Assisted Practice 11.3: Merge Two Dictionaries

Problem Statement: Write a Python program that takes two dictionaries as the input and merges both the inputs

Objective: In this demonstration, you will learn to work with dictionaries.

Sample input and expected output:

Enter the 1 item for the first dictionary:

Enter the key:

"Name"

Enter the value:

"Ted"

Enter 1 Item for Second Dictionary:

Enter the key:

"Occupation"

Enter the value:

"Architect"

The Two Dictionary Merged Successfully!

The New Dictionary is:

{'Name': 'Ted', 'Occupation': 'Architect'}

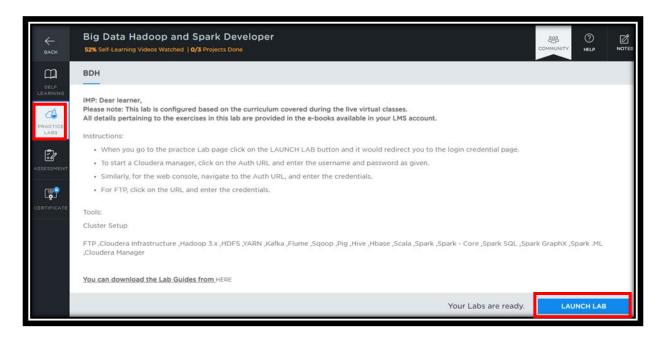
Steps to perform:

Step 1: Log in to your LMS account

Step 2: Open the course "Big data Hadoop and Spark developer"

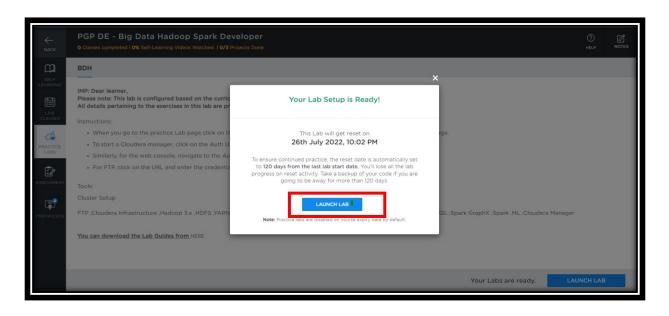
(Note: The course name reflects depending on the program purchased.)

Step 3: On the left side, click on the "**PRACTICE LABS**" tab and click on the "**LAUNCH LAB**" button

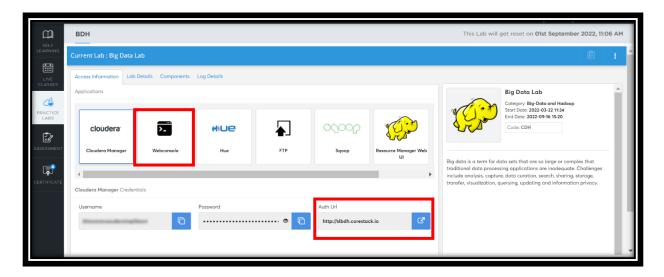


Step 4: Again, click on the "LAUNCH LAB" button





Step 5: Click on "Webconsole" and then click on the "Auth Url"



- **Step 6:** Copy the "**Username**" and the "**Password**" provided to log in to the web console
- **Step 7:** Paste the "**Username**" and the "**Password**" on the console and click on "enter"

Note: The password will not be visible when pasted on the console.

Step 8: Create a file with the name dictionary.py

Command: vi dictionary.py

Step 9: Perform the stated tasks

9.1 Create two empty dictionaries

DictionaryOne = {}

DictionaryTwo = {}

9.2 Take input for the first and second dictionary

```
print("Enter the 1 item for the first dictionary:")
for i in range(1):
    print("Enter the key:")
    dictKey = input()
    print("Enter the value:")
    dictVal = input()
    DictionaryOne.update({dictKey: dictVal})
    print("Enter 1 Item for Second Dictionary: ")
```

```
for i in range(1):
    print("Enter the key:")
    dictKey = input()
    print("Enter the value:")
    dictVal = input()
DictionaryTwo.update({dictKey: dictVal})
```

9.3 Perform the merging operation using the update function DictionaryTwo.update(DictionaryOne) print("\nThe Two Dictionary Merged Successfully!") print("\nThe New Dictionary is:") print(DictionaryTwo)

```
DictionaryOne = {}
DictionaryTwo = \{\}
print("Enter the 1 item for the first dictionary:")
for i in range(1):
 print("Enter the key:")
 dictKey = input()
print("Enter the value:")
 dictVal = input()
 DictionaryOne.update({dictKey: dictVal})
print("Enter 1 Item for Second Dictionary: ")
for i in range(1):
  print("Enter the key:")
  dictKey = input()
 print("Enter the value:")
  dictVal = input()
DictionaryTwo.update({dictKey: dictVal})
DictionaryTwo.update(DictionaryOne)
print("\nThe Two Dictionary Merged Successfully!")
print("\nThe New Dictionary is:")
print(DictionaryTwo)
```

9.4 The above python script is executed using the following command:

Command:

python3 dictionary.py

Sample input and expected output: Enter the 1 item for the first dictionary:

Enter the key:

"Name"

Enter the value:

"Ted"

Enter 1 Item for Second Dictionary:

Enter the key:

"Occupation"

Enter the value:

"Architect"

The Two Dictionary Merged Successfully!

The New Dictionary is:

{'Name': 'Ted', 'Occupation': 'Architect'}

```
[testdemomay1301mailinator@bdh-cluster2-edgenode10 ~]$ python3 dictionary.py
Enter the 1 item for the first dictionary:
Enter the key:
"name"
Enter the value:
"Ted"
Enter 1 Item for Second Dictionary:
Enter the key:
"occupation"
Enter the value:
"architect"
The Two Dictionary Merged Successfully!
The New Dictionary is:
{'"occupation": '"architect"', '"name"': '"Ted"'}
```