



### Base Types

integer, float, boolean, string, bytes

```
int 783 0 -192 0b010 0o642 0xF3
      zero binary octal hexa
float 9.23 0.0 -1.7e-6
bool True False
str "One\nTwo"
    escaped new line
    'I\'m'
    escaped '
bytes b"toto\xfe\775"
      hexadecimal octal
```

Multiline string:  
"""X\tY\tZ  
1\t2\t3"""  
escaped tab

☞ immutables

### Container Types

■ ordered sequences, fast index access, repeatable values

```
list [1,5,9] ["x",11,8.9] ["mot"]
tuple (1,5,9) 11,"y",7.4 ("mot",)
```

Non modifiable values (immutables) ☞ expression with only commas → tuple  
str bytes (ordered sequences of chars / bytes)

■ key containers, no a priori order, fast key access, each key is unique

dictionary dict {"key": "value"} dict(a=3, b=4, k="v")  
(key/value associations) {1: "one", 3: "three", 2: "two", 3.14: "pi"}

collection set {"key1", "key2"} {1, 9, 3, 0} set {}  
☞ keys=hashable values (base types, immutables...) frozenset immutable set empty

### Identifiers

for variables, functions, modules, classes... names

a...zA...Z followed by a...zA...Z\_0...9

- ☐ diacritics allowed but should be avoided
- ☐ language keywords forbidden
- ☐ lower/UPPER case discrimination

☉ a toto x7 y\_max BigOne  
☉ 8y and for

### Variables assignment

=

☞ assignment ⇔ binding of a name with a value

1) evaluation of right side expression value  
2) assignment in order with left side names

```
x=1.2+8+sin(y)
a=b=c=0      assignment to same value
y,z,r=9,7,0  multiple assignments
a,b=b,a      values swap
a,*b=seq     unpacking of sequence in
*a,b=seq     item and list
x+=3         increment ⇔ x=x+3      +=
x-=2         decrement ⇔ x=x-2     -=
x=None       « undefined » constant value  None
del x        remove name x
```

:= Assignment expression, bind of a name with a value used in an expression.

```
while (v:=next()) is not None:...
```

### Conversions

type(expression)

can specify integer number base in 2<sup>nd</sup> parameter  
truncate decimal part

```
int("15") → 15
int("3f",16) → 63
int(15.56) → 15
float("-11.24e8") → -1124000000.0
round(15.56,1) → 15.6    rounding to 1 decimal (0 decimal → integer number)
```

bool(x) False for null x, empty container x, None or False x; True for other x

str(x) → "..." representation string of x for display (cf. formatting on the back)

chr(64) → '@' ord('@') → 64 code ⇔ char

repr(x) → "..." literal representation string of x

```
bytes([72,9,64]) → b'H\t@'
list("abc") → ['a','b','c']
dict([(3,"three"),(1,"one")]) → {1:'one',3:'three'}
set(["one","two"]) → {'one','two'}
```

separator str and sequence of str → assembled str  
':'.join(['toto','12','pswd']) → 'toto:12:pswd'

str splitted on whitespaces → list of str  
"words with spaces".split() → ['words','with','spaces']

str splitted on separator str → list of str  
"1,4,8,2".split(",") → ['1','4','8','2']

sequence of one type → list of another type (via list comprehension)  
[int(x) for x in ('1','29','-3')] → [1,29,-3]

### Sequence Containers Indexing

lists, tuples, strings, bytes...

negative index	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1
positive index	0	1	2	3	4

```
lst=[10,20,30,40,50]
positive slice 0 1 2 3 4 5
negative slice -5 -4 -3 -2 -1
```

Items access lst[index]  
lst[0] → 10 ⇒ first one    lst[1] → 20  
lst[-1] → 50 ⇒ last one    lst[-2] → 40

On mutable sequences (list):  
remove with del lst[3]  
modify with assignment lst[4]=25

Items count len(lst) → 5    ☞ index from 0

Sub-sequences lst[start slice:end slice:step]

```
lst[: -1] → [10,20,30,40]
lst[1: -1] → [20,30,40]
lst[: :2] → [10,30,50]
lst[: -1] → [50,40,30,20,10]
lst[: : -1] → [50,30,10]
lst[3:] → [40,50]
```

Missing slice indication → from start / up to end.  
On mutable sequences (list), remove with del lst[3:5]  
modify with assignment lst[1:4]=[15,25]

### Conditional Statement

statement block executed only if a condition is true

if logical condition:  
→ statements block

Can go with several elif, elif... and only one final else. Only the block of first true condition is executed.

☞ with a var x:  
if bool(x)==True: ⇔ if x:  
if bool(x)==False: ⇔ if not x:

```
if age<=18:
    state="Kid"
elif age>65:
    state="Retired"
else:
    state="Active"
```

module sniff ⇔ file sniff.py

### Modules/NAMES Imports

```
from mymod import name1,name2 as fct
→ direct access to names, renaming with as
import mymod
→ access via mymod.name1...
```

☞ modules and packages searched in python path (cf sys.path)

### Boolean Logic

Comparisons: < > <= >= == != (boolean results)  
≤ ≥ = ≠

a and b logical and both simultaneously

a or b logical or one or other or both

☞ pitfall : and and or return value of a or of b (under shortcut evaluation).  
⇒ ensure that a and b are booleans.

not a logical not

True False } True and False constants

### Statements Blocks

parent statement:  
statement block 1...  
parent statement:  
statement block2...  
next statement after block 1

☞ configure editor to insert 4 spaces in place of an indentation tab.

### Match Instruction

select instructions block to execute upon matching with a pattern.  
Can unpack sequences, set variables...

match expression:  
→ case pattern1:  
→ instructions block  
→ case pattern2:

```
match infos:
case 'nono':
case 'bob' | 'elsa': 300:
case ['lui','luc']:
case ['untel',name]:
case ['eux',*names]:
case 'will' if flag:
case str():
case _:
```

Match examples with patterns...  
→ value  
→ value within a choice  
→ sequence of two values  
→ 1<sup>st</sup> value, retrieve 2<sup>nd</sup> in name  
→ 1<sup>st</sup> value, retrieve remaining in names  
→ value with supplementary test  
→ type or classe  
→ everything else (last case)

Note : can use () or [] for patterns.

### Maths

angles in radians

```
from math import sin,pi...
sin(pi/4) → 0.707...
cos(2*pi/3) → -0.4999...
sqrt(81) → 9.0
log(e**2) → 2.0
ceil(12.5) → 13
floor(12.5) → 12
```

→ modules math, statistics, random, decimal, fractions, numpy...

### Boolean Logic

☞ floating numbers... approximated values

Operators: + - \* / // % \*\*

Priority (...)  
× ÷ ↑ ↑ a<sup>b</sup>  
integer ÷ ÷ remainder

@ → matrix × python3.5+ numpy

```
(1+5.3)*2 → 12.6
abs(-3.2) → 3.2
round(3.57,1) → 3.6
pow(4,3) → 64.0
```

☞ usual order of operations

### Exceptions on Errors

Signaling an error:  
raise ExcClass(...)

Errors processing:  
try:  
→ normal processing block  
except Exception as e:  
→ error processing block

normal processing block

error processing block

☞ finally block for final processing in all cases.

