



# Your business doesn't have technology problems







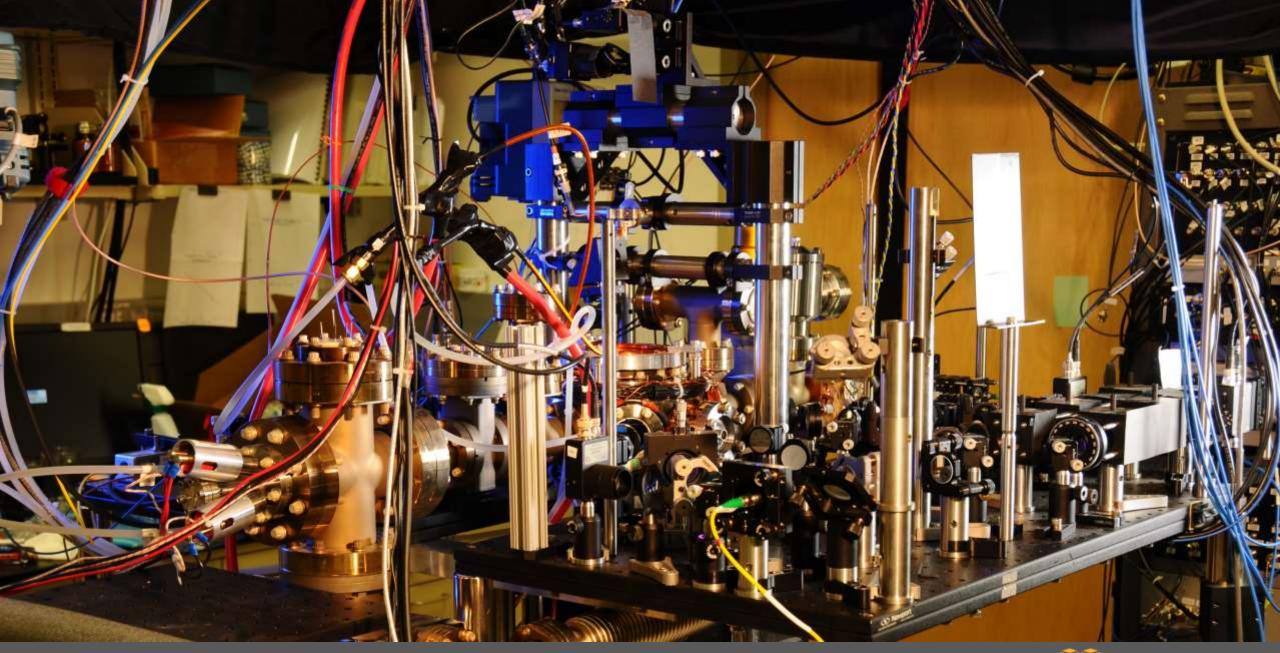
















### You still have problems























Solving Yechnology technology technology technology technology to business s your business s

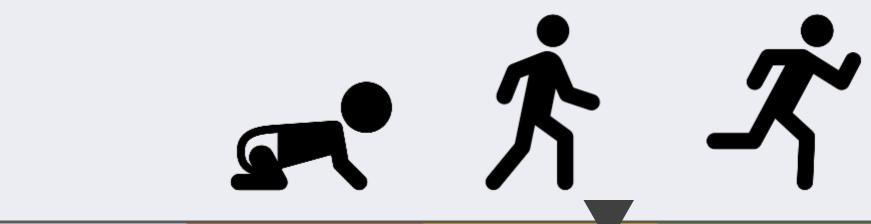




# How much time does IT spend on solving business problems?









20 - 40%

40 - 60%

60 - 80%







# You already know what you should be doing to improve this

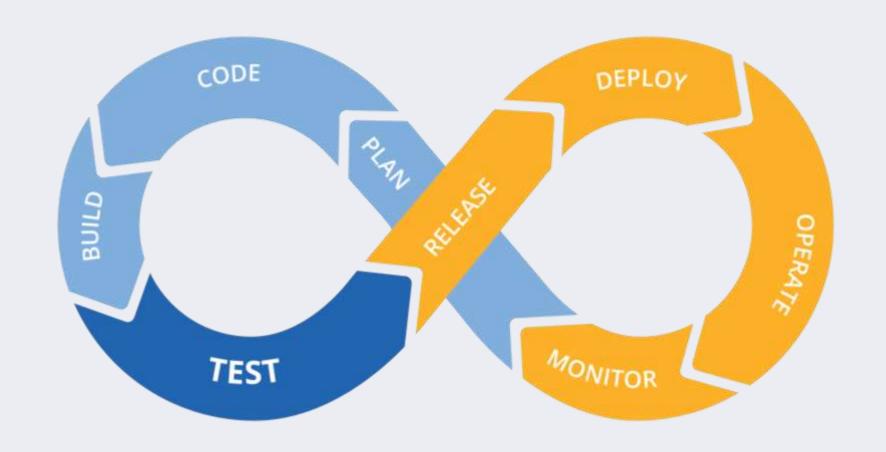




## We have nothing new to say about what you should be doing







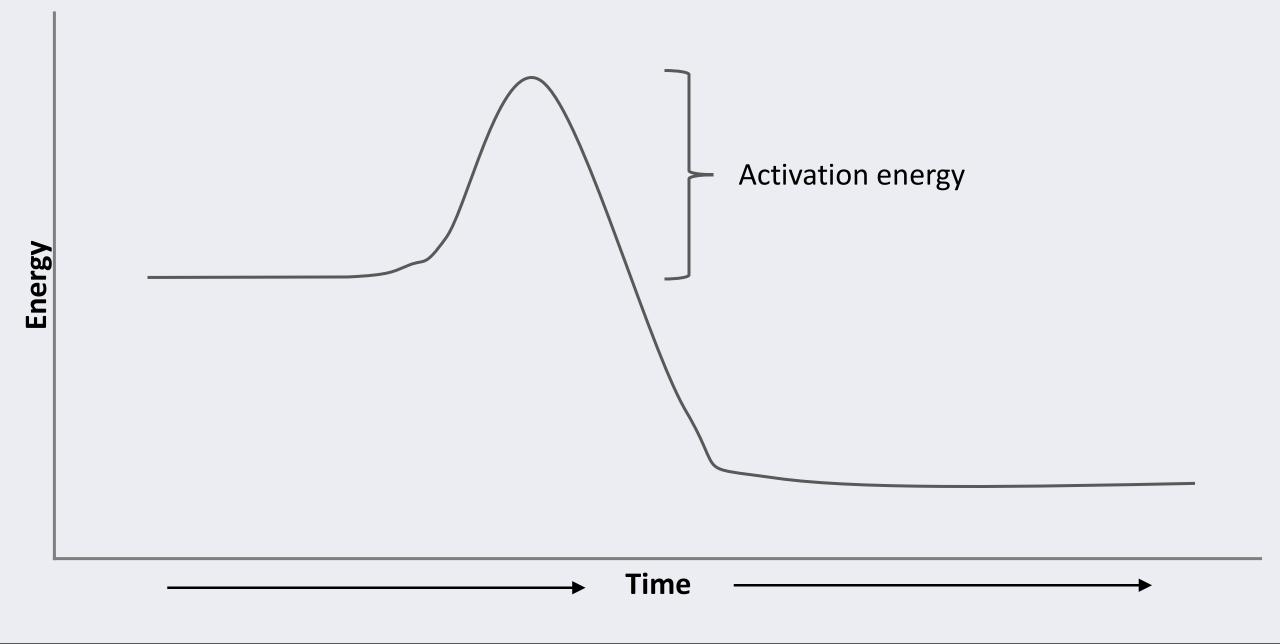




### Why have so few done it?

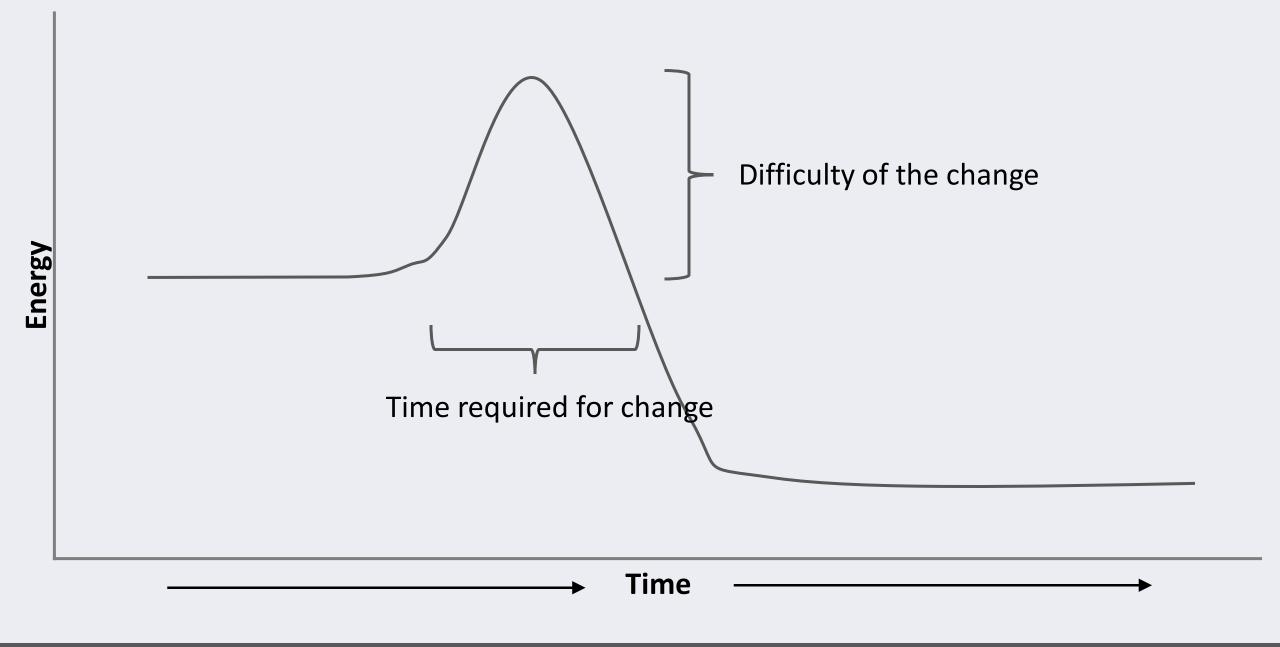






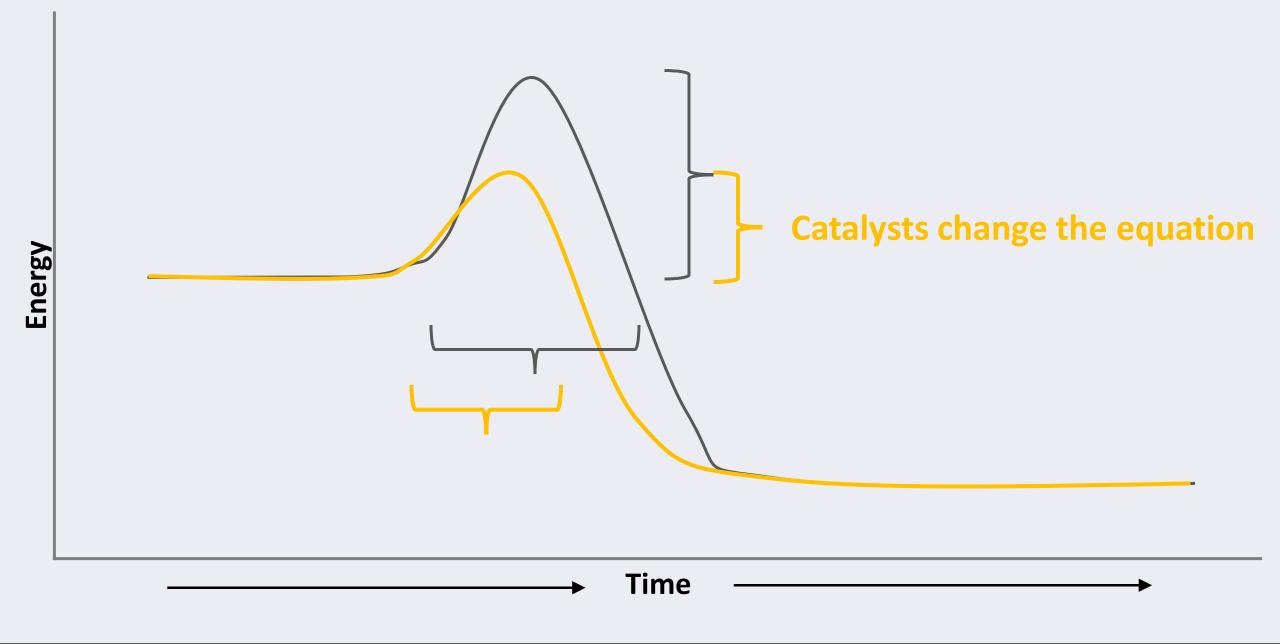






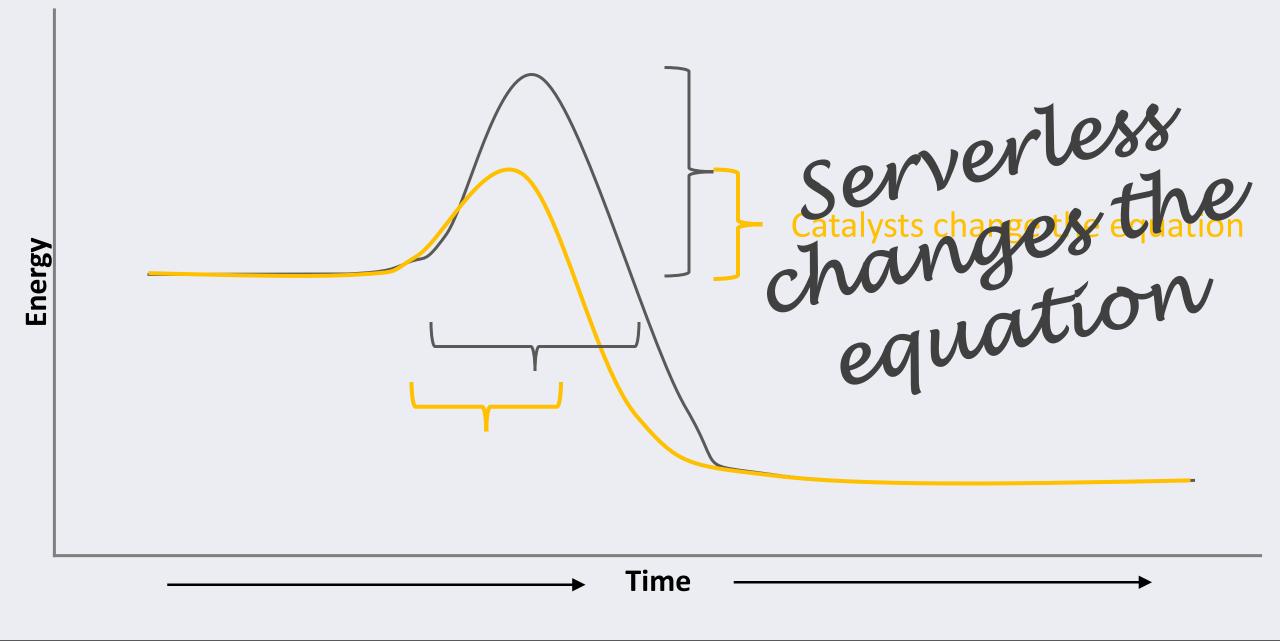
















### What is serverless?

























### Serverless as catalyst















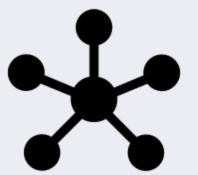


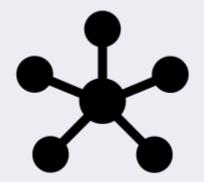


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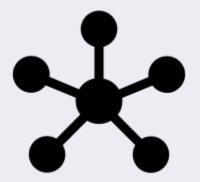


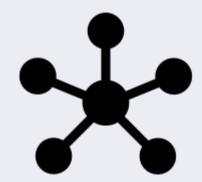






### Small, product focused teams



















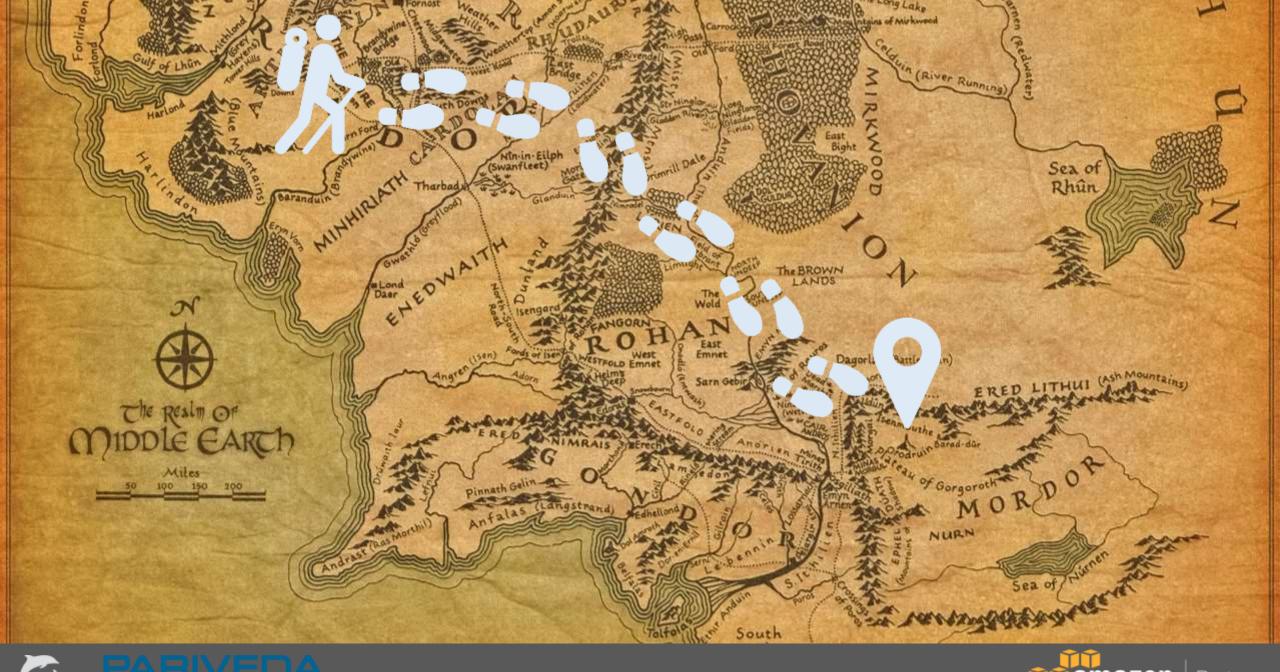




# Unique value proposition to DevOps laggards

















#### Where it's already started





StanleyBlack&Decker

### NORDSTROM







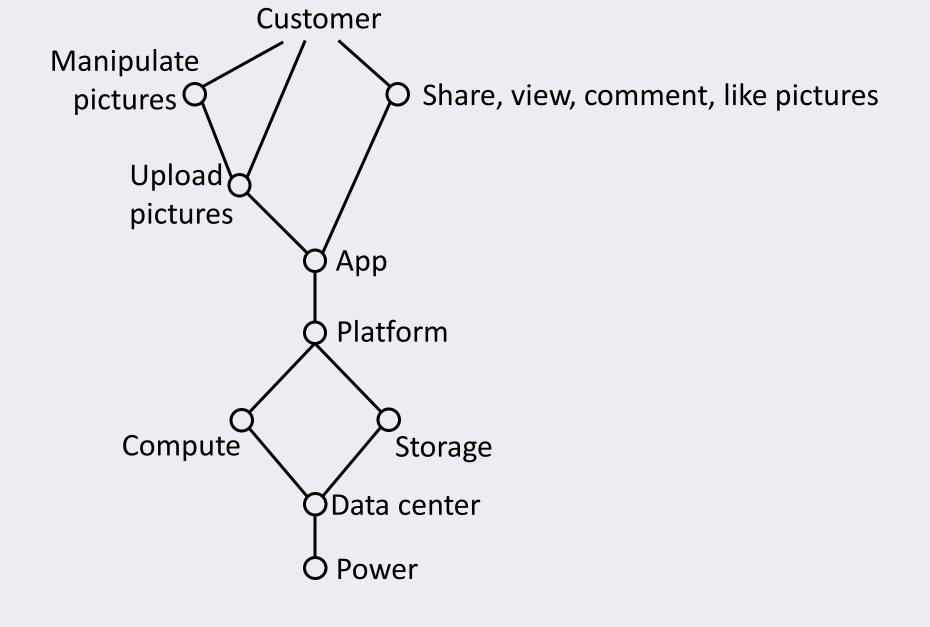




## Gamesto The Players®





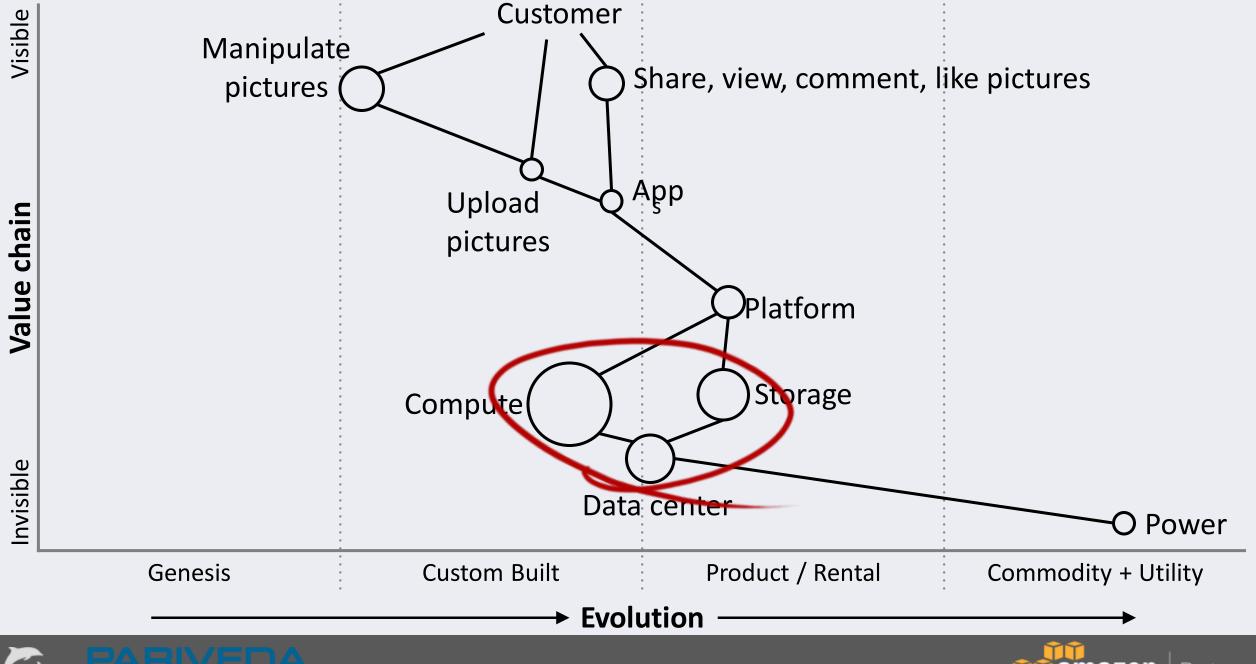
















# What does it mean for my people?



Solutions Architect (Bit blueprint creator)



Data Architect (Stores bits, manages access)



Developer (Describes how to move bits)



Team Lead (Keeps bit machine well-oiled)



Product owner (Talks to customer, attempts to talk to bit-team)



Release Engineer (Moves bits)



Ops Engineer (Watches bits)



Security Engineer (Describes how bits are allowed to move)

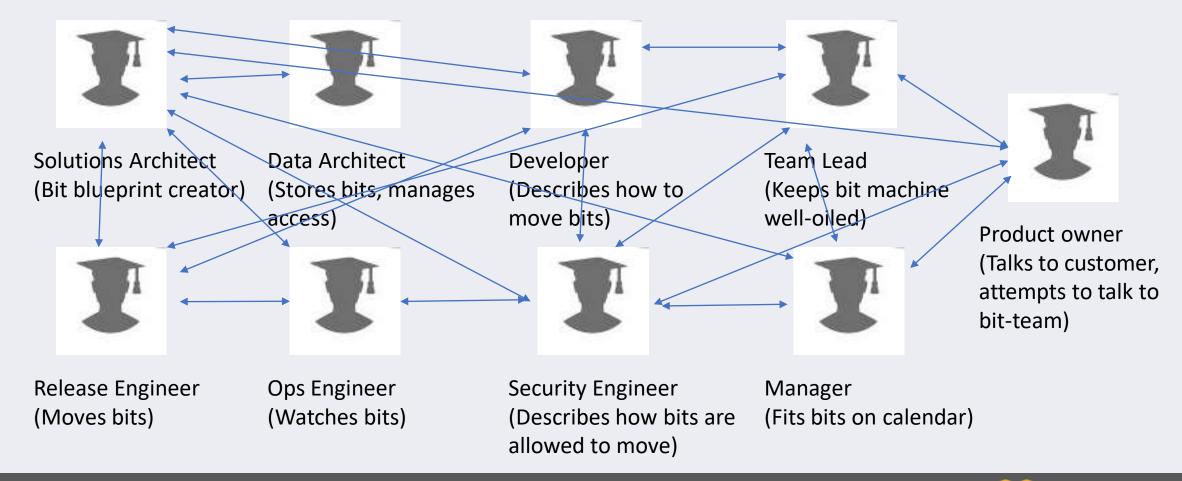


Manager (Fits bits on calendar)





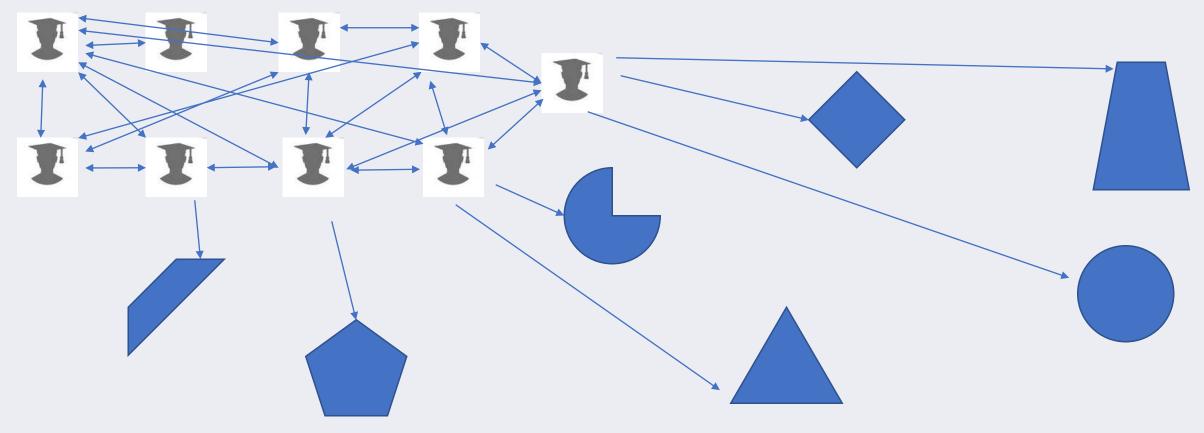
#### And how the communicate?







# And what products do they support?

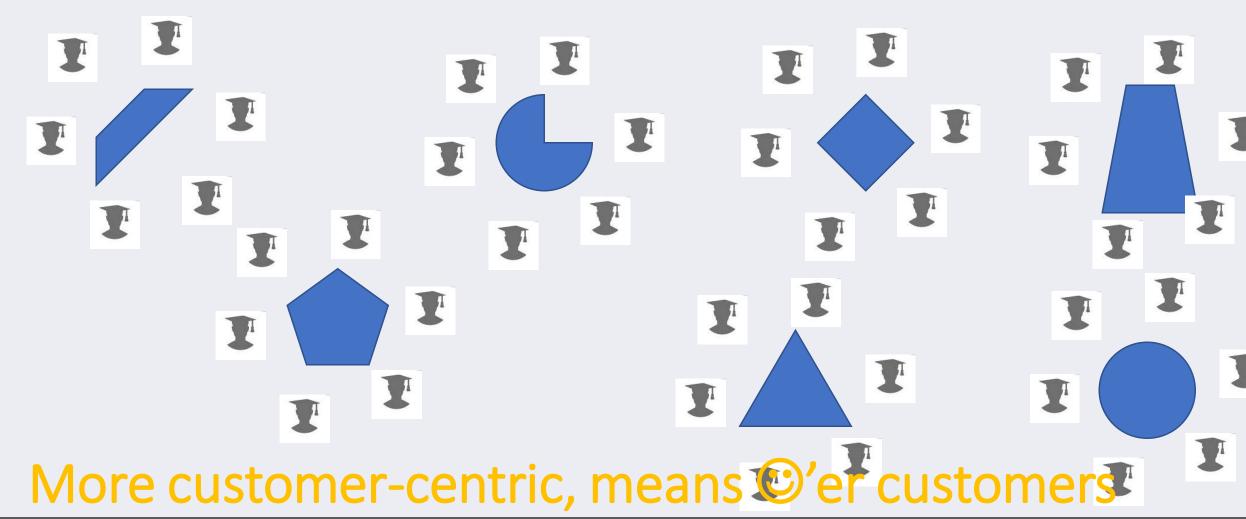


Is this customer-centric?





#### **Product Teams**

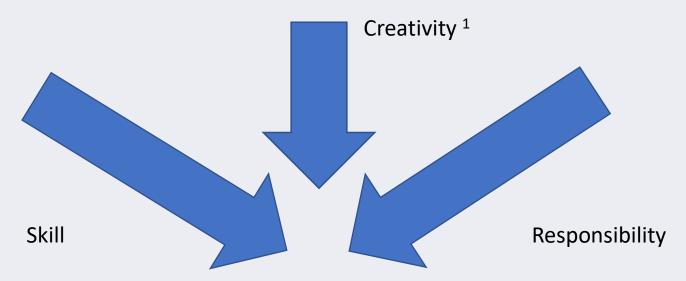






# Don't fire your way to innovation

- Instead, seek to merge skill with responsibility
- Your people, instead of being glorified bit managers, can do what they are good at – injecting creativity



<sup>1</sup> what people are still better at than computers, for the time being





#### But what about governance?

- "We standardized on Java!"
- "We only run [insert OS here]!"
- "We only use [insert framework here]!"
- The above are the result of trying to solve the Principal-agent problem: "the agent knows some things that the principal does not, and it is too costly for the principal to monitor every action that the agent take" ("Misbehaving: The Making of Behavioral Economics.")
- So instead of monitoring every action, the principal (IT Governance) reduces the jurisdiction(?), and thus cost, to govern.





# The dark underbelly of limiting choice

- By being prescriptive about standards, you've succeeded in reducing the governance cost
- (Applause!)
- But you've prohibitively raised the cost of experimentation.
- Your talented high-dollar developers can only use the hammer you've provided.
- (Insert Hammer/Nail)
- Don't be surprised if your talent leaves
- Or worse, you talent only starts to see nails.





# So you are proposing the wild west, except with modern weapons?

- No.
- With evolutionary architectures, strict data access policies, serverless technologies, and infrastructure-as-code, you can simultaneously allow variation and have cheaper, more reliable IT governance that you ever imagined possible.
- The tools aren't here yet, but they're coming quick.





#### **Adoption Paths**

- Build vs Buy equation begins to change
  - If you have to customize \*anything\*, you may want to build
- Come back to activation energy
  - Experiment with internal tools
  - Greenfield "Shining City on the Hill" model
  - Skunkworks
  - Others?



