r)
$$f(A, B, C, D) = \overline{C} + \overline{A}\overline{B} + BD$$
;
 $f(A,B,C,D) = Af(1,B,C,D) + !Af(0,B,C,D)$
 $Af(1,B,C,D) = !C+BD$;
 $!Af(0,B,C,D) = !C + !B + BD$;
 $A!C + ABD + !A!C + !A!B + !ABD$

$$Bf(A,1,C,D) = A!C + AD + !A!C + !AD$$

 $!Bf(A,0,C,D) = A!C + !A!C + !A$
 $AB!C + ABD + !AB!C + !ABD + A!B!C + !A!B!C + !A!B$

Cf(A,B,1,D) = ABD + !ABD + !A!B !Cf(A,B,0,D) = AB + ABD + !AB + !ABD + A!B + !A!B + !A!B ABCD + !ABCD + !A!BC + AB!C + AB!CD + !AB!C + !AB!CD + A!B!C + !A!B!C

Df(A,B,C,1) = ABC + !ABC + !A!BC + AB!C + AB!C + !AB!C + !AB!C + A!B!C + !A!B!C

!Df(A,B,C,0)= !A!BC + AB!C + !AB!C + A!B!C + !A!B!C ABCD + !ABCD + !A!BCD + AB!CD + !AB!CD + A!B!CD + !A!B!CD + !A!BC!D + AB!C!D + !AB!C!D + A!B!C!D + !A!B!C!D

 $F(A,B,C,D) = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 12, 13, 15\}$

| А | В | С | D | F |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |

| 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

$$+!D)(!A + B + C + !D)(A + !B + C + !D)(!A + !B + C + !D)$$

$$F(A,B,C,D) = (A + B + C + D)(A + B + !C + D)(A + B + C + !D)(A +$$

=(A + B + C + D)(A + B + !C + D)(A + B + C + !D)(A + B + !C + D)(A + B + C

| А | В | С | D | F |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

={4;6;7;8;10;11;12;14;15}

3) Задание содержит функцию, представленную в СДНФ, т. е. набором номеров минтермов. Методом Квайна найдите ее сокращенную форму ДНФ. В ответе укажите число простых импликант, из которых состоит сокращенная форма, и число вхождений переменных. Результат проверьте с помощью таблицы истинности.

6) f(A, B, C, D) = (1, 3, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 15);6) f(A, B, C, D) = (0, 1, 4, 7, 10, 13, 15);

a) | ABCD + | ABCD +

AB!C!D + ABC!D + ABCD

<u>!A!BD</u>; <u>!B!CD</u>;

!ACD; !BCD;

BCD;

<mark>A!BD</mark>;

A!BC; AC!D;

ACD;

AB!D;

ABC;

!BD; !BD; CD; CD; A!B; A!B; A!D; AC; AC; AB!D;

F = !BD + CD + A!B + A!D + AC + AB!D

В данном примере сокращенная ДНФ состоит из 6 простых импликант и 13 букв.

Ответ: 6; 13

| A | В | С | D | F |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

ABD

F = !A!B!C + !A!C!D + BCD + ABD + A!BC!D

В данном примере сокращенная ДНФ состоит из 5 простых импликант и 16 букв.

| A | В | С | D | F |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

Ответ: 5; 16

Таблицы истинности совпадают, соответственно задача решена верно