

Computer Systems – Activity 2 solution

# UNIT 01. FUNCTIONAL ELEMENTS OF A COMPUTER



Computer Systems  
CFGS DAM/DAW

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## Nomenclatura

A lo largo de este tema se utilizarán distintos símbolos para distinguir elementos importantes dentro del contenido. Estos símbolos son:

 Importante

 Atención

 Interesante

# UNIT 01. FUNCTIONAL ELEMENTS OF A COMPUTER

## Activity 2. Solution

### 1. ACTIVITY 2

Memory																	
0										16							
1										17	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
2										18							
3										19							
4										20							
5										21							
6										22							
7										23							
8										24							
9										25							
10										26							
11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1		27							
12	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0		28	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
13	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0		29							
14										30							
15										31							

Registers								
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
3	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0

**00001011** Write in memory position 11

(A) [01010101] Write 1

**00001100** Write in memory position 12

(B) [00100001] Write 2

**00010001** Write in memory position 17

(C) [00000010] Write 3

**00011100** Write in memory position 28

(D) [00101101] Write 4

**01001011** Copy the data from memory position 11 to register 0

**10000100** Copy the data from Register 0 to Register\_1: 1 → in R1

**01011100** Copy the data from memory position 28 to register 0

**10001100** Copy the data from Register 0 to Register\_3: 4 → in R3

**01010001** Copy the data from memory position 17 to register 0

**10001000** Copy the data from Register 0 to Register\_2: 3 → in R2

**10111110** Multiply the content of R3 and R2 and write the result in R3 [3\*4] → 12 in R3

**10101101** Subtract the content of R3 and R1 and write the result in R3 [12-1] → 11 in R3

**01001100** Copy the data from memory position 12 to Register\_0

**10001000** Copy the data from Register 0 to Register\_2: 2 → in R2

**10011110** Add the content of R3 and R2 and write the result in R3 [2 + 11] → 13 in R3

**01010001** Copy the data from memory position 17 to Register\_0

**10001000** Copy the data from register\_0 to register\_2 → 3 in R2

**11001110** Divide the content of R3 by R2 and write in R3 [13/3] 4 in R3

**10000011** Copy the data from R3 to R0 → 4 in R0

**01101101** Write in memory position 13 the content of Register 0

**00101101** Show in the screen the content of memory position 13

### 1.1 Solution

**a)** Formula:  $((D * C) - A + B) / C$

**b)** 4 (Content of memory position 13)

**c)** The state shown in the solution

**d)** If the PC was initially at 258 and we have executed 21 instructions, the PC will contain the value 279

**e)** we have two bits, i. e. 4 registers.