Algorithms 2022/23

Degree in Computer Science Engineering

Practical 3

Submission deadline: Wednesday, 16th November 2022 at 23:59

Binary search trees: We will study the computational complexity of the insert and find operations on *binary search trees* of integer numbers, and with a field with the frequency of occurrence.

1. From the following representation of binary search trees:

```
struct node {
  int elem;
  int num_repetitions;
  struct node *left, *right;
};
typedef struct node * position;
typedef struct node * tree;
```

and of the following code for the `insert` operation:

```
static struct node *createnode(int e) {
  struct node *p = malloc(sizeof(struct node));
  if (p == NULL) {
    printf("out of memory\n"); exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
  }
  p->elem = e;
  p->num_repetitions = 1;
  p->left = NULL;
  p->right = NULL;
  return p;
}

tree insert(int e, tree a){
  if (a == NULL)
    return createnode(e);
  else if (e < a->elem)
    a->left = insert(e, a->left);
  else if (e > a->elem)
    a->right = insert(e, a->right);
  else
    a->num_repetitions++;
  return a;
}
```

implement the operations specified below:

```
tree createtree();             /* returns an empty tree */
int isemptytree(tree);
position find(int, tree);
tree deletetree(tree);     /* deletes all the nodes, freeing the memory
                                    and returning an empty tree */
position leftchild(tree);
position rightchild(tree);
int element(position);
int numberofrepetitions(position);

int height(tree);
void visualize(tree);         /* prints the contents of the tree */
```

2. Validate the correct functioning of the implementation. You can code a test like the following:

```
bash-3.2$ ./trees
empty tree: ().
tree height: -1
inserting a 3
inserting a 1
inserting a 2
inserting a 5
inserting a 4
inserting a 5
tree: ( 1 ( 2 )) 3 (( 4 ) 5 ).
tree height: 2
searching for 1 and finding 1 repeated: 1 times
searching for 2 and finding 2 repeated: 1 times
searching for 3 and finding 3 repeated: 1 times
searching for 4 and finding 4 repeated: 1 times
searching for 5 and finding 5 repeated: 2 times
searching for 6 and finding nothing
deleting all nodes, freeing memory:
empty tree: ().
tree height: -1
bash-3.2$
```

3. For different values of n, determine the time it takes to insert n random integers in the range $[-n \ldots +n]$ into an empty tree; and then the time to find other n random integers in the range $[-n \ldots +n]$ in that tree with n elements. And calculate empirically the computational complexity of the "n insertions" and "n searches".

```
             n       t_ins(n)       t_sea(n)
          8000           1378          1228
         16000           2892          2646
         32000           6625          6186
         64000          15353         13762
        128000          33988         31441
        256000          79285         79694

Insertion of n elements
          n           t(n)      t(n)/f(n)      t(n)/g(n)      t(n)/h(n)
       8000        1378.00       0.172250       0.028546       0.001926
      16000        2892.00       0.180750       0.026077       0.001429
      32000        6625.00       0.207031       0.026002       0.001157
      64000       15353.00       0.239891       0.026229       0.000948
     128000       33988.00       0.265531       0.025274       0.000742
     256000       79285.00       0.309707       0.025663       0.000612

Search of n elements
          n           t(n)      t(n)/f(n)      t(n)/g(n)      t(n)/h(n)
       8000        1228.00       0.153500       0.025438       0.001716
      16000        2646.00       0.165375       0.023859       0.001307
      32000        6186.00       0.193312       0.024279       0.001081
      64000       13762.00       0.215031       0.023511       0.000850
     128000       31441.00       0.245633       0.023380       0.000687
     256000       79694.00       0.311305       0.025795       0.000615
```

Submit the files with the C source code and the `.txt` file with the report by means of the task *Practical 3 Submission* in the Algorithms website at `https://campusvirtual.udc.gal`. Remember that the deadline to complete the task expires on Wednesday, 16th November, at 23:59. Once uploaded, files cannot be changed. **The work has to be submitted by all the members of each team.**