# Session 21

jQuery - Ajax

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## Reference

### Tutorial

http://www.w3schools.com/jquery/jquery\_ajax\_intro.asp

Referencedesigner tutorials only include first slide

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# jQuery - AJAX

- I jQuery allows easy, browser-consistent use of Ajax
- | jQuery load method

\$('#result').load('ajax/test.html');

- Fetches data from a server
- Sets the html contents of the matched element to the return data

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## Example

Insert test.html into page

<br /><h3>This is a test</h3><br />







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## Example

```
<script type="text/javascript" language="javascript">
  $(document).ready(function() {
                                           test.html contains
     $("#driver").click(function(event){ "This is a test"
        $("#stage").load("test.html");
      });
  });
              Example at:
</script>
             http://www.cs.stonybrook.edu/~cse336/JQuery-
</head>
             LoadExample.jsp
<body>
Click on the button to load test.html file:
<div id="stage" style="background-color:blue;">STAGE</div>
<input type="button" id="driver" value="Load Data" />
</body>
                                                          5
```

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## Same Origin Policy

- The same origin policy is an important security concept for browser-side programming languages, such as JavaScript
- The policy
  - permits scripts running on pages originating from the same site to access each other's methods and properties with no specific restrictions
  - prevents access to most methods and properties across pages on different sites

Reference: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Same\_origin\_policy

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# Same Origin Example

```
URL to load is in the same directory as this html
 <body>
 <b>Successful Response (should be blank):</b>
 <div id="success"></div>
                                        Callback function invoked
 <br/><b>Error Response:</b>
 <div id="error"></div>
                                        after response is inserted
 <script>
 $("#success").load("test.html", function(response,
   status, xhr) {
     if (status == "error") {
       var msg = "Sorry but there was an error: ";
       $("#error").html(msg + "Status:" + xhr.status +
       " " + "StatusText: + xhr.statusText);
   }
                     Successful Response (should be blank):
 });
                     This is a test
 </script>
                                          XmlHttpRequest object
 </body>
                     Error Response:
Inserted html
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```

# Same Origin Example

```
<body>
<b>Successful Response (should be blank):</b>
<div id="success"></div>
                               Successful Response (should be blank):
<br/><b>Error Response:</b>
                               Error Response:
<div id="error"></div>
                               Sorry but there was an error: Status:0 StatusText:error
<script>
$("#success").load(
  "http://www.cs.stonybrook.edu/~cse336/test.html",
  function(response, status, xhr) {
    if (status == "error") {
      var msg = "Sorry but there was an error: ";
      $("#error").html(msg + "Status:" + xhr.status +
      " " + "StatusText:"+ xhr.statusText);
  }
});
                          Insert not allowed because inserted
</script>
                          html on different site
</body>
                                                                      8
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```

## jQuery load() Method

- Loads data from a server and puts the returned data into the selected element
- Syntax: \$(selector).load(URL, data, callback);
  - URL parameter the URL you wish to load (required)
  - Data parameter a set of query string Key/value pairs to send with the request (optional)
  - Callback parameter name of a function to be executed after the load() method is completed (optional)

Similar to your construction of the XMLHttpRequest object

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## Sample jQuery Ajax Methods

Method	Description
\$.get()	Loads data from a server using an AJAX HTTP GET request
\$.post()	Loads data from a server using an AJAX HTTP POST request
serialize()	Encodes a set of form elements as a string for submission (method of the jQuery form object)

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# Sending an Ajax Request

- To request data from the server
  - Compose a query string
  - Append the query string to the URL
  - I Send the Ajax request

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# Example Enter text and click the button test Load Data Enter text and click the button test Load Data The parameter value is: test

# Example - JSP

### AjaxExample.jsp

```
<script type="text/javascript" src="jquery-1.9.1.min.js">
</script>
<script type="text/javascript" language="javascript">
 $(document).ready(function() {
   $("#driver").click(function(event) {
     var queryString = $("#i").prop("value");
     var url =
"http://localhost:8080/CodeCSE326/JqueryAjaxParameterExample?
input=" + queryString;
   $("#p").load(url);
 });});
                     Note the prop method will return
</script>
                     the changed value, attr will not
</head>
<body>
 Enter text and click the button
  <input id="i" type="text" value="default" />
 <input type="button" id="driver" value="Load Data" />
 <br /><div id="p"></div>
</body>
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```

## Example - Servlet

### ■ JqueryAjaxParameterExample.java

```
PrintWriter out = response.getWriter();
try {
   String s = request.getParameter("input");
   out.println("<h3>The parameter value is " + s + "</h3>");
```

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### Are We on Track?

- Write a JSP that contains one text box
- When the value of the text box changes, send a request to a servlet
- The servlet will validate the data, and if the text box contains a null string, display an error message in the browser







### Were We on Track?

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```
JSP
```

```
<script type="text/javascript" src="jquery-1.9.1.min.js"></script>
       <script type="text/javascript">
          $(document).ready(function() {
              $("#driver").click(function(event) {
                  var queryString = $("#i").prop("value");
                  var url =
"http://localhost:8080/CodeCSE336/JqueryAjaxExample?input=" +
queryString;
                  $("#errorMessage"), Yoad(url);
              });
          });
                              Note the prop method will return
       </script>
                              the changed value, attr will not
   </head>
   <body>

       Enter email address below
       <form>
           <input id="i" type="text" value="Default"/>
       </form>
       <br />
       <div id="p"></div>
   </body>
                                                                16
```

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### Were We on Track?

### Servlet

```
response.setContentType("text/html;charset=UTF-8");
PrintWriter out = response.getWriter();
  try {
    String s = request.getParameter("input");
    if (s.equals("")) {
       out.println(
        "<span style='color:red'>* Please enter e-mail address</span>");
    }
```

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## Have You Satisfied the Learning Goals?

Understand how to use jQuery to make an Ajax request to a server

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# Assignment 7

- Implement your project form validation with JavaScript/jQuery validation - with Ajax
- Validate each field after it is updated

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