Introduction to Sequential Parameter Optimization

Multi-dimensional Functions

• This notebook illustrates how high-dimensional functions can be analyzed.

1 Example: Spot and the 3-dim Sphere Function

```
import numpy as np
from math import inf
from spotPython.fun.objectivefunctions import analytical
from spotPython.spot import spot
from scipy.optimize import shgo
from scipy.optimize import direct
from scipy.optimize import differential_evolution
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pylab
from numpy import append, ndarray, multiply, isinf, linspace, meshgrid, ravel
from numpy import array
```

The Objective Function: 3-dim Sphere

- The spotPython package provides several classes of objective functions.
- We will use an analytical objective function, i.e., a function that can be described by a (closed) formula:

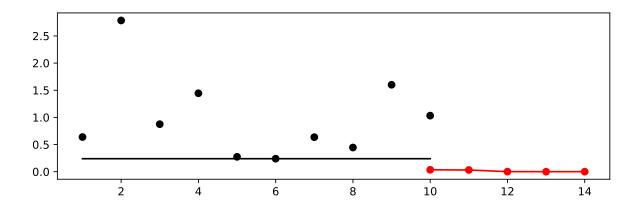
$$f(x) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i^2$$

• Here we will use n=3.

```
fun = analytical().fun_sphere
```

- The size of the lower bound vector determines the problem dimension.
- Here we will use np.array([-1, -1, -1]), i.e., a three-dim function.
- We will use three different theta values (one for each dimension), i.e., we set surrogate_control={"n_theta": 3}.

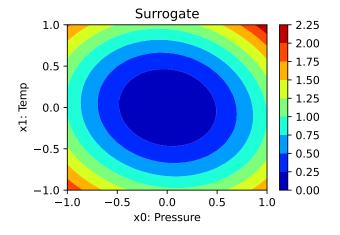
```
spot_3 = spot.Spot(fun=fun,
                      lower = -1.0*np.ones(3),
                     upper = np.ones(3),
                     var_name=["Pressure", "Temp", "Lambda"],
                      show_progress=True,
                      surrogate_control={"n_theta": 3})
  spot_3.run()
spotPython tuning: 0.03443344056467332 [######---] 73.33%
spotPython tuning: 0.03134865993507926 [########--] 80.00%
spotPython tuning: 0.0009629342967936851 [########-] 86.67%
spotPython tuning: 8.541951463966474e-05 [########-] 93.33%
spotPython tuning: 6.285135731399678e-05 [########] 100.00% Done...
<spotPython.spot.spot.Spot at 0x10755c4c0>
Results
  spot_3.print_results()
min y: 6.285135731399678e-05
Pressure: 0.005236109709736696
Temp: 0.0019572552655686714
Lambda: 0.005621713639718905
[['Pressure', 0.005236109709736696],
 ['Temp', 0.0019572552655686714],
 ['Lambda', 0.005621713639718905]]
  spot_3.plot_progress()
```

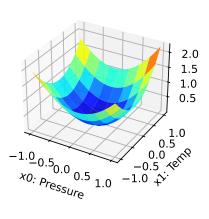


A Contour Plot

- We can select two dimensions, say i=0 and j=1, and generate a contour plot as follows.
 - Note: We have specified identical min_z and max_z values to generate comparable plots!

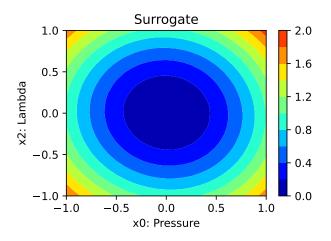
spot_3.plot_contour(i=0, j=1, min_z=0, max_z=2.25)

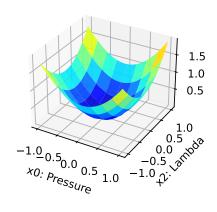




• In a similar manner, we can plot dimension i = 0 and j = 2:

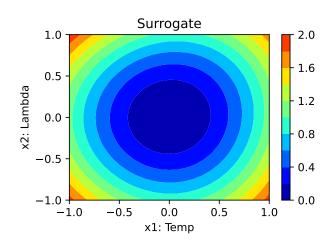
spot_3.plot_contour(i=0, j=2, min_z=0, max_z=2.25)

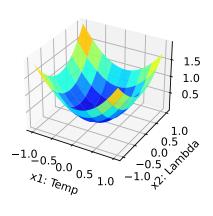




• The final combination is i = 1 and j = 2:

spot_3.plot_contour(i=1, j=2, min_z=0, max_z=2.25)





- The three plots look very similar, because the fun_sphere is symmetric.
- This can also be seen from the variable importance:

spot_3.print_importance()

Pressure: 99.35185545837122 Temp: 99.999999999999 Lambda: 94.31627052007231

[['Pressure', 99.35185545837122],

```
['Temp', 99.999999999999],
['Lambda', 94.31627052007231]]
```

Conclusion:

• Based on this quick analysis, we can conclude that all three dimensions are equally important (as expected, because the analytical function is known).

Exercises

- Important:
 - Results from these exercises should be added to this document, i.e., you should submit an updated version of this notebook.
 - Please combine your results using this notebook.
 - Only one notebook from each group!
 - Presentation is based on this notebook. No additional slides are required!
 - spotPython version 0.16.11 (or greater) is required (see http://www.gm.fh-koeln.de/~bartz/site/download/)

Exercise 1

- Each team member should choose one of the following objective functions.
- Please add your name to the section title!

1. The Three Dimensional fun_cubed

- The input dimension is 3. The search range is $-1 \le x \le 1$ for all dimensions.
- Generate contour plots
- Calculate the variable importance.
- Discuss the variable importance:
 - Are all variables equally important?
 - If not:
 - * Which is the most important variable?
 - * Which is the least important variable?

2. The Ten Dimensional fun_wing_wt

- The input dimension is 10. The search range is $0 \le x \le 1$ for all dimensions.
- Calculate the variable importance.
- Discuss the variable importance:

- Are all variables equally important?
- If not:
 - * Which is the most important variable?
 - * Which is the least important variable?
- Generate contour plots for the three most important variables. Do they confirm your selection?

3. The Three Dimensional fun_runge

- The input dimension is 3. The search range is $-5 \le x \le 5$ for all dimensions.
- Generate contour plots
- Calculate the variable importance.
- Discuss the variable importance:
 - Are all variables equally important?
 - If not:
 - * Which is the most important variable?
 - * Which is the least important variable?

4. The Three Dimensional fun_linear

- The input dimension is 3. The search range is $-5 \le x \le 5$ for all dimensions.
- Generate contour plots
- Calculate the variable importance.
- Discuss the variable importance:
 - Are all variables equally important?
 - If not:
 - * Which is the most important variable?
 - * Which is the least important variable?