

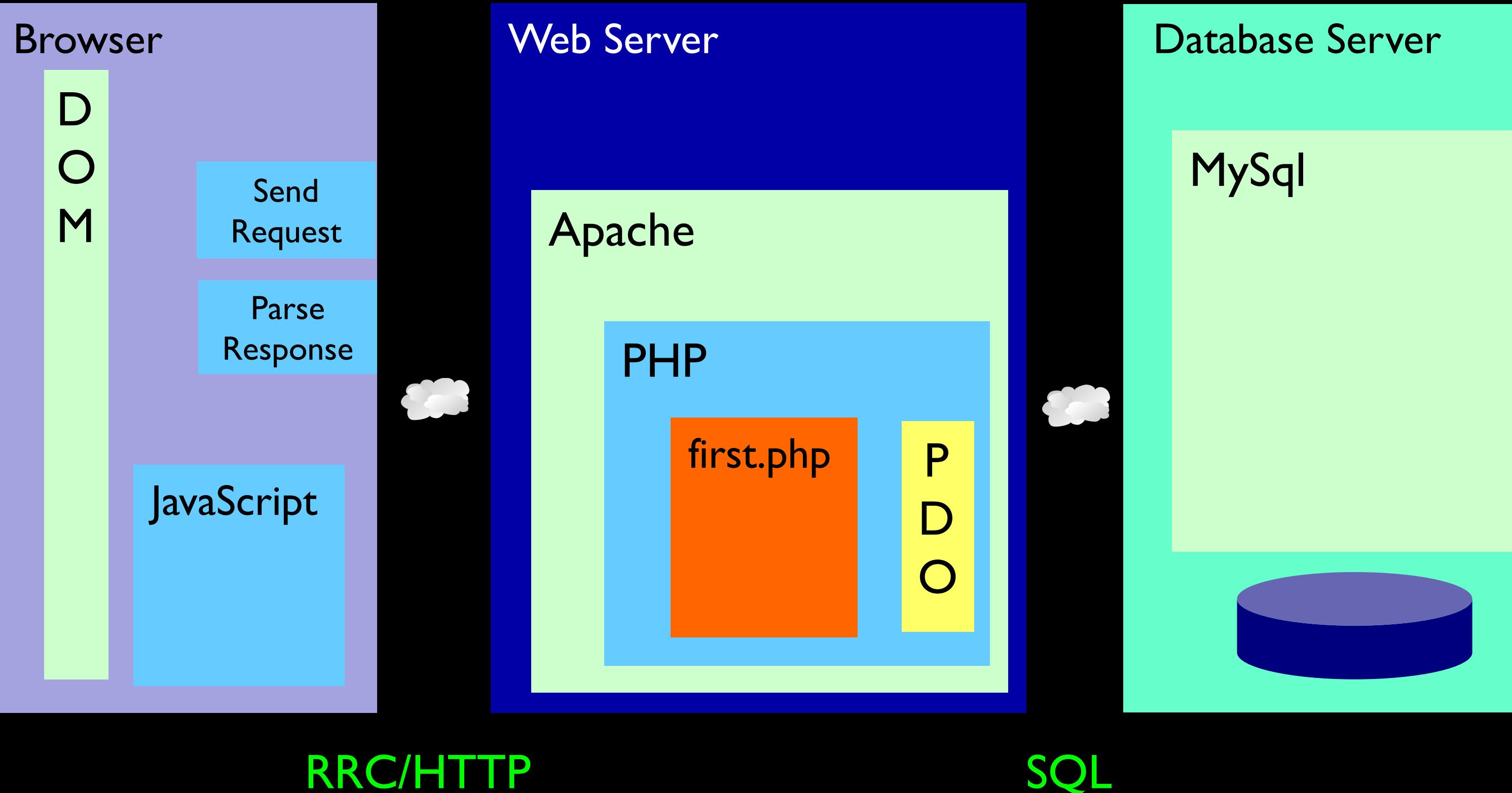
Connecting PHP and SQL

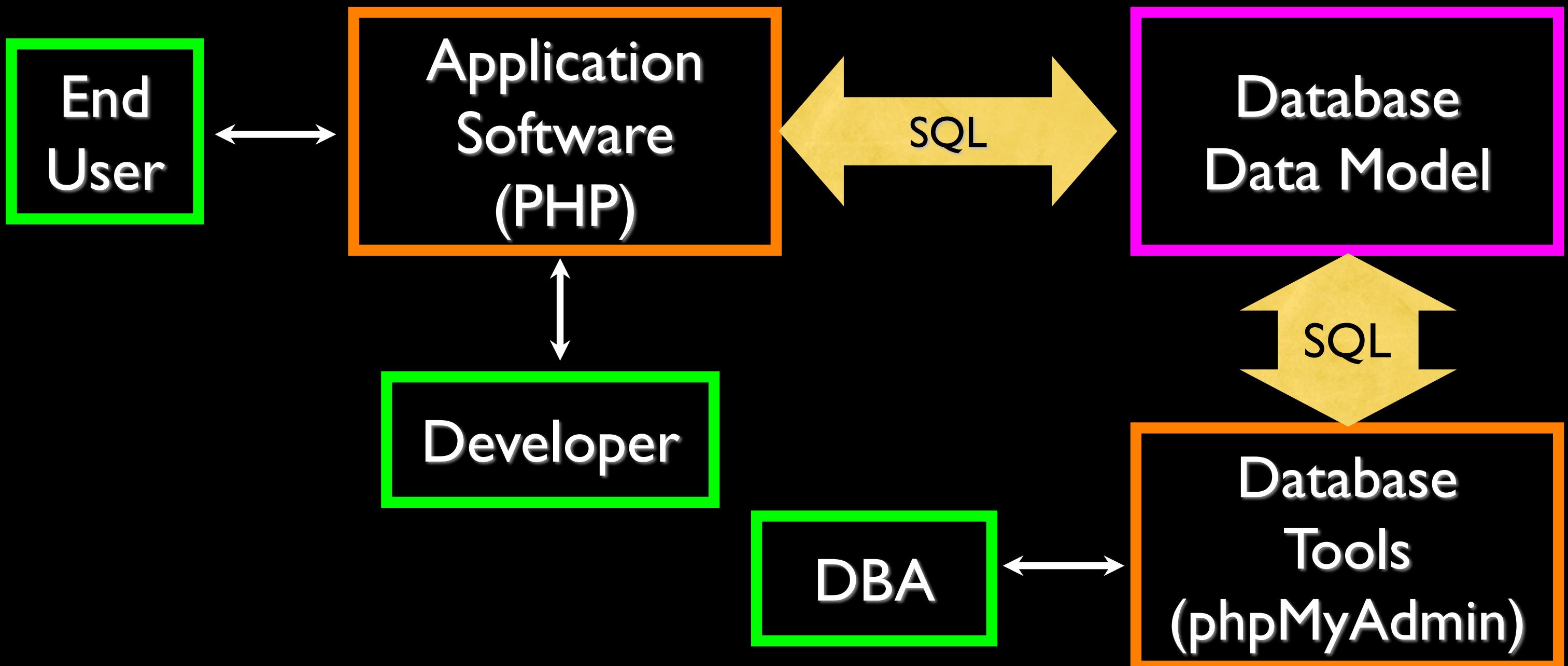
Charles Severance
www.wa4e.com

<http://www.wa4e.com/code/pdo.zip>



Time







Multiple Ways to Access MySql

- PHP is evolving - there are three ways to access MySql
 - Legacy non-OO mysql_ routines (deprecated)
 - New mysqli (OO version that is similar to mysql_)
 - PDO - Portable Data Objects
- A perfect topic for debate

<http://php.net/manual/en/mysqlinfo.api.choosing.php>



```
<?php

// mysqli
$mysqli = new mysqli("example.com", "user", "password", "database");
$result = $mysqli->query("SELECT 'Hello, dear MySQL user!' AS _message FROM DUAL");
$row = $result->fetch_assoc();
echo htmlentities($row['_message']);

// PDO
$pdo = new PDO('mysql:host=example.com;dbname=database', 'user', 'password');
$statement = $pdo->query("SELECT 'Hello, dear MySQL user!' AS _message FROM DUAL");
$row = $statement->fetch(PDO::FETCH_ASSOC);
echo htmlentities($row['_message']);

// mysql
$c = mysql_connect("example.com", "user", "password");
mysql_select_db("database");
$result = mysql_query("SELECT 'Hello, dear MySQL user!' AS _message FROM DUAL");
$row = mysql_fetch_assoc($result);
echo htmlentities($row['_message']);
?>
```



Running SQL Queries in PHP

Creating a Database and User

```
CREATE DATABASE misc;
```

```
GRANT ALL ON misc.* TO 'fred'@'localhost' IDENTIFIED BY 'zap';
```

```
GRANT ALL ON misc.* TO 'fred'@'127.0.0.1' IDENTIFIED BY 'zap';
```

```
USE misc; (if you are at the command line)
```

```
/Applications/MAMP/Library/bin/mysql -u root -P 8889 -p  
/Applications/xampp/xamppfiles/bin/mysql -u root -p
```

```
c:\xampp\mysql\bin\mysql.exe
```

Creating a Table

```
CREATE TABLE users (
    user_id INTEGER NOT NULL
        AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,
    name VARCHAR(128),
    email VARCHAR(128),
    password VARCHAR(128),
    INDEX(email)
) ENGINE=InnoDB CHARSET=utf8;
```

```
mysql> describe users;
```

| Field | Type | Null | Key | Default | Extra |
|----------|--------------|------|-----|---------|----------------|
| user_id | int(11) | NO | PRI | NULL | auto_increment |
| name | varchar(128) | YES | | NULL | |
| email | varchar(128) | YES | MUL | NULL | |
| password | varchar(128) | YES | | NULL | |

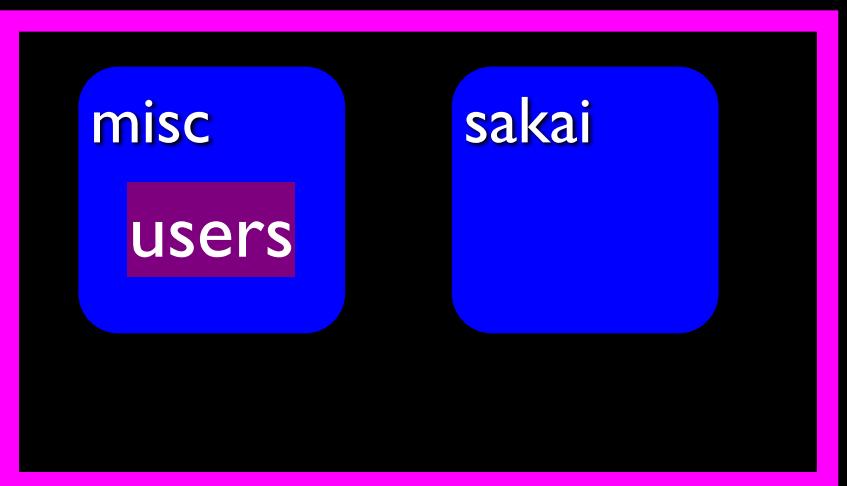
Inserting a Few Records

```
INSERT INTO users (name,email,password) VALUES ('Chuck','csev@umich.edu','123');  
INSERT INTO users (name,email,password) VALUES ('Glenn','gg@umich.edu','456');
```

```
mysql> select * from users;  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
| user_id | name   | email            | password |  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
|       1 | Chuck  | csev@umich.edu | 123     |  
|       2 | Glenn  | gg@umich.edu  | 456     |  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
```

Database Connection

Hostname



<http://www.wa4e.com/code/pdo.zip>

Database Connection



3306 for xampp/linux

```
$pdo = new PDO( 'mysql:host=localhost;port=8889;dbname=misc' ,  
                'fred' , 'zap' );
```

```
<?php
echo "<pre>\n";
$pdo=new PDO('mysql:host=localhost;port=8889;dbname=misc',
    'fred', 'zap');
$stmt = $pdo->query("SELECT * FROM users");
while ( $row = $stmt->fetch(PDO::FETCH_ASSOC) ) {
    print_r($row);
}
echo "</pre>\n";?>
```

```
mysql> select * from users;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| user_id | name   | email            | password |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|       1 | Chuck  | csev@umich.edu | 123      |
|       2 | Glenn  | gg@umich.edu   | 456      |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
```

```
first.php
Array(
    [user_id] => 1
    [name] => Chuck
    [email] => csev@umich.edu
    [password] => 123
)
Array(
    [user_id] => 2
    [name] => Glenn
    [email] => gg@umich.edu
    [password] => 456
)
```

```
<?php
$pdo = new PDO('mysql:host=localhost;port=8889;dbname=misc',
    'fred', 'zap');
$stmt = $pdo->query("SELECT name, email, password FROM users");
echo '<table border="1">'."\n";
while ( $row = $stmt->fetch(PDO::FETCH_ASSOC) ) {
    echo "<tr><td>";
    echo($row['name']);
    echo("</td><td>");
    echo($row['email']);
    echo("</td><td>");
    echo($row['password']);
    echo("</td></tr>\n");
}
echo "</table>\n";?>
```

second.php

| | | |
|-------|----------------|-----|
| Chuck | csev@umich.edu | 123 |
| Glenn | gg@umich.edu | 456 |

```
<table border="1">
<tr><td>Chuck</td><td>csev@umich.edu</td><td>123</td></tr>
<tr><td>Glenn</td><td>gg@umich.edu</td><td>456</td></tr>
</table>
```

Pattern

Put database connection information in a single file and include it in all your other files.

- Helps make sure to not to mistakenly reveal id / pw
- Don't check it into a public source repository :)

pdo.php

```
<?php
$pdo = new PDO('mysql:host=localhost;port=8889;dbname=misc',
    'fred', 'zap');
// See the "errors" folder for details...
$pdo->setAttribute(PDO::ATTR_ERRMODE, PDO::ERRMODE_EXCEPTION);
```

3306 for xampp/linux

third.php

```
<?php
echo "<pre>\n";
require_once "pdo.php";

$stmt = $pdo->query("SELECT * FROM users");
while ($row = $stmt->fetch(PDO::FETCH_ASSOC)){
    print_r($row);
}
echo "</pre>\n";?>
```

```
Array(
    [user_id] => 1
    [name] => Chuck
    [email] => csev@umich.edu
    [password] => 123
)
Array(
    [user_id] => 2
    [name] => Glenn
    [email] => gg@umich.edu
    [password] => 456
)
```



Accessing MySQL Using PDO: Inserting Data

```
<?php
require_once "pdo.php";
if ( isset($_POST[ 'name' ]) && isset($_POST[ 'email' ])
    && isset($_POST[ 'password' ])) {
    $sql = "INSERT INTO users (name, email, password)
            VALUES (:name, :email, :password)";
    echo "<pre>\n".$sql."</pre>\n";
    $stmt = $pdo->prepare($sql);
    $stmt->execute(array(
        ':name' => $_POST[ 'name' ],
        ':email' => $_POST[ 'email' ],
        ':password' => $_POST[ 'password' ]));
}
?><html><head></head><body>
<p>Add A New User</p>
<form method="post">
<p>Name:<input type="text" name="name" size="40"></p>
<p>Email:<input type="text" name="email"></p>
<p>Password:<input type="password" name="password"></p>
<p><input type="submit" value="Add New"/></p>
</form>
</body>
```

user1.php

Add A New User

Name: Fred

Email: fred@umich.edu

Password: ..

Add New

INSERT INTO users (name, email, password)
VALUES (:name, :email, :password)

Add A New User

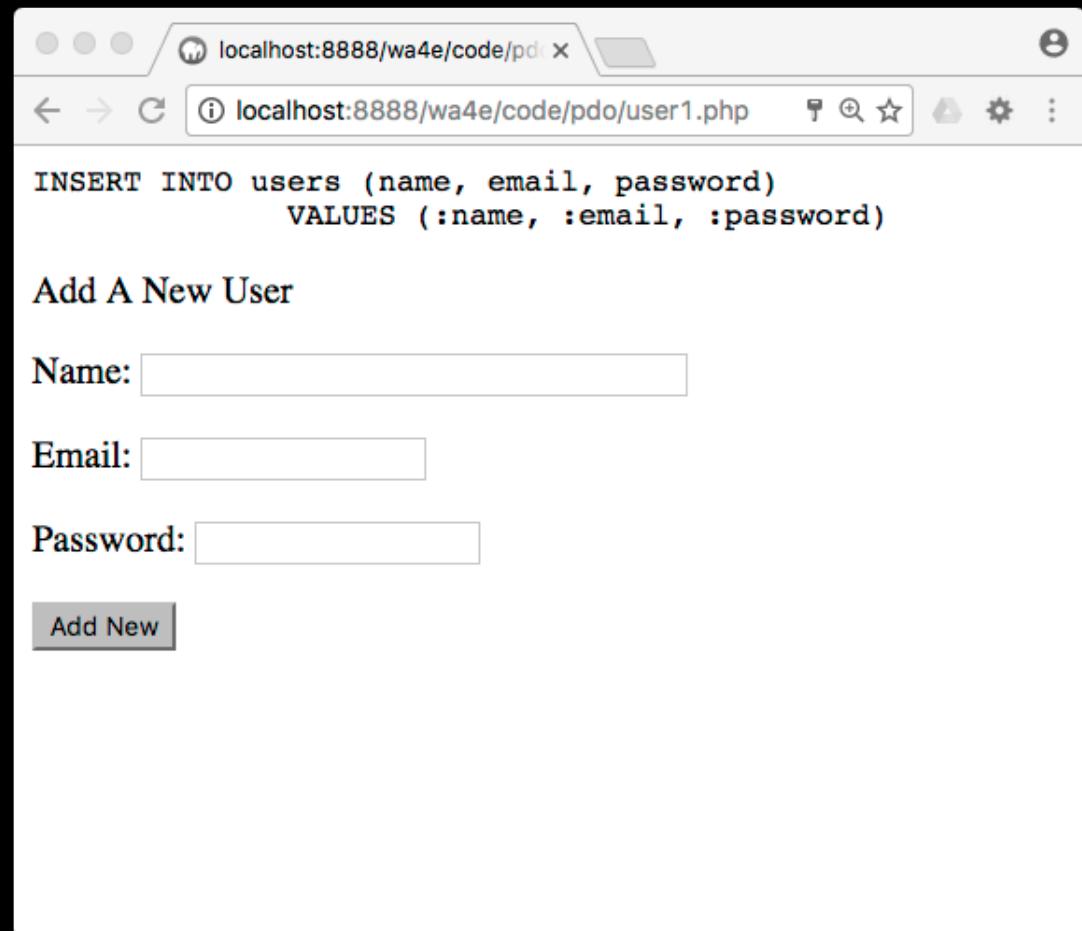
Name:

Email:

Password:

Add New

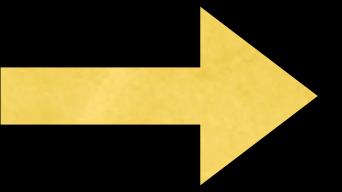
user1.php



The screenshot shows a web browser window with the URL `localhost:8888/wa4e/code/pdo/user1.php`. The page title is "Add A New User". It contains three input fields: "Name:", "Email:", and "Password:". Below the fields is a "Add New" button. At the top of the page, the following SQL code is displayed:

```
INSERT INTO users (name, email, password)
VALUES (:name, :email, :password)
```

```
mysql> select * from users;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| user_id | name   | email        | password |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|       1 | Chuck  | csev@umich.edu | 123      |
|       2 | Glenn  | gg@umich.edu  | 456      |
|       3 | Sally   | sally@uiuc.edu | 123      |
|       4 | Fred    | fred@umich.edu | YO       |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
```



```
if ( isset($_POST['name']) && isset($_POST['email'])
    && isset($_POST['password'])) {
    $sql = "INSERT INTO users (name, email, password)
            VALUES (:name, :email, :password)";
    echo "<pre>\n".$sql."</pre>\n";
    $stmt = $pdo->prepare($sql);
    $stmt->execute(array(
        ':name' => $_POST['name'],
        ':email' => $_POST['email'],
        ':password' => $_POST['password']));
}
?>
<html>
<head></head><body><table border="1">
<?php
$stmt = $pdo->query("SELECT name, email, password FROM users");
while ( $row = $stmt->fetch(PDO::FETCH_ASSOC) ) {
    echo "<tr><td>";
    echo($row['name']);
    echo("</td><td>");
    echo($row['email']);
    echo("</td><td>");
    echo($row['password']);
    echo("</td></tr>\n");
}
?>
</table>
<p>Add A New User</p>
```

user2.php

The screenshot shows a web browser window with the URL `localhost:8888/wa4e/code/pdo/user2.php`. The page contains a table with four rows of user data and a form for adding a new user.

| | Name | Email | Password |
|---|-------|----------------|----------|
| 1 | Chuck | csev@umich.edu | 123 |
| 2 | Glenn | gg@umich.edu | 456 |
| 3 | Sally | sally@uiuc.edu | 123 |
| 4 | Fred | fred@umich.edu | YO |

Add A New User

Name:

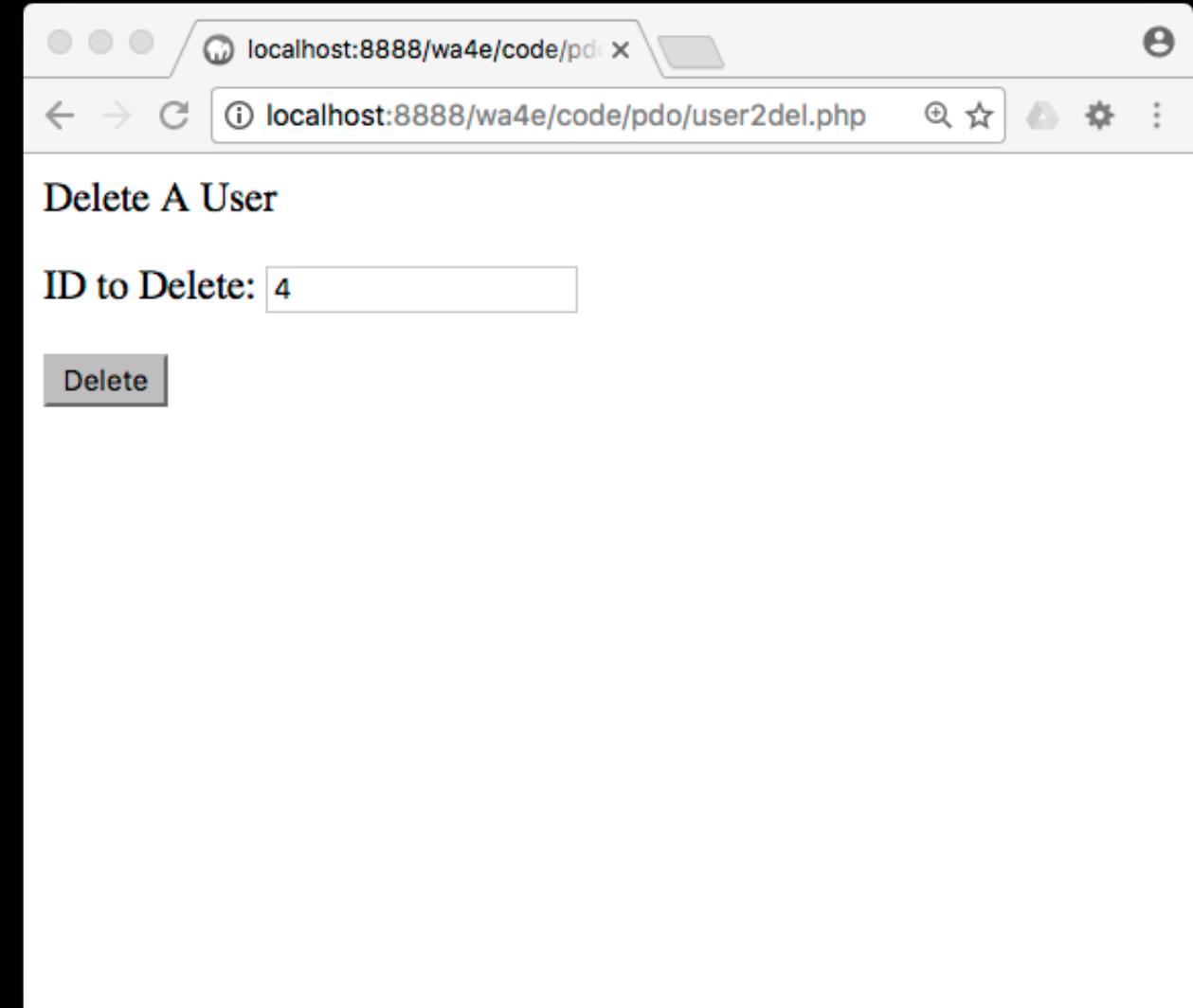
Email:

Password:

```
<?php
require_once "pdo.php";

if ( isset($_POST['user_id']) ) {
    $sql="DELETE FROM users WHERE user_id = :zip";
    echo "<pre>\n$sql\n</pre>\n";
    $stmt = $pdo->prepare($sql);
    $stmt->execute(array(':zip'=>$_POST['user_id']));
}

?>
<p>Delete A User</p>
<form method="post"><p>ID to Delete:<br/>
<input type="text" name="user_id"></p>
<p><input type="submit" value="Delete"/></p>
</form>
```

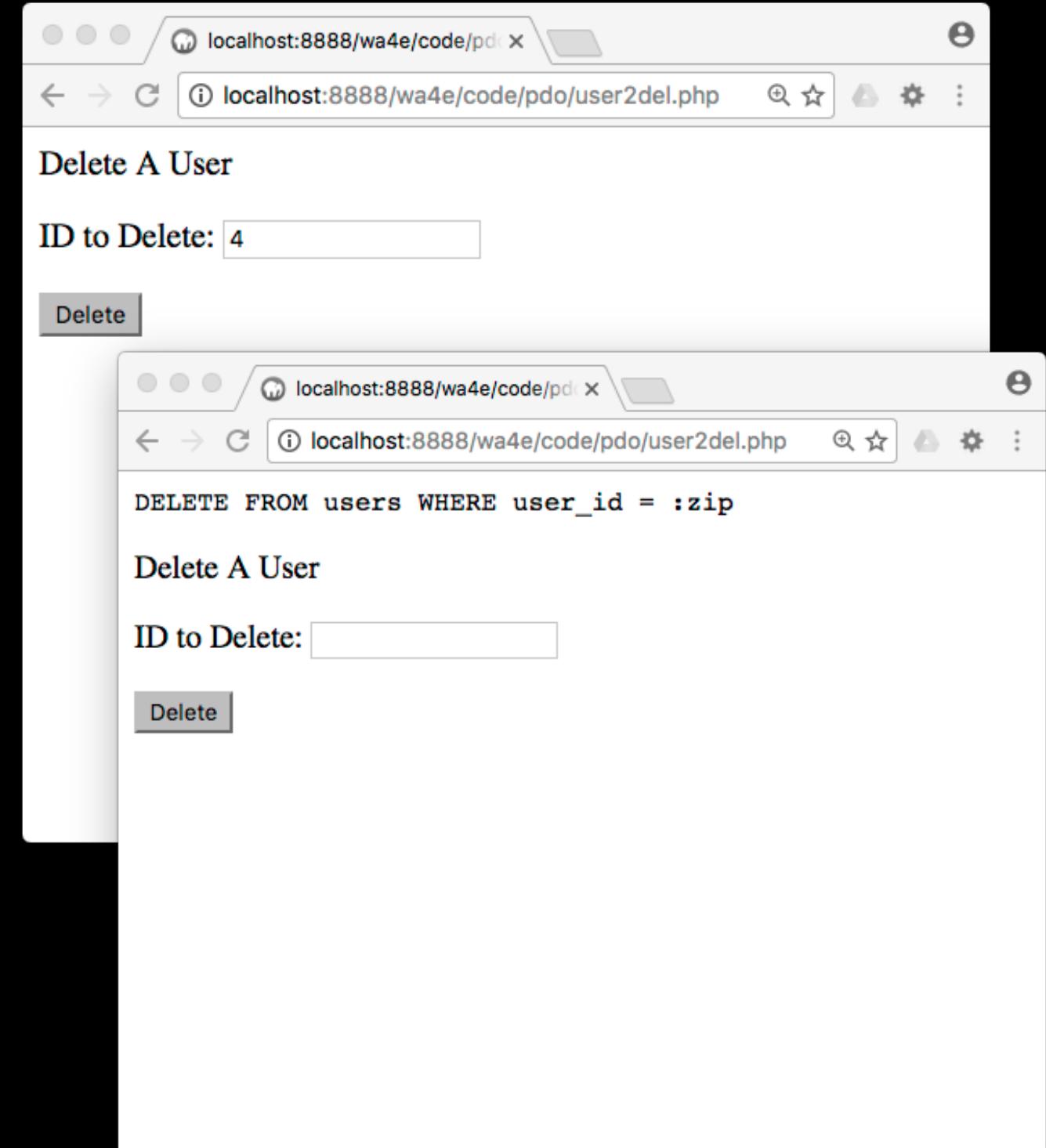


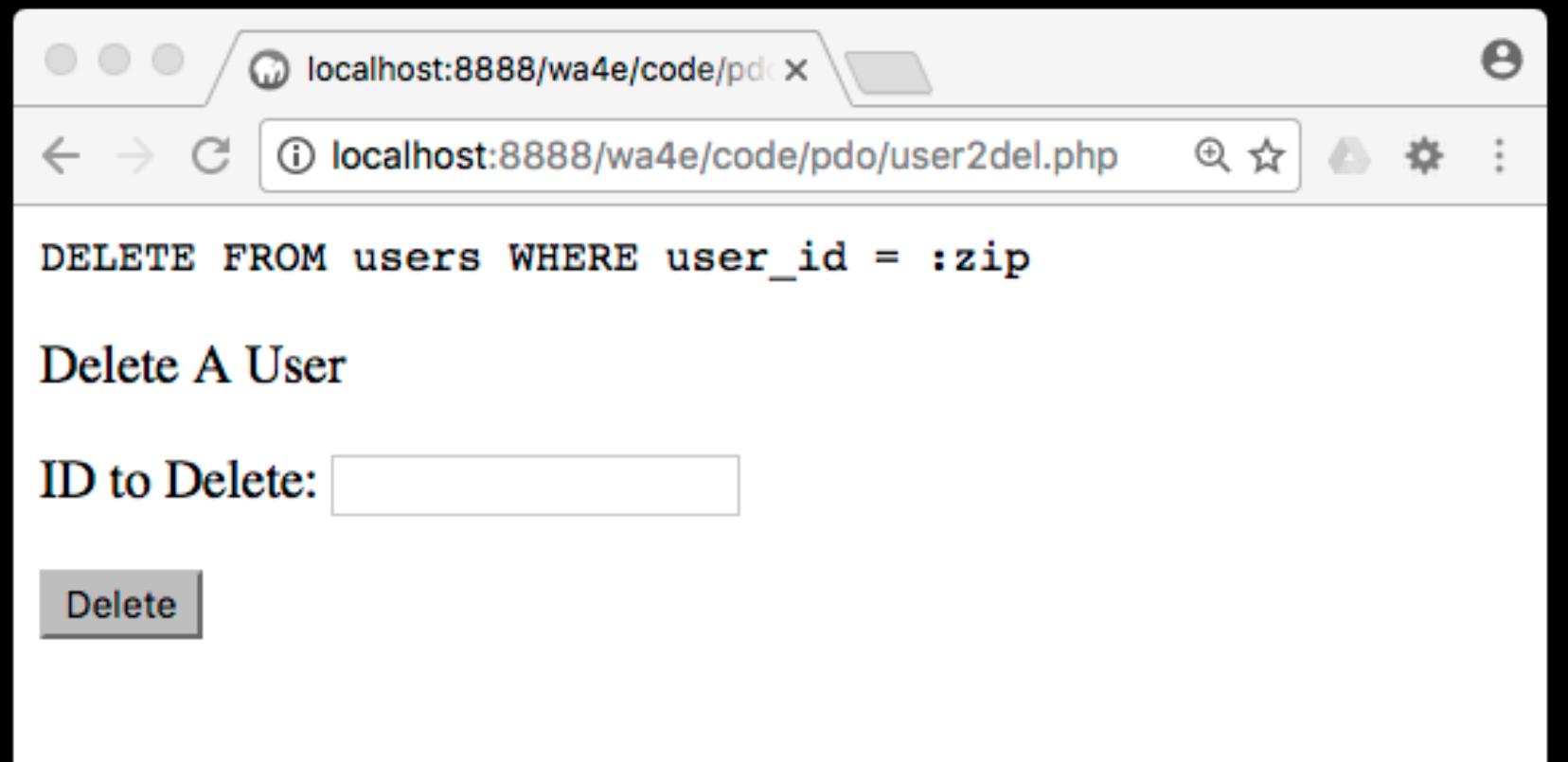
user2del.php

```
<?php
require_once "pdo.php";

if ( isset($_POST['user_id']) ) {
    $sql="DELETE FROM users WHERE user_id = :zip";
    echo "<pre>\n$sql\n</pre>\n";
    $stmt = $pdo->prepare($sql);
    $stmt->execute(array(':zip'=>$_POST['user_id']));
}
?>
<p>Delete A User</p>
<form method="post"><p>ID to Delete:<br/>
<input type="text" name="user_id"></p>
<p><input type="submit" value="Delete"/></p>
</form>
```

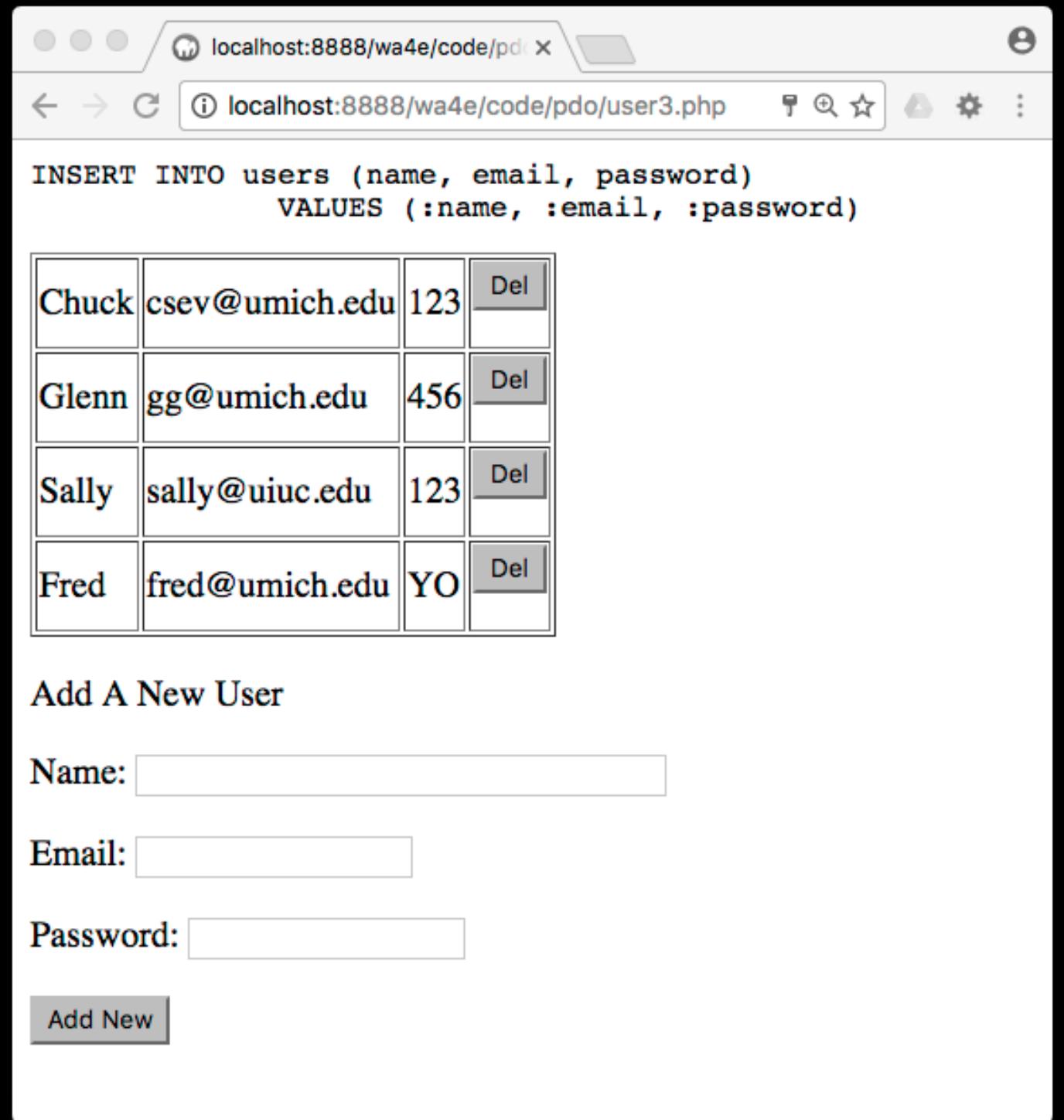
user2del.php





The screenshot shows a web browser window with the URL `localhost:8888/wa4e/code/pdo/user2del.php`. The page displays a SQL DELETE statement: `DELETE FROM users WHERE user_id = :zip`. Below the statement, the text "Delete A User" is displayed. A form field labeled "ID to Delete:" contains a placeholder text area. A "Delete" button is located below the form field.

```
mysql> select * from users;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| user_id | name   | email            | password |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|       1 | Chuck  | csev@umich.edu | 123      |
|       2 | Glenn  | gg@umich.edu   | 456      |
|       3 | Sally  | sally@uiuc.edu | 123      |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
```



localhost:8888/wa4e/code/pdo/user3.php

INSERT INTO users (name, email, password)
VALUES (:name, :email, :password)

| | | | |
|-------|----------------|-----|-----|
| Chuck | csev@umich.edu | 123 | Del |
| Glenn | gg@umich.edu | 456 | Del |
| Sally | sally@uiuc.edu | 123 | Del |
| Fred | fred@umich.edu | YO | Del |

Add A New User

Name:

Email:

Password:

user3.php

```
if ( isset($_POST['delete']) && isset($_POST['user_id']) ) {
    $sql = "DELETE FROM users WHERE user_id = :zip";
    echo "<pre>\n$sql\n</pre>\n";
    $stmt = $pdo->prepare($sql);
    $stmt->execute(array(':zip' => $_POST['user_id']));
}

?><html><head></head>
<body>
<table border="1">
<?php
$stmt = $pdo->query("SELECT name, email, password, user_id FROM users");
while ( $row = $stmt->fetch(PDO::FETCH_ASSOC) ) {
    echo "<tr><td>";
    echo($row['name']);
    echo("</td><td>");
    echo($row['email']);
    echo("</td><td>");
    echo($row['password']);
    echo("</td><td>");
    echo('
<form method="post"><input type="hidden" '' );
    echo('name="user_id" value="'. $row['user_id'] .'">' . "\n");
    echo('<input type="submit" value="Del" name="delete">');
    echo("\n</form>\n");
    echo("</td></tr>\n");
}

```

user3.php

```
echo('<form method="post"><input type="hidden" ' );
echo('name="user_id" value="'. $row['user_id'] .'">' ."\n");
echo('<input type="submit" value="Del" name="delete">');
echo("\n</form>\n");
```

The screenshot shows a web browser window with the URL `localhost:8888/wa4e/code/pdo`. The page displays a table of users with columns: Name, Email, Password, and a 'Del' button. A pink arrow points from the 'Del' button in the Fred row to the code snippet below. Below the table is a form for adding a new user with fields for Name, Email, and Password, and a 'Add New' button.

| User List | | | |
|-----------|----------------|----------|------------------------------------|
| Name | Email | Password | Action |
| Chuck | csev@umich.edu | 123 | <input type="button" value="Del"/> |
| Glenn | gg@umich.edu | 456 | <input type="button" value="Del"/> |
| Sally | sally@uiuc.edu | 123 | <input type="button" value="Del"/> |
| Fred | fred@umich.edu | YO | <input type="button" value="Del"/> |

Add A New User

Name:

Email:

Password:

```
<tr><td>Fred</td><td>fred@umich.edu</td>
<td>YO</td>
<td><form method="post">
<input type="hidden" name="user_id" value="5">
<input type="submit" value="Del" name="delete">
</form></td>
</tr>
```

```
if ( isset($_POST['delete']) &&
    isset($_POST['user_id']) ) {
    $sql = "DELETE FROM users WHERE user_id = :zip";
    echo "<pre>\n$sql\n</pre>\n";
    $stmt = $pdo->prepare($sql);
    $stmt->execute(array(':zip' => $_POST['user_id']));
}
```

```
if ( isset($_POST['delete']) && isset($_POST['user_id']) ) {  
    $sql = "DELETE FROM users WHERE user_id = :zip";  
    echo "<pre>\n$sql\n</pre>\n";  
    $stmt = $pdo->prepare($sql);  
    $stmt->execute(array(':zip' => $_POST['user_id']));  
}
```

The screenshot shows a web browser window with the URL `localhost:8888/wa4e/code/pdo/user3.php`. The page displays a table of user data and a SQL query. A pink arrow points from the SQL query to the ':zip' placeholder in the code above.

| Name | Email | Password | Action |
|-------|----------------|----------|------------------------------------|
| Chuck | csev@umich.edu | 123 | <input type="button" value="Del"/> |
| Glenn | gg@umich.edu | 456 | <input type="button" value="Del"/> |
| Sally | sally@uiuc.edu | 123 | <input type="button" value="Del"/> |
| Fred | fred@umich.edu | YO | <input type="button" value="Del"/> |

DELETE FROM users WHERE user_id = :zip

Add A New User

Name:

Email:

Password:

```

<?php

require_once "pdo.php";
if ( isset($_POST['name']) && isset($_POST['email'])
    && isset($_POST['password'])) {
    $sql = "INSERT INTO users (name, email, password)
            VALUES (:name, :email, :password)";
    echo "<pre>\n".$sql."</pre>\n";
    $stmt = $pdo->prepare($sql);
    $stmt->execute(array(
        ':name' => $_POST['name'],
        ':email' => $_POST['email'],
        ':password' => $_POST['password']));
}

if ( isset($_POST['delete']) && isset($_POST['user_id']) ) {
    $sql = "DELETE FROM users WHERE user_id = :zip";
    echo "<pre>\n$sql\n</pre>\n";
    $stmt = $pdo->prepare($sql);
    $stmt->execute(array(':zip' => $_POST['user_id']));
}
?>

```

Program Outline

```

<?php
require_once "pdo.php";
if ( isset($_POST['name']) && isset($_POST['email'])
    && isset($_POST['password'])) {
    $sql = "INSERT INTO users (name, email, password)
            VALUES (:name, :email, :password)";
    echo "<pre>\n".$sql."</pre>\n";
    $stmt = $pdo->prepare($sql);
    $stmt->execute(array(
        ':name' => $_POST['name'],
        ':email' => $_POST['email'],
        ':password' => $_POST['password']));
}
if ( isset($_POST['delete']) && isset($_POST['user_id']) ) {
    $sql = "DELETE FROM users WHERE user_id = :zip";
    echo "<pre>\n$sql\n</pre>\n";
    $stmt = $pdo->prepare($sql);
    $stmt->execute(array(':zip' => $_POST['user_id']));
}

<html><head></head>
<body>
<table border="1">
<?php
$stmt = $pdo->query("SELECT name, email, password, user_id FROM
users");
while ( $row = $stmt->fetch(PDO::FETCH_ASSOC) ) {
    echo "<tr><td>";
    echo($row['name']);
    echo("</td><td>");
    echo($row['email']);
    echo("</td><td>");
    echo($row['password']);
    echo("</td><td>");
    echo('<form method="post"><input type="hidden" value="'.$row['user_id'].'">');
    echo('<name="user_id" value="'.$row['user_id'].'">'. "<br>");
    echo('<input type="submit" value="Del" name="delete">');
    echo('</n></form>\n');
    echo("</td></tr>\n");
}
?>
</table>
<p>Add A New User</p><form method="post">
<p>Name:<input type="text" name="name" size="40"></p>
<p>Email:<input type="text" name="email"></p>
<p>Password:<input type="password" name="password"></p>
<p><input type="submit" value="Add New"/></p>
</form>
</body>

```

```
<html><head></head>
<body><table border="1">
<?php
$stmt = $pdo->query("SELECT name, email, password, user_id FROM users");
while ( $row = $stmt->fetch(PDO::FETCH_ASSOC) ) {
    echo "<tr><td>";
    echo($row[ 'name' ]);
    echo(" </td><td>");
    echo($row[ 'email' ]);
    echo(" </td><td>");
    echo($row[ 'password' ]);
    echo(" </td><td>");
    echo(' <form method="post"><input type="hidden" '' );
    echo(' name="user_id" value="'. $row[ 'user_id' ].'">'. "\n");
    echo(' <input type="submit" value="Del" name="delete">' );
    echo( "\n</form>\n");
    echo(" </td></tr>\n");
}
?>
</table>
```

```
<?php
require_once "pdo.php";I
f ( isset($_POST['name']) && isset($_POST['email']) && isset($_POST['password']) ) {
    $sql = "INSERT INTO users (name, email, password)
            VALUES (:name, :email, :password)";
    echo("<pre>\n".$sql."\n</pre>\n");
    $stmt = $pdo->prepare($sql);
    $stmt->execute(array(
        ':name' => $_POST['name'],
        ':email' => $_POST['email'],
        ':password' => $_POST['password']));
}
if ( isset($_POST['delete']) && isset($_POST['user_id']) ) {
    $sql = "DELETE FROM users WHERE user_id = :zip";
    echo "<pre>\n$sql\n</pre>\n";
    $stmt = $pdo->prepare($sql);
    $stmt->execute(array(':zip' => $_POST['user_id']));
}
?>
<html><head></head>
<body>
<table border="1">
<?php
$stmt = $pdo->query("SELECT name, email, password, user_id FROM
users");
while ( $row = $stmt->fetch(PDO::FETCH_ASSOC) ) {
    echo "<tr><td>";
    echo($row[ 'name' ]);
    echo(" </td><td>");
    echo($row[ 'email' ]);
    echo(" </td><td>");
    echo($row[ 'password' ]);
    echo(" </td><td>");
    echo(' <form method="post"><input type="hidden" '' );
    echo(' name="user_id" value="'. $row[ 'user_id' ].'">'. "\n");
    echo(' <input type="submit" value="Del" name="delete">' );
    echo( "\n</form>\n");
    echo(" </td></tr>\n");
}
</table>
<p>Add A New User</p><form method="post">
<p>Name:<input type="text" name="name" size="40"></p>
<p>Email:<input type="text" name="email"></p>
<p>Password:<input type="password" name="password"></p>
<p><input type="submit" value="Add New"/></p>
</form>
</body>
```



```
<p>Add A New User</p>
<form method="post">
<p>Name:<input type="text" name="name" size="40"></p>
<p>Email:<input type="text" name="email"></p>
<p>Password:<input type="password" name="password"></p>
<p><input type="submit" value="Add New"/></p>
</form>
</body>
```

```
<?php
require_once "pdo.php";I
f ( iset($_POST['name']) && iset($_POST['email'])
&& iset($_POST['password'])) {
$sql = "INSERT INTO users (name, email, password)
VALUES (:name, :email, :password)";
echo("<pre>\n".$sql."\n</pre>\n");
$stmt = $pdo->prepare($sql);
$stmt->execute(array(
':name' => $_POST['name'],
:email' => $_POST['email'],
:password' => $_POST['password']));
}
if ( iset($_POST['delete']) && iset($_POST['user_id']) ) {
$sql = "DELETE FROM users WHERE user_id = :zip";
echo "<pre>\n$sql\n</pre>\n";
$stmt = $pdo->prepare($sql);
$stmt->execute(array('zip' => $_POST['user_id']));
}
?>
<html><head></head>
<body>
<table border="1">
<?php
$stmt = $pdo->query("SELECT name, email, password, user_id FROM
users");
while ( $row = $stmt->fetch(PDO::FETCH_ASSOC) ) {
echo "<tr><td>";
echo($row['name']);
echo("</td><td>");
echo($row['email']);
echo("</td><td>");
echo($row['password']);
echo("</td><td>");
echo("<form method='post'><input type='hidden' ' ");
echo('name="user_id" value="'.$row['user_id'].'" ''>".\n");
echo('<input type="submit" value="Del" name="delete">');
echo("\n</form>\n");
echo("</td></tr>\n");
}
?>
</table>
<p>Add A New User</p><form method="post">
<p>Name:<input type="text" name="name" size="40"></p>
<p>Email:<input type="text" name="email"></p>
<p>Password:<input type="password" name="password"></p>
<p><input type="submit" value="Add New"/></p>
</form>
</body>
```

Security Issue: Avoiding SQL Injection

Recall HTML Injection ...



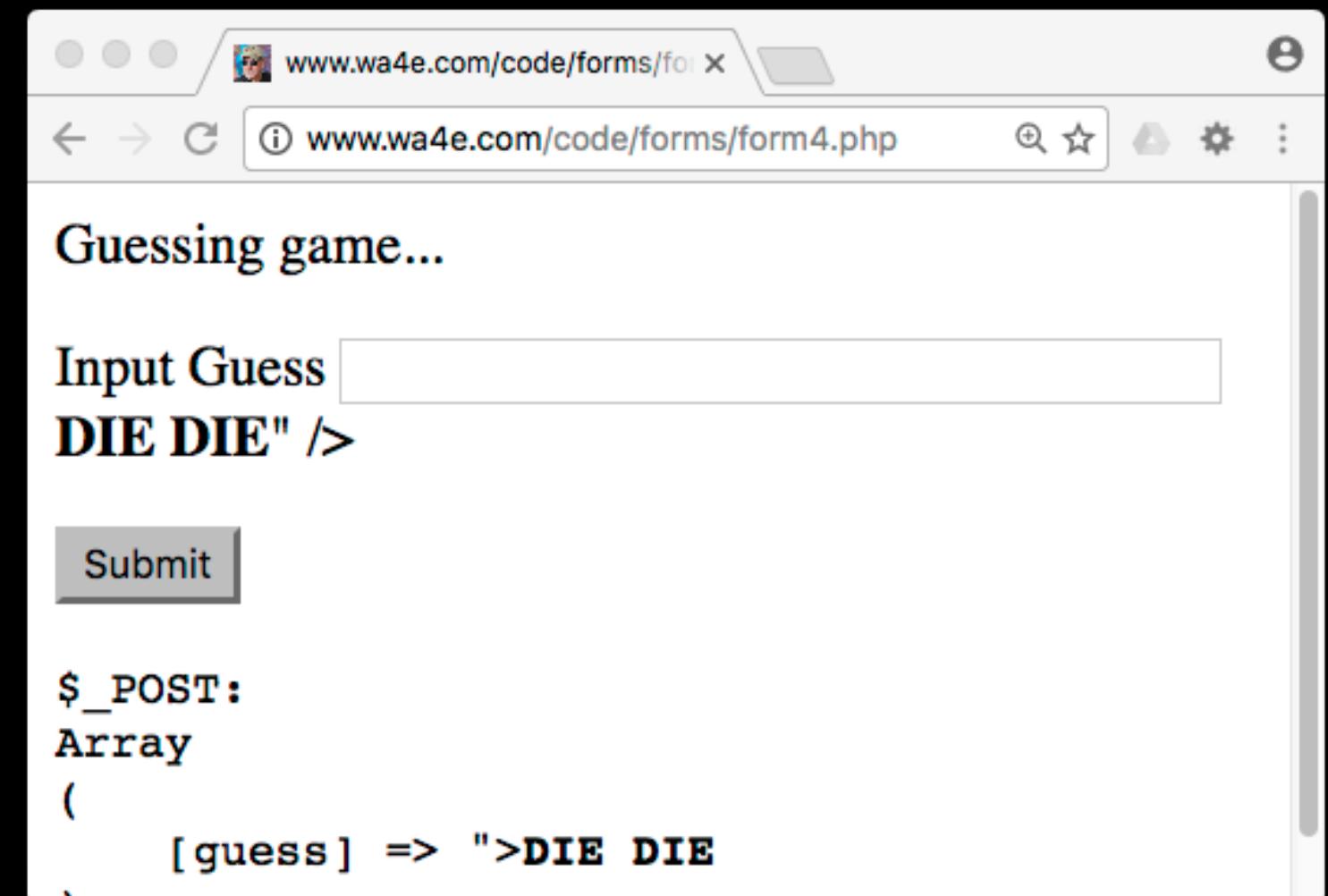
www.wa4e.com/code/forms/fo...
www.wa4e.com/code/forms/form4.php

Guessing game...

Input Guess

Submit

\$_POST:
Array
(
)



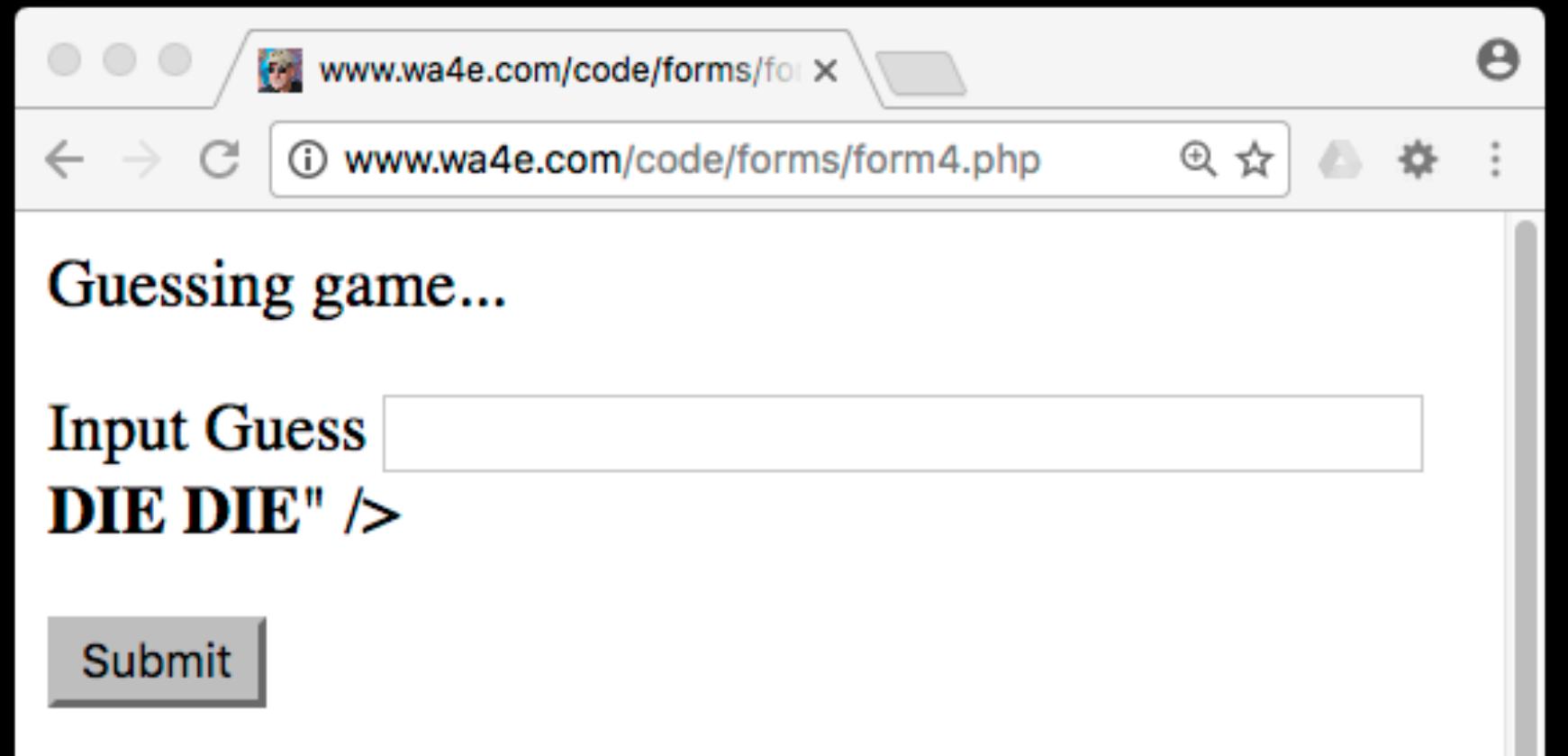
www.wa4e.com/code/forms/fo...
www.wa4e.com/code/forms/form4.php

Guessing game...

Input Guess

Submit

\$_POST:
Array
(
 [guess] => ">DIE DIE"
)



```
<form method="post">
    <p><label for="guess">Input Guess</label>
        <input type="text" name="guess" id="guess"
value=""><b>DIE DIE</b>"    /></p>
        <input type="submit"/>
</form>
```



SQL Injection

SQL injection or SQLi is a code injection technique that exploits a security vulnerability in some computer software. An injection occurs at the database level of an application (like queries). The vulnerability is present when user input is either incorrectly filtered for string literal escape characters embedded in SQL statements or user input is not strongly typed and unexpectedly executed. Using well-designed query language interpreters can prevent SQL injections.

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/SQL_injection

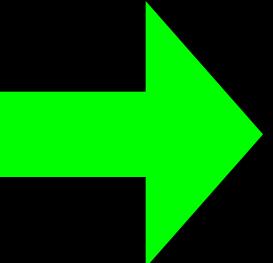
SQL Injection

This code does it all in a select instead of a prepare/execute pattern, but it is prone to SQL Injection – where and why?

```
if ( isset($_POST['email']) && isset($_POST['password']) ) {  
    $e = $_POST['email'];  
    $p = $_POST['password'];  
    $sql = "SELECT name FROM users  
        WHERE email = '$e'  
            AND password = '$p'";  
    $stmt = $pdo->query($sql);
```

login1.php

| | | | | id | name | email | password |
|--|--|--|--|-----------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | | | | 1 | Chuck | csev@umich.edu | 123 |
| | | | | 4 | Sally | sally@umich.edu | zap |
| | | | | 13 | Sarah | sarah@umich.edu | 123 |
| | | | | 17 | Barb | barb@umich.edu | 123 |
| | | | | 19 | Bill | bill@umich.edu | 123 |



Please Login

Email:

Password:

[Refresh](#)

Check out this [XKCD comic that is relevant.](#)

What Could Go Wrong?

```
localhost:8888/wa4e/code/pdo/x
localhost:8888/wa4e/code/pdo/login1.php

Handling POST data...

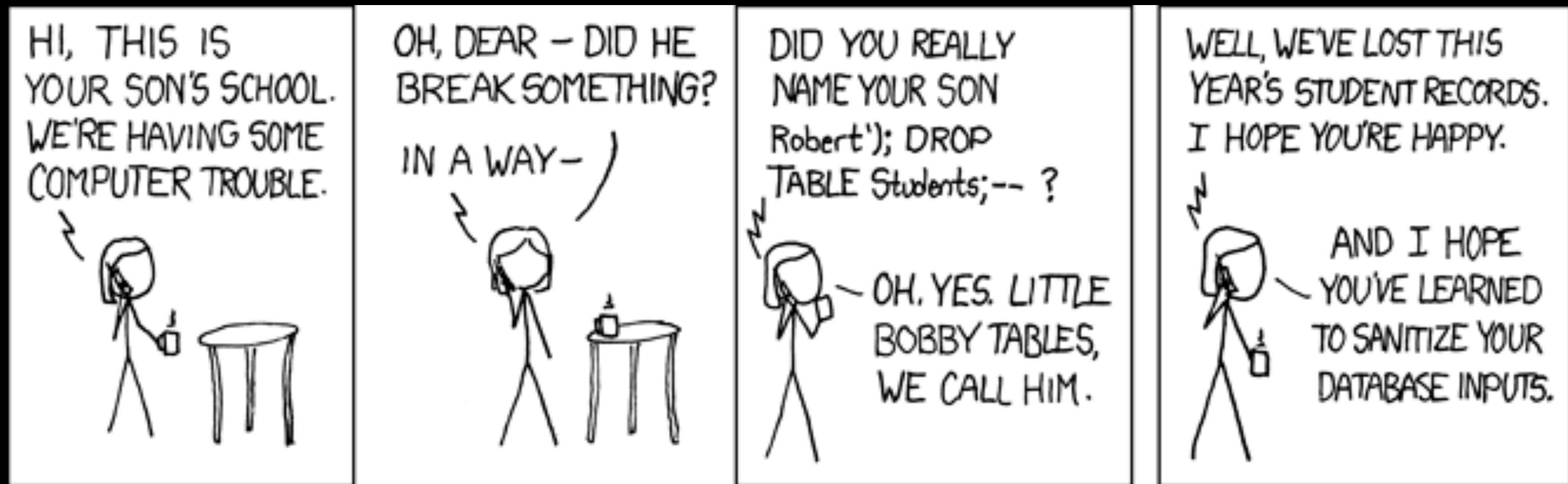
SELECT name FROM users WHERE email = 'csev@umich.edu'
AND password = 'wrong'

bool(false) -->

Login incorrect.

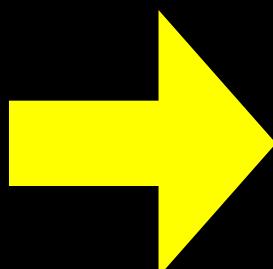
Please Login
Email: 
Password: 
 Refresh
Check out this XKCD comic that is relevant.
```

login1.php



<http://xkcd.com/327/>

```
if ( isset($_POST['email']) && isset($_POST['password']) ) {  
    $e = $_POST['email'];  
    $p = $_POST['password'];  
    $sql = "SELECT name FROM users  
        WHERE email = '$e'  
        AND password = '$p'";  
    $stmt = $pdo->query($sql);
```



Please Login

Email:

Password:

[Refresh](#)

Check out this [XKCD comic that is relevant.](#)

login1.php

localhost:8888/wa4e/code/pdo/

localhost:8888/wa4e/code/pdo/login1.php

Handling POST data...

SELECT name FROM users WHERE email = 'csev@umich.edu'
AND password = 'p' OR '1' = '1'

array(1) { ["name"]=> string(5) "Chuck" } -->

Login success.

Please Login

Email:

Password:

[Refresh](#)

Check out this [XKCD comic that is relevant.](#)

Use Prepared Statements Properly

```
if ( isset($_POST['email']) && isset($_POST['password']) ) {  
    echo("Handling POST data...\n");  
    $sql = "SELECT name FROM users  
           WHERE email = :em AND password = :pw";  
    echo "<pre>\n$sql\n</pre>\n";  
    $stmt = $pdo->prepare($sql);  
    $stmt->execute(array(  
        ':em' => $_POST['email'],  
        ':pw' => $_POST['password']));  
    $row = $stmt->fetch(PDO::FETCH_ASSOC);
```

login2.php

When the statement is executed, the **placeholders** get replaced with the **actual strings** and everything is automatically escaped!

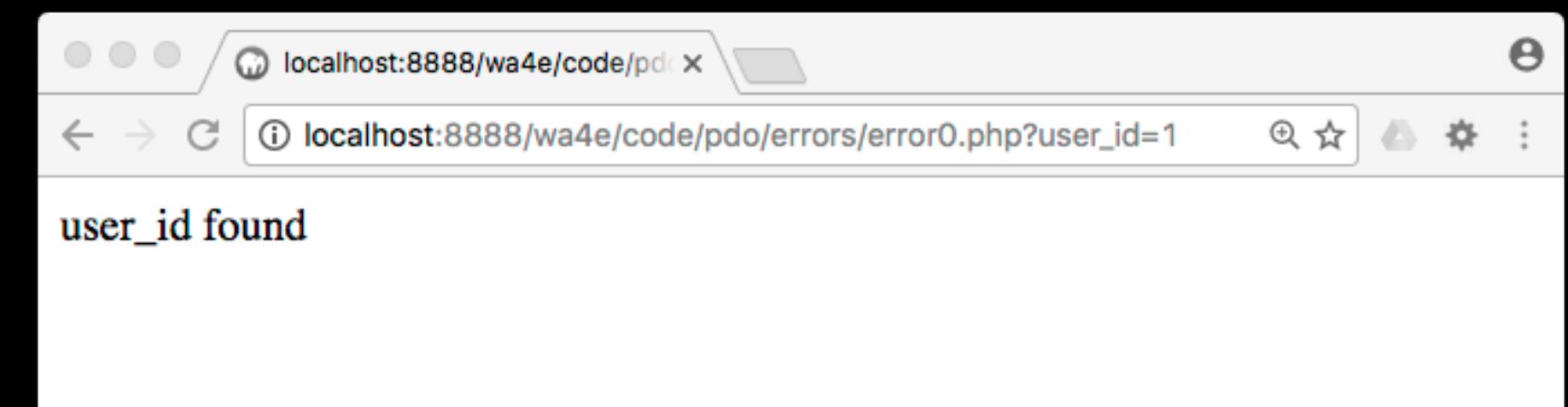


Error Handling with PDO

```
$pdo->setAttribute(PDO::ATTR_ERRMODE, PDO::ERRMODE_WARNING);

$stmt = $pdo->prepare("SELECT * FROM users where user_id = :xyz");
$stmt->execute(array(":xyz" => $_GET['user_id']));
$row = $stmt->fetch(PDO::FETCH_ASSOC);
if ( $row === false ) {
    echo("<p>user_id not found</p>\n");
} else {
    echo("<p>user_id found</p>\n");
}
```

errors/error0.php



```
$pdo->setAttribute(PDO::ATTR_ERRMODE, PDO::ERRMODE_WARNING);

$stmt = $pdo->prepare("SELECT * FROM users where user_id = :xyz");
$stmt->execute(array(":pizza" => $_GET['user_id']));
$row = $stmt->fetch(PDO::FETCH_ASSOC);
if ( $row === false ) {
    echo("<p>user_id not found</p>\n");
} else {
    echo("<p>user_id found</p>\n");
}
```

errors/error0.php





PDO offers you a choice of 3 different error handling strategies, to fit your style of application development.

- `PDO::ERRMODE_SILENT`

This is the default mode. PDO will simply set the error code for you to inspect using the [PDO::errorCode\(\)](#) and [PDO::errorInfo\(\)](#) methods on both the statement and database objects; if the error resulted from a call on a statement object, you would invoke the [PDOStatement::errorCode\(\)](#) or [PDOStatement::errorInfo\(\)](#) method on that object. If the error resulted from a call on the database object, you would invoke those methods on the database object instead.

- `PDO::ERRMODE_WARNING`

In addition to setting the error code, PDO will emit a traditional `E_WARNING` message. This setting is useful during debugging/testing, if you just want to see what problems occurred without interrupting the flow of the application.

- `PDO::ERRMODE_EXCEPTION`

In addition to setting the error code, PDO will throw a [PDOException](#) and set its properties to reflect the error code and error information. This setting is also useful during debugging, as it will effectively "blow up" the script at the point of the error, very quickly pointing a finger at potential problem areas in your code (remember: transactions are automatically rolled back if the exception causes the script to terminate).

Exception mode is also useful because you can structure your error handling more clearly than with traditional PHP-style warnings, and with less code/nesting than by running in silent mode and explicitly checking the return value of each database call.

See [Exceptions](#) for more information about Exceptions in PHP.

```
$pdo->setAttribute(PDO::ATTR_ERRMODE, PDO::ERRMODE_EXCEPTION);
$stmt = $pdo->prepare("SELECT * FROM users where user_id = :xyz");
$stmt->execute(array(":pizza" => $_GET['user_id']));
$row = $stmt->fetch(PDO::FETCH_ASSOC);
if ( $row === false ) {
    echo( "<p>user_id not found</p>\n" );
} else {
    echo( "<p>user_id found</p>\n" );
}
```

errors/error2.php



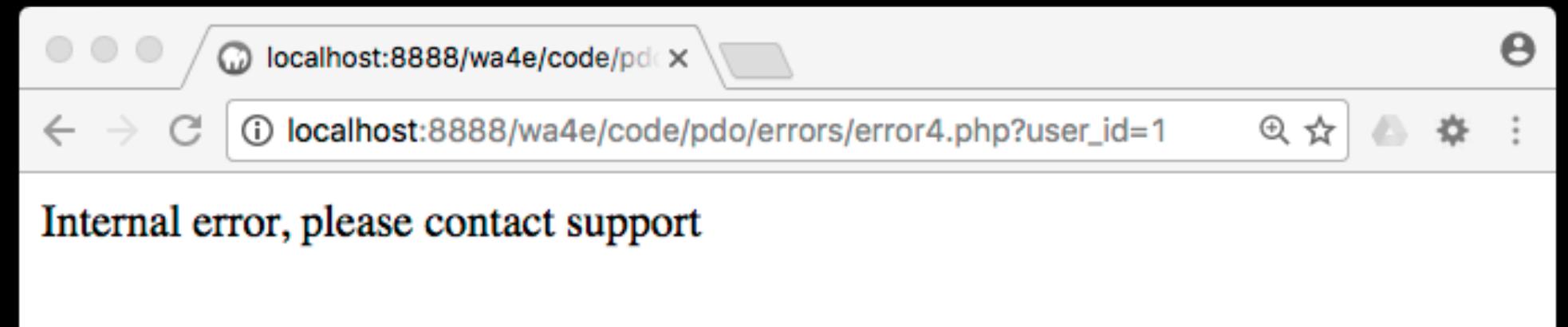
```
$pdo->setAttribute(PDO::ATTR_ERRMODE, PDO::ERRMODE_EXCEPTION);
try {
    $stmt = $pdo->prepare("SELECT * FROM users where user_id = :xyz");
    $stmt->execute(array(":pizza" => $_GET['user_id']));
} catch (Exception $ex) {
    echo("Exception message: ".$ex->getMessage());
    return;
}
$row = $stmt->fetch(PDO::FETCH_ASSOC);
```



errors/error3.php

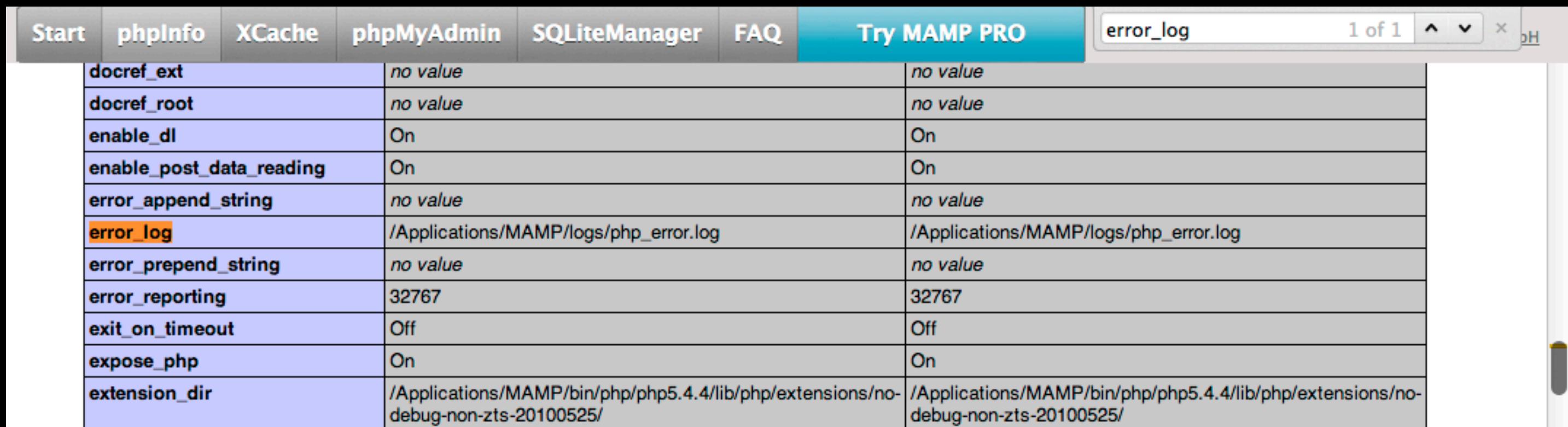
```
$pdo->setAttribute(PDO::ATTR_ERRMODE, PDO::ERRMODE_EXCEPTION);
try {
    $stmt = $pdo->prepare("SELECT * FROM users where user_id = :xyz");
    $stmt->execute(array(":pizza" => $_GET['user_id']));
} catch (Exception $ex) {
    echo("Internal error, please contact support");
    error_log("error4.php, SQL error=". $ex->getMessage());
    return;
}
$row = $stmt->fetch(PDO::FETCH_ASSOC);
```

errors/error4.php



Where do `error_log()`s go?

When in doubt, look at PHPInfo...



The screenshot shows the MAMP PHPInfo interface. The top navigation bar includes links for Start, phplInfo, XCache, phpMyAdmin, SQLiteManager, FAQ, Try MAMP PRO, and a search bar for 'error_log'. The main content area displays a table of PHP configuration settings. The 'error_log' setting is highlighted in orange, indicating it is the current focus. The table has three columns: setting name, current value, and a link to the configuration file.

| | | |
|--------------------------|---|---|
| docref_ext | <i>no value</i> | <i>no value</i> |
| docref_root | <i>no value</i> | <i>no value</i> |
| enable_dl | On | On |
| enable_post_data_reading | On | On |
| error_append_string | <i>no value</i> | <i>no value</i> |
| error_log | /Applications/MAMP/logs/php_error.log | /Applications/MAMP/logs/php_error.log |
| error_prepend_string | <i>no value</i> | <i>no value</i> |
| error_reporting | 32767 | 32767 |
| exit_on_timeout | Off | Off |
| expose_php | On | On |
| extension_dir | /Applications/MAMP/bin/php/php5.4.4/lib/php/extensions/no-debug-non-zts-20100525/ | /Applications/MAMP/bin/php/php5.4.4/lib/php/extensions/no-debug-non-zts-20100525/ |

Where do `error_log()`s go?

- File Paths:
 - `/Applications/MAMP/logs/php_error.log`
 - `c:\xampp\php\logs\php_error_log`
- Open the log file and scroll to the bottom
- Watch the log actively
 - On Mac / Linux use: `tail -f filename`
 - Windows: http://ophilipp.free.fr/op_tail.htm

```
logs — tail -f php_error.log — 95x23
/Applications/MAMP/logs — tail -f php_error.log

[MacBook-Pro-5:logs csev$ pwd
/Applications/MAMP/logs
[MacBook-Pro-5:logs csev$ tail -f php_error.log
[07-Feb-2017 19:41:21 Europe/Berlin] PHP Warning: PDOStatement::execute(): SQLSTATE[HY093]: Invalid parameter number: parameter was not defined in /Applications/MAMP/htdocs/wa4e/code/pdo/errors/error1.php on line 9
[07-Feb-2017 19:41:21 Europe/Berlin] PHP Warning: PDOStatement::execute(): SQLSTATE[HY093]: Invalid parameter number in /Applications/MAMP/htdocs/wa4e/code/pdo/errors/error1.php on line 9
[07-Feb-2017 19:42:02 Europe/Berlin] PHP Fatal error: Uncaught PDOException: SQLSTATE[HY093]: Invalid parameter number: parameter was not defined in /Applications/MAMP/htdocs/wa4e/code/pdo/errors/error2.php:9
Stack trace:
#0 /Applications/MAMP/htdocs/wa4e/code/pdo/errors/error2.php(9): PDOStatement->execute(Array)
#1 {main}
    thrown in /Applications/MAMP/htdocs/wa4e/code/pdo/errors/error2.php on line 9
[07-Feb-2017 19:43:34 Europe/Berlin] error4.php, SQL error=SQLSTATE[HY093]: Invalid parameter number: parameter was not defined
[07-Feb-2017 19:44:42 Europe/Berlin] PHP Warning: PDOStatement::execute(): SQLSTATE[HY093]: Invalid parameter number: parameter was not defined in /Applications/MAMP/htdocs/wa4e/code/pdo/errors/error1.php on line 9
[07-Feb-2017 19:44:42 Europe/Berlin] PHP Warning: PDOStatement::execute(): SQLSTATE[HY093]: Invalid parameter number in /Applications/MAMP/htdocs/wa4e/code/pdo/errors/error1.php on line 9
```

Summary

- Making database connections
- Doing database operations
- SQL security (a.k.a. we love PDO prepared statements)
- Exploring errors...

Acknowledgements / Contributions



These slides are Copyright 2010- Charles R. Severance (www.dr-chuck.com) as part of www.wa4e.com and made available under a Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 License. Please maintain this last slide in all copies of the document to comply with the attribution requirements of the license. If you make a change, feel free to add your name and organization to the list of contributors on this page as you republish the materials.

Initial Development: Charles Severance, University of Michigan School of Information

Insert new Contributors and Translators here including names and dates

Continue new Contributors and Translators here