# Public Api (v2)

Download OpenAPI specification:

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## Introduction

This API allows resellers to manage their resources in a simple, programmatic way using HTTP requests.

## Conventions

### Requests

The API supports different methods depending on the required action.

Method	Description
GET	Retrieve resources in a collection or get a single resource. Getters will never have any effect on the queried resources.
POST	Create a new resource in a collection.
PUT	Update an existing resource with its new representation.
DELETE	Delete an existing resource.

#### HTTP status codes

The API will reply with different HTTP statuscodes:

StatusCode	Description
200 OK	The requests was processed and you receive data as a result.
201 CREATED	The resource has been created. Either the Location header contains a link to the created resource, or links are being returned in the response body. The applied method will be indicated in the documentation.
202 ACCEPTED	The request has been validated and accepted. Because we need to do some background processing prior to returning the result, we cannot send back a useful representation.
204 NOCONTENT	The request has been processed, but no details can be returned.
400 BADREQUEST	Your request is malformed.
401 UNAUTHORIZED	You are not authorized. Follow the instructions in the Authorization documentation.
403 FORBIDDEN	Access to the resource or operation is not allowed.
404 NOTFOUND	The resource cannot be found.
429 TOOMANYREQUESTS	The ratelimit has been exceeded. Please refer to the documentation on rate limiting for more details.
500 INTERNALSERVERERROR	An error occurred during the processing of the request. The error is unexpected and most likely due to a bug in the api.

In the event of a problem, the body of the response will usually contain an errorcode and errormessage. In rare cases additional details about the error are reported.

Errorcodes 400-499 are considered to be client errors and indicate that there was an issue with the request. We will not take any action besides monitoring.

Errorcodes 500-599 are considered to be server errors. The errors are monitored AND action will be taken to resolve the error.

### Formatting

Snake casing is applied on resources and query parameters. The API is strictly returning JSON. No other formats are supported.

Datetimes are returned in ISO-8601 format.

Take indicates the number of records to return. The returned number of items can be smaller than the requested take.

Paged results will have headers with useful information regarding the paging

Header	Description
X-Paging-Skipped	The number of results that have been skipped.
X-Paging-Take	The number of items in the current take. The number might differ from the requested take. It represents the actual number of items returned in the response.
X-Paging- TotalResults	The total number of results regardless of paging.

## Rate limiting

The number of requests per interval is limited. Detailed information on the rate limiting can be found in specific headers which will be sent on each request.

Header	Description
X-RateLimit-Limit	The number of requests that can be made in a specific time interval.
X-RateLimit-Usage	The number of requests already made in the current time interval.
X-RateLimit-Remaining	The number of requests remaining until the reset.
X-RateLimit-Reset	The number of seconds until the reset.  After the reset you are allowed to make as many requests as specified by the X-RateLimit-Limit header.
Retry-After	The number of seconds you have to wait until you can make new requests.  This header is only present when the rate limit has been reached. It is identical to X-RateLimit-Reset.

When the ratelimit has been reached, all requests will return with a HTTP statuscode 429 and ReasonPhrase 'Too many requests, retry later'.

## Authentication

The Api uses HMAC authentication.

Hash-based message authentication code (HMAC) is a mechanism for calculating a message authentication code involving a hash function in combination with a secret key.

Both the integrity and the authenticity of the message are verified this way.

## Steps to generate the HMAC

- 1. Get your api key and secret from your controlpanel.
  - It is absolutely vital that the secret is never exposed. Once the secret is out, anyone would be able to generate hmacs to impersonate you. In case your secret is compromised, you can generate a new api key and secret on your controlpanel.
- 2. Construct the input value for generating the hmac.

Concatenate:apikey, request method, path and querystring information, unix timestamp, nonce and content.

	Description
apikey	The key that is linked to your user.
request method	lowercased (eg: get, post, delete,)
path and querystring information	urlencoding of the lowercased relative path and querystring. The path MUST start with the api version (/v2). The hexadecimal codes (percent encoding) MUST be uppercased.
unix timestamp	the unix timestamp in <b>seconds</b> .
nonce	a unique string for each request. It should be a random string, not related to the request. The nonce (in combination with the unix timestamp) protects you from replay attacks in case anyone was able to intercept a request.
content	When the request body is not empty, this should be the Base64 encoded Md5 hash of the request body. An empty body should not be encoded.

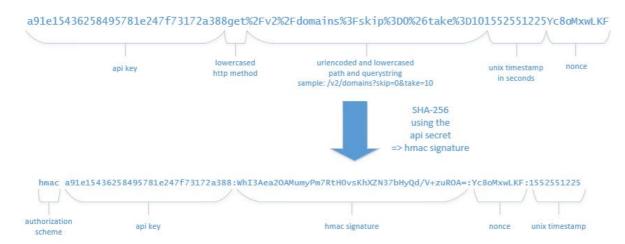
- 3. Hash the concatenated string using your api secret and the SHA-256 algorithm.
- 4. Base64 encode the result of the hash function. This is the hmac signature you will need to send an authorized request.

Create the authorization parameter by concatenating:

- apikey
- colon ':'
- generated HMAC signature (see above)
- · colon ':'
- nonce (the one used to generate the signature)
- · colon ':'
- · unix timestamp (the one used to generate the signature)

#### A sample (illustrated):

- The first line is the string you create to feed to the hashing algorithm.
- The second line is the authorization header that should be sent in the request.



## IP whitelisting

Access is by default restricted for all IP addresses. You need to explicitly whitelist an IP in your controlpanel.

## Versioning

Because of breaking contract changes compared to v1, we released v2 of the API. V1 will still be available, but you are strongly encouraged to migrate to the latest version. New features will only be available on v2.

## Policy

#### Fair use policy

Please respect the rate limits and do not use the api for any purposes of abuse. All requests are being monitored and logged.

Intentional abuse might result in api key revocation.

#### **Errors**

The API attempts to return appropriate HTTP status codes for every request. When the status code indicates failure, the API will also provide an error message in most cases.

An error message contains a machine-parseable error code accompanied by a descriptive error text. The text for an error message might change over time, but codes will stay the same.

An overview of error codes can be found here

#### Terminology

Term	Definition
Servicepack	Defines a set of assets that belong together. An example is a hosting package which offers Linux hosting, a domain name, a couple of mailboxes and databases.  It also limits the size of individual assets within the same account.
Account	Represents an instance of the servicepack. It contains one or more assets. The number and size of assets is defined by the servicepack.
Asset	A manageable service. For example: a mysql database, a linux hosting, a mailbox,  Some assets are created at the moment when the account is created. Other assets can be created afterwards.

#### Common provisioning scenario

#### Provisioning of an account with Linux hosting with one MySql database

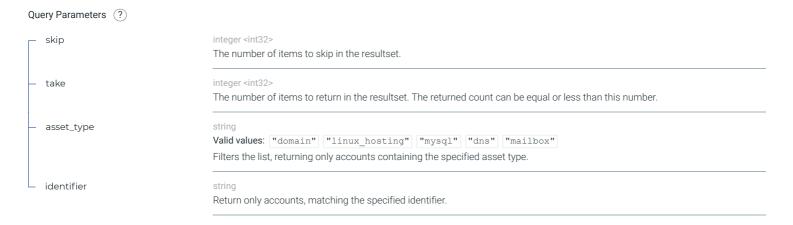
Without a pre-existing account:

- 1. Create a new account.
  - Perform a POST on the accounts route and provide the desired servicepack id and identifier (domain name).
- 2. Read the Location header from the response and perform a GET of the provided resource (a provisioning job).
- 3. When the response returns 200(OK), you should repeat the GET operation after a certain interval (Repeat this step). When the response returns 201(Created), you should read the response body. This will contain links to the created resources. This will usually hold only one link, but to be futureproof, this has been designed to return a collection.
- 4. The created resource will point to an account. You now know the account's Id and can continue with the provisioning of a MySql database on this account.
- 5. Perform a POST on the mysqldatabases route and provide the account id along with other requested information.
- 6. Read the Location header from the response and perform a GET of the provided resource (a provisioning job).
- 7. When the response returns 200(OK), you should repeat the GET operation after a certain interval (Repeat this step). When the response returns 201(Created), you should read the response body. This will contain links to the created resources. This will usually hold only one link, but to be futureproof, this has been designed to return a collection.
- 8. The created resource will point to a MySql database resource.

#### Accounts

#### Overview of accounts

PARAMETERS



Introduction

```
GET /accounts
```

RESPONSE SAMPLES

o 200 Success

```
[
    "id": 0,
    "identifier": "string",
    "servicepack_id": 0
}
```

#### Create a new account

The creation of an account requires some background processing. There is no instant feedback of the creation status.

#### REQUEST BODY

identifier

servicepack\_idftp\_password

string

An identifier for the account.

Should be a domain name for hosting accounts.

integer <int32>

The servicepack id that defines the account.

string

Ftp password for the account.

Applies only if the servicepack contains hosting. Passwords have to adhere to following rules:

- Between 8-20 characters.
- Must be a mix of letters and digits.
- Must contain at least one digit (0-9).
- Must contain at least one letter (a-z).
- · Cannot contain spaces.
- Cannot contain characters: \* € \$ & + } { ' " \

- 202 Success
- 401 Unauthorized

```
Q Search
```

"name": "string"

```
Introduction
```

```
POST /accounts
REQUEST SAMPLES
      "identifier": "string",
      "servicepack_id": 0,
      "ftp_password": "string"
RESPONSE SAMPLES
o 400 Bad Request
   - "validation_errors": [
      + { ... }
Get a specific account
PARAMETERS
Path Parameters ?
account_id
                                 integer <int32> Required
                                 The id of the account.
Responses

✓ 200 Success

    401 Unauthorized

   GET /accounts/{accountId}
RESPONSE SAMPLES
o 200 Success
      "id": 0,
     "identifier": "string",
    - "servicepack": {
        "id": 0,
```

## **DNS Records**

Manage the dns records for a domain name.

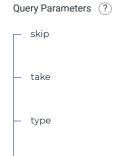
The interface allows you to manage following records: A, CNAME, MX, SRV and TXT.

#### Get records

#### PARAMETERS

Path Parameters ?

— domain\_name string Required
The domain name.



integer <int32>

The number of items to skip in the resultset.

integer <int32>

The number of items to return in the resultset. The returned count can be equal or less than this number.

string

Filters records matching the type. Most other filters only apply when this filter is specified.

record\_name string

Filters records matching the record name. This filter only applies to lookups of A, CNAME and TXT records.

service string

Filters records for the service. This filter only applies to lookups of SRV records.

#### Responses

✓ 200 Success

- 401 Unauthorized

GET /dns/{domainName}/records

RESPONSE SAMPLES

o 200 Success

```
Q Search
```

```
Introduction
```

```
"ttl": 3600,
    "content": "string",
    "service": "string",
    "target": "string",
    "protocol": "TCP",
    "priority": 10,
    "port": 0,
    "weight": 0
}
```

#### Create a record

#### PARAMETERS

#### Path Parameters (?)

domain\_name

string **Required**The domain name.

#### REQUEST BODY

The record to create

id
type

string

The id of the record.

This value is ignored for creation of new records.

string

The type of the record (A, MX, CNAME, SRV, TXT).

record\_name

string

The name of the record.

This is the host name, alias defined by the record.

An empty record or '@' is equal to the domain name.

Applies to A, CNAME, SRV and TXT records.

ttl

integer <int32>

Default: 3600

Time to live of the record in seconds.

It defines the time frame that clients can cache the information.

The value MUST be between 60 and 86400. The default value is 3600 (= 1 hour).

content

string

Variable data depending on the record type.

- A: the IPv4 address.
- CNAME: canonical name of an alias.
- MX: fully qualified domain name of a mail host.
- SRV: does not apply. Data for the SRV records can be found in specific properties.
- TXT: free form text data.

service

strina

The symbolic name of the desired service for SRV records.

Editing the value is not possible. You should add a new srv record and can delete the existing record.

target

string

The canonical hostname of the machine providing the service for SRV records.

\_ protocol

string

Introduction

```
priority
                                        integer <int32>
                                       Default: 10
                                       The priority for MX or SRV records.
                                       A lower value means more preferred.
                                        The value MUST be a positive integer less or equal to 9999.
                                       integer <int32>
port
                                        The port for SRV records.
                                        The value MUST be a positive integer.
                                       integer <int32>
weight
                                       Default: 0
                                        The weight for SRV records with the same priority.
                                       A higher value means more preferred.
```

#### Responses

- 201 Success
- 401 Unauthorized

/dns/{domainName}/records

#### REQUEST SAMPLES

```
"id": "string",
"type": "string",
"record_name": "string",
"ttl": 3600,
"content": "string",
"service": "string",
"target": "string",
"protocol": "TCP",
"priority": 10,
"port": 0,
"weight": 0
```

## Get specific record

PARAMETERS

Path Parameters (?)



domain\_name

record\_id

string Required

The domain name.

string Required

The id of the record.

Introduction

- 401 Unauthorized

/dns/{domainName}/records/{recordId}

```
RESPONSE SAMPLES
```

```
o 200 Success
     "id": "string",
     "type": "string",
     "record_name": "string",
     "ttl": 3600,
     "content": "string",
     "service": "string",
     "target": "string",
     "protocol": "TCP",
     "priority": 10,
     "port": 0,
     "weight": 0
```

### Edit a record

PARAMETERS

Path Parameters (?)

domain\_name

string Required

The domain name.

record\_id

string Required

The id of the record.

#### REQUEST BODY

The record with updated values.

```
id
                                         string
                                         The id of the record.
                                         This value is ignored for creation of new records.
                                         string
  type
                                         The type of the record (A, MX, CNAME, SRV, TXT).
                                         string
 record_name
                                         The name of the record.
                                         This is the host name, alias defined by the record.
                                         An empty record or '@' is equal to the domain name.
                                         Applies to A, CNAME, SRV and TXT records.
                                         integer <int32>
– ttl
                                         Default: 3600
```

oddotion	
<ul><li>content</li></ul>	string  Variable data depending on the record type.
	A: the IPv4 address.
	CNAME: canonical name of an alias.  NY fills a valified democing one of a waith a the second of
	MX: fully qualified domain name of a mail host.
	SRV: does not apply. Data for the SRV records can be found in specific properties.
	TXT: free form text data.
– service	string
SCIVICC	The symbolic name of the desired service for SRV records.
	Editing the value is not possible. You should add a new srv record and can delete the existing record.
– target	string
	The canonical hostname of the machine providing the service for SRV records.
– protocol	string
	Default: ["TCP"]
	The Protocol used by the service (TCP, UDP,) for SRV records.
	Editing the value is not possible. You should add a new srv record and can delete the existing record.
<ul><li>priority</li></ul>	integer <int32></int32>
	Default: 10
	The priority for MX or SRV records.
	A lower value means more preferred.
	The value MUST be a positive integer less or equal to 9999.
– port	integer <int32></int32>
	The port for SRV records.
	The value MUST be a positive integer.
weight	integer <int32></int32>
	Default: 0
	The weight for SRV records with the same priority.
	A higher value means more preferred.

### Responses

- 200 Success
- 401 Unauthorized

PUT /dns/{domainName}/records/{recordId}

#### REQUEST SAMPLES

```
{
    "id": "string",
    "type": "string",
    "record_name": "string",
    "ttl": 3600,
    "content": "string",
    "service": "string",
    "target": "string",
    "protocol": "TCP",
    "priority": 10,
    "port": 0,
    "weight": 0
}
```

introduction	
Delete a record	
PARAMETERS	
Path Parameters (?)	
domain_name	string Required The domain name.
record_id	string Required The id of the record.
Responses	
- 204 Success	
<ul><li>401 Unauthorized</li></ul>	
DELETE /dns/{domainNa	ame}/records/{recordId}
Domains	
Manage your domains.	
Overviews of domai	ins
Query Parameters ?	
skip	integer <int32> The number of items to skip in the resultset.</int32>
– take	integer <int32> The number of items to return in the resultset. The returned count can be equal or less than this number.</int32>
Responses	
✓ 200 Success	

- 401 Unauthorized

```
Q Search
```

### Details of a domain

PARAMETERS

Path Parameters (?)

domain\_name

string Required

The domain name

### Responses

- ✓ 200 Success
- 401 Unauthorized

```
GET /domains/{domainName}
```

```
RESPONSE SAMPLES
```

## Register a domain

Registers an available domain.

domain\_name

string

The domain name to register.

Only pass the domain part and the tld.

For abc.com, abc is the domain part, com is the tld.

name\_servers

Array of string

List of name servers. When empty, the registation will be done on default name servers.

### Responses

- 202 Success
- 401 Unauthorized

POST /domains/registrations

#### REQUEST SAMPLES

```
{
    "domain_name": "string",
    "name_servers": [
        "string"
]
}
```

### Transfer a domain

REQUEST BODY

domain\_name

string

The domain name to register.

auth\_code

string

Authorization code to allow the transfer to continue.

- 202 Success
- 401 Unauthorized

Introduction

```
"auth_code": "string"
}
```

### Edit domain name servers

PARAMETERS

Path Parameters ?

domain\_name

string **Required**The domain name

REQUEST BODY

domain\_name

string

The domain name to register.

name\_servers

Array of string List of name servers.

#### Responses

- 204 Success
- 401 Unauthorized

PUT /domains/{domainName}/nameservers

REQUEST SAMPLES

# Linux Hostings

Manage your linux hostings.

#### Overview of linux nostings

#### PARAMETERS

skip

take

Query Parameters (?)



integer <int32>

The number of items to skip in the resultset.

The number of items to return in the resultset. The returned count can be equal or less than this number.

### Responses

- √ 200 Success
- 401 Unauthorized

/linuxhostings

#### RESPONSE SAMPLES

o 200 Success

```
"domain_name": "string",
"servicepack_id": 0
```

## Linux hosting detail.

#### PARAMETERS



domain\_name

string Required

The Linux hosting domain name.

- ✓ 200 Success
- 401 Unauthorized

```
Introduction
```

GET /linuxhostings/{domainName}

```
RESPONSE SAMPLES
o 200 Success
      "domain_name": "string",
      "servicepack_id": 0,
      "max_webspace_size": 0,
      "max_size": 0,
      "webspace_usage": 0,
      "actual_size": 0,
      "ip": "string",
      "ip_type": "dedicated",
      "ftp_username": "string",
      "ssh_host": "string",
      "ssh_username": "string",
      "php_version": "string",
    - "sites": [
       + { ... }
      ],
    - "mysql_database_names": [
          "string"
```

## Attach a new SSH key to the Linux hosting

PARAMETERS

Path Parameters (?)

domain\_name

\_

string Required

Linux hosting domain name.

REQUEST BODY

SSH key public key.

public\_key

string Public key

- 201 Success
- 401 Unauthorized

Q Search Introduction } Get the available PHP versions. PARAMETERS Path Parameters (?) domain\_name string Required Linux hosting domain name. Responses ✓ 200 Success - 401 Unauthorized /linuxhostings/{domainName}/phpsettings/availableversions RESPONSE SAMPLES o 200 Success "version": "string" Change the Linux hosting PHP version. PARAMETERS

Path Parameters ?

— domain\_name

REQUEST BODY

The new PHP version.

string Required

Linux hosting domain name.

Q Search
Introduction

Responses

- 204 Success
- 401 Unauthorized

PUT //inuxhostings/(domainName)/phpsettings/version

REQUEST SAMPLES

{ "version": "string" }

## Enable/disable GZIP compression

PARAMETERS

Path Parameters ?

domain\_name

string Required

Linux hosting domain name

REQUEST BODY

Whether GZIP compression is enabled or not.

enabled

boolean Enabled

Responses

- 204 Success
- 401 Unauthorized

PUT /linuxhostings/{domainName}/settings/gzipcompression

REQUEST SAMPLES

```
{
    "enabled": true
}
```

#### Create a subsite

PARAMETERS

Path Parameters ?

domain\_name

string Required

Linux hosting domain name.

REQUEST BODY

Add subsite request

domain\_name

string

Subsite domain name (e.g. alias.be or subsite.site.be).

path

Folder location for the subsite (when empty we use /subsites/site (e.g. /subsites/subsite.site.be)

The path MUST pre-exist on the server. It WILL NOT be created automatically.

#### Responses

- **-** 201 Success
- 401 Unauthorized

/linuxhostings/{domainName}/subsites

#### **REQUEST SAMPLES**

```
"domain_name": "string",
"path": "string"
```

## Configure HTTP/2

PARAMETERS

Path Parameters ?

domain\_name

string Required

Linux hosting domain name.

site\_name

string Required

Q Search	
ntroduction	
REQUEST BODY	
<ul><li>enabled</li></ul>	boolean
	Enable or disable HTTP/2.
Responses	
'	
- 204 Success	
<ul><li>400 Bad Request</li></ul>	
<ul> <li>401 Unauthorized</li> </ul>	
10 1 Gliddilloll25d	
PUT /linuxhostings/{domain	Name}/sites/{siteName}/http2/configuration
REQUEST SAMPLES	
{	
"enabled": true }	
J	
Configure let's encrypt	
comigure let's energy	-
PARAMETERS	
Path Parameters (?)	
domain_name	string <mark>Required</mark> Linux hosting domain name.
hostname	string Required
	Specific hostname.
REQUEST BODY	
Let's encrypt config.	
J. 3	

### Responses

enabled

- 204 Success
- 401 Unauthorized

boolean

Enabled

```
Q Search
```

PUT /linuxhostings/{domainName}/sslsettings/{hostname}/letsencrypt

```
REQUEST SAMPLES
```

```
{
    "enabled": true
```

## Configure auto redirect

#### PARAMETERS

Path Parameters ?

domain\_name

string Required

Linux hosting domain name.

hostname

string **Required**Specific hostname.

#### REQUEST BODY

Auto redirect config.

enabled

boolean Enabled

### Responses

- 204 Success
- 401 Unauthorized

PUT /linuxhostings/{domainName}/sslsettings/{hostname}/autoredirect

#### REQUEST SAMPLES

```
{
    "enabled": true
```

PARAMETERS	
Path Parameters ?	
<ul><li>domain_name</li></ul>	string Required Linux hosting domain name.
REQUEST BODY	
Memory limit config	
<ul><li>memory_limit</li></ul>	integer <int32> The php memory limit</int32>
Responses	
- 204 Success	
<ul> <li>401 Unauthorized</li> </ul>	
PUT /linuxhostings/{c	domainName}/phpsettings/memorylimit
REQUEST SAMPLES	
{	
"memory_limit": 0	
ſ	
Configure PHP AF	PCu settina
Configure PHP AF	PCu setting
Configure PHP AF	PCu setting
PARAMETERS	PCu setting
PARAMETERS  Path Parameters ?	
PARAMETERS	string <b>Required</b>
PARAMETERS  Path Parameters ?	
PARAMETERS  Path Parameters ?  — domain_name	string <b>Required</b>
PARAMETERS  Path Parameters ?  — domain_name  REQUEST BODY	string <b>Required</b>
PARAMETERS  Path Parameters ?  — domain_name	string <b>Required</b>
PARAMETERS  Path Parameters ?  — domain_name  REQUEST BODY	string Required Linux hosting domain name  integer <int32></int32>
PARAMETERS  Path Parameters ?  — domain_name  REQUEST BODY  Php APcu config	string Required Linux hosting domain name
PARAMETERS  Path Parameters ?  — domain_name  REQUEST BODY  Php APcu config	string Required Linux hosting domain name  integer <int32></int32>

```
Q Search
```

- 401 Unauthorized

/linuxhostings/{domainName}/phpsettings/apcu

#### REQUEST SAMPLES

```
"apcu_size": 0,
"enabled": true
```

## Mailboxes

## Gets your mailboxes.

Currently only supports getting the mailboxes filtered by domain name.

PARAMETERS

Query Parameters (?)

domain\_name



Obligated domain name for getting mailboxes.

### Responses

√ 200 Success

- 401 Unauthorized

GET /mailboxes

RESPONSE SAMPLES

o 200 Success

Q Search Introduction Get the allowed mailboxes for the account. PARAMETERS Path Parameters ? domain\_name string Required Mailbox domain name.. Responses ✓ 200 Success - 401 Unauthorized GET /mailboxes/{domainName}/quota RESPONSE SAMPLES o 200 Success "size": 0, "account\_id": 0 Create a new mailbox. PARAMETERS Path Parameters (?)

domain\_name

REQUEST BODY

The add mailbox request.

string **Required**Mailbox domain name.

Introduction

account\_id

integer <int32>

Mailbox quota account id

password

The password for the mailbox.

Passwords have to adhere to following rules:

- Between 8-20 characters.
- Must be a mix of letters and digits.
- Must contain at least one digit (0-9).
- Must contain at least one letter (a-z).
- · Cannot contain spaces.
- Cannot contain characters: \*  $\in$  \$ & + } { ' " \

### Responses

- 201 Success
- 401 Unauthorized

/mailboxes/{domainName}

#### REQUEST SAMPLES

```
"email": "string",
"account_id": 0,
"password": "string"
```

# MySql Databases

## Overview of mysql databases

PARAMETERS

skip

Query Parameters ?



integer <int32>

The number of items to skip in the resultset.

take

The number of items to return in the resultset. The returned count can be equal or less than this number.

Introduction

GET /mysqldatabases

401 OHAUHIOHZEU

#### RESPONSE SAMPLES

o 200 Success

```
[
    "name": "string",
    "hostname": "string",
    "user_count": 0,
    "max_size": 0,
    "actual_size": 0,
    "account_id": 0
}
```

## Create a new mysql database

#### REQUEST BODY

database\_name

database\_name

account\_id

password

string

The name for the database. This will be prefixed during provisioning. The provided name during creation will be different from the provisioned database name.

integer <int32>

The id of the account on which to create the database.

string

The password for the database user.

Passwords have to adhere to following rules:

- Between 8-20 characters.
- Must be a mix of letters and digits.
- Must contain at least one digit (0-9).
- Must contain at least one letter (a-z).
- Cannot contain spaces.
- Cannot contain characters: \* € \$ & + } { ' " \

- 202 Success
- 401 Unauthorized

```
Q Search
```

```
REQUEST SAMPLES
      "database_name": "string",
      "account_id": 0,
      "password": "string"
RESPONSE SAMPLES
o 400 Bad Request
    - "validation_errors": [
       + { ... }
Get a specific database
PARAMETERS
Path Parameters ?

    database_name

                                  string Required
Responses

✓ 200 Success

 - 401 Unauthorized
    GET /mysqldatabases/{databaseName}
RESPONSE SAMPLES
 o 200 Success
      "name": "string",
      "hostname": "string",
      "user_count": 0,
      "max_size": 0,
      "actual_size": 0,
      "account_id": 0
```

# **Provisioning Jobs**

## Detail of a provisioning job

Provisioning failures may occur. Contact support in the event of a failure or wait for error resolution. Do NOT retry provisioning until the job reports finished or cancelled.

PARAMETERS

Path Parameters ?

— job\_id string <uuid> Required

#### Responses

- ✓ 200 Success
- ✓ 201 Success
- 401 Unauthorized

GET /provisioningjobs/{jobId}

#### RESPONSE SAMPLES

o 200 Success o 201 Success

```
{
    "id": "string",
    "status": "ongoing",
- "completion": {
        "estimate": "2019-07-01T19:41:18Z"
    }
}
```

# Servicepacks

## Overview of service packs

```
Q Search
```

GET /servicepacks

#### RESPONSE SAMPLES

o 200 Success

```
[
- {
    "id": 0,
    "name": "string"
}
```

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