

Question

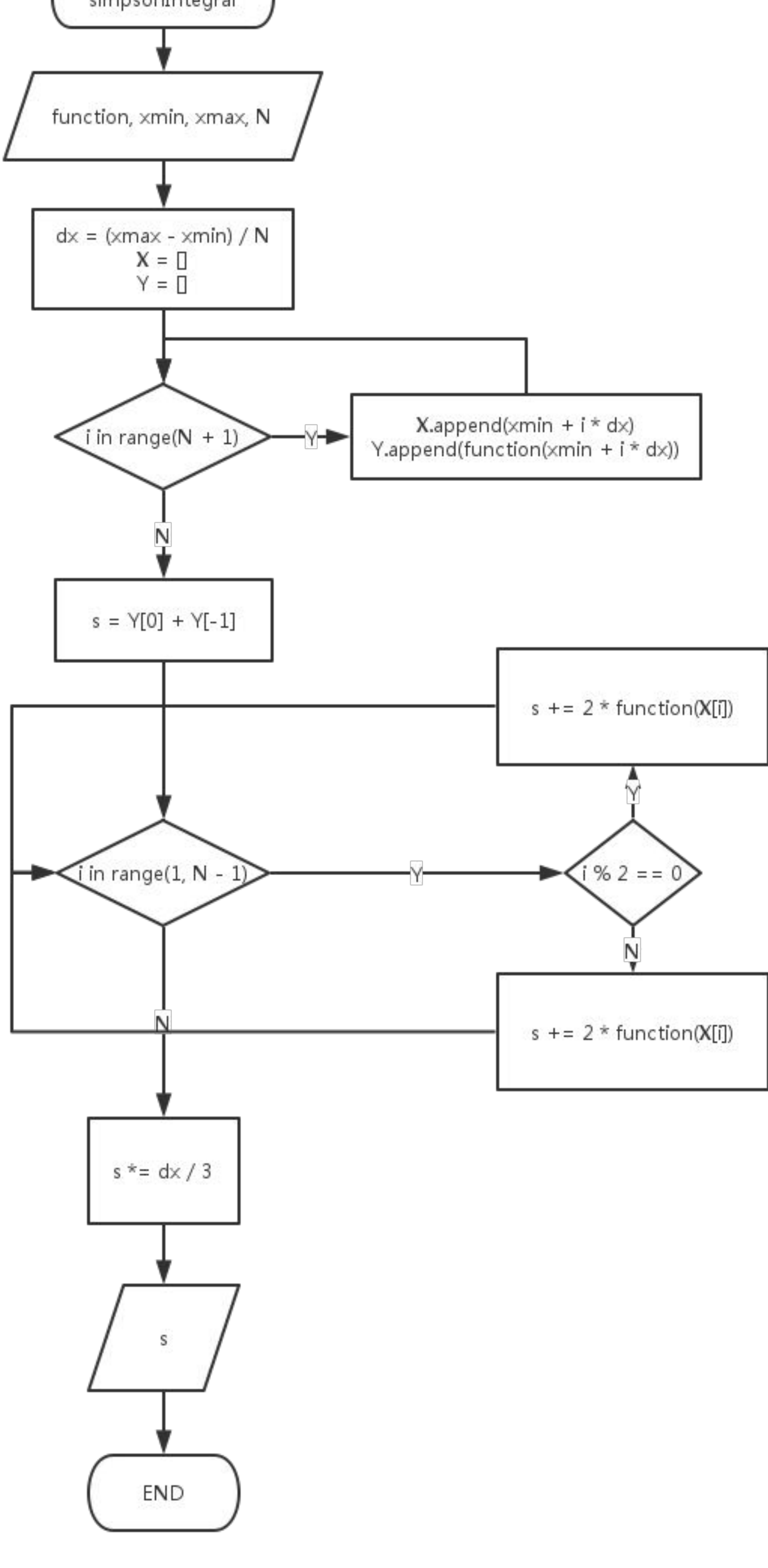
use repeated Simpson quadrature and repeated trapezoid quadrature Write a program to compute the integral

$$f(f) = \int_1^5 \sin(x)dx, h = 0.1$$

Used function and algorithm.

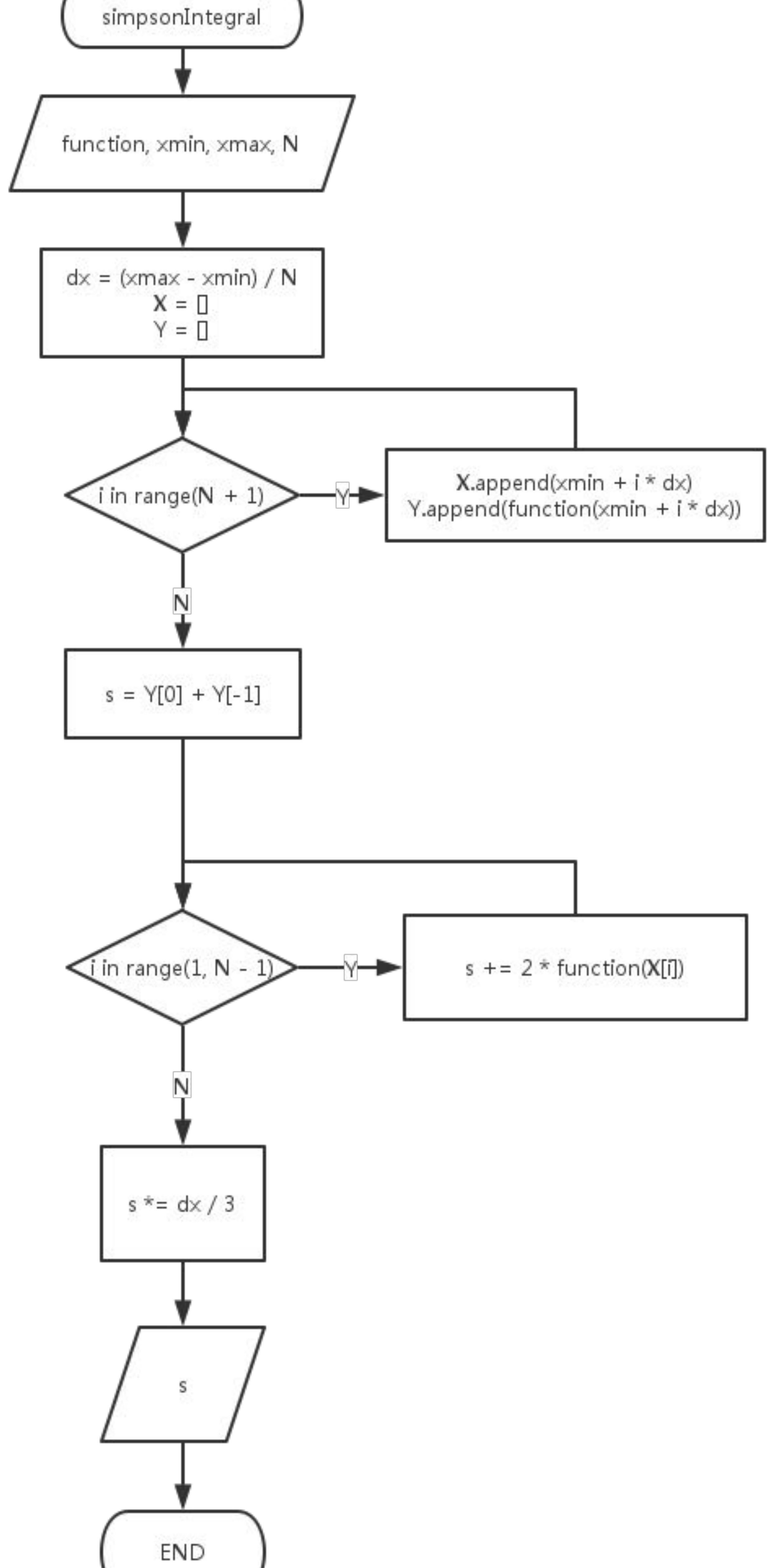
1. Simpson integrals

$$s = \frac{h}{3} (f(0) + 4 \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} f(x_i) + f(n))$$



2. Trapezoid integrals

$$s = \frac{h}{3} (f(0) + 4 \sum_{i=1, i=2k}^{n-1} f(x_i) + 2 \sum_{i=1, i=2k+1}^{n-1} f(x_i) + f(n))$$



Source Code

```
module integrals
contains
function func(x)
implicit none
real*8::x, func
func = sin(x)
end function func

function simpsonIntegral(xmin,xmax,N)
implicit none
real*8::xmin,xmax,dx,simpsonIntegral
integer::N,i
real*8::X(N+1),Y(N+1)
dx = (xmax-xmin)/N
do i=1,N+1
X(i) = xmin+dx*(i-1)
Y(i) = func(X(i))
enddo
simpsonIntegral = Y(1)+Y(N+1)
do i=2,N-1
if (mod(i,2) .eq. 0) then
simpsonIntegral = simpsonIntegral+4 *func(X(i))
else
simpsonIntegral = simpsonIntegral+2*func(X(i))
endif
enddo
simpsonIntegral = simpsonIntegral*dx/3
end function simpsonIntegral

function trapezoidIntegral(xmin,xmax,N)
implicit none
real*8::xmin,xmax,dx,trapezoidIntegral
integer::N,i
real*8::X(N+1),Y(N+1)
dx = (xmax-xmin)/N
do i=1,N+1
X(i) = xmin+dx*(i-1)
Y(i) = func(X(i))
enddo
trapezoidIntegral = Y(1)+Y(N+1)
do i=2,N-1
trapezoidIntegral = trapezoidIntegral + 2*func(X(i))
enddo
trapezoidIntegral = trapezoidIntegral*dx/2
end function trapezoidIntegral

end module integrals

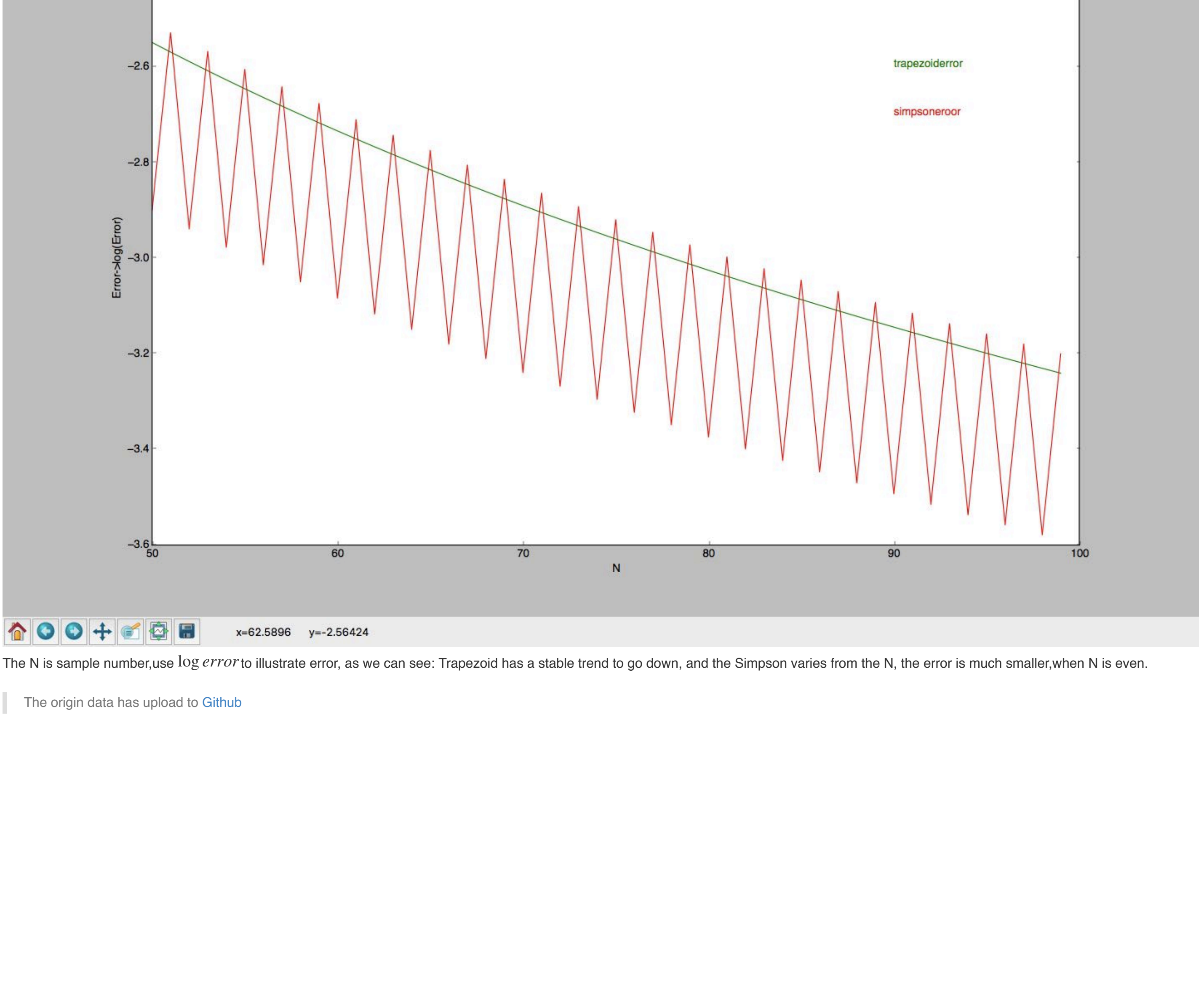
program main
use integrals
implicit none
real*8::xmin,xmax,s
integer::N
xmin = 1
xmax = 5
N = 48
s = trapezoidIntegral(xmin,xmax,N)
write(*,*) s
end program main
```

Running Screenshot

1. Simpson Interpolation

2. Trapezoid Interpolation

Error analytics



The N is sample number,use *log error* to illustrate error, as we can see: Trapezoid has a stable trend to go down, and the Simpson varies from the N, the error is much smaller,when N is even.

The origin data has upload to [Github](#)