

## NIVEAU TERMINALE & BAC ABCD

### EPREUVE : Anglais

#### **Compétences à évaluer**

**CD N° 2** : Réagir de façon précise et appropriée à un texte lu

**CD N°3**: Produire des textes de type et de fonctions variés

#### **I- Réaction à un message écrit**

##### **A-Contexte**

Le surpoids est actuellement considéré comme un des problèmes de santé publique majeurs de nos sociétés, au point où l'on parle d'une « véritable épidémie d'obésité.

##### **B- Support:**

##### **Text**

1- “The lifestyles of teenagers today could be destroying their health later in life.”, warn doctors. The British Medical Association describes their obesity, binge drinking, and promiscuity as a “potential public health time-bomb”.

2- Although shisha usage was once associated with community groups whose culture or religion prohibits the use of alcohol, it has recently emerged as a fashionable social pastime popular with students and young people and now has the makings of a serious public health problem in the UK and worldwide.

3-The number of children with weight problems has doubled in the last decades. Now, nearly one in five 15 year-old classes are obese. Alcohol consumption among the young is also on the rise. Six out of ten 16 to 24-years old admit not using condoms , so the rate of certain sexually transmitted diseases is soaring among this age group. A quarter of 15-year-olds are regular smokers

4-Vivienne Nathanson, the BMA's Head of Science and Ethics said: “Young people in Britain are increasingly likely to be overweight, indulge in binge drinking, have a sexually transmitted infection and suffer mental health problems. “It is high time we provided education and healthcare services that target the specific needs of young people.” “We need to ensure that young people do not fall in between the gap between services for children and those designed for adult.” Said Dr Russell Viner, from Great Ormond Street Hospital in London.

5-Doctors are already seeing cases of diabetes brought on by poor diet and lack of exercise in children as young as 13. They believe that being obese at this age increases the chance of obesity in adulthood, which is linked to a host of medical problems,

indulging heart disease and cancer.

**Source: www. News bbc. Monday 8 December 2003 (Adapted)**

**C-Critères d'évaluation : Après avoir lu le texte, tu montreras que tu l'as compris en**

- Reconnaissant certains de ses détails
- Répondant aux questions de façon approfondie,
- Prouvant ta maîtrise du vocabulaire ;
- Traduisant un passage en français ;
- Prouvant ta maîtrise de la grammaire Anglaise

**D-Tâches:**

**Item 1: Answer the questions by Right or Wrong.**

- 1- Youth's lifestyle today, may be harmful to their future life.
- 2- Young people are using shishia in the UK since they are forbidden to drink alcohol.
- 3- Fewer people are facing weight problems during the past ten years..
- 4- Young people any educational and healthcare services.
- 5- Teenagers can suffer from diabetes.

**Item 2: Answer the following questions on the text.**

- 1- Why do the youths use shishia?
- 2- Cite three lifestyles that are harmful to health in the text..
- 3- What are the possible causes of childhood diabetes?

**Item 3: Find in the text words or group of words meaning almost the same as the following ones:**

- 1- Damaging (Paragraph 1)
- 2- Hobby. (Paragraph 2)
- 3- The increase. (Paragraph 3)
- 4- Supplied. (Paragraph 4)
- 5- A great number of (Paragraph 5).

**Item 4: Translate the last paragraph of the text into French.**

**From :** " Doctors are already seeing... " down to " .....heart disease and cancer "

**Item 5: Rephrase the sentences below with the prompts given. Don't change their meaning.**

- 1- The doctor didn't teach the children the good lifestyle.  
I wish the doctor.....
- 2- Unless doctors address efficiently the issue, children will carry poor health in adulthood.  
If.....

- 3- The teens were obese and the doctors started sensitizing them.  
If the.....
- 4- The young man will start exercising and his diabetes risks will decrease.  
As soon as.....
- 5- This teenager changed his food habits and his health improved just after.  
No sooner.....

## **II- PRODUIRE DES TEXTES DE TYPE ET DE FONCTIONS VARIES**

### **A- Contexte**

Les problèmes de santé auxquels nous sommes confrontés ont des causes non seulement cliniques mais aussi et surtout liées à notre mode de vie.

### **B- Critères d'évaluation**

Tu montreras ta compétence à produire un texte explicatif en Anglais en :

- respectant le contexte, le type de texte et sa logique interne ;
- construisant des phrases significatives et grammaticalement correctes ;
- utilisant le vocabulaire, l'orthographe et la ponctuation appropriés.

### **C- Tâches**

### **Writing :**

What lifestyle(s) do you personally adopt to avoid health problems today and mainly in the future ?  
( Not more than twenty lines)

***THE END***  
***HAPPY TIME***