



# The Progressive JavaScript Framework

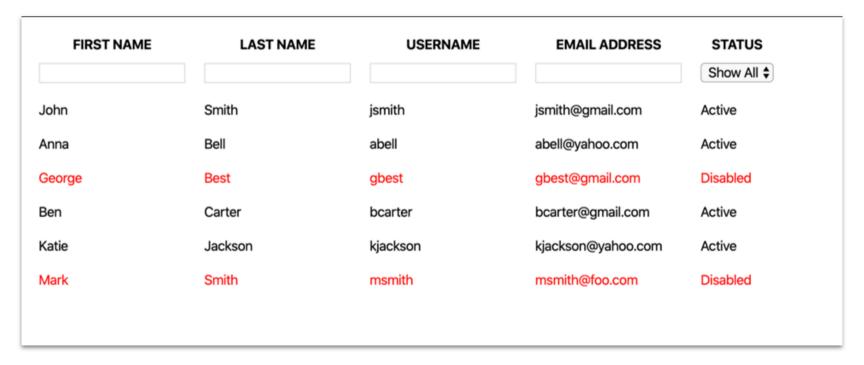




# Module 4-9 Introduction to VUE

- Create new Vue project
- What Component-based JS is
- Encapsulation with components
- v-bind:class to bind data
- v-for for array of JS objects
- Computed properties
- V-model and two-way binding

# How do you build this?



# Vue is a JavaScript Framework

Event Management Easy DOM Manipulation Established Patterns

Integration Points

Reusable Components

Data Binding

URL Management

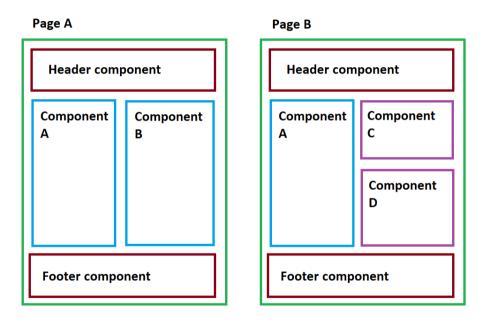
#### Framework

A programming framework is a set of conventions, tools, and/or processes that you agree to follow in order to reap a specific benefit, usually in the form of higher productivity and built-in solutions to common problems in order to cut down on complexity in your application and its development.

# Component Based JS

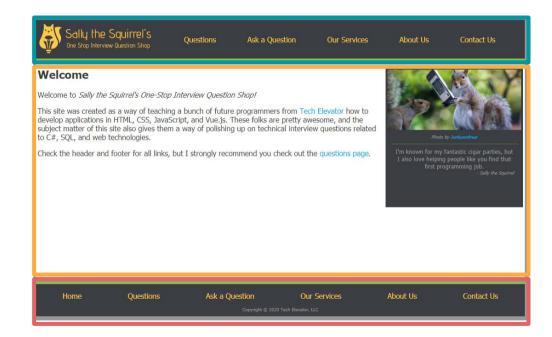
- VUE.js is a component based JS Framework.
- Component based frameworks are very popular now (2020), some other frameworks you might have heard of: React and Angular.
- A component is a reusable piece of code that behaves in a "plug and play" manner, easily incorporated to other parts of the code base.
- Here is some market share data on all the various frameworks:
   https://www.freecodecamp.org/news/complete-guide-for-front-end-developers-javascript-frameworks-2019/

# **Vue Components**



# **Vue Components**





# First, let's create a VUE project!

vue-product-reviews (lower case, use kebab-casing and choose default)

```
/ Dir(s) 18,324,942,848 bytes free

C:\Users\Margaret Green\Workspace>vue create vue-product-reviews

Vue CLI v3.7.0

Update available: 4.5.10

Please pick a preset: default (babel, eslint)

Vue CLI v3.7.0
```

And after a long time

# Open in VSC



node\_modules – contains all the npm packages

# Anatomy of a VUE Component

```
<template>
   <div class="main">
      <h2>Product Reviews for {{ name }}</h2>
      {{ description }}
   </div>
</template>
<style scoped>
div.main {
margin: 1rem 0;
</style>
<script>
export default {
name: 'product-review',
 data() {
  return {
    name: 'Widget',
    description: 'Working as intended.'
</script>
```

A VUE component is made of up of three parts:

- The <template> section which contains HTML code.
- The <style> section which contains CSS code.
- The <script> section which contains JavaScript code.

What the user sees on the screen is defined mostly by the HTML elements created in the template section and any CSS styles applied in the style section.

The behavior of the component is defined by what's in the script section.

# A Review of JS Objects

Recall that a JS Object has a JSON data structure:



- The object itself is enclosed with a set of curly braces.
  - Each property of the object is listed as a key value pair.
- An array is enclosed with square brackets.

# A Review of JS Objects

An objects can have other objects. Note that company has a property called employees which contains an array of "people" objects.

JavaScript objects can also contain functions! This is rare, but it can be done if needed.

# JS Objects in VUE

Within VUE the data function can define a JS object.

```
<script>
export default {
  name: 'product-review',
  data() {
    return {
       name: 'Widget',
       description: 'Working as intended.'
    }
  }
} </script>
```

Note that we are returning a JS object with 2 properties, a name, and a description.

# Displaying Data on the Template

Consider the following code:

```
<script>
export default {
  name: 'product-review',
  data() {
    return {
      name: 'Widget',
      description: 'Working as intended.'
    }
}
</script>
```

The HTML page will render the following:

#### **Product Reviews for Widget**

Working as intended

# Formatting the Template

The <style> section can contain any valid CSS rules. Consider the code below, which applies some formatting to a div with a class name of main (which happens to be the class name on the previous slide):

```
<style scoped>
div.main {
  margin: 1rem 0;
}
</style>
```

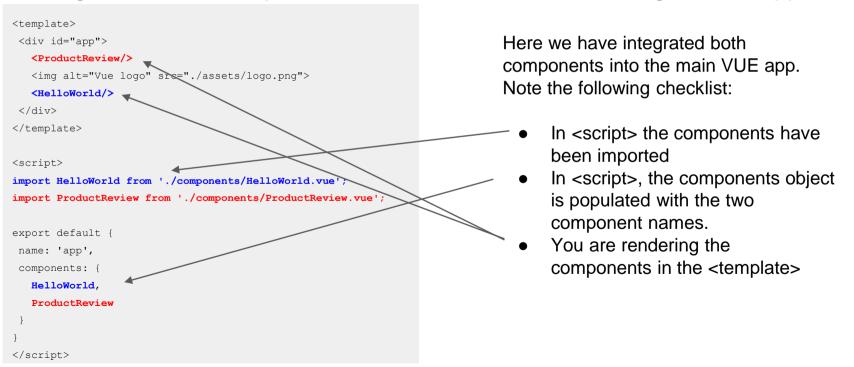
# Let's create a fully functional component

# Integrating All your Components

- The key benefit of using a component based framework is that we can take a bunch of components and bring them together to help us achieve our goal.
- After we've created all necessary components, we can integrate them into the App.vue file.
- Let's assume that the component we just built is called **ProductReview.vue**. Let's also assume that there is another component called **HelloWorld.vue**.
- Our goal is to display both of these components on the same HTML page.

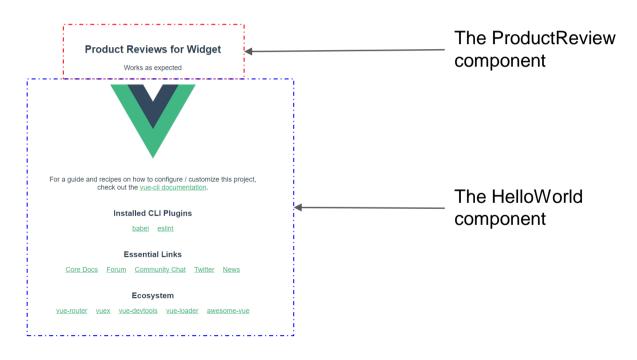
# The App.VUE file:

To integrate the two components, we need to add the following code to App.VUE:



# Integrating All your Components

These are the results of our labor, two fully integrated components:



# Let's update App.vue

#### **VUE-Directives**

Before we get started on data-binding let's introduce several VUE directives.

 A VUE directive is an extra attribute on a HTML element that asks the VUE library to take some kind of action on that element.

- Now we will discuss the following:
  - o **v-for:** (with v-bind): loops
  - v-model: directly associates a DOM element to a chunk of the JSON model.

#### v-for

The v-for directive is used for looping. This operates in a similar manner as for each loop in Java. We want to apply the v-for on the HTML element that is going to repeat!

```
<template>
  <div class="main">
     List of Employees:
     <111>
       {{employee}}} 
     </111>
  </div>
</template>
<script>
export default {
name: 'product-review',
data()
  return
   empList: ['Alice','Bob','Charlie']
</script>
```

#### List of Employees:

- Alice
- Bob
- Charlie

In here, we are looping through an array of Strings, the element will be repeated three times, one for each element on the array.

# v-for: (but with an array of objects)

```
<template>
  <div class="main">
      List of Employees:
      <111>
{{employee.id}} > {{employee.name}}
</111>
  </div>
</template>
<script>
export default {
name: 'product-review',
data() {
  return {
    empList: [
      {id: 1, name: 'Alice'},
      {id: 2, name: 'Bob'},
      {id: 3, name: 'Charlie'}
</script>
```

#### List of Employees:

- 1 > Alice
- 2 > Bob
- 3 > Charlie

In the previous example we had an array of Strings, now we are working with an array of objects, necessitation dot notation, i.e. employee.name

# **Computed Properties**

Computed properties can be thought of as custom fields based on the JSON data model. Computed properties are defined in the script section of a VUE component:

- The way computed properties are defined greatly resemble functions!
- Note that in relation to the data() section, the computed section is a peer (not a descendant) of data.

# **Computed Properties**

We can now refer to these computed properties using the double mustache.

```
<template>
                                                                          <script>
  <div class="main">
                                                                          export default {
      <h2>Product Reviews for {{ name }}</h2>
                                                                           name: 'product-review',
      {{ description }}
                                                                           data() {
      Volume in Imperial Units: {{ volumeImperial *}
                                                                             return {
      Volume in Metric Units: {{ metricUnits }}
                                                                               name: 'Cigar Parties for Dummies',
  </div>
                                                                               description: 'Banned in 50 countries',
</template>
                                                                               volumeImperial: '100'
                                                                           },
                                                                           computed: {
                                                                             metricUnits() {
                                                                                let metricMeasure = this.volumeImperial / 0.061024;
                                                                                return metricMeasure;
                                                                          </script>
```

# A comprehensive example

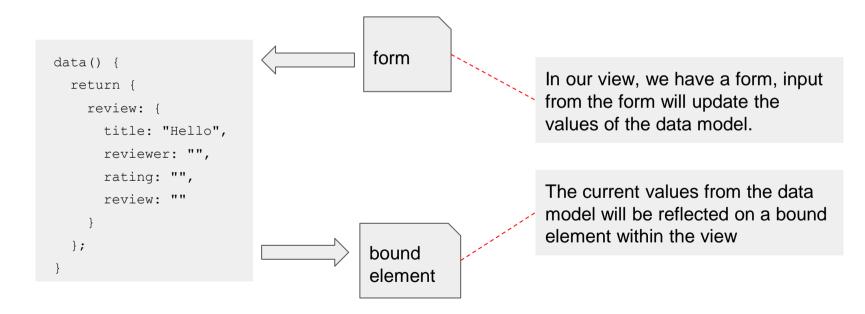
# Data Binding Definition

- Data Binding techniques allow your HTML data-dependent elements to remain synchronized with its data source.
  - Consider the case of a drop-down box on HTML that lists all the Canadian provinces and US states... you could write A LOT of HTML and build this drop-down.
    - Or... you could bind the box to a JSON representation of the data.

 We have already seen plenty of examples for one way data binding where the HTML comment is derived from the JSON object inside the script section.

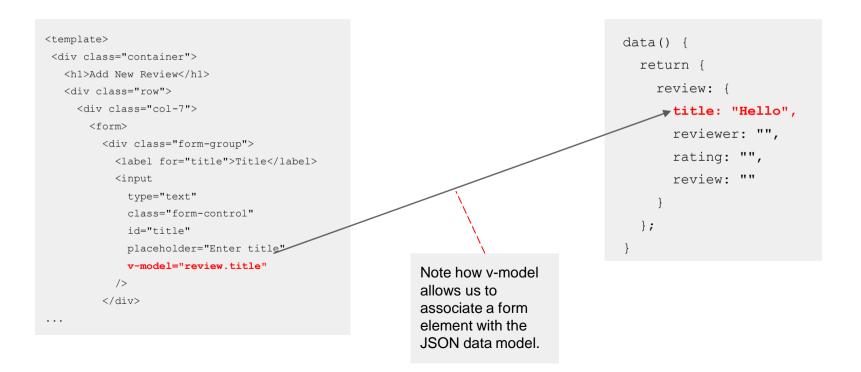
# Two way binding: a visual

Suppose we had the following JSON object:



# Two way binding: v-model

Let's take a look at part of the form that will update the data model first using v-model:



# Two way binding: Bound Elements

We can use a mustache to have an HTML element reflect the value of the data model:

```
<div class="col-5">
data() {
                                                                <h2>Submission</h2>
 return {
                                                               <hr />
   review: {
                                                              >Title: {{ review.title }}
     title: "Hello",
                                                               Reviewer: {{ review.reviewer }}
     reviewer: "",
                                                               Rating: {{ review.rating }}
     rating: "",
                                                               Review: {{ review.review }}
     review: ""
                                                             </div>
                                The value of the
  };
                                JSON object will be
                                properly reflected
                                on the view.
```

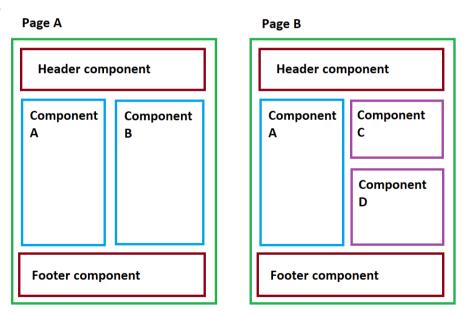
# Recap before finishing out the code

Create new Vue project

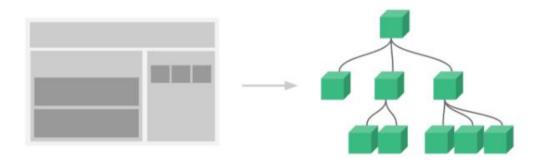
```
M Green@DESKTOP-MAMIL91 MINGW64 ~/workspace/NLR-2/miscFolders/11 Introduction to Vue and Data Binding/le
       cture-student/product-review (master)
       $ vue create demo-code
       Vue CLI v4.5.10
                           New version available 4.5.10 \rightarrow 4.5.13
                                     Run npm i -g @vue/cli to update!
        ? Please pick a preset: (Use arrow keys)
       > Default ([Vue 2] babel, eslint)
                 Default (Vue 3 Preview) ([Vue 3] babel, eslint)
                 Manually select features
                                                                                                                                                                             Ln 17, Col 22 (58 selected) Spaces: 4 UTF-8 CRLF Vue @ Go Live Ø ESLINT 🔊

⟨ vue | ✓ ProductReview.vue | ✓ Product
```

- Create new Vue project
- What Component-based JS is



- Create new Vue project
- What Component-based JS is
- Encapsulation with components



- Create new Vue project
- What Component-based JS is
- Encapsulation with components
- v-bind to bind data

```
<div class="review" v-for="review in reviews" v-bind:key="review.id">
  <h4>{{ review.reviewer }}</h4>
  <div class="rating">
```

```
data() {
                                                                                       <div
                                                                                         class="review"
   name: "Cigar Parties for Dummies",
                                                                                         v-for="review in reviews"
   description:
                                                                                         v-bind:key="review.id"
                                                                                         v-bind:class="{ favorited: review.favorited }"
      "Host and plan the perfect cigar party for all of your squierrely friends.",
   reviews:
       reviewer: "Malcolm Gladwell",
       title: "What a book!",
       review:
         "It certainly was a book, I mean, I can see that. Pages and everything",
       rating: 3,
      },
                                                                                                                                         37
```

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```
<div class="review" v-for="review in reviews" v-bind:key="review.id">
  <h4>{{ review.reviewer }}</h4>
  <div class="rating">
```

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```
},
computed: {
  averageRating() {
    // use reduce to get total of all the ratings
    let sum = this.reviews.reduce((currentSum, review) => {
      return currentSum + review.rating;
    }, 0);
    return sum / this.reviews.length;
},
```

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```
Favorite? <input type="checkbox" v-model="review.favorited"/>
```