MSDS NO.: 16-124E73-16 REPLACES: 16-124E73-15

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1 - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NUMBER: 235B7821

PRODUCT NAME: BAR RUST 235 OXIDE RED BASE

MANUFACTURER: DEVOE COATINGS COMPANY 4000 DUPONT CIRCLE, LOUISVILLE, KY 40207 EMERGENCY TELEPHONE: 800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC)

TELEPHONE: 502-897-9861

SECTION II - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

INGREDIENT .	PERCT. BY WT.	CAS NO.	ACGIH TLV (PPH)	OSHA PEL (PPM)	HAZARDOUS a b c	VAPOR (2) PRESSURE
HYDROCARBON RESIN EPOXY FLEXIBILIZER EPOXY RESIN IRON OXIDE SILICATE INERT PIGMENT HIGH FLASH NAPHTHA METHYL NORMAL AMYL KETONE N-BUTYL ALCOHOL	10 <5 20 5 25 10 10 <5	PROPRIETARY NA MIXTURE 1309-37-1 14807-96-6 64742-95-6 110-43-0 71-36-3	NE .005 NA 5 MG/M^3 2 MG/M3(RESP.) 3 MG/M3 NE 50 50 (C) SKIN	NA .020 NA 10 MG/M^3 20 MPPCF 20 MPPCF 100 100	x x	NE <.001 NA NA NA 10 4.0 5.9

NOTE: This product does not contain ingredients considered carcinogens or potential carcinogens by ACGIH, Federal OSHA, NTP, IARC, or CAL/OSHA.

ABBREVIATIONS: NE-NOT ESTABLISHED, NA-NOT APPLICABLE, C-CEILING LIMIT, D-NUISANCE PARTICLE TLV 10 MG/M^3 TOTAL DUST, [C] -CARCINOGEN, [PC] -POTENTIAL CARCINOGEN, DD-INERT OR NUISANCE DUST PEL 15 MG/M-3 TOTAL DUST, (1) NOT ESTABLISHED. USE STOODARD SOLVENT AS A GUIDE, (2) mm Hg. [X] - HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO: a-SARA 302/304, b-SARA 313, c-CERCLA 103a

SECTION III - PHYSICAL DATA

BOILING RANGE: 240 - 306 DEGREES F POUNDS PER GALLON: 11.87 HEAVIER VAPOR DENSITY: LIGHTER THAN AIR PERCENT VOLATILE BY VOLUME: 34.09 VOC: 286.23 (GRAMS/LITER) EVAPORATION RATE: FASTER X SLOWER THAN ETHER

SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION

OSHA CLASSIFICATION 29 CFR 1910.106 (a) PARTS 18-19.

FLASH POINT (Setaflash): 100F

LEL: 1

COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID - CLASS II

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

In case of fire use CO2 Dry Chemical, Foam, or other National Fire Protections Association (NFPA) approved method for treating a Class B Fire.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and flame. Due to pressure build-up, closed containers exposed to extreme heat may explode. Never use a welding or cutting torch on or near container (even empty) as product or its residue may ignite. During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediatly apparent. Obtain medical attention.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Summon professional firefighters. Use full protective equipment including self contained breathing apparatus. Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles preferable. If exposed to fire or extreme heat, water should be used to cool closed containers and prevent pressure build up or possible auto-ignition.

SECTION V - HEALTH HAZARD DATA

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

ACUTE BREATHING: Irritation of the respiratory tract; headache, nausea, dizziness, weakness and fatigue. Extreme exposure can result in unconsciousness and even respiratory arrest.

May cause allergic reaction. Overexposure may cause permanent lung damage.

SKIN OR EYE CONTACT: Causes eye and skin irritation. May be harmful if absorbed through the skin.

SWALLOWING: Can cause stomach and/or intestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

CHRONIC Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Prolonged or repeated breathing of spray mist and/or sanding dust over a period of years may cause dust disease of the lungs.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS PRONE TO AGGRAVATION BY EXPOSURE

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY