Big Data Hadoop and Spark Developer

Lesson-End Project Solution

simplilearn

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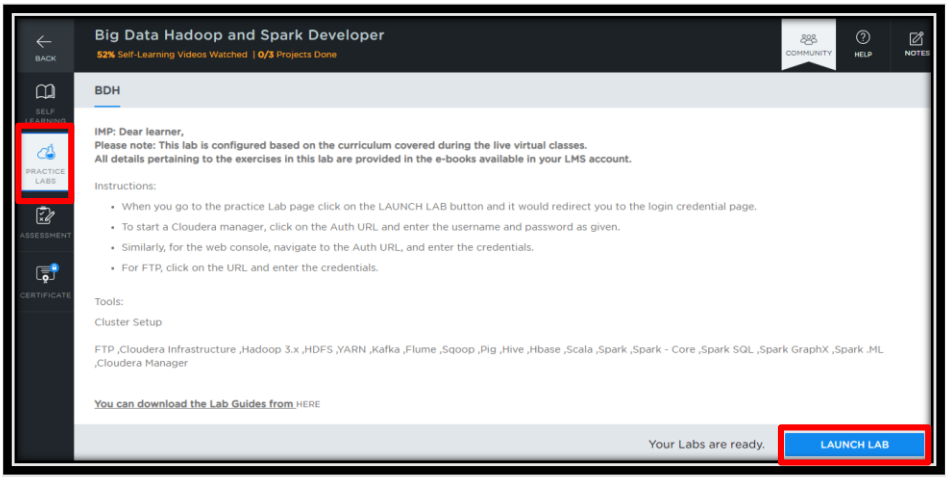
Post Office Data Analysis Using Hive

Steps to Perform:

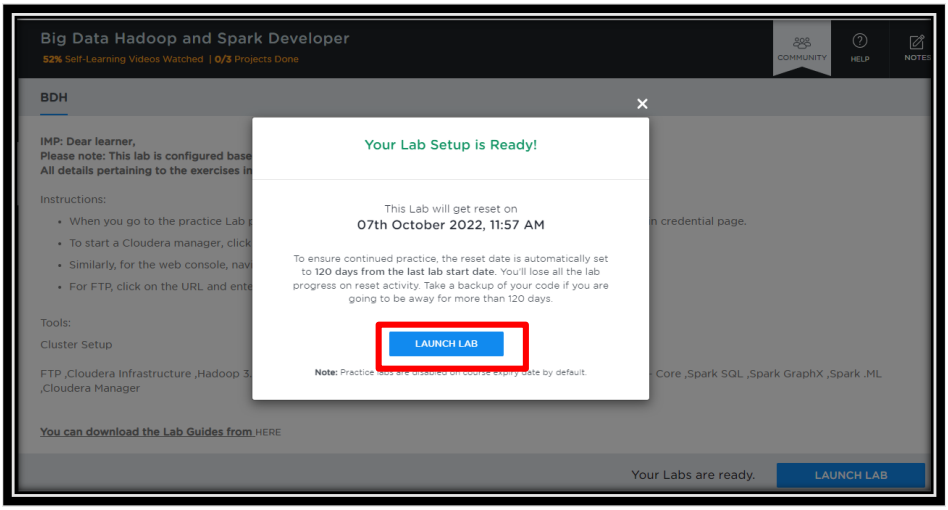
Step 1: Download the lesson 6 dataset from the course resources and upload it to **"HDFS"**

1.1 Open the course "**Big Data Hadoop and Spark Developer**"

1.2 Click on the "**PRACTICE LABS**" tab on the left side and select "**LAUNCH LAB**" on

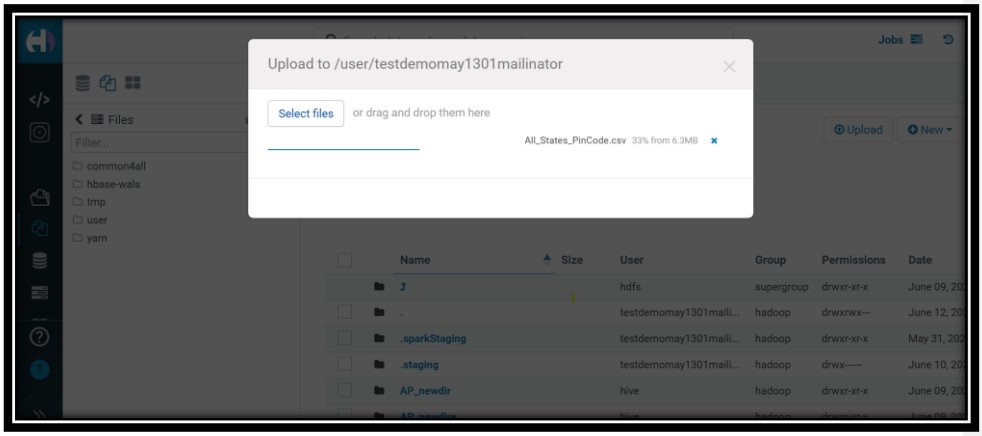


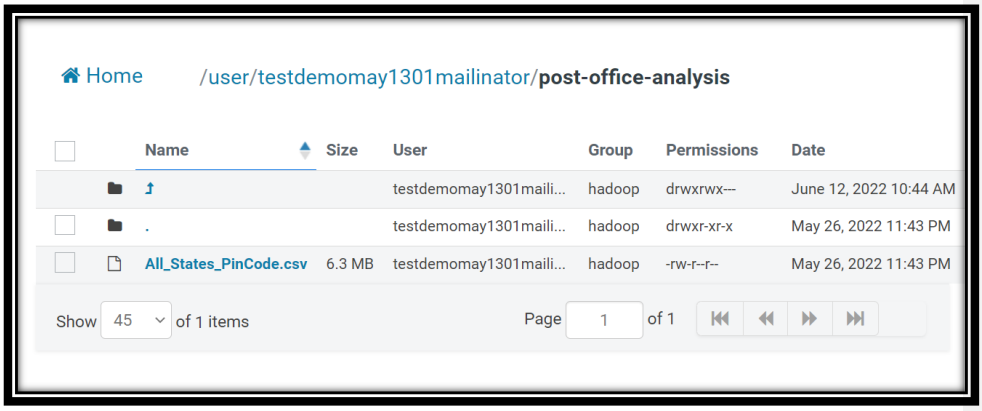
1.3 Click on the "**LAUNCH LAB**" button



1.4 Log in to the **"HUE"** lab

1.5 Click on **"HDFS"** and upload the downloaded dataset

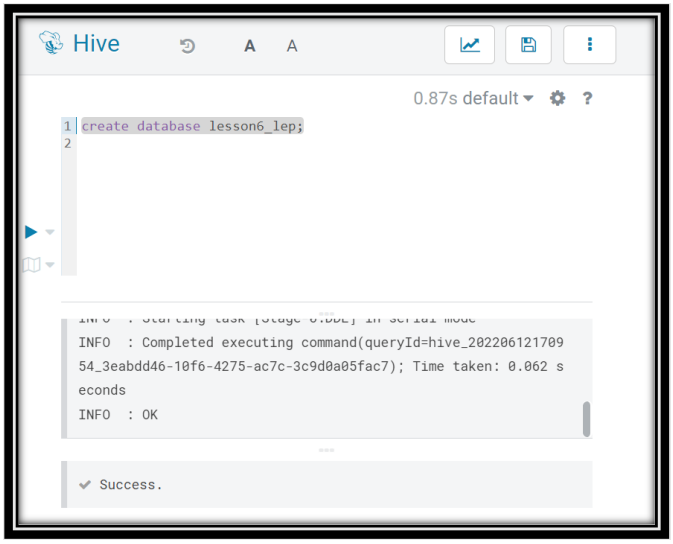




Step 2: Create a table on the Hive editor

2.1 Create a database

Command:
create database lesson6_lep;



2.2 Use the created database

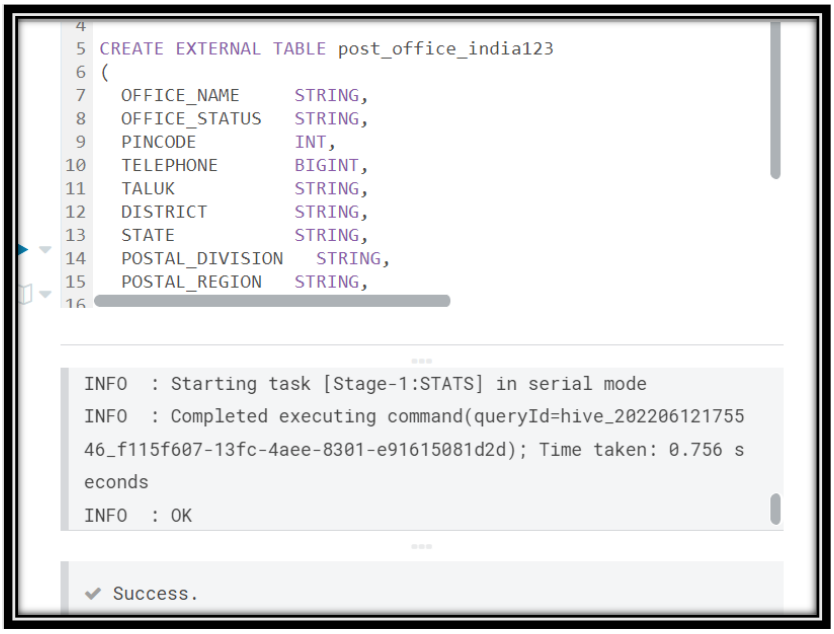
Command:
use lesson6_lep;

2.3 Create the table

Command:

```
CREATE EXTERNAL TABLE post_office_india123
(
        OFFICE_NAME         STRING,
        OFFICE_STATUS       STRING,
        PINCODE             INT,
        TELEPHONE           BIGINT,
        TALUK           STRING,
        DISTRICT        STRING,
        STATE           STRING,
        POSTAL_DIVISION   STRING,
        POSTAL_REGION     STRING,
        POSTAL_CIRCLE       STRING
)
ROW FORMAT DELIMITED
FIELDS TERMINATED BY ','
```

STORED AS TEXTFILE;



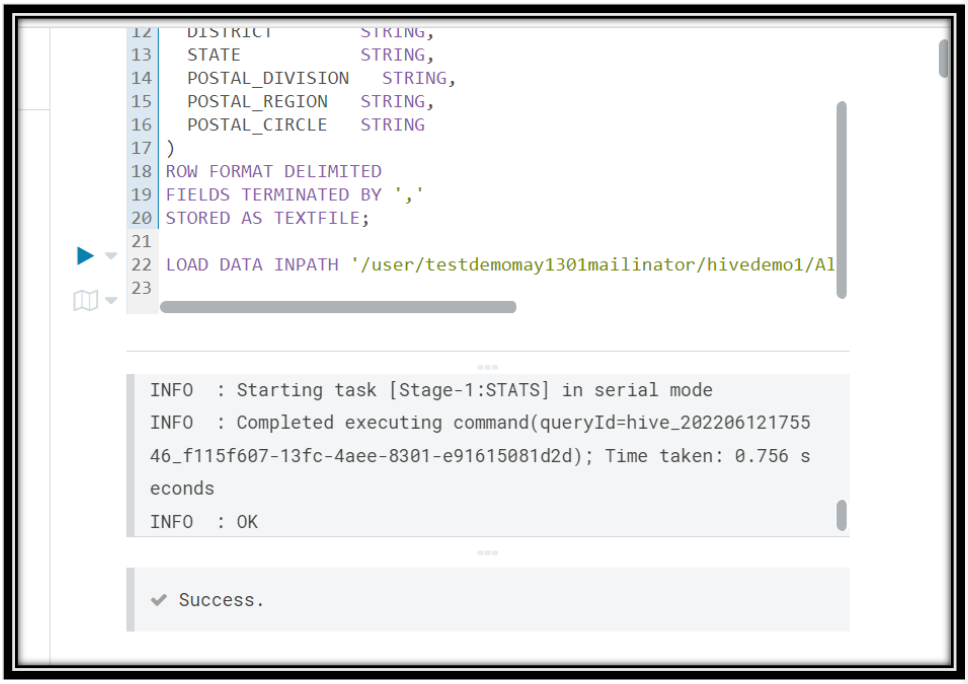
```
CREATE EXTERNAL TABLE post_office_india123
(
  OFFICE_NAME     STRING,
  OFFICE_STATUS   STRING,
  PINCODE         INT,
  TELEPHONE       BIGINT,
  TALUK           STRING,
  DISTRICT        STRING,
  STATE           STRING,
  POSTAL_DIVISION   STRING,
  POSTAL_REGION   STRING,
```

```
INFO  : Starting task [Stage-1:STATS] in serial mode
INFO  : Completed executing command(queryId=hive_202206121755
46_f115f607-13fc-4aee-8301-e91615081d2d); Time taken: 0.756 s
econds
INFO  : OK
```

✔ Success.

2.4 Load the CSV file into the table

Command:
LOAD DATA INPATH '/user/testdemomay1301mailinator/All_States_PinCode.csv'
INTO TABLE post_office_india123;



2.5 Create a partitioned table to fetch data easily

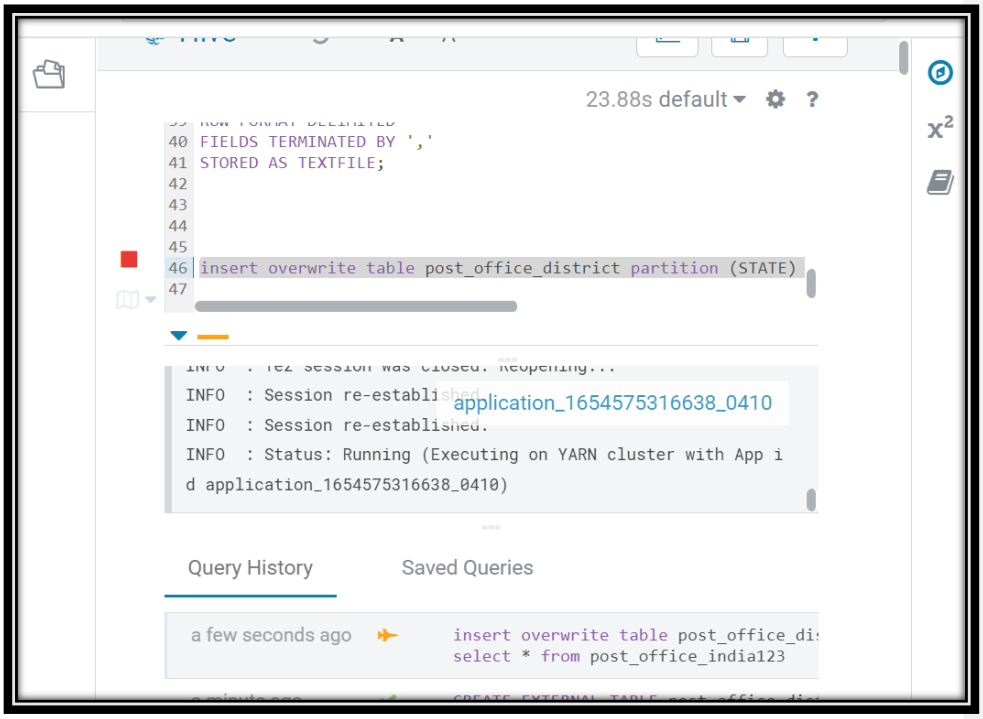
Configure the Hive to support dynamic partition creation and enter the following set commands.

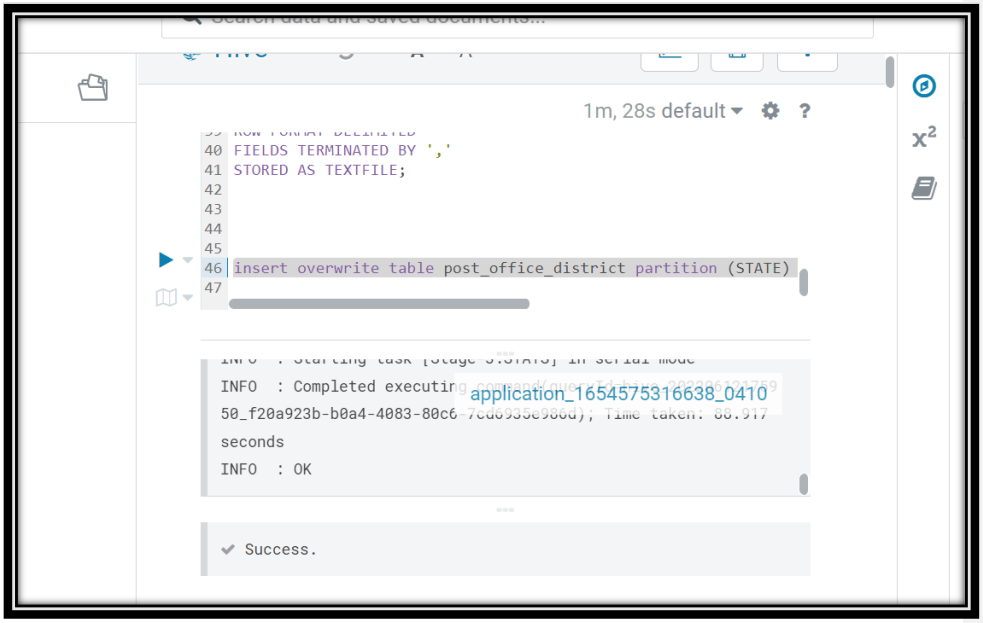
SET hive.exec.dynamic.partition = true;
SET hive.exec.dynamic.partition.mode = nonstrict;

CREATE EXTERNAL TABLE post_office_district (
OFFICE_NAME STRING,
OFFICE_STATUS STRING,
PINCODE INT,
TELEPHONE BIGINT,
TALUK STRING,
DISTRICT STRING,
POSTAL_DIVISION STRING,
POSTAL_REGION STRING,
POSTAL_CIRCLE STRING
)

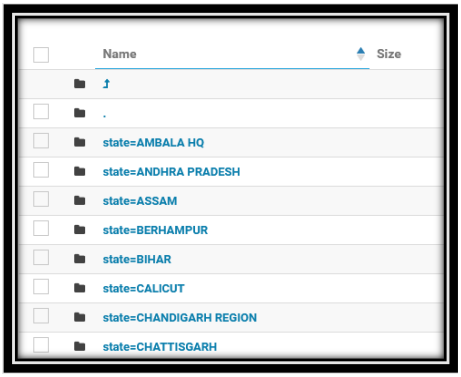
PARTITIONED BY (STATE STRING)
ROW FORMAT DELIMITED
FIELDS TERMINATED BY ','
STORED AS TEXTFILE;

insert overwrite table post_office_district partition (STATE) select * from post_office_india123;


23.88s default
40 FIELDS TERMINATED BY ','
41 STORED AS TEXTFILE;
46 insert overwrite table post_office_district partition (STATE)
INFO : Session re-establi
application_1654575316638_0410
INFO : Session re-established.
INFO : Status: Running (Executing on YARN cluster with App i
d application_1654575316638_0410)
Query History
Saved Queries
a few seconds ago
insert overwrite table post_office_di
select * from post_office_india123

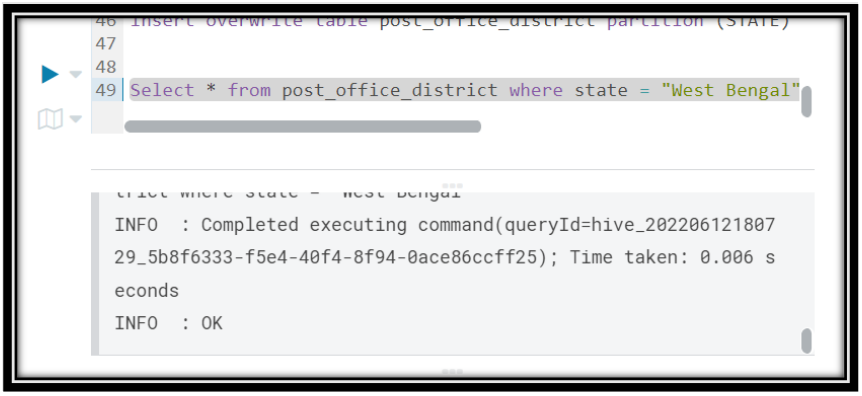

1m, 28s default
40 FIELDS TERMINATED BY ','
41 STORED AS TEXTFILE;
46 insert overwrite table post_office_district partition (STATE)
INFO : Completed executin
application_1654575316638_0410
50_f20a923b-b0a4-4083-80c6
seconds
INFO : OK
Success.

Note: The above command changes the setting only for a single session. This will create multiple partitions in the HDFS directory with each state as a subfolder.



2.7 Run the query where the state is West Bengal

Select * from post_office_district where state = 'West Bengal';



In comparison to the previous runs, which took 30 seconds to complete, this will return the results in seconds.