

# **Autonomous Plant System**

APSC 200/293

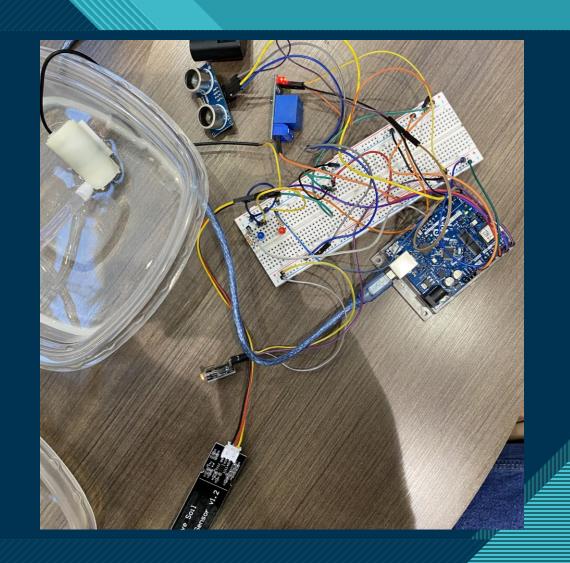
Electrical and Computer Engineering (ECE)

Section 208

Team 12

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# **Problem Definition**







# Stakeholders









Manufactures

System User

Construction Industry

Agricultural Industry



# **Sensor Selection**

✓Soil Moisture Levels ✓ Water Levels



What do plants need?:

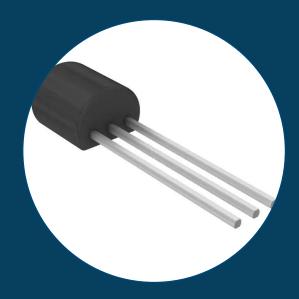


✓ Sunlight or Appropriate Light Source

✓ Appropriate Temperature Settings



# Temperature and Soil Moisture Sensors



LMT86LPGM (Thermometer)

- Used to detect temperature
- Turns the heater on or off

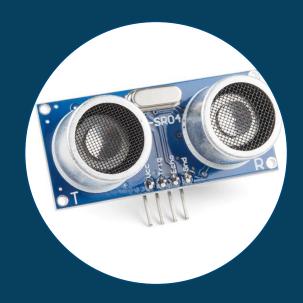


Capacitive Soil
Moisture Sensor v1.2
(Hydrometer)

- Used to detect the soil humidity
- Activates water pump to apply water

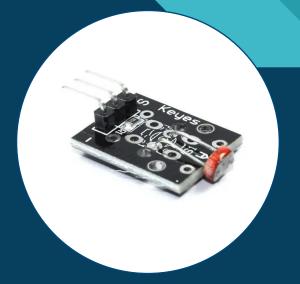


## **Ultrasonic and Photo Resistor Sensors**



HC-SR04 Ultrasonic Sensor

- Used to sense the capacity of the water storage
- Alerts user if tank is empty or not



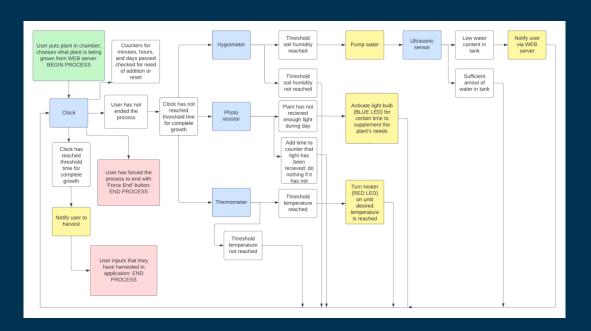
#### KY-018 Photo Resistor

- Used to determine the amount of light received
- Activates blue LED to turn on or off



# Program

#### **Block chart of the program used**



#### Sample code of sensor inputs

```
int getTemp(){
442
        A0_Read = analogRead(LMT86);
        // Serial.println(A0_Read);
        Temperature = (426-A0_Read) / 2.14;
        Serial.print("Temperature: ");
446
        Serial.print(Temperature, 1);
447
        Serial.println(" C");
448
        printTemp = (int)Temperature;
449
        delay(250);
450
        return (int)round(Temperature);
451
452
       //function that reads and calculates the soil moisture percent, stores it and prints to the terminal
      int getMoisture(){
453
        soilMoistureValue = analogRead(A2); //put Sensor insert into soil
        Serial.print("Soil Moisture: ");
455
        // Serial.println(soilMoistureValue);
456
457
        soilmoisturepercent = map(soilMoistureValue, AirValue, WaterValue, 0, 100);
458
        if(soilmoisturepercent >= 100)
459
460
         soilmoisturepercent = 100;
461
         Serial.println("100 %");
462
463
        else if(soilmoisturepercent <=0)</pre>
464
465
         soilmoisturepercent = 0;
466
         Serial.println("0 %");
467
468
        else if(soilmoisturepercent >0 && soilmoisturepercent < 100)
469
470
         Serial.print(soilmoisturepercent);
471
         Serial.println("%");
472
473
        printMoisture = soilmoisturepercent;
474
475
        return soilmoisturepercent;
```

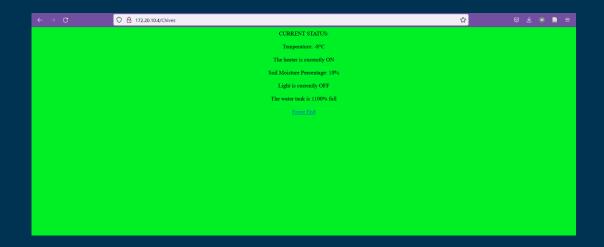


# Program

#### User view upon startup

# What would you like to grow?: Chive Tomators Live Demonstration

#### User view when a plant is growing





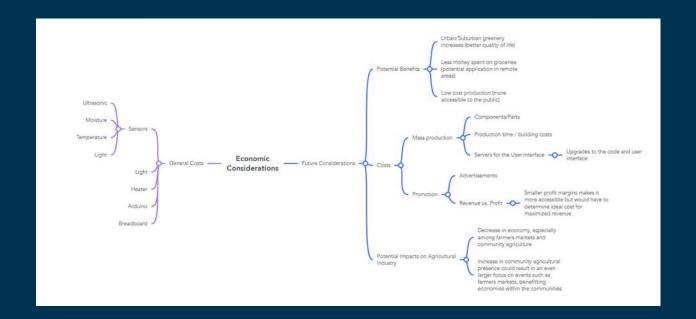
# Costs

#	Description/name of part	Total Quantity	Est total cost
1	KY-018 Photo Resistor	1	5.49
2	Capacitive Soil Moisture Sensor v1.2 (Hygrometer)	2	9.88
3	Thermometer	3	5.56
4	LED Grow Lights	1	5.29
5	HC-SR04 Ultrasonic Sensor	1	11.99
6	Heater	1	35.54
7	Water Pump	3	15.65
8	Wall socket	1	2.64
9	Bulb socket	1	5.79
10	Tube	1	2.97



## **Economic Considerations**

- ☐ Buying components
  - □ In bulk ← → Reduced manufacture cost
- ☐ System Production Costs:
  - Production Factory
  - Certifications/Licenses
  - Shipping/Storage
- Marketing





### Recommendations



#### Scaling of system

- Can become more cost effective
- Allows for more customization

#### Testing of system

- Fix any unseen errors
- Improve overall efficiency



#### Improvement of website

- Change of colour and fonts
- Re arrangement of the website

# Thank You!