

```
echo "Hello world!"
```

[Hello world](#)

Nim is an efficient, expressive, and elegant language created by Andreas Rumpf and released in 2008. It is a compiled and statically typed programming language. Nim combines concepts from languages such as Python, Ada, and Modula.

```
42, -4      # int - Integer
42, 4       # uint - Integer (not negative)
true, false # bool - Boolean
"42"        # string - String
'a', '4'    # char - Character
42.0        # float - Floating-point
```

[Basic Type](#)

```
# This is a comment
echo "Hello!" # This is a comment

#[ This is a multiline
  comment
]#
```

[Comments](#)

```
var myVar1:string = "My variable" # Variable declared as string.
var myVar2 = "My variable" # Variable implicitly declared as string.
let myConstant = "Constant value" # Constant. Immutable value.
var salary:float = 9_000.00 # Float variable.
                        # _ is ignored. This is useful for long numbers.
const PI = 3.14 # Constant. Immutable value. Constants are computed at compile time.
```

[Variable & Constant](#)

```
import os # Imports a lib.
import strutils
import json, othermodule # Imports a lib & a module.
include "folder/file.nim" # Includes a file. Useful to
include "file1.nimf".      # split a big file in parts.
```

[Import & Include](#)

```
5 + 2 # Addition
5 - 2 # Subtraction
5 * 2 # Multiplication
5 / 2 # Division
# Integer division # Integer modulo operation (remainder)
5 div 2 # returns: 2 5 mod 2 # returns: 1
```

[Operator](#)

```
# Table.
# Dictionary or Hash Structure.
import tables
var dateOfBirth: Table[string, uint]
dateOfBirth["Mike"] = 1995
dateOfBirth["John"] = 1961
echo dateOfBirth["Mike"]
1995
# Array.
# Array or matrix Structure.
var myArray: array[0 .. 2, bool] = [false, true, false]
echo myArray[1]
true
```

[Advanced Type
1/2](#)

```
# Sequence.
# List of values Structure.
```

[Advanced Type
2/2](#)

```
let mySequence: seq[string] = @["abc", "def"]
echo mySequence[1]
def
# Tuple.
# Useful to return multiple values from a
# func or proc.
let pos: tuple[x, y, z: int] = (x: 100, y: 50, z: 30)
echo pos          echo pos.x      echo pos[1]
(x: 100, y: 50, z: 30) 100          50

# Tuple results can be unpacked:
let (a,b,_) = pos # Variables a, b created.
                # a = 100, b = 50.
                # Variable z ignored.
```

```
# Concatenation
echo "Con" & "cat"
concat
```

[String
Operations 1/2](#)

```
# Quotation marks inside a string
echo """Nim is an "expressive" language"""
Nim is an "expressive" language"

# String interpolation
import strformat
let nimVersion = $nimVersion
echo fmt"Using Nim version: {nimVersion}"
Using Nim version: 1.6.8

echo fmt"Result of 4 x 2 = {4*2}"
Result of 4 x 2 = 8

# Remove part of a string
echo "Nim-lang".strip[0 .. 2]
Nim

# Multiline string
let multiline = """line1
line2"""
echo multiline
line1
line2
```

```
import strutils
echo "A_B_C".normalize()
abc
```

[String
Operations 2/2](#)

```
echo "A_B_C".normalize().toUpper()
ABC

echo " ABC ".strip().len()
3

echo len(" ABC ") == " ABC ".len()
true

echo "ABC".toLowerCase()
abc

echo "a b c".split()
@["a", "b", "c"]

echo ["a", "b", "c"].join(",")
a,b,c

echo "*"repeat(20)
*****

echo " a".replace(" ", "")
***a
```