

HHS2000

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 04.09.2024
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SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

Product name : HHS2000

Product code : 0893 106

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company : Wurth Australia Pty. Ltd.

Address : Building 5, 43 - 63 Princes Highway
Dandenong South, VIC 3175

Telephone : +61 3 8788 1111

Emergency telephone number : 1300 657 765. Advisory office in case of poisoning - National
Poisons Centre: 131 126

E-mail address : product@wurth.com.au

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on useRecommended use :
Lubricant

Restrictions on use : Not applicable

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**GHS Classification**

Aerosols : Category 1

Skin corrosion/irritation : Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity - : Category 3
single exposure**GHS label elements**

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.
H229 Pressurised container: May burst if heated.
H315 Causes skin irritation.

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H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements

:

Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P261 Avoid breathing spray.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves.

Response:

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell.

P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Storage:

P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

P410 + P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/ 122 °F.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture

: Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Isobutane	75-28-5	≥ 60 - ≤ 100
Residual oils (petroleum), hydrotreated	64742-57-0	≥ 10 - < 30
Propane	74-98-6	< 10
Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane	92128-66-0	≥ 1 - < 10
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	64742-49-0	≥ 1 - < 10
Butane	106-97-8	< 10

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Alternative CAS Numbers for some regions

Chemical name	Alternative CAS Number(s)
Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane	64742-49-0

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

- General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.
When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.
- If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.
Get medical attention.
- In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes.
Get medical attention.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.
- In case of eye contact : Flush eyes with water as a precaution.
Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
- If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.
Get medical attention.
Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.
- Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : Causes skin irritation.
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).
- Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

- Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO₂)
Dry chemical
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : High volume water jet

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- Specific hazards during fire-fighting : Flash back possible over considerable distance.
Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.
Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.
If the temperature rises there is danger of the vessels bursting due to the high vapor pressure.
- Hazardous combustion products : Carbon oxides
- Specific extinguishing methods : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
Evacuate area.
- Special protective equipment for firefighters : In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
Use personal protective equipment.
- Hazchem Code : 2YE

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

- Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : Remove all sources of ignition.
Use personal protective equipment.
Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).
- Environmental precautions : Avoid release to the environment.
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).
Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
- Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up : Non-sparking tools should be used.
Soak up with inert absorbent material.
Suppress (knock down) gases/vapours/mists with a water spray jet.
For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.
Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to deter-

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mine which regulations are applicable.
Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding
certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

- | | | |
|-----------------------------|---|--|
| Technical measures | : | See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section. |
| Local/Total ventilation | : | If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.
If advised by assessment of the local exposure potential, use only in an area equipped with explosion-proof exhaust ventilation. |
| Advice on safe handling | : | Do not get on skin or clothing.
Avoid breathing spray.
Do not swallow.
Avoid contact with eyes.
Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment
Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.
Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. |
| Hygiene measures | : | If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. |
| Conditions for safe storage | : | Store locked up.
Keep tightly closed.
Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place.
Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.
Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
Keep cool. Protect from sunlight. |
| Materials to avoid | : | Do not store with the following product types:
Self-reactive substances and mixtures
Organic peroxides
Oxidizing agents
Flammable liquids
Pyrophoric liquids
Pyrophoric solids
Self-heating substances and mixtures
Explosives |

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Recommended storage temperature : > 0 - < 40 °C

Storage period : 24 Months

Further information on storage stability : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**Components with workplace control parameters**

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Isobutane	75-28-5	STEL	1,000 ppm	ACGIH
Residual oils (petroleum), hydrotreated	64742-57-0	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m ³	AU OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m ³	ACGIH
Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane	92128-66-0	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m ³	AU OEL
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	64742-49-0	STEL	500 ppm 2,050 mg/m ³	AU OEL
		TWA	400 ppm 1,640 mg/m ³	AU OEL
		TWA	400 ppm	ACGIH
		STEL	500 ppm	ACGIH
Butane	106-97-8	TWA	800 ppm 1,900 mg/m ³	AU OEL
		STEL	1,000 ppm	ACGIH

Engineering measures : Minimize workplace exposure concentrations.
If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.
If advised by assessment of the local exposure potential, use only in an area equipped with explosion-proof exhaust ventilation.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type : Self-contained breathing apparatus

Hand protection

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Material : Nitrile rubber
Break through time : 480 min
Glove thickness : 0.45 mm

Remarks : Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending on the concentration and quantity of the hazardous substance and specific to place of work. For special applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective gloves with the glove manufacturer. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Eye protection : Wear the following personal protective equipment:
Safety glasses

Skin and body protection : Select appropriate protective clothing based on chemical resistance data and an assessment of the local exposure potential.
Wear the following personal protective equipment:
If assessment demonstrates that there is a risk of explosive atmospheres or flash fires, use flame retardant antistatic protective clothing.
Skin contact must be avoided by using impervious protective clothing (gloves, aprons, boots, etc).

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : Aerosol containing a liquefied gas

Propellant : Isobutane, Propane, Butane

Colour : brown

Odour : characteristic

Odour Threshold : No data available

pH : substance/mixture is non-soluble (in water)

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling range : -40 °C

Flash point : Not applicable

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Evaporation rate	:	Not applicable
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Extremely flammable aerosol.
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	15 %(V)
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	1.0 %(V)
Vapour pressure	:	Not applicable
Relative vapour density	:	Not applicable
Density	:	0.829 g/cm ³ (20 °C) Method: DIN 51757
Solubility(ies) Water solubility	:	insoluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	Not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature	:	> 200 °C
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available
Viscosity Viscosity, kinematic	:	> 20.5 mm ² /s (40 °C)
Explosive properties	:	Not explosive
Oxidizing properties	:	The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Particle characteristics Particle size	:	Not applicable

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	:	Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability	:	Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Extremely flammable aerosol. Vapours may form explosive mixture with air. If the temperature rises there is danger of the vessels bursting due to the high vapor pressure. Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid	:	Heat, flames and sparks.

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Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition products : No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Exposure routes : Inhalation
Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:**Isobutane:**

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Mouse): 260200 ppm
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: gas

Residual oils (petroleum), hydrotreated:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.53 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Propane:

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 800000 ppm
Exposure time: 15 min
Test atmosphere: gas

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 25.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

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Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,840 mg/kg
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 23.3 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,800 mg/kg
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Butane:

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 658 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Components:**Residual oils (petroleum), hydrotreated:**

Species : Rabbit
Result : No skin irritation

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane:

Species : Rabbit
Method : OECD Test Guideline 404
Result : Skin irritation

Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics:

Species : Rabbit
Result : Skin irritation
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:**Residual oils (petroleum), hydrotreated:**

Species : Rabbit
Result : No eye irritation

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Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane:

Species	: Rabbit
Result	: No eye irritation

Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics:

Species	: Rabbit
Result	: No eye irritation
Remarks	: Based on data from similar materials

Respiratory or skin sensitisation**Skin sensitisation**

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:**Residual oils (petroleum), hydrotreated:**

Test Type	: Maximisation Test
Exposure routes	: Skin contact
Species	: Guinea pig
Result	: negative

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane:

Test Type	: Buehler Test
Exposure routes	: Skin contact
Species	: Guinea pig
Result	: negative

Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics:

Test Type	: Maximisation Test
Exposure routes	: Skin contact
Species	: Guinea pig
Result	: negative
Remarks	: Based on data from similar materials

Chronic toxicity**Germ cell mutagenicity**

Not classified based on available information.

Components:**Isobutane:**

Genotoxicity in vitro	: Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
	Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
	Result: negative
	Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

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Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (gas)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Residual oils (petroleum), hydrotreated:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Result: negative

Propane:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (gas)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Result: negative

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (vapour)
Method: OPPTS 870.5395
Result: negative

Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

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Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Butane:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (gas)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:**Residual oils (petroleum), hydrotreated:**

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Skin contact
Exposure time : 78 weeks
Result : negative

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane:

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Skin contact
Exposure time : 102 weeks
Result : negative

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:**Isobutane:**

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: Inhalation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
Result: negative

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Effects on foetal development : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (gas)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
Result: negative

Residual oils (petroleum), hydrotreated:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Reproduction/Developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 421
Result: negative

Effects on foetal development : Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Skin contact
Result: negative

Propane:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (gas)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
Result: negative

Effects on foetal development : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (gas)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
Result: negative

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (vapour)
Result: negative

Effects on foetal development : Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (vapour)
Result: negative

Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat

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Application Route: inhalation (vapour)
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal development : Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (vapour)
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Butane:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (gas)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
Result: negative

Effects on foetal development : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
Application Route: inhalation (gas)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
Result: negative

STOT - single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Components:**Isobutane:**

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Propane:

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane:

||Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics:

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Butane:

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT - repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

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Repeated dose toxicity**Components:****Isobutane:**

Species	: Rat
NOAEL	: 9000 ppm
Application Route	: inhalation (gas)
Exposure time	: 6 Weeks
Method	: OECD Test Guideline 422

Residual oils (petroleum), hydrotreated:

Species	: Rat
NOAEL	: > 2,000 mg/kg
Application Route	: Skin contact
Exposure time	: 13 Weeks
Method	: OECD Test Guideline 411

Propane:

Species	: Rat
NOAEL	: 7.214 mg/l
Application Route	: inhalation (gas)
Exposure time	: 6 Weeks
Method	: OECD Test Guideline 422

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane:

Species	: Rat
NOAEL	: > 20 mg/l
Application Route	: inhalation (vapour)
Exposure time	: 13 Weeks

Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics:

Species	: Rat
NOAEL	: 12.47 mg/l
Application Route	: Inhalation
Exposure time	: 90 Days
Remarks	: Based on data from similar materials

Butane:

Species	: Rat
NOAEL	: 9000 ppm
Application Route	: inhalation (gas)
Exposure time	: 6 Weeks
Method	: OECD Test Guideline 422

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

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Components:**Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane:**

|| The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics:

The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**Ecotoxicity****Components:****Residual oils (petroleum), hydrotreated:**

Toxicity to fish	:	LL50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 10,000 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	NOEL (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane:

Toxicity to fish	:	LL50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 8.2 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 4.5 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 3.1 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
		NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.5

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mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : NOELR (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 2.6 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics:

Toxicity to fish : LL50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 13.4 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 3 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : EL50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): > 10 - 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOELR (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 0.1 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.17 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Persistence and degradability**Components:****Isobutane:**

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 100 %
Exposure time: 385.5 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

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Residual oils (petroleum), hydrotreated:

Biodegradability : Result: Inherently biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 31 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

Propane:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 100 %
Exposure time: 385.5 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 77.05 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Butane:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 100 %
Exposure time: 385.5 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Bioaccumulative potential**Components:****Isobutane:**

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 2.8

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 4
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: > 4
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

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Butane:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 2.31

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**Disposal methods**

Waste from residues	: Do not dispose of waste into sewer. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging	: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury and/or death. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product. Please ensure aerosol cans are sprayed completely empty (including propellant)

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**International Regulations****UNRTDG**

UN number	: UN 1950
Proper shipping name	: AEROSOLS
Class	: 2.1
Packing group	: Not assigned by regulation
Labels	: 2.1
Environmentally hazardous	: no

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No.	: UN 1950
Proper shipping name	: Aerosols, flammable
Class	: 2.1
Packing group	: Not assigned by regulation
Labels	: Flammable Gas
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft)	: 203
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft)	: 203

IMDG-Code

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UN number	: UN 1950
Proper shipping name	: AEROSOLS
Class	: 2.1
Packing group	: Not assigned by regulation
Labels	: 2.1
EmS Code	: F-D, S-U
Marine pollutant	: no

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

National Regulations**ADG**

UN number	: UN 1950
Proper shipping name	: AEROSOLS
Class	: 2.1
Packing group	: Not assigned by regulation
Labels	: 2.1
Hazchem Code	: 2YE
Environmentally hazardous	: no

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

Therapeutic Goods (Poisons Standard) Instrument	: No poison schedule number allocated (Please use the original publication to check for specific uses, specific conditions or threshold limits that might apply for this chemical)
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Prohibition/Licensing Requirements	: There is no applicable prohibition, authorisation and restricted use requirements, including for carcinogens referred to in Schedule 10 of the model WHS Act and Regulations.
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Volatile organic compounds	: Directive 2010/75/EU of 24 November 2010 on industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) Volatile organic compounds (VOC) content: 505 g/l
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The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AIIC	: All ingredients listed or exempt.
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SECTION 16: ANY OTHER RELEVANT INFORMATION**Further information**

Revision Date : 10.01.2025

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet : Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agency, <http://echa.europa.eu/>

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

Date format : dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
AU OEL : Australia. Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants.

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average
ACGIH / STEL : Short-term exposure limit
AU OEL / TWA : Exposure standard - time weighted average
AU OEL / STEL : Exposure standard - short term exposure limit

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Sub-

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stances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

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