## ECS132a, homework1

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## 1 Problem A

Let three cars be  $C_1$ ,  $C_2$ ,  $C_3$ , let  $C_1 = n$  be event that car 1 took n minutes to arrive

#### 1.1 1

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We wish to find P(first arrive is 4 min), P(first arrive is 4 min) = P(no car arrives at 3 and exist a car arrives at 4) = P(no 3 min)P(exist 4 min | no 3 min) (book 2.7, not independent) = P(C_1! = 3 and C_2! = 3 and C_3! = 3)P(exist 4 min | no 3 min) = P(C_1! = 3)P(C_2! = 3)P(C_3! = 3)P(exist 4 min | no 3 min) (book 2.6, independent) = 0.5 * 0.5 * 0.5 * P(exist 4 min | no 3 min) = 0.125 * P(exist 4 min | no 3 min) = 0.125 * (1 - P(no 4 min | no 3 min)) = 0.125 * (1 - P(C_1! = 4 and C_2! = 4 and C_3! = 4 | no 3 min)) = 0.125 * (1 - P(C_1! = 4 | no 3 min)P(C_2! = 4 | no 3 min)P(C_3! = 4 | no 3 min)P(C_3! = 4 | no 3 min)
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#### 1.2 2

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We wish to find P(sum is 10),  P(\text{sum is } 10) = P(C_1 = 4 \text{ and } C_2 = 3 \text{ and } C_3 = 3 \text{ or } C_1 = 3 \text{ and } C_2 = 3 \text{ and } C_3 = 4 \text{ or } C_1 = 3 \text{ and } C_2 = 3 \text{ and } C_3 = 4 ) \\ = P(C_1 = 4 \text{ and } C_2 = 3 \text{ and } C_3 = 3) + P(C_1 = 3 \text{ and } C_2 = 4 \text{ and } C_3 = 3) + \\ P(C_1 = 3 \text{ and } C_2 = 3 \text{ and } C_3 = 4) \text{ (book } 2.4) \\ = P(C_1 = 4)P(C_2 = 3)P(C_3 = 3) + P(C_1 = 3)P(C_2 = 4)P(C_3 = 3) + \\ P(C_1 = 3)P(C_2 = 3)P(C_3 = 4) \text{ (book } 2.6) \\ = 0.25 * 0.5 * 0.5 * 0.5 + 0.5 * 0.25 * 0.5 + 0.5 * 0.25 \\ = 0.188
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#### 1.3 2

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We wish to find P(each is 3 min — arrive at same time), P(each is 3 min — same time) = P(each is 3 min and same time) / P(same time) (2.8, Mailing Tubes) = P(each is 3 min) / P(same time) = P(cach is 3 min) / P(same time) = P(C_1 = 3) P(C_2 = 3) P(C_3 = 3) / P(same time) = P(C_1 = 3) P(C_2 = 3) P(C_3 = 3) / P(same time) (2.6) = 0.5 * 0.5 * 0.5 / P(same time) = 0.125 / P(same time) = 0.125 / P(each is 3 or each is 4 or each is 5) = 0.125 / (P(each is 3) + P(each is 4) + P(each is 5)) (2.4) ... (we just compute P(each is n) using same methods as computing P(each is 3) above) = 0.125/(0.5^3 + 0.25^3 + 0.25^3) = 0.800
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## 2 Problem B

Let  $X_m = n$  denote n attempts happens in m epoch. We wish to find  $P(X_2 >= 1 \mid 2 \text{ attempts})$ .

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P(2 \text{ attempts}) = P(X_1 = 0 \text{ and } X_2 = 2 \text{ or } X_1 = 1 \text{ and } X_2 = 1 \text{ or } X_1 = 2
and X_2 = 0)
= P(X_1 = 0 \text{ and } X_2 = 2) + P(X_1 = 1 \text{ and } X_2 = 1) + P(X_1 = 2 \text{ and } X_2 = 0)
= P(X_1 = 0)P(X_2 = 2|X_1 = 0) + P(X_1 = 1)P(X_2 = 1|X_1 = 1) + P(X_1 = 1)
2)P(X_2 = 0|X_1 = 2) (2.7)
= (1-p)^{2} * p^{2} + 2 * p * (1-p) * p + p^{2} * (1-p)^{2}
take p = 0.6
= 0.403
    P(X_2 >= 1 \text{ and } 2 \text{ attempts}) = P(X_1 = 0 \text{ and } X_2 = 2 \text{ or } X_1 = 1 \text{ and } X_2 = 1)
= P(X_1 = 0 \text{ and } X_2 = 2) + P(X_1 = 1 \text{ and } X_2 = 1) (2.2)
= (1-p)^2 * p^2 + 2 * p * (1-p) * p
take p = 0.6
= 0.346
    P(X_2 >= 1 \mid 2 \text{ attempts}) = P(X_2 >= 1 \text{ and } 2 \text{ attempts}) / P(2 \text{ attempts})
(2.8, Mailing Tubes)
= 0.346 / 0.403
= 0.859
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# 3 Problem C

No written details. Let codes tell.