

## ▼ Pandas COVID19 Practice - Solutions - Unibs 2021

In this exercise, we will analyze some public data provided by the "Dipartimento della Protezione Civile". To inform the citizens and give the reached data, useful only to communicate and informate, Dipartimento della Protezione Civile has elaborated a dashboard reachable to the URL <http://arcg.is/C1unv> (desktop version) and <http://arcg.is/081a51> (mobile version) and give to everyone, under the licence CC-BY-4.0, the following infos updated daily at 18.30:

- National evolution data
- json data
- Regional data
- Provincial data
- Summaries
- Areas
- Notes
- Contracts data DPC furnitures
- Metrics

See <https://github.com/pcm-dpc/COVID-19>

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

## ▼ Import pandas package under name pd and print version

```
hint: import ... as, pd.__version__
```

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
print(pd.__version__)
```

```
1.1.5
```

## ▼ Base

### ▼ Download latest COVID19 csv of italian regions from official Italian Civil Protection github and show it

CSV data at: <https://raw.githubusercontent.com/pcm-dpc/COVID-19/master/dati-regioni/dpc-covid19-ita-regioni-latest.csv>

hint: `pd.read_csv, sep=","`

```
url = "https://raw.githubusercontent.com/pcm-dpc/COVID-19/master/dati-regioni/dpc-covid19-ita-regioni-latest.csv"
covid_regions_latest = pd.read_csv(url, sep=",")
```

```
covid_regions_latest
```

	data	stato	codice_regione	denominazione_regione	lat	long	ricoverati_con_sintomi	terapia_inte
0	2021-03-31T17:00:00	ITA	13	Abruzzo	42.351222	13.398438	607	
1	2021-03-31T17:00:00	ITA	17	Basilicata	40.639471	15.805148	170	
2	2021-03-31T17:00:00	ITA	18	Calabria	38.905976	16.594402	389	
3	2021-03-31T17:00:00	ITA	15	Campania	40.839566	14.250850	1587	
4	2021-03-31T17:00:00	ITA	8	Emilia-Romagna	44.494367	11.341721	3427	
5	2021-03-31T17:00:00	ITA	6	Friuli Venezia Giulia	45.649435	13.768136	664	
6	2021-03-31T17:00:00	ITA	12	Lazio	41.892770	12.483667	3044	
7	2021-03-31T17:00:00	ITA	7	Liguria	44.411493	8.932699	642	
8	2021-03-31T17:00:00	ITA	3	Lombardia	45.466794	9.190347	7033	
9	2021-03-31T17:00:00	ITA	11	Marche	43.616760	13.518875	803	
10	2021-03-31T17:00:00	ITA	14	Molise	41.557748	14.659161	63	

<b>11</b>	2021-03-31T17:00:00	ITA	21	P.A. Bolzano	46.499335	11.356624	90
<b>12</b>	2021-03-31T17:00:00	ITA	22	P.A. Trento	46.068935	11.121231	201
<b>13</b>	2021-03-31T17:00:00	ITA	1	Piemonte	45.073274	7.680687	3873
<b>14</b>	2021-03-31T17:00:00	ITA	16	Puglia	41.125596	16.867367	1840
<b>15</b>	2021-03-31T17:00:00	ITA	20	Sardegna	39.215312	9.110616	222
<b>16</b>	2021-03-31T17:00:00	ITA	19	Sicilia	38.115697	13.362357	891

### ▼ Sort columns and show their types

```
31T17:00:00
```

```
hint: df.sort_index, axis=1, inplace=True, df.dtypes
```

```
covid_regions_latest.sort_index(axis=1, inplace=True)
```

```
-----
```

```
covid_regions_latest.dtypes
```

```

casi_da_screening          float64
casi_da_sospetto_diagnostico float64
casi_testati               int64
codice_nuts_1              object
codice_nuts_2              object
codice_regione             int64
data                      object
deceduti                  int64
denominazione_regione     object
dimessi_guariti            int64
```

ingressi_terapia_intensiva	int64
isolamento_domiciliare	int64
lat	float64
long	float64
note	object
note_casi	object
note_test	float64
nuovi_positivi	int64
ricoverati_con_sintomi	int64
stato	object
tamponi	int64
tamponi_test_antigenico_rapido	int64
tamponi_test_molecolare	int64
terapia_intensiva	int64
totale_casi	int64
totale_ospedalizzati	int64
totale_positivi	int64
totale_positivi_test_antigenico_rapido	int64
totale_positivi_test_molecolare	int64
variazione_totale_positivi	int64
dtype:	object

### ▼ Print first and last five rows of the data

hint: `df.head`, `df.tail`

`covid_regions_latest.head()`

	<code>casi_da_screening</code>	<code>casi_da_sospetto_diagnostico</code>	<code>casi_testati</code>	<code>codice_nuts_1</code>	<code>codice_nuts_2</code>	<code>codice_regione</code>
--	--------------------------------	---	---------------------------	----------------------------	----------------------------	-----------------------------

<b>0</b>	NaN	NaN	576469	ITF	ITF1	13
<b>1</b>	NaN	NaN	168149	ITF	ITF5	17
<b>2</b>	NaN	NaN	627407	ITF	ITF6	18

```
covid_regions_latest.tail()
```

**casi\_da\_screening** **casi\_da\_sospetto\_diagnostico** **casi\_testati** **codice\_nuts\_1** **codice\_nuts\_2** **codice\_regione**

### ▼ Print synthetic statistical description of the dataframe (count, min, max, mean, etc.)

hint: `df.describe`

3111

`covid_regions_latest.describe()`

	<b>casi_da_screening</b>	<b>casi_da_sospetto_diagnostico</b>	<b>casi_testati</b>	<b>codice_regione</b>	<b>deceduti</b>	<b>dimessi_guariti</b>	<b>in</b>
<b>count</b>	0.0	0.0	2.100000e+01	21.000000	21.000000	21.000000	
<b>mean</b>	NaN	NaN	1.093538e+06	11.857143	5206.952381	138716.428571	
<b>std</b>	NaN	NaN	1.015114e+06	6.428730	6808.769063	144930.365204	
<b>min</b>	NaN	NaN	5.151400e+04	1.000000	425.000000	7971.000000	
<b>25%</b>	NaN	NaN	3.608490e+05	7.000000	1234.000000	37086.000000	
<b>50%</b>	NaN	NaN	6.100430e+05	12.000000	3307.000000	78350.000000	
<b>75%</b>	NaN	NaN	1.558375e+06	17.000000	5363.000000	227752.000000	
<b>max</b>	NaN	NaN	3.511485e+06	22.000000	30735.000000	608894.000000	

### ▼ Count elements for each column

hint: `df.count`

`covid_regions_latest.count()`

casi_da_screening	0
casi_da_sospetto_diagnostico	0
casi_testati	21
codice_nuts_1	21
codice_nuts_2	21
codice_regione	21
data	21
deceduti	21
denominazione_regione	21
dimessi_guariti	21
ingressi_terapia_intensiva	21
isolamento_domiciliare	21
lat	21
long	21
note	7
note_casi	2
note_test	0
nuovi_positivi	21
ricoverati_con_sintomi	21
stato	21
tamponi	21
tamponi_test_antigenico_rapido	21
tamponi_test_molecolare	21
terapia_intensiva	21
totale_casi	21
totale_ospedalizzati	21
totale_positivi	21
totale_positivi_test_antigenico_rapido	21
totale_positivi_test_molecolare	21
variazione_totale_positivi	21
dtype: int64	

▼ Select only "totale\_positivi" and "nuovi\_positivi" columns

```
hint: df[]
```

```
covid_regions_latest[["totale_positivi", "nuovi_positivi"]]
```



	<b>totale_positivi</b>	<b>nuovi_positivi</b>
<b>0</b>	10132	314
<b>1</b>	4774	149
<b>2</b>	10325	347
<b>3</b>	93117	2016
<b>4</b>	72435	1490
<b>5</b>	15197	644
<b>6</b>	51051	1800
<b>7</b>	7095	383
<b>8</b>	95855	3943
<b>9</b>	9367	807
<b>10</b>	866	17
<b>11</b>	686	120
<b>12</b>	2863	187
<b>13</b>	35059	2298
<b>14</b>	46857	1962
<b>15</b>	14397	444
<b>16</b>	19920	2904
<b>17</b>	28107	1538
<b>18</b>	4806	162
<b>19</b>	902	62
<b>20</b>	38697	2317

Create the new column "precedenti\_positivi" columns using the formula

$precedenti\_positivi = totale\_positivi - nuovi\_positivi$  and show it

hint: `df[] = df[] - df[]`

```
covid_regions_latest["precedenti_positivi"] = (  
    covid_regions_latest.totale_positivi - covid_regions_latest.nuovi_positivi  
)  
covid_regions_latest.precedenti_positivi
```

```
0      9818  
1      4625  
2      9978  
3     91101  
4      70945  
5     14553  
6     49251  
7       6712  
8     91912  
9      8560  
10       849  
11       566  
12      2676  
13     32761  
14     44895  
15     13953  
16     17016  
17     26569  
18      4644  
19       840  
20     36380
```

```
Name: precedenti_positivi, dtype: int64
```

▼ Select only rows from 5 to 7

```
hint: df.loc[]
```

```
covid_regions_latest.loc[5:7]
```

	<b>casi_da_screening</b>	<b>casi_da_sospetto_diagnostico</b>	<b>casi_testati</b>	<b>codice_nuts_1</b>	<b>codice_nuts_2</b>	<b>codice_regione</b>	
<b>5</b>	NaN	NaN	580139	ITH	ITH4	6	20:31T17:
<b>6</b>	NaN	NaN	3421823	ITI	ITI4	12	20:31T17:
<b>7</b>	NaN	NaN	517132	ITC	ITC3	7	20:31T17:

- ▼ Select only "totale\_positivi" and "nuovi\_positivi" columns and only rows from 5 to 7

```
hint: df[], df.loc[]
```

```
covid_regions_latest[["totale_positivi", "nuovi_positivi"]].loc[5:7]
```

	<b>totale_positivi</b>	<b>nuovi_positivi</b>
<b>5</b>	15197	644
<b>6</b>	51051	1800
<b>7</b>	7095	383

- ▼ Set "denominazione\_regione" as index and show it

```
hint: df.set_index, inplace=True
```

```
covid_regions_latest.set_index("denominazione_regione", inplace=True)  
covid_regions_latest
```

g	casi_da_sospetto_diagnostico	casi_testati	codice_nuts_1	codice_nuts_2	codice_regione	data	deceduti	dime
N	NaN	576469	ITF	ITF1	13	2021-03-31T17:00:00	2136	
N	NaN	168149	ITF	ITF5	17	2021-03-31T17:00:00	443	
N	NaN	627407	ITF	ITF6	18	2021-03-31T17:00:00	819	
N	NaN	2438913	ITF	ITF3	15	2021-03-31T17:00:00	5363	
N	NaN	1679293	ITH	ITH5	8	2021-03-31T17:00:00	11917	
N	NaN	580139	ITH	ITH4	6	2021-03-31T17:00:00	3307	
N	NaN	3421823	ITI	ITI4	12	2021-03-31T17:00:00	6644	
N	NaN	517132	ITC	ITC3	7	2021-03-31T17:00:00	3879	
N	NaN	3511485	ITC	ITC4	3	2021-03-31T17:00:00	30735	
N	NaN	610043	ITI	ITI3	11	2021-03-31T17:00:00	2621	
N	NaN	166401	ITF	ITF2	14	2021-03-31T17:00:00	438	

N	NaN	360849	ITH	ITH1	21	2021-03-21 17:00:00	1126
---	-----	--------	-----	------	----	---------------------	------

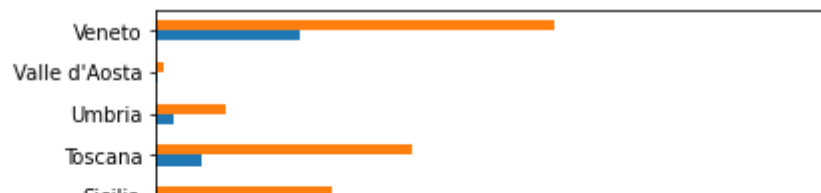
- ▼ Plot horizontal bars of "tamponi\_test\_antigenico\_rapido" and "tampone\_test\_molecolare" columns for each region

```
hint: df[].plot.barh, figsize=()
```

- Figure size of (6,8)

```
covid_regions_latest[
    ["tamponi_test_antigenico_rapido", "tampone_test_molecolare"]
].plot.barh(figsize=(6, 8))
```

<matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f337f3bb6d0>



- Plot horizontal bars of "tamponi\_test\_antigenico\_rapido" and "tamponi\_test\_molecolare" stacked together



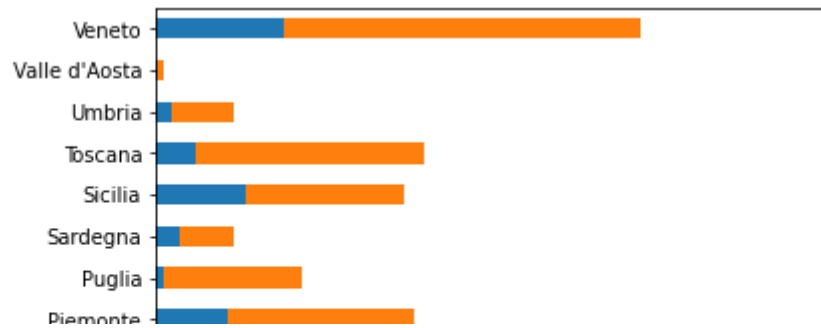
hint: stacked=True



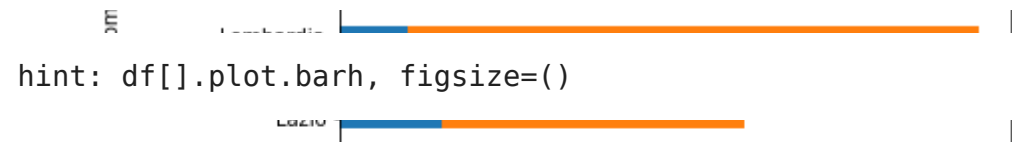
- Figure size of (6,8)



```
ax = covid_regions_latest[
    ["tamponi_test_antigenico_rapido", "tamponi_test_molecolare"]
].plot.barh(figsize=(6, 8), stacked=True)
```



Plot horizontal bars of "tamponi\_test\_antigenico\_rapido" and "tampone\_test\_molecolare" columns for each region in different subplots



hint: `df[[]].plot.barh, figsize=()`

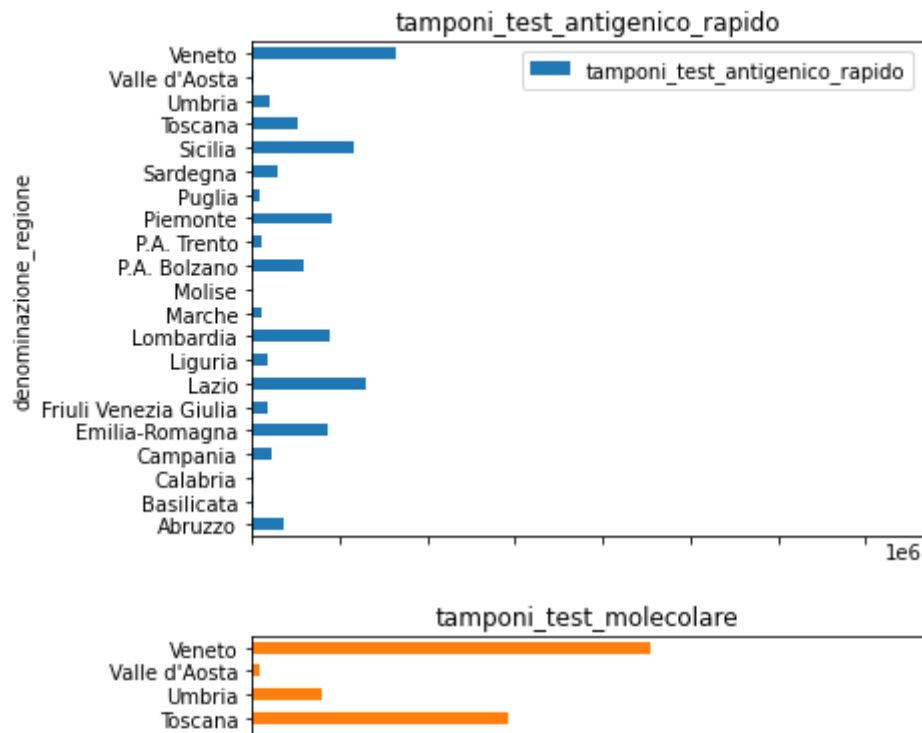
- Figure size of (6,10)



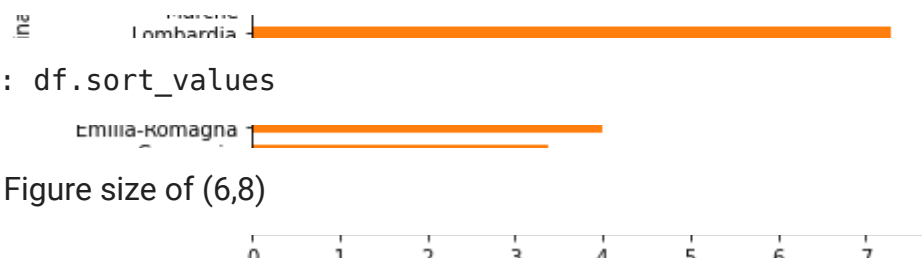
```
covid_regions_latest[
    ["tamponi_test_antigenico_rapido", "tamponi_test_molecolare"]
].plot.barh(figsize=(6, 10), subplots=True)
```



```
array([<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot object at 0x7f337ed1de90>,
      <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot object at 0x7f337ec06ad0>],
      dtype=object)
```



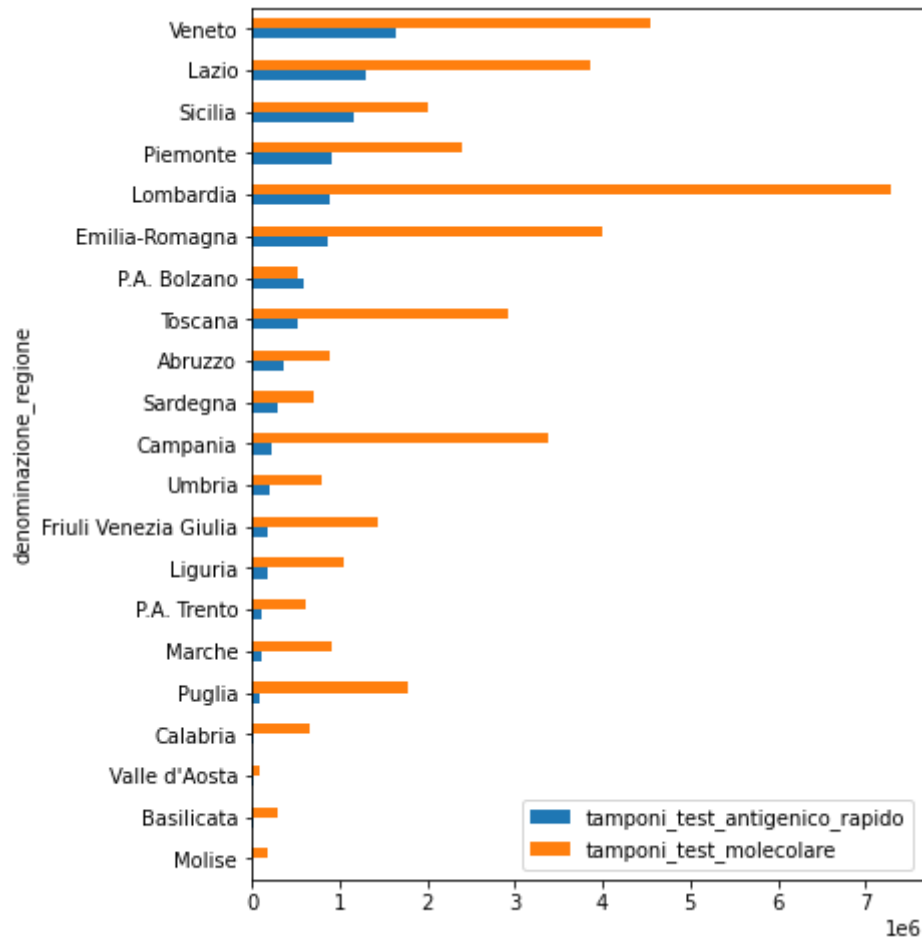
Plot horizontal bars of "tamponi\_test\_antigenico\_rapido" and "tamponi\_test\_molecolare" columns for each region sorting by "tamponi\_test\_antigenico\_rapido" column



- Figure size of (6,8)

```
covid_regions_latest[
    ["tamponi_test_antigenico_rapido", "tamponi_test_molecolare"]
].sort_values("tamponi_test_antigenico_rapido").plot.barh(figsize=(6, 8))
```

<matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f337eb9ced0>



## ▼ Intermediate

- ▼ Plot histograms of "totale\_ospedalizzati", "terapia\_intensiva", "ricoverati\_con\_sintomi", "nuovi\_positivi" in different subplots

hint: `df[].plot.hist, bins=, alpha=`

- Figure size of (10, 6)
- 10 Bins
- Alpha of 0.75

```
covid_regions_latest[
    [
        "totale_ospedalizzati",
        "terapia_intensiva",
        "ricoverati_con_sintomi",
        "nuovi_positivi",
    ]
].plot.hist(figsize=(10, 6), bins=10, alpha=0.5, subplots=True)
```

```
array([<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot object at 0x7f337e992d90>,
      <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot object at 0x7f337e94fed0>,
      <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot object at 0x7f337e99df90>,
      <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot object at 0x7f337e8c85d0>])
```

Plot in pie charts the number of "tamponi\_test\_molecolare" with percentage for each region with exploded slice for

▼ *Lombardia* region



hint: df.index, df[[]].plot.pie, figsize=, autopct="%1.1f%%", pctdistance=, explode=, ylabel=",



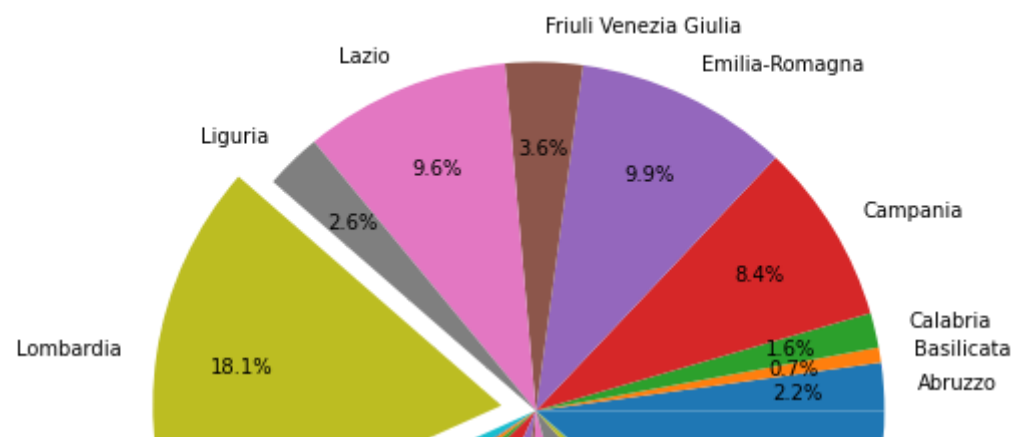
- Figure size of (8,8)
- Explode of 0.1 for Lombardia region
- Distance of the percentage of 0.75



```
explode = [
    0.1 if region == "Lombardia" else 0.0 for region in covid_regions_latest.index
]
```

```
covid_regions_latest.tamponi_test_molecolare.plot.pie(
    figsize=(8, 8), autopct="%1.1f%%", pctdistance=0.75, explode=explode, ylabel=""
)
```

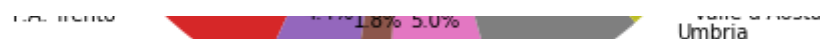
<matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f337e748e50>



▼ Plot hexbin plot of "deceduti" by ("long", "lat) coordinates of regions



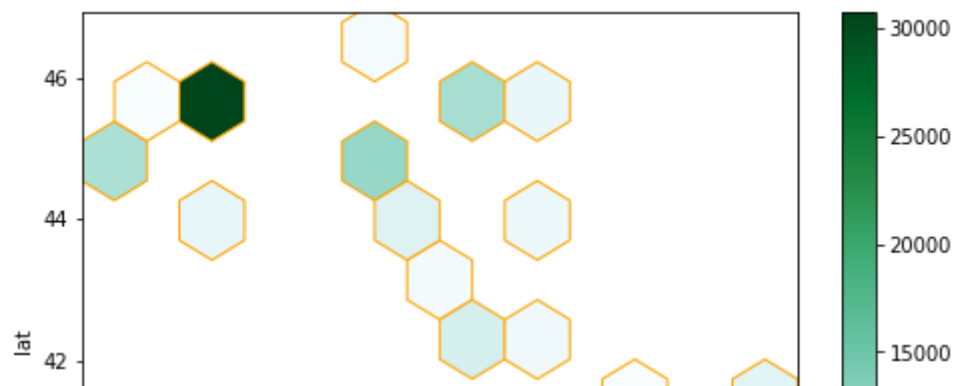
hint: `df.plot.hexbin, x=, y=, C=, edgecolor=, gridsize=`



- Figure size of (8, 6)
- Gridsize of 10

```
covid_regions_latest.plot.hexbin(
    figsize=(8, 6), x="long", y="lat", C="deceduti", edgecolor="orange", gridsize=10
)
```

&lt;matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f337e9e3b10&gt;



Plot scatterplots of "terapia\_intensiva" and "ingressi\_terapia\_intensiva" by ("long", "lat") coordinates of regions both in the same plot

| | | | |

hint: df.plot.scatter, x=, y=, color=, alpha=, s=, label=, ax=, ax.legend

- Figure size of (8, 6)
- Alpha of 0.5
- Legend at the bottom

ZOOM = 3

```
ax = covid_regions_latest.plot.scatter(
    x="long",
    y="lat",
    color="DarkBlue",
    alpha=0.5,
    s=covid_regions_latest.terapia_intensiva * ZOOM,
    label="terapia_intensiva",
)
```

```
covid_regions_latest.plot.scatter(
    figsize=(8, 6),
```

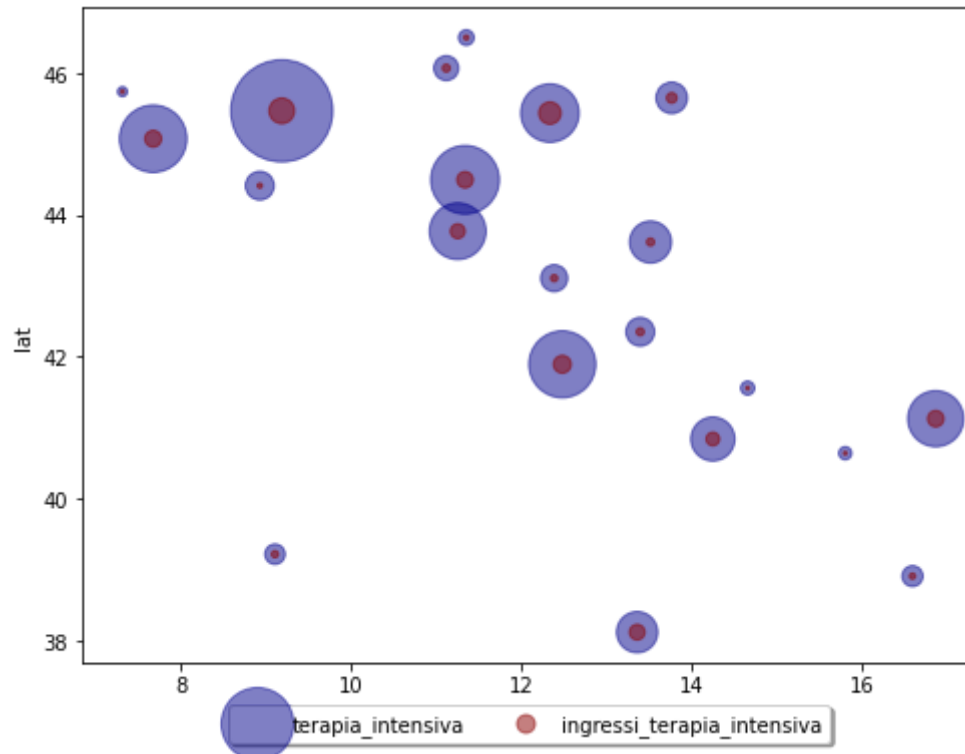
```

x="long",
y="lat",
c="DarkRed",
alpha=0.5,
s=covid_regions_latest.ingressi_terapia_intensiva * ZOOM,
label="ingressi_terapia_intensiva",
ax=ax,
)

ax.legend(
    loc="upper center", bbox_to_anchor=(0.5, -0.05), fancybox=True, shadow=True, ncol=5
)

```

<matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x7f337eae0d90>



▼ Group the regions by color and plot bars of the mean value of "nuovi\_positivi" column

```
hint: pd.Series, df.groupby().mean().plot.bar(), title=, rot=,
```

- Figure size (8, 6)

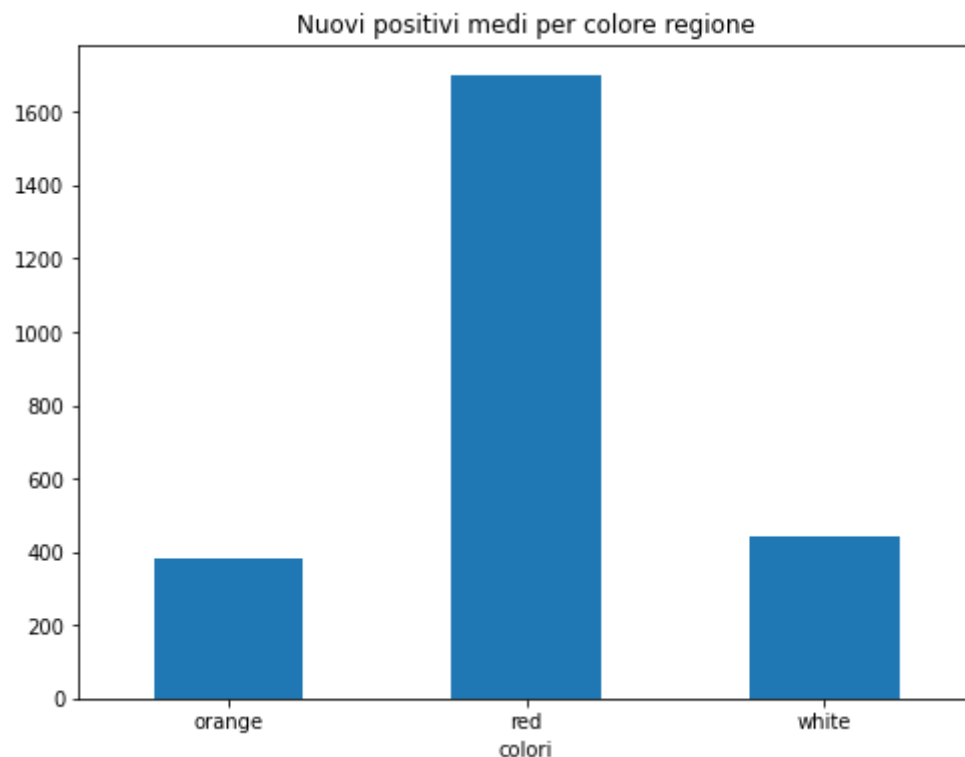
```
regions_colors = {"Abruzzo": "orange", "Basilicata": "orange", "Calabria": "orange", "Campania": "red", "Emilia-Romagna": "red", "Friuli Venezia  
Giulia": "red", "Lazio": "red", "Liguria": "orange", "Lombardia": "red", "Marche": "red", "Molise": "red", "P.A. Bolzano": "orange", "P.A. Trento": "red",  
"Piemonte": "red", "Puglia": "red", "Sardegna": "white", "Sicilia": "red", "Toscana": "orange", "Umbria": "orange", "Valle d'Aosta": "orange", "Veneto":  
"red", }
```

```
regions_colors = {  
    "Abruzzo": "orange",  
    "Basilicata": "orange",  
    "Calabria": "orange",  
    "Campania": "red",  
    "Emilia-Romagna": "red",  
    "Friuli Venezia Giulia": "red",  
    "Lazio": "red",  
    "Liguria": "orange",  
    "Lombardia": "red",  
    "Marche": "red",  
    "Molise": "red",  
    "P.A. Bolzano": "orange",  
    "P.A. Trento": "red",  
    "Piemonte": "red",  
    "Puglia": "red",  
    "Sardegna": "white",  
    "Sicilia": "red",  
    "Toscana": "orange",  
    "Umbria": "orange",  
    "Valle d'Aosta": "orange",  
    "Veneto": "red",  
}  
covid_regions_latest["colori"] = pd.Series(regions_colors)
```



```
covid_regions_latest.groupby("colori")["nuovi_positivi"].mean().plot.bar(
    figsize=(8, 6), title="Nuovi positivi medi per colore regione", rot=0
)
```

<matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f337d533ed0>



▼ Group the regions by color and plot bars of mean *and error* of "nuovi\_positivi" column

- Figure size (8, 6)

hint: `df.groupby().std()`, `yerr=`, `rot=`,

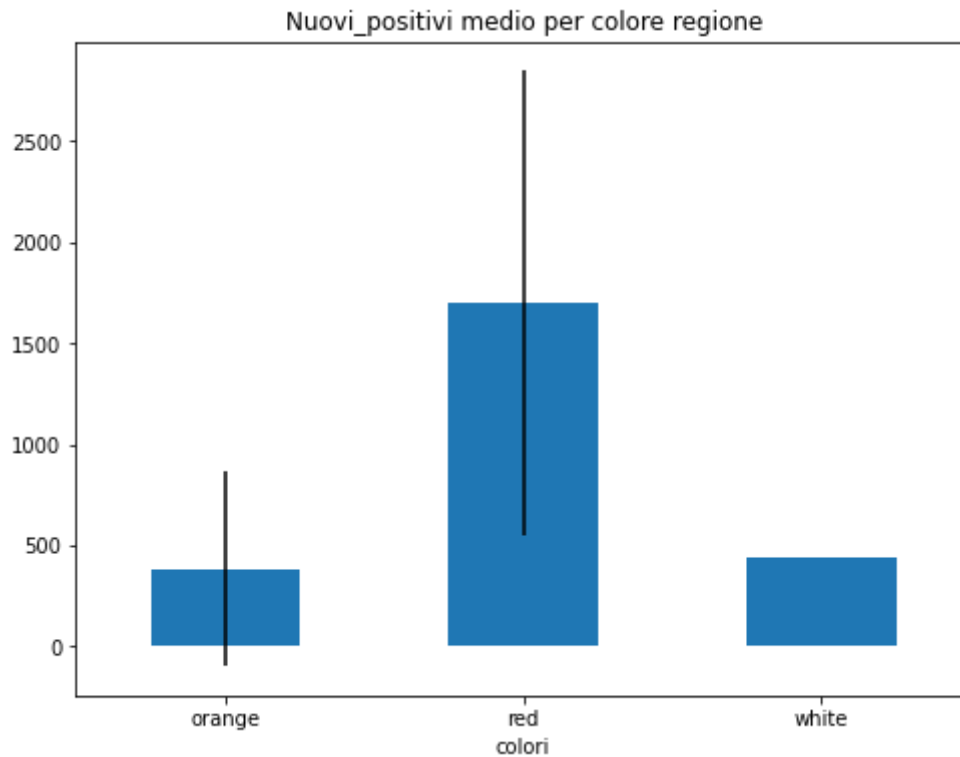
COLUMN "nuovi\_positivi"

```

COLUMN = "nuovi_positivi"
yerr = covid_regions_latest.groupby("colori")[COLUMN].std()
covid_regions_latest.groupby("colori")[COLUMN].mean().plot.bar(
    figsize=(8, 6),
    title=f"{COLUMN.capitalize()} medio per colore regione",
    yerr=yerr,
    rot=0,
)

```

<matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f337d50dfd0>



▼ Group the regions by color and plot a hist of "variazione\_totale\_positivi" using 5 bins

- Figure size (8, 6)

hint: `pd.Series`, `df.groupby().plot.hist()`, `legend=`,

```
covid_regions_latest.groupby("colore")["variazione_totale_positivi"].plot.hist(  
    figsize=(8, 6),  
    title="Istogramma di variazione_totale_positivi per colore regione",  
    alpha=0.5,  
    rot=0,  
    bins=5,  
    legend=True,  
)  
plt.show()
```

