- 1. Consider the Bayes net shown in Figure 1. Write answers with a scale of 4, i.e., 01.234.
 - 1. Calculate the value of $P(b, i, \neg m, g, j)$.

$$\begin{array}{lcl} P(b,i,\neg m,g,i) & = & P(b) \cdot P(\neg m) \cdot P(i|b,\neg m) \cdot P(g|b,i,\neg m) \cdot P(j|g) \\ & = & (.9) \cdot (.8) \cdot (.5) \cdot (.8) \cdot (.8) \\ & = & .2304 \end{array}$$

2. Calculate the value of $\stackrel{\rightarrow}{P}(J|b,i,m)$.

$$\overrightarrow{P}(J|b,i,m) = \alpha \cdot \overrightarrow{P}(J,b,i,m)$$

$$= \alpha \cdot \sum_{g'} \overrightarrow{P}(J|g') \cdot P(b) \cdot P(i|b,m) \cdot P(m) \cdot P(g'|i,b,m)$$

$$= \beta \cdot \sum_{g'} \overrightarrow{P}(J|g') \cdot P(g'|i,b,m)$$

$$= \beta \cdot \left[P(j|g) \cdot P(g|i,b,m) + P(j|\neg g) \cdot P(\neg g|i,b,m), \right]$$

$$= \beta \cdot \left[P(3|g) \cdot P(g|i,b,m) + P(3|\neg g) \cdot P(3|i,b,m) \right]$$

$$= \beta \cdot \left[P(3|g) \cdot P(3|i,b,m) + P(3|\beta) \cdot P(3|i,b,m) \right]$$

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$$= \beta \cdot \left[P(3|g) \cdot P(3|g) \cdot P(3|g) \cdot P(3|g) \cdot P(3|g) \cdot P(3|g) \cdot P(3|g) \right]$$

$$= \beta \cdot \left[P(3|g) \cdot P(3$$

3. Calculate the value of $\overrightarrow{P}(J|\neg b, \neg i, m)$.

$$\begin{split} \overrightarrow{P}\left(J|\neg b, \neg i, m\right) &= \alpha \cdot \overrightarrow{P}\left(J, \neg b, \neg i, m\right) \\ &= \alpha \cdot \sum_{g'} \overrightarrow{P}\left(J|g'\right) \cdot P(g'|\neg b, \neg i, m) \cdot P(\neg b) \cdot P(\neg m) \cdot P(i|\neg b, \neg m) \\ &= \beta \cdot \sum_{g'} \overrightarrow{P}\left(J|g'\right) \cdot P(g'|\neg b, \neg i, m) \\ &= \beta \cdot \left[P(j|g) \cdot P(g|\neg b, \neg i, m) + P(j|\neg g) \cdot P(\neg g|\neg b, \neg i, m) \\ P(\neg j|g) \cdot P(g|\neg b, \neg i, m) + P(\neg j|\neg g) \cdot P(\neg g|\neg b, \neg i, m) \right] \\ &= \beta \cdot \left[(.8) \cdot (.0) + (.1) \cdot (1) \\ (.2) \cdot 0 + (.9) \cdot (1) \right] \\ &= \beta \cdot \begin{bmatrix} .1 \\ .9 \end{bmatrix} \\ &= [.1, .9] \end{split}$$

- **3.** A professor wants to know if students are getting enough sleep. Each day, the professor observes whether they have no red eyes. The professor has the following domain theory:
 - The prior probability of getting enough sleep with no observations, is 0.7
 - The probability of getting enough sleep on night t is 0.8 given that the student got enough sleep the previous night, and 0.3 if not.
 - The probability of having red eyes is 0.2 if the student got enough sleep, and 0.7 if not.
 - 1. Formulate this information as a hidden Markov model. Give a Bayesan network and conditional distributions
 - 2. Consider the following evidences, and compute $\vec{P}(ES_2|\hat{e}_{1:2})$ with a scale of 4
 - $\bullet \overrightarrow{e}_1 = red \, eyes$
 - $\overrightarrow{e}_2 = not \ red \ eyes$