

MACHINE LEARNING

Q1 to Q11 have only one correct answer. Choose the correct option to answer your question.

1.	Movie Recommendation systems are an example of:
	i) Classification ii) Clustering
	iii) Regression Options:
	a) 2 Only b) 1 and 2
	c) 1 and 3 d) 2 and 3
2.	Sentiment Analysis is an example of:
	i) Regressionii) Classification
	iii) Clustering iv) Reinforcement
	Options: a) 1 Only
	b) 1 and 2
	c) 1 and 3 d) 1, 2 and 4
3.	Can decision trees be used for performing clustering? a) True
	b) False
4.	Which of the following is the most appropriate strategy for data cleaning before performing clustering analysis, given less than desirable number of data points: i) Capping and flooring of variables ii) Removal of outliers
	Options: a) 1 only b) 2 only c) 1 and 2 d) None of the above
5.	What is the minimum no. of variables/ features required to perform clustering?
	a) 0 b) 1
	c) 2 d) 3
6.	For two runs of K-Mean clustering is it expected to get same clustering results? a) Yes
	b) No
7.	Is it possible that Assignment of observations to clusters does not change between successive iterations in K-Means? a) Yes
	b) No
	c) Can't say d) None of these



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- 8. Which of the following can act as possible termination conditions in K-Means?
 - i) For a fixed number of iterations.
 - ii) Assignment of observations to clusters does not change between iterations. Except for cases witha bad local minimum.
 - iii) Centroids do not change between successive iterations.
 - iv) Terminate when RSS falls below a threshold. Options:
 - a) 1, 3 and 4
 - b) 1, 2 and 3
 - c) 1, 2 and 4
 - d) All of the above
- 9. Which of the following algorithms is most sensitive to outliers?
 - a) K-means clustering algorithm
 - b) K-medians clustering algorithm
 - c) K-modes clustering algorithm
 - d) K-medoids clustering algorithm
- 10. How can Clustering (Unsupervised Learning) be used to improve the accuracy of Linear Regression model (Supervised Learning):
 - i) Creating different models for different cluster groups.
 - ii) Creating an input feature for cluster ids as an ordinal variable.
 - iii) Creating an input feature for cluster centroids as a continuous variable.
 - iv) Creating an input feature for cluster size as a continuous variable. Options:
 - a) 1 only
 - b) 2 only
 - c) 3 and 4
 - d) All of the above -
- 11. What could be the possible reason(s) for producing two different dendrograms using agglomerative clustering algorithms for the same dataset?
 - a) Proximity function used
 - b) of data points used
 - c) of variables used
 - d) All of the above

Q12 to Q14 are subjective answers type questions, Answers them in their own words briefly

- 12. Is K sensitive to outliers?
- 13. Why is K means better?
- 14. Is K means a deterministic algorithm?

Ans.12)Yes K is sensitive measure because it will be influenced by outliers since standard diviation is calculated by taking the difference of sample case from the mean,outliers wil effect Standard deviation.

Ans.13)It is ver eas to understand and implement.If we have large no. of variables then,k-means would be faster than Hierachical clustring. You can use the k-means algorithm to maximise the similarity of data points within clusters and minimise the similarity of points in different clusters.

Ans.14)K-mean is a Non-determinic algorithm. This limits their applicabilit in areas such as cancer subtype prediction.