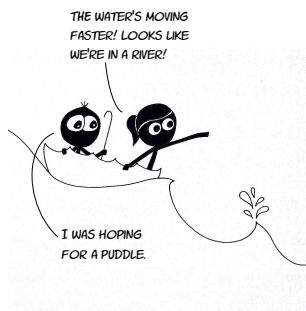
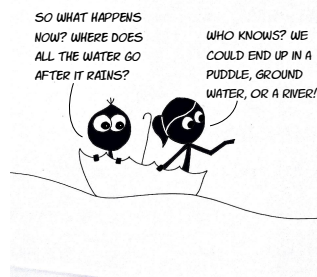


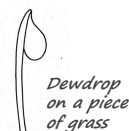
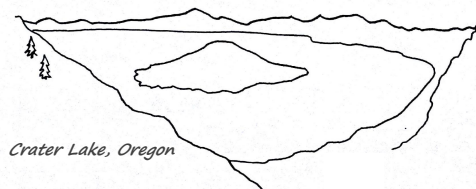
SCIENCE MOM'S Guide to WATER **Part 2**



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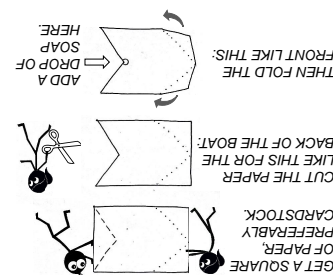


Think of a big lake versus a dewdrop. Pretty big difference in size, right?

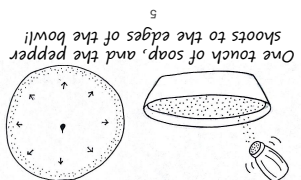


The dewdrop is SUPER small compared to the lake. But a water molecule (the smallest bit of water you can have) is MUCH smaller than a dewdrop.

A single drop of water has more than 1,000,000,000,000,000,000,000 water molecules! That huge number with 21 zeros is called a sextillion, and it is a **TRILLION TIMES BIGGER** than one billion.



2. Soap Boat



Method:

- Place water in bowl and sprinkle with pepper.
- Add a touch of soap to the surface of the water.
- Watch the pepper scatter!

- Materials:**
- Bowl or plate
 - Ground black pepper
 - Concentrated dish soap
 - Water

1. Pepper Scatter

LET'S TALK ABOUT BIG NUMBERS

Name	How many zeros
Million	6 (1,000,000)
Billion	9 (1,000,000,000)
Trillion	12
Quadrillion	15
Quintillion	18
Sextillion	21
Septillion	24
Googol	100

GOOGOL? ISN'T THAT THE NAME OF AN INTERNET SEARCH ENGINE?

THAT'S WHAT I SAID.

THAT'S GOOGLE.

NO, YOU SAID GOOGOL.

HUH?

JUST GOOGLE GOOGOL AND YOU'LL FIGURE IT OUT!

Assuming a rate of counting one number per second, a computer could count at this speed, a person would need to take much longer.

How long to count that high?

- 11 days
- 3 years
- 31,704 years
- 31 million years
- 31 billion years
- 31 trillion years
- 317 trillion centuries
- Don't be ridiculous!
- A googol is bigger than the number of PARTICLES in the UNIVERSE.

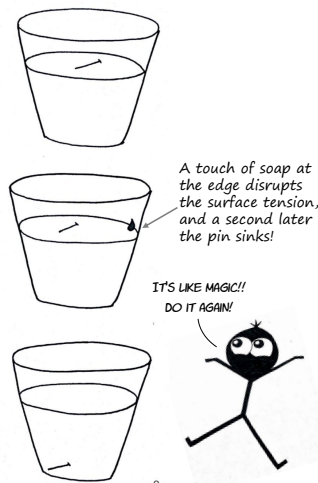
3. Floating Pin

Materials:

- A small pin or needle
- Bowl or cup
- Concentrated dish soap
- Water

Method:

- Fill bowl or cup with water and carefully place pin on surface. *Hint: tweezers may help. The pin must be flat with the surface of the water. It will sink if it comes in at an angle.*
- Add a touch of soap.
- Watch the pin sink!



4. Floating Paperclip

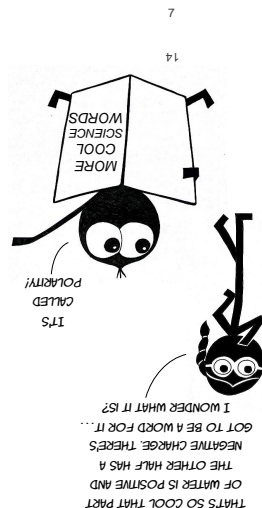
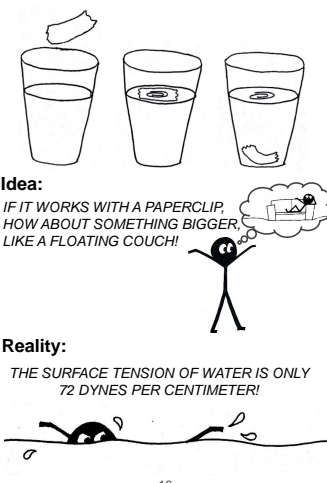
Materials:

- Paper clip
- Tissue paper or paper towel
- Cup or bowl
- Water

Method:

- Fill the cup with water and gently place a piece of tissue paper on the surface.
- Carefully place a dry paperclip on the tissue.
- The tissue should sink. If it doesn't, give it a gentle push downward.

Tip: be sure that the cup and water are not soapy.



But Why do water molecules want to be by each other?

Because opposites attract!

Positive loves negative. Each water molecule is part positive (+) and part negative (-). Hydrogen bonds (H₂O) form between the positive and negative sides.

Question: How many drops of water can you fit on a coin before the water spills off the side?

Answer: A lot! The molecules on the surface pull in, creating a dome of water on the coin.

Wow!

Surface Tension

Water molecules like each other more than they like air, so the molecules on the surface pull in, creating a dome of water on the coin.

Water molecules like each other more than they like air, so the molecules on the surface pull in, creating a dome of water on the coin.

HOW DOES IT WORK?

Water molecules like each other more than they like air, so the molecules on the surface pull in, creating a dome of water on the coin.

Water molecules like each other more than they like air, so the molecules on the surface pull in, creating a dome of water on the coin.

B	A	A	X
B	C	C	D
F	E	E	D
E	G	G	X