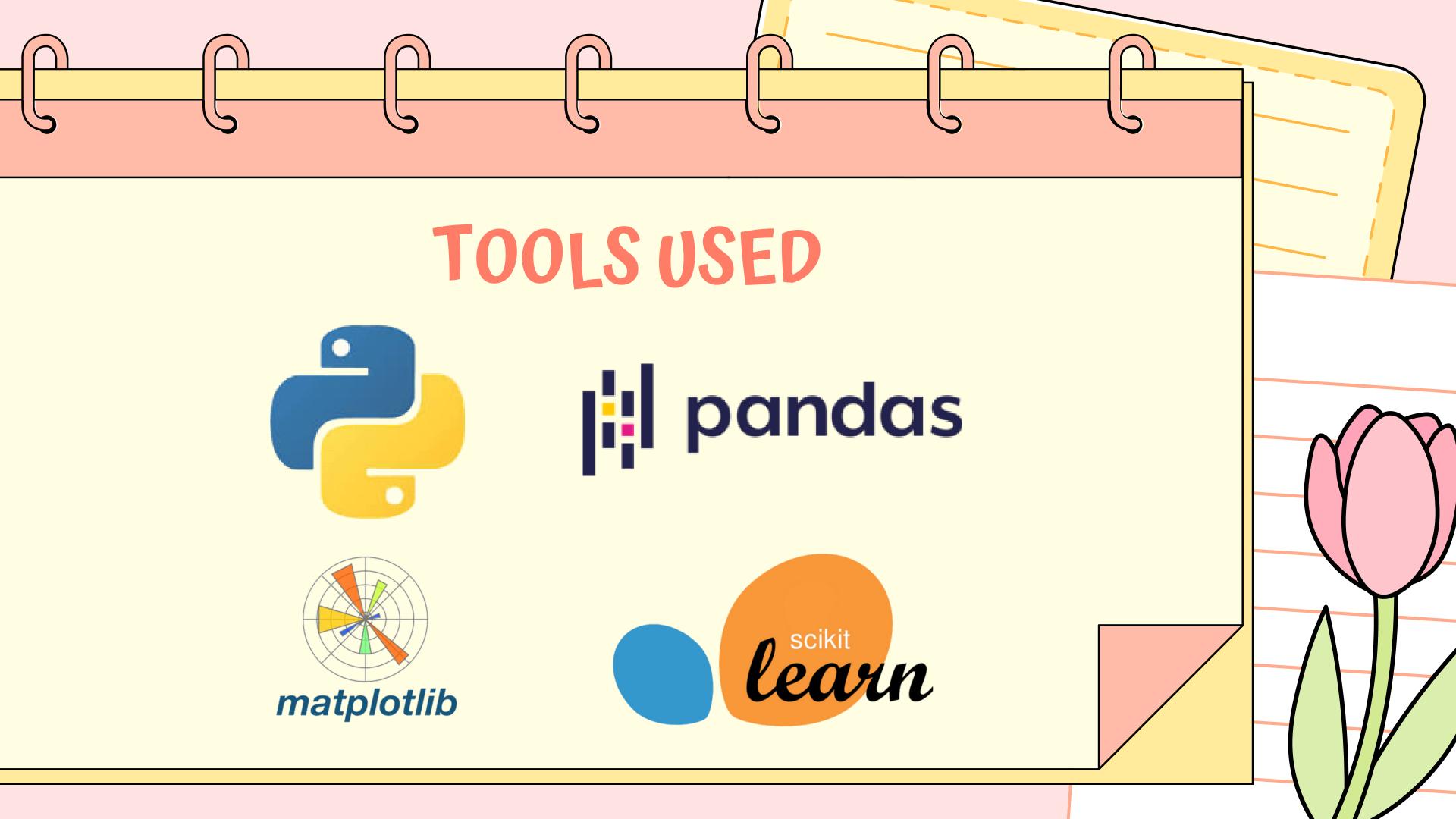
# ABOUT IRIS DATASET

The Iris dataset, a collection of 150 samples within the Scikit-learn library representing three species of Iris flowers (Iris setosa, Iris versicolor, and Iris virginica). Each species consist of 50 samples. Each sample includes four numerical measurements:

- Sepal length (cm)
- Petal length (cm)
- Sepal width (cm)
  - Petal width (cm)

These measurements capture the physical dimensions of the Iris flowers, allowing for the identification of morphological differences between the species.





## IRIS DATASET

	sepal length (cm)	sepal width (cm)	petal length (cm)	petal width (cm)	species
0	5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2	0
1	4.9	3.0	1.4	0.2	0
2	4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2	0
3	4.6	3.1	1.5	0.2	0
4	5.0	3.6	1.4	0.2	0

	count
species	
0	50
1	50
2	50

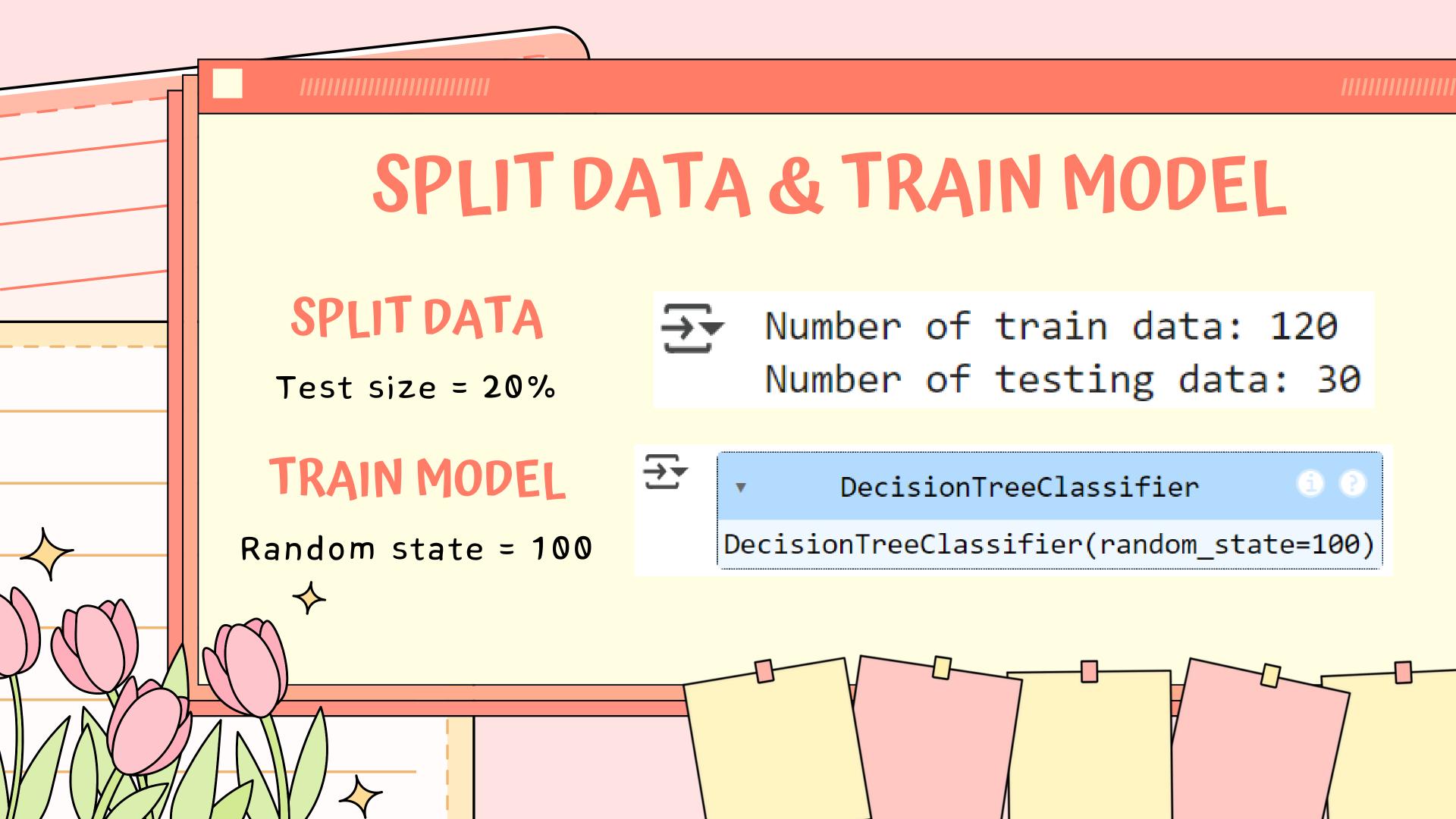
150 samples & 5 features

50 samples/ species

### IRIS DATASET →▼ <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'> RangeIndex: 150 entries, 0 to 149 Data columns (total 5 columns): Column Non-Null Count Dtype No missing value sepal length (cm) 150 non-null float64 sepal width (cm) 150 non-null float64 detected petal length (cm) 150 non-null float64 petal width (cm) 150 non-null float64 species 150 non-null int64 dtypes: float64(4), int64(1) memory usage: 6.0 KB

## EXPLORATORY DATA ANALYSIS

	sepal length (cm)	sepal width (cm)	petal length (cm)	petal width (cm)	species
count	150.000000	150.000000	150.000000	150.000000	150.000000
mean	5.843333	3.057333	3.758000	1.199333	1.000000
std	0.828066	0.435866	1.765298	0.762238	0.819232
min	4.300000	2.000000	1.000000	0.100000	0.000000
25%	5.100000	2.800000	1.600000	0.300000	0.000000
50%	5.800000	3.000000	4.350000	1.300000	1.000000
75%	6.400000	3.300000	5.100000	1.800000	2.000000
max	7.900000	4.400000	6.900000	2.500000	2.000000







The model accuracy is good enough

#### VISUALIZATION petal length (cm) <= 2.45 gini = 0.665samples = 120value = [39, 44, 37]class = versicolor petal width (cm) <= 1.65 gini = 0.0qini = 0.496samples = 39samples = 81 value = [39, 0, 0]value = [0, 44, 37]class = setosa class = versicolor petal length (cm) <= 4.95 gini = 0.156 petal length (cm) $\leq$ 4.85 gini = 0.057samples = 34samples = 47value = [0, 43, 4]value = [0, 1, 33]class = versicolor class = virginica petal width (cm) <= 1.55 sepal width (cm) <= 3.1 gini = 0.0gini = 0.0gini = 0.32gini = 0.375samples = 42samples = 30samples = 5samples = 4value = [0, 42, 0]value = [0, 0, 30]value = [0, 1, 4]value = [0, 1, 3]class = versicolor class = virginica class = virginica class = virginica petal length (cm) $\leq$ 5.45 gini = 0.0gini = 0.0gini = 0.0gini = 0.5samples = 3samples = 3samples = 1samples = 2value = [0, 0, 3]value = [0, 0, 3]value = [0, 1, 0]value = [0, 1, 1]lass = virginica class = virginica class = versicolor class = versicolor qini = 0.0gini = 0.0samples = 1samples = 1value = [0, 1, 0]value = [0, 0, 1]class = virginica :lass = versicolo

# CONCLUSION

### IRIS SETOSA

- Generally have the shortest petal length.
- Have unique characteristics that make it easy to distinguish.

### IRIS VERSICOLOR

- The petals length are longer than Iris setosa, but shorter than Iris virginica.
- The width of petals and sepals has a typical value range.

### IRIS VIRGINICA

- Generally have the biggest petal length and width.
- Often have the widest sepals.

