Test Kahoot **Seminar 10**

      1. By default, in Oracle 12c the password is case sensitive -> **True**

      2. The most powerful user in Oracle is -> **SYS**

      3. All Oracle users may be found in -> **DBA_USERS**

      4. The command to give a privelege to a user is -> **GRANT**

      5. The "CREATE TABLE" right -> **Is a system privilege**

      6. To grant select rights for just a few columns you should use -> **A view and grant SELECT on it to the users**

      7. Choose the statement shich is FALSE -> **Roles may have the same name if created in different schemas**

      8. The commmand to remove an audited operation is -> **NOAUDIT**

      9. The Oracle package for handling FGA is -> **DBMS_FGA**

      10. If you want to audit every single UPDATE, you should use -> **The BY ACCESS option**

Test Kahoot **Seminar 7**

      1. You can generate optimizer statistics using -> **DBMS_STATS**

      2. The Oracle optimizer selects the execution plan with -> **The lowest cost**

      3. To troubleshoot the performance on the DB system level you may -> **Use the AWR report**

      4. You want to spot the rows having NULL for a column. Does a B-Tree index for that column help? -> **No**

      5. Which of the following is not a valid optimization technique for a full table scan? -> **create more indexes**

      6. The command to create a new b-tree index is -> **CREATE INDEX**

      7. You have a batch job which deletes half of a big table. Should you gather stats after this? -> **Yes, beacause you changed the table significantly**

      8. In a reporting system, the best index for a column having just two values("YES","NO") is -> **a bitmap index**

      9. An index knows how to reach table records because it stores -> **the ROWID of the referencing table records**

      10. The execution plans are stored in -> **Library cache**

Test Kahoot **Seminar 4**

      1. The command to start an Oracle instance without mounting the control file is -> **startup nomount**

      2. The blocks read from the database files are cached in -> **db buffer cache**

      3. An INSERT statement is a -> **DML Statement**

      4. If you want to save a setting in the SPFILE only you need to use -> **ALTER SYSTEM SET ... SCOPE=SPFILE**

      5. What is NOT stored in the controlfile? -> **The location of the second controlfile (if any)**

      6. The redolog files are written by -> **LOGWR**

      7. The redolog is used to rollback transactions -> **False**

      8. An Oracle instance is -> **A collection of processes and memory structures**

      9. To kick out everybody from the database but cleanly close datafiles you should use -> **shutdown immediate**

      10. The most powerful user in Oracle is -> **sys**

Test Kahoot **Seminar 2**

1. What is a database? -> **An organized collection of data**

2. The "c" from Oracle 12c version stands for? -> **Cloud**

3. Oracle is a...? -> **relational database**

4. In terms of acces speed, I'd like my data to be on ...? -> **CPU Caches(Procesorul)**

5. In Linux, how can we append the output of a command to a file? -> **We can use command >> file**

6. The command to make a folder in Linux is...? -> **mkdir**

7. What is not a valid Oracle edition? -> **Professional**

8. What command you'd use to find the process eating most of your CPU power? -> **top**

9. A Megabyte is...? -> **1024 Kilobytes**

10. Oracle is not avaible on...? -> **MS DOS**