



LATAM EDA Roadshow

Mexico – March Ok
Colombia – April OK
Brazil – June In progress
Chile - October



EDA Enabling Business

Jaime Nagase

Sr. AppMod GTM Specialist for LATAM

AppMod = Serverless + Containers



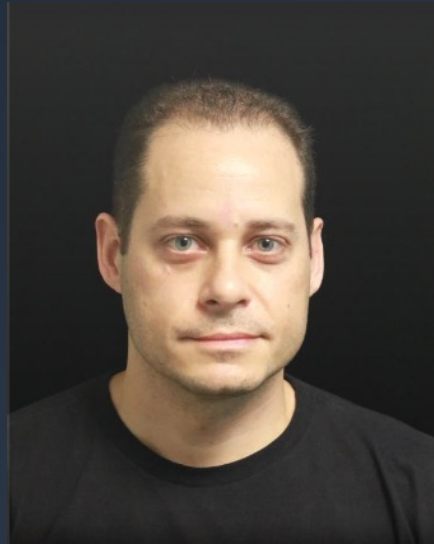
Agenda

When?	What and Who?		
8:30 am	Breakfast		
9:00 am	Kickoff - Welcome	WWSO LATAM AppMod	<u>Jaime Nagase</u>
9:45 am	Thinking Asynchronously	WWSO Core Services	<u>Rebekah Kulidzan</u>
10:30 am	Building event-driven architectures on AWS	WWSO SA / TFC	<u>Ricardo Marques</u>
11:15 am	Serverlesspresso presentation and demo	WWSO (App Int) SA	<u>Bianca Mota</u>
12:00 pm	Lunch		
2:00 pm	Workshop: Serverlesspresso workshop	WWSO (App Int) SA/TFC/ DA	<u>Rafael Barbosa</u>

But who?



Bianca Mota



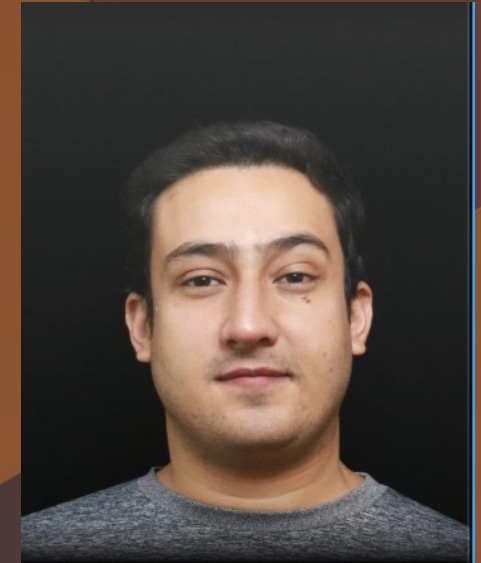
Ricardo Marques



Rafael Barbosa



Rebekah Kulidzan



Peterson Larentis



Gabriel Leite



Leticia Dornelas

BDM? GTM?

Jaime Nagase, 37 years-old, 2 kids, #VaiCurintia

- EDS, HP, Cielo, Itaú, e Porto Seguro, AWS
- Operation Manager, Project Team Manager, and Head de Cloud e DevOps

- AWS Role = BDM or GTM?

- Create and leverage all channels to connect SA's to Customers
- Helps account teams to break down barriers
- Streamline the allocation of the TFC team to quickly resolve customer issues
- Promote channels for SA's content to reach the customer
- Negotiate PPA pricing
- Assist in the prioritization of Features
- A faster connection between Account Team and Service Team
- ETC...



Ok, lets start talk about EDA!

Connecting Systems

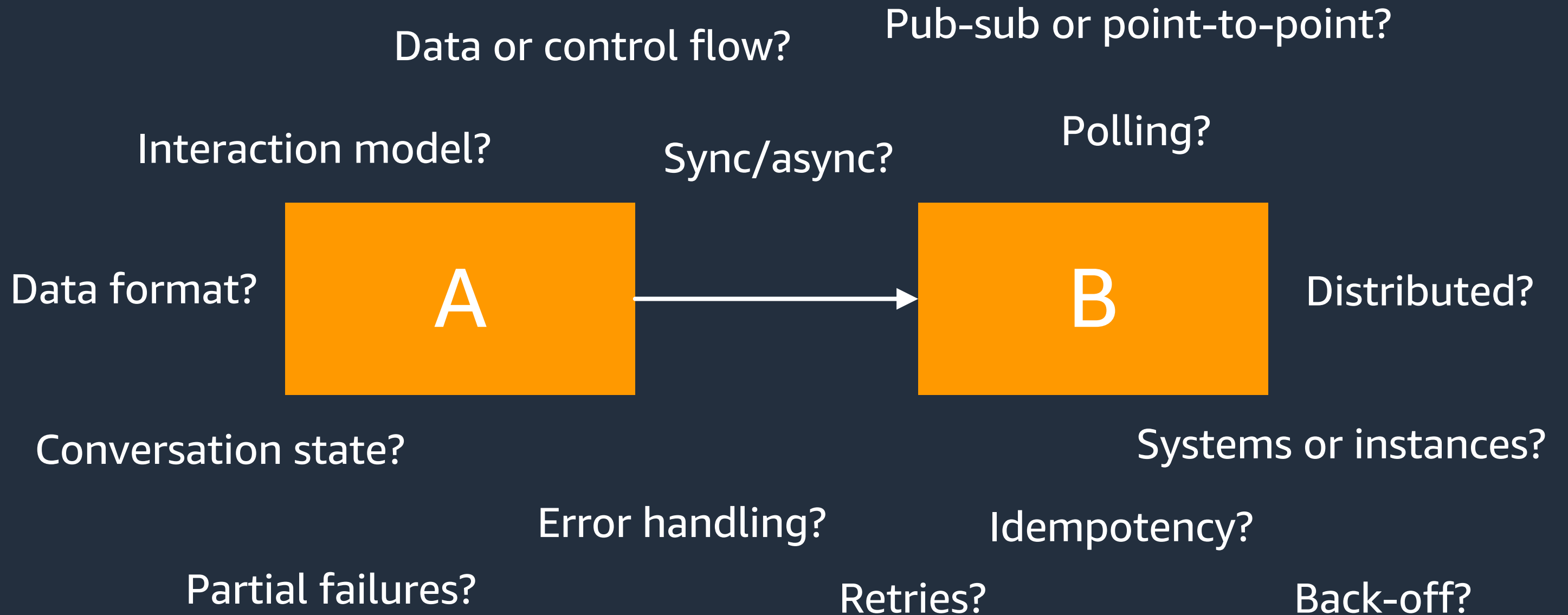
Tightly coupled architectures are easy to get started with...



...but complexity multiplies at scale

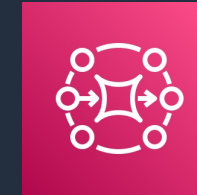
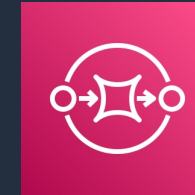
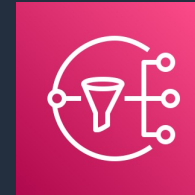
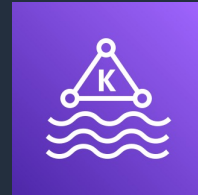


Connecting two systems. How hard can it be?



Separate your architecture from your product choice

Most products combine several aspects



- Message-oriented
- Asynchronous
- Publish-subscribe
- Events
- Event-driven
- Distributed

X	X	X	X
X	X	X	X
X	X		
X	X		
?	?		
X	X	X	X

Note: for discussion purposes only. Not a product feature matrix.

How your components are **interconnected** defines your system's essential properties

- Can each component scale and fail independently?
- Are upstream systems waiting on slow responses from downstream ones?
- Do interdependent teams need to tightly coordinate to launch new features?
- How do you handle failures and retries?
- How do you integrate SaaS application events?

Why build event-driven architectures?

Why build event-driven architectures?



Fault tolerance



Scalability



Extensibility

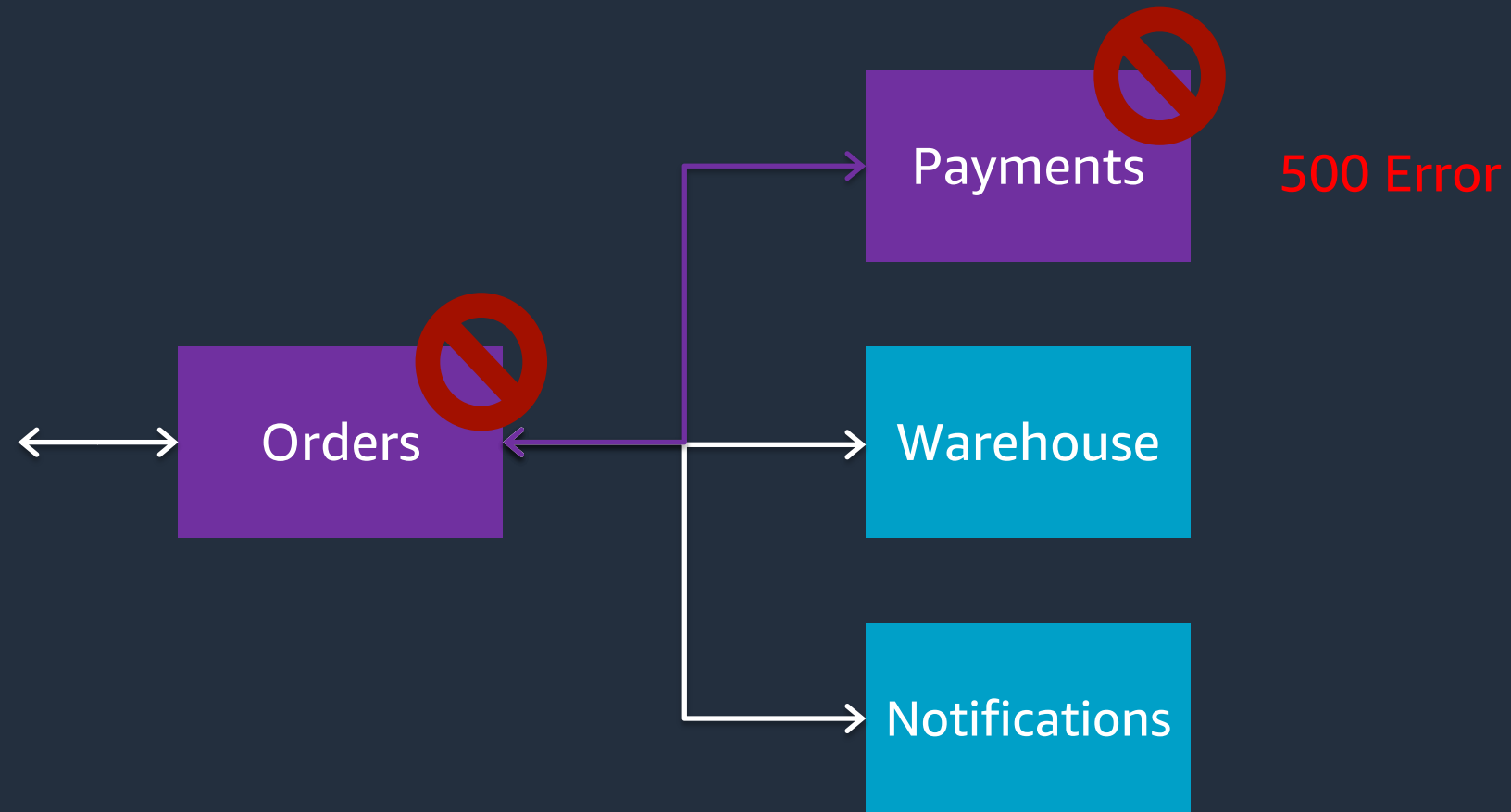


Agility

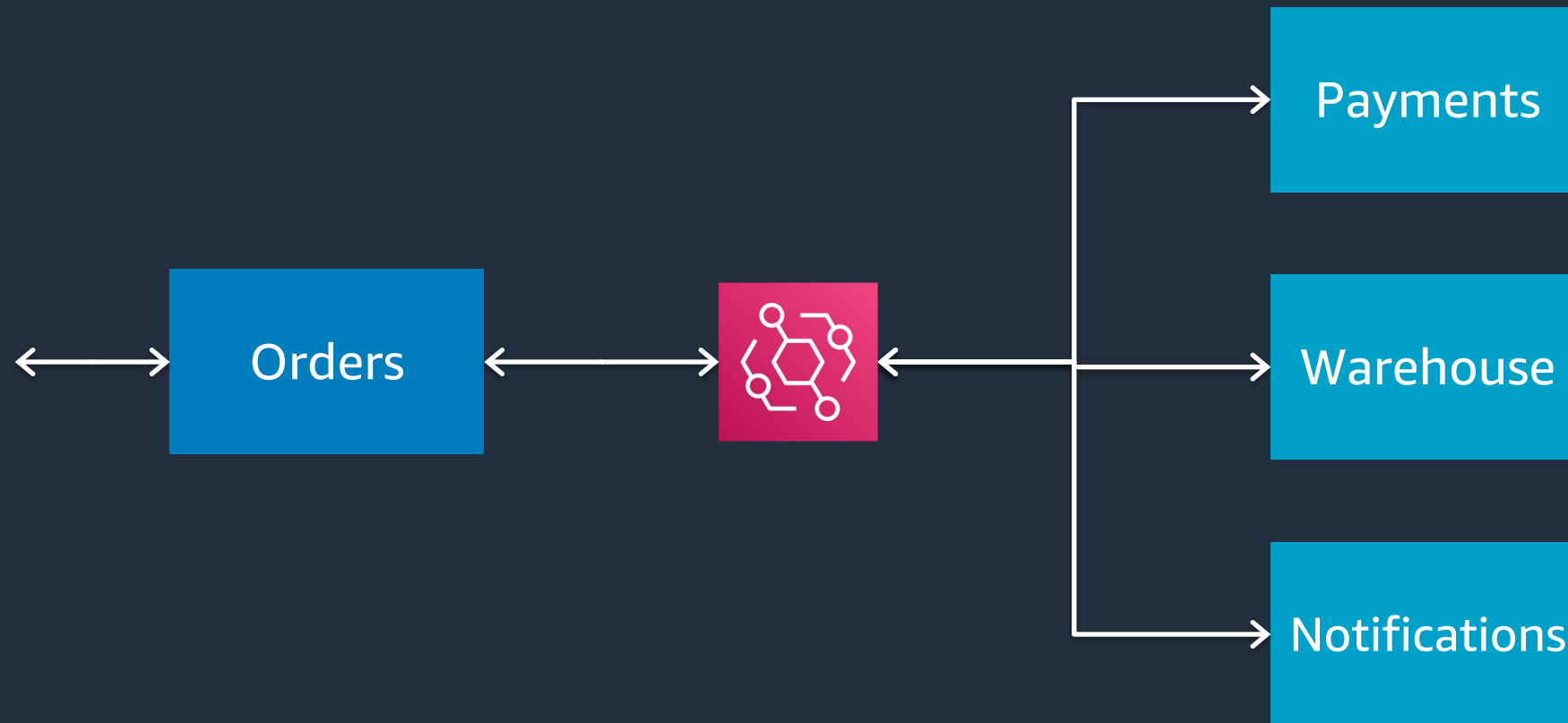
Sample Coupling Architecture



Sample Coupling Architecture



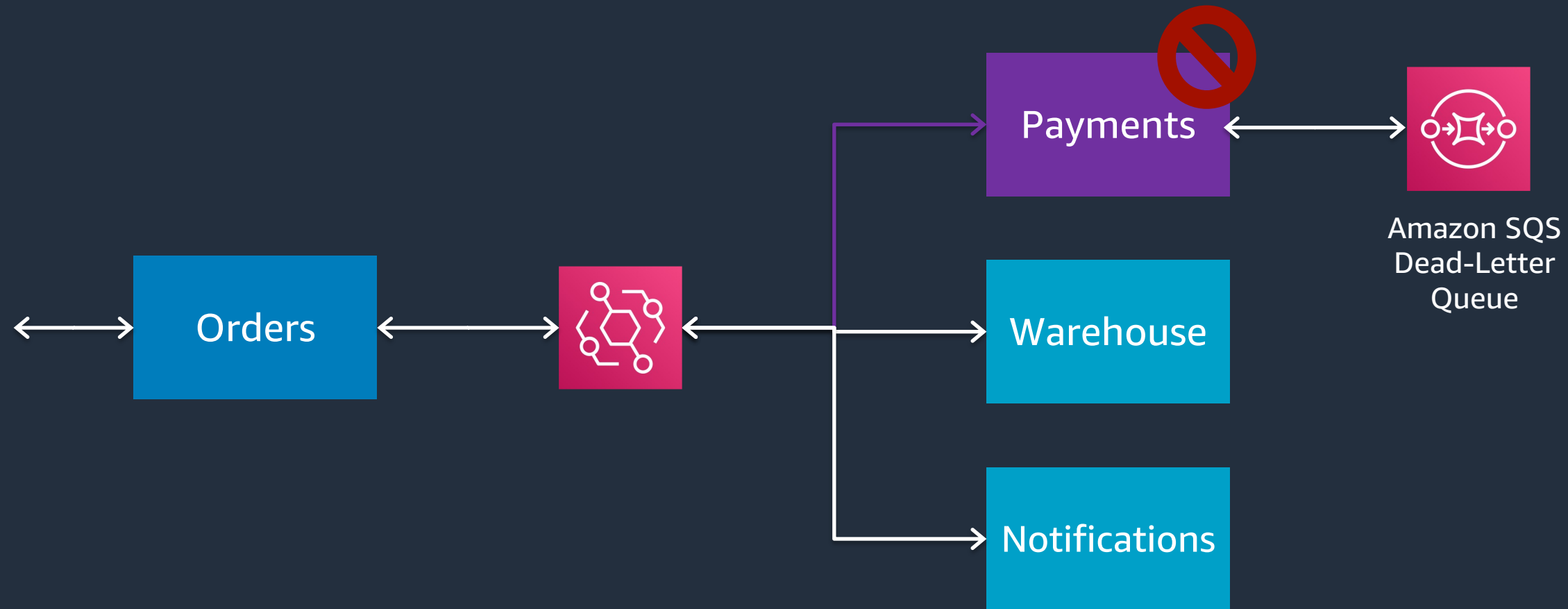
Sample Decoupling Architecture



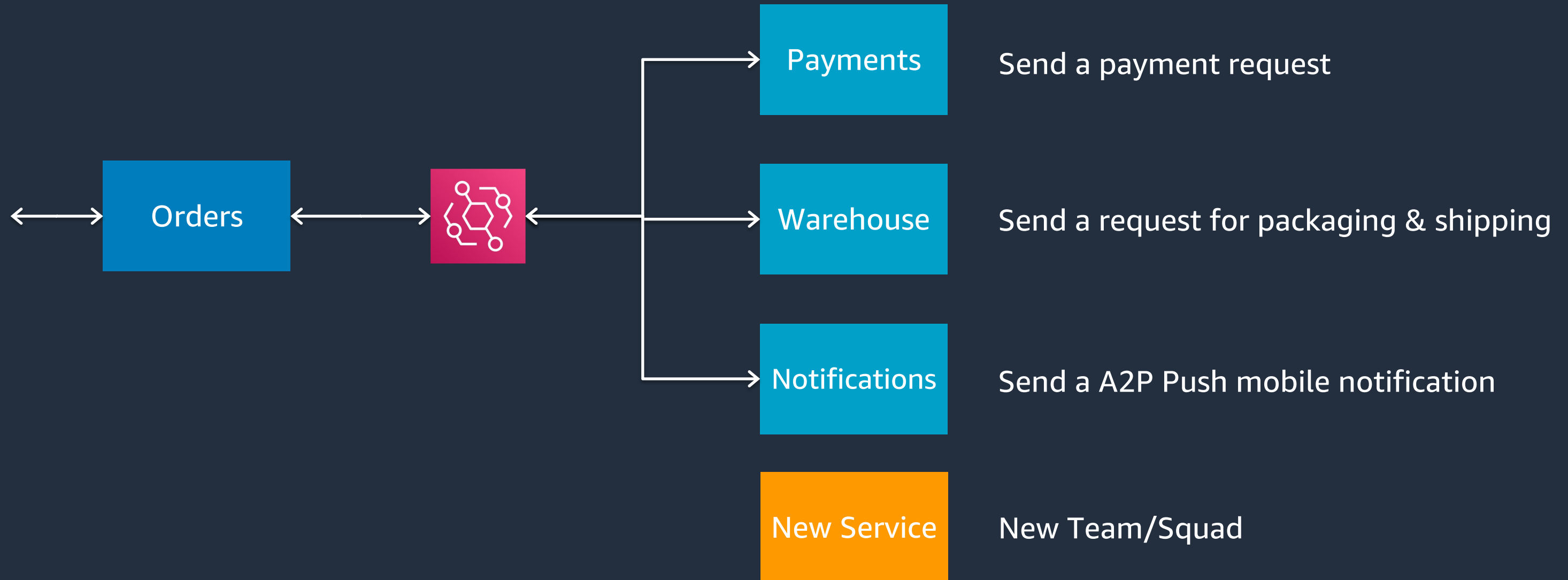
The **orders service** no longer has to wait for replies from all the other services.

- Higher availability of the orders service
- Lower latency for end users
- No more cascading failures

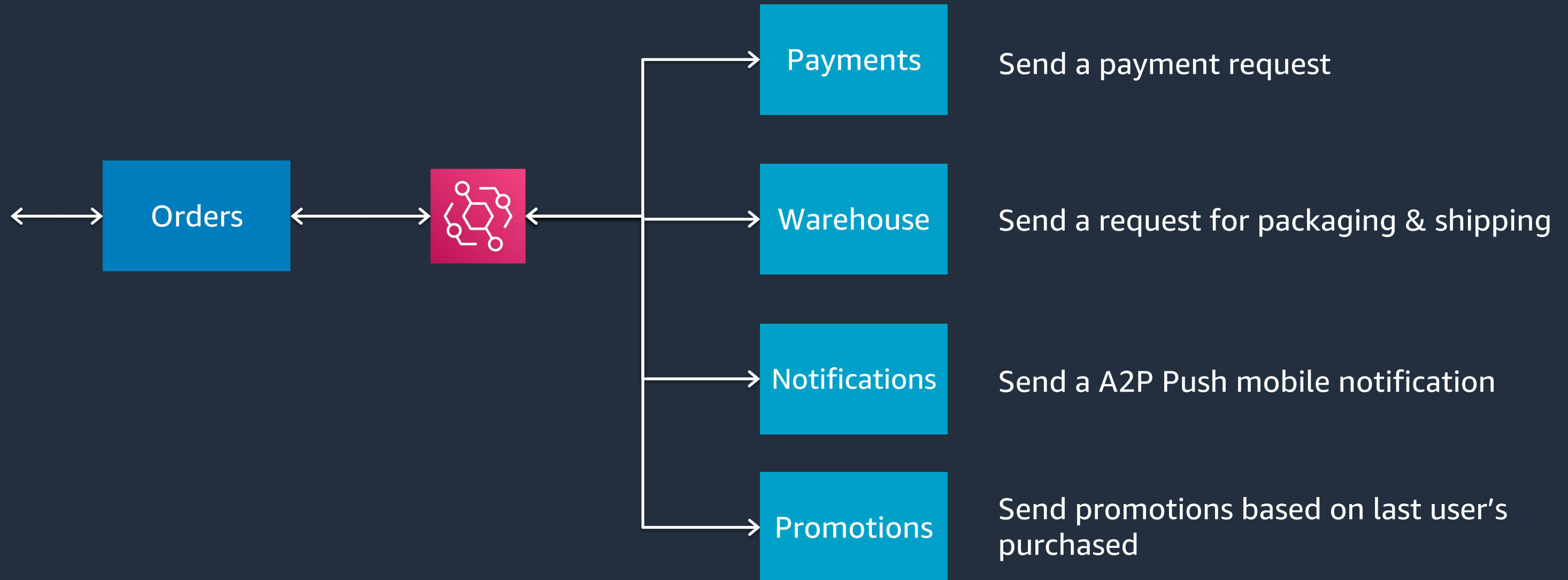
Sample Decoupling Architecture



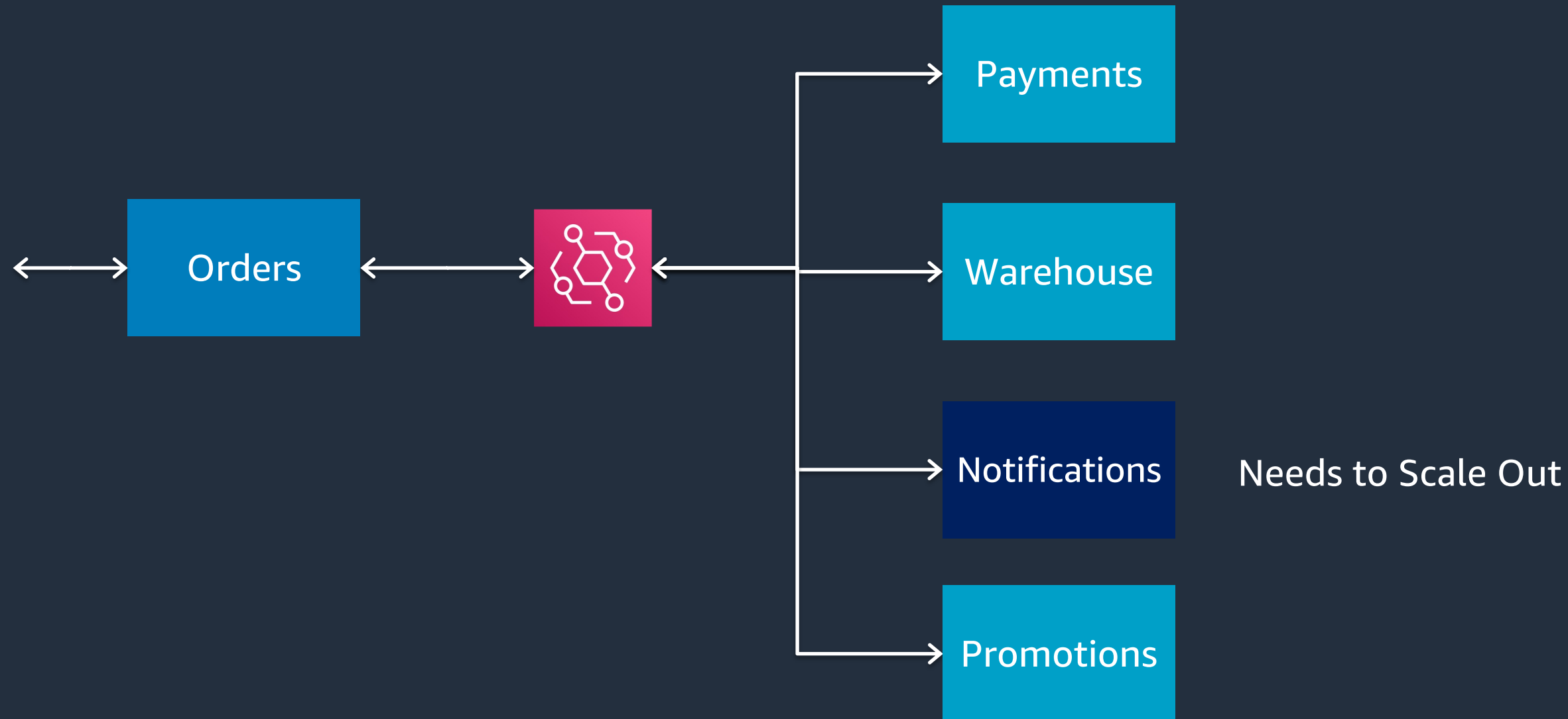
Sample Decoupling Architecture (new service)



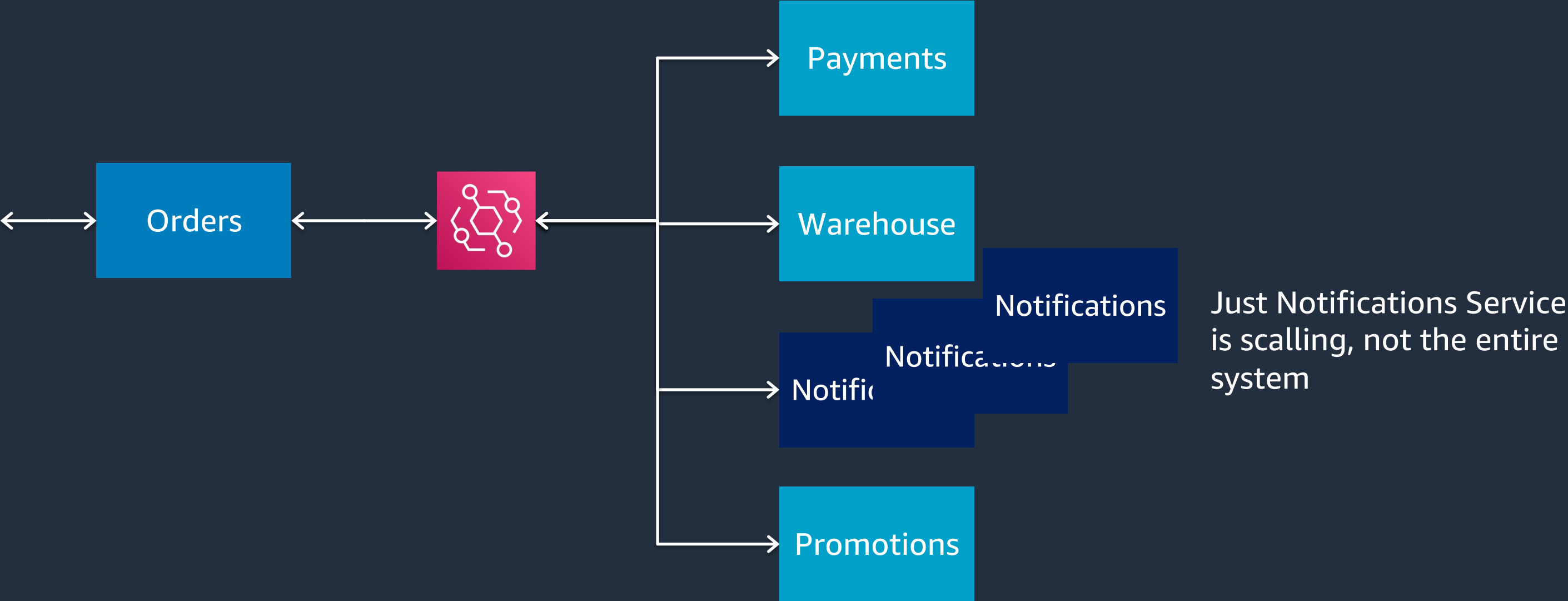
Sample Decoupling Architecture (new service)



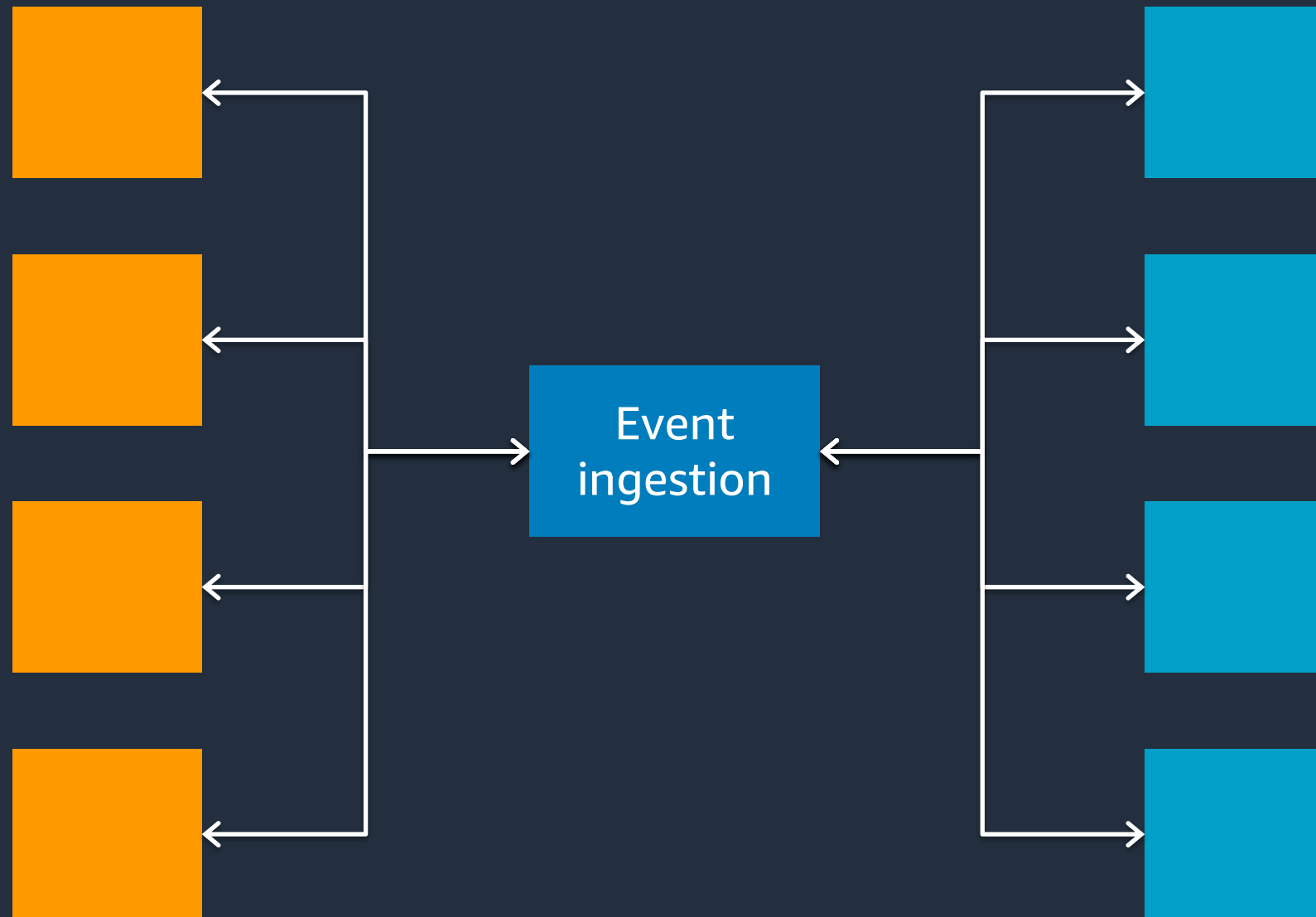
Sample Decoupling Architecture



Sample Decoupling Architecture



Decoupled event-driven architectures allow for resilient applications and rapid feature development

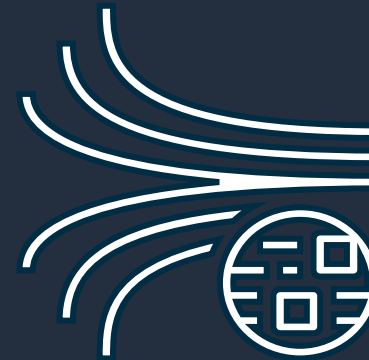


Event ingestion



Event router

Filters and routes events
and pushes events to
subscribed consumers



Event stream

Continuous stream of
events that consumers can
pull events from

What AWS services can you use to build event-driven architectures?

An event-driven architecture consists of three parts:



Event producer

Publishes events
(ex, web or mobile
apps, microservices,
IoT devices)



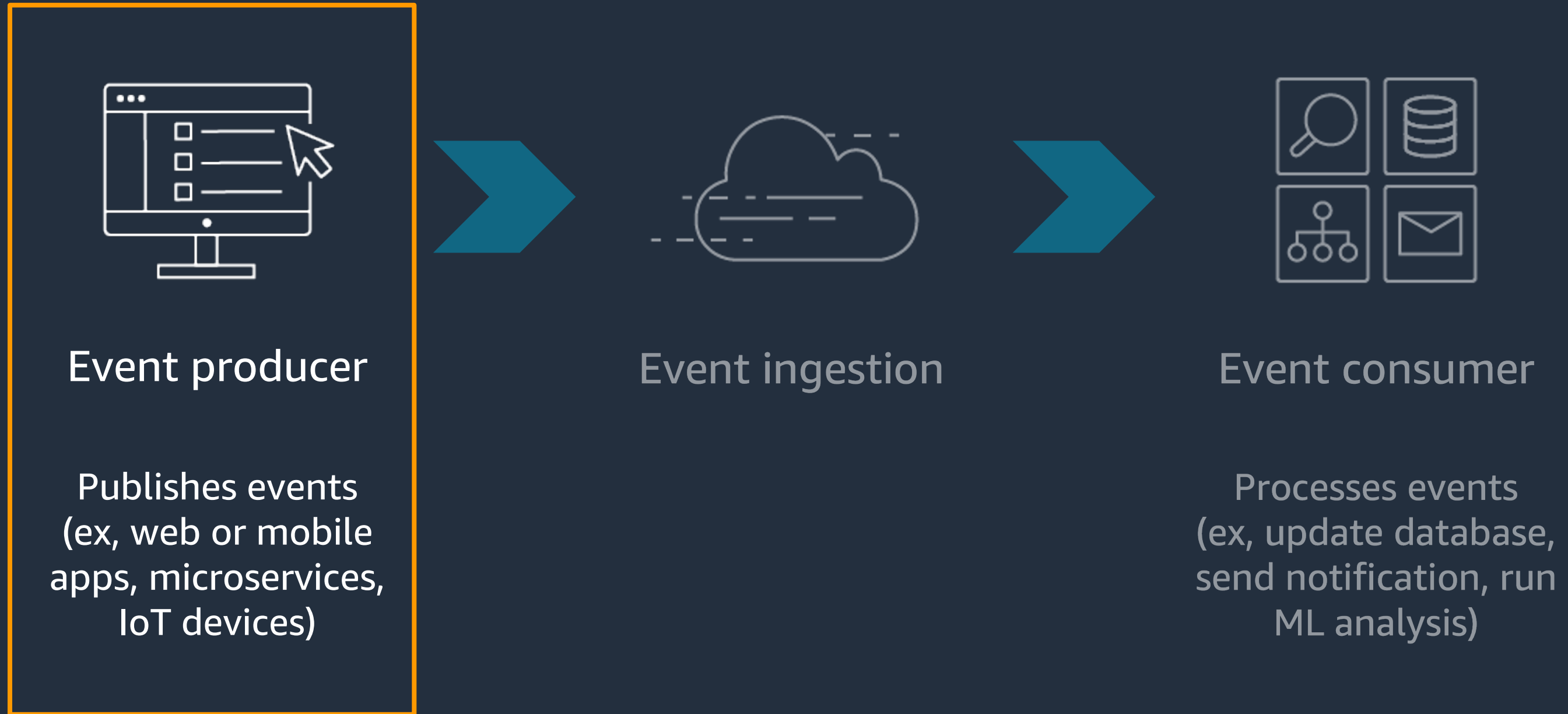
Event ingestion



Event consumer

Processes events
(ex, update database,
send notification, run
ML analysis)

An event-driven architecture consists of three parts:



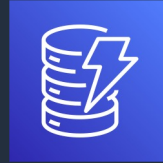
Event producers



Amazon Simple Storage Service (S3)



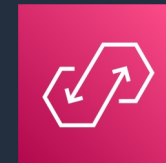
Amazon API Gateway



Amazon DynamoDB



AWS Lambda



AWS AppFlow



Amazon Redshift

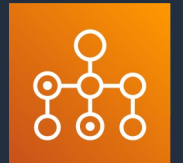


Amazon Translate



AWS Step Functions

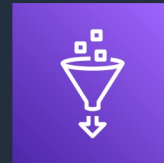
Any of the 200+ AWS services that produce events,
or your own custom events



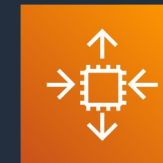
AWS Batch



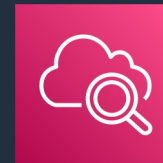
Amazon Elastic Container Service



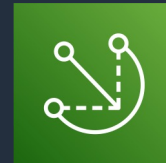
AWS Glue



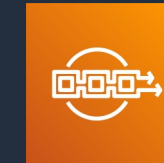
Amazon EC2 Auto Scaling



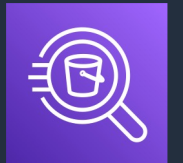
Amazon CloudWatch



AWS IoT Greengrass



Amazon Managed Blockchain



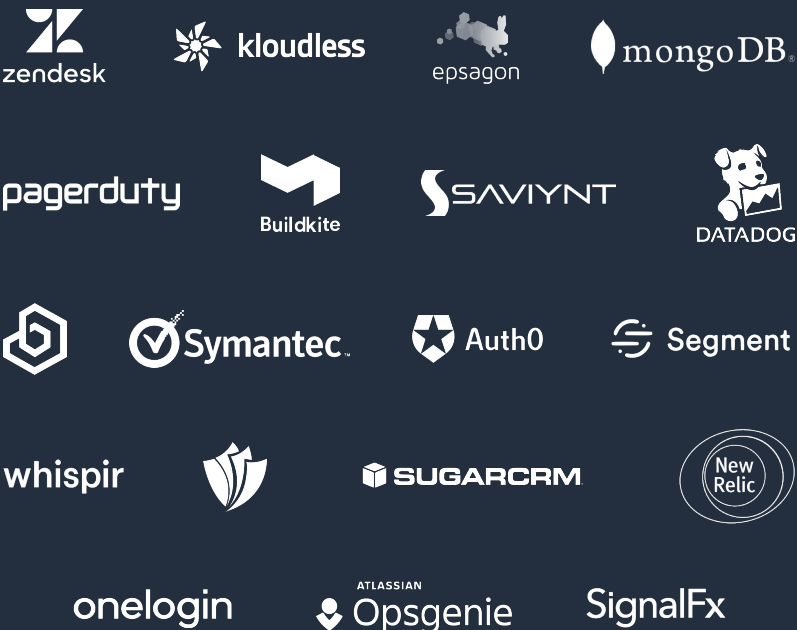
Amazon Athena

Receive SaaS events through Amazon EventBridge



Amazon
EventBridge

SaaS Integrations

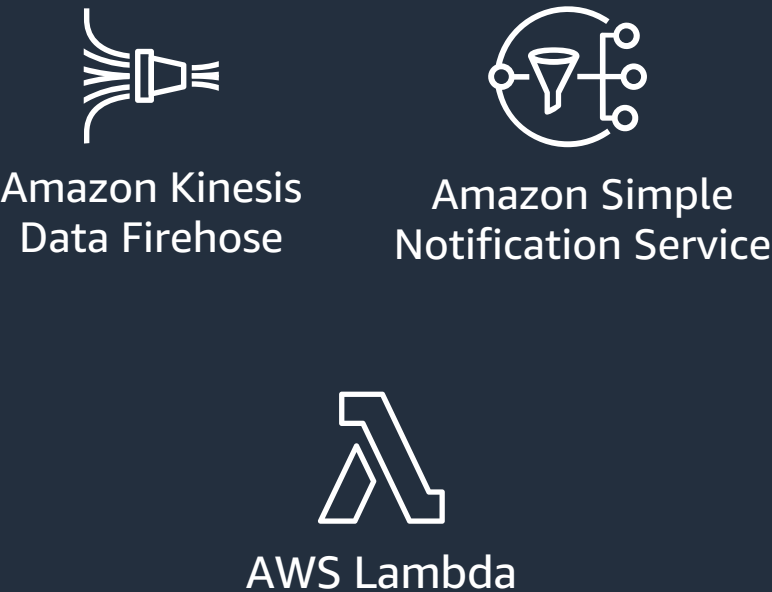


Default Event Bus

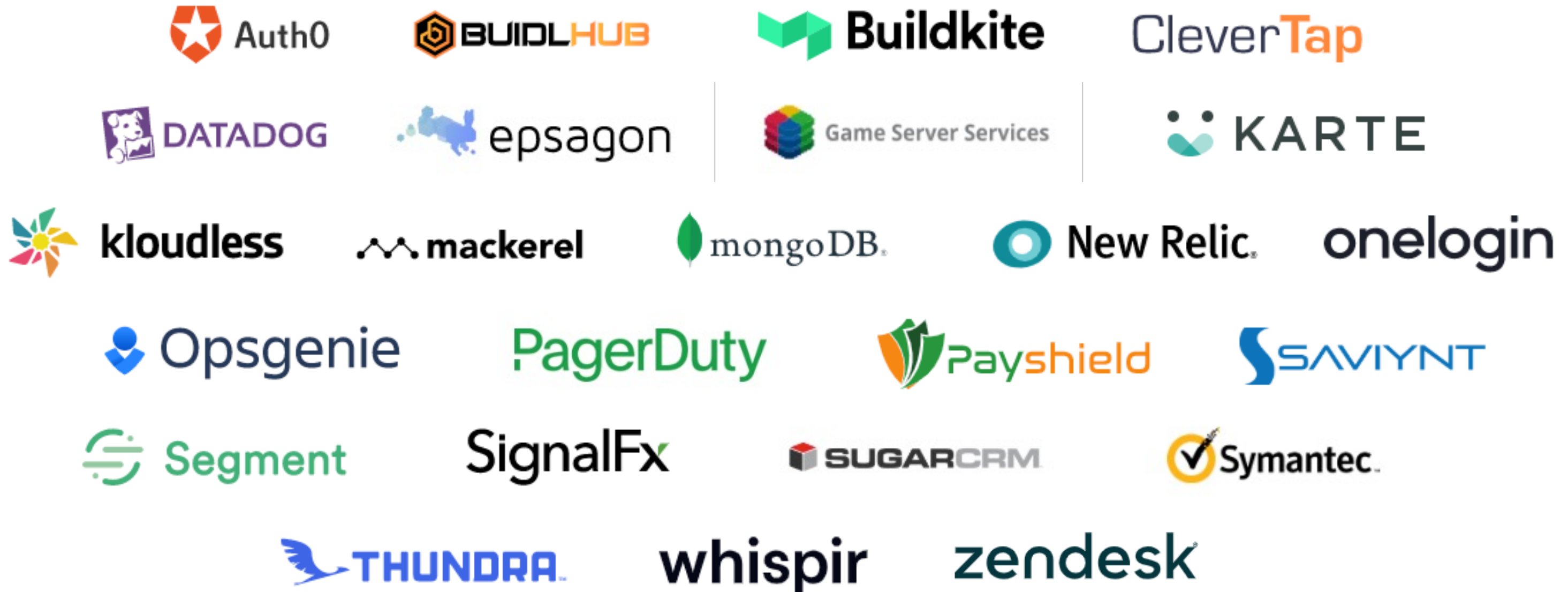
Custom Event Bus

SaaS Event Bus

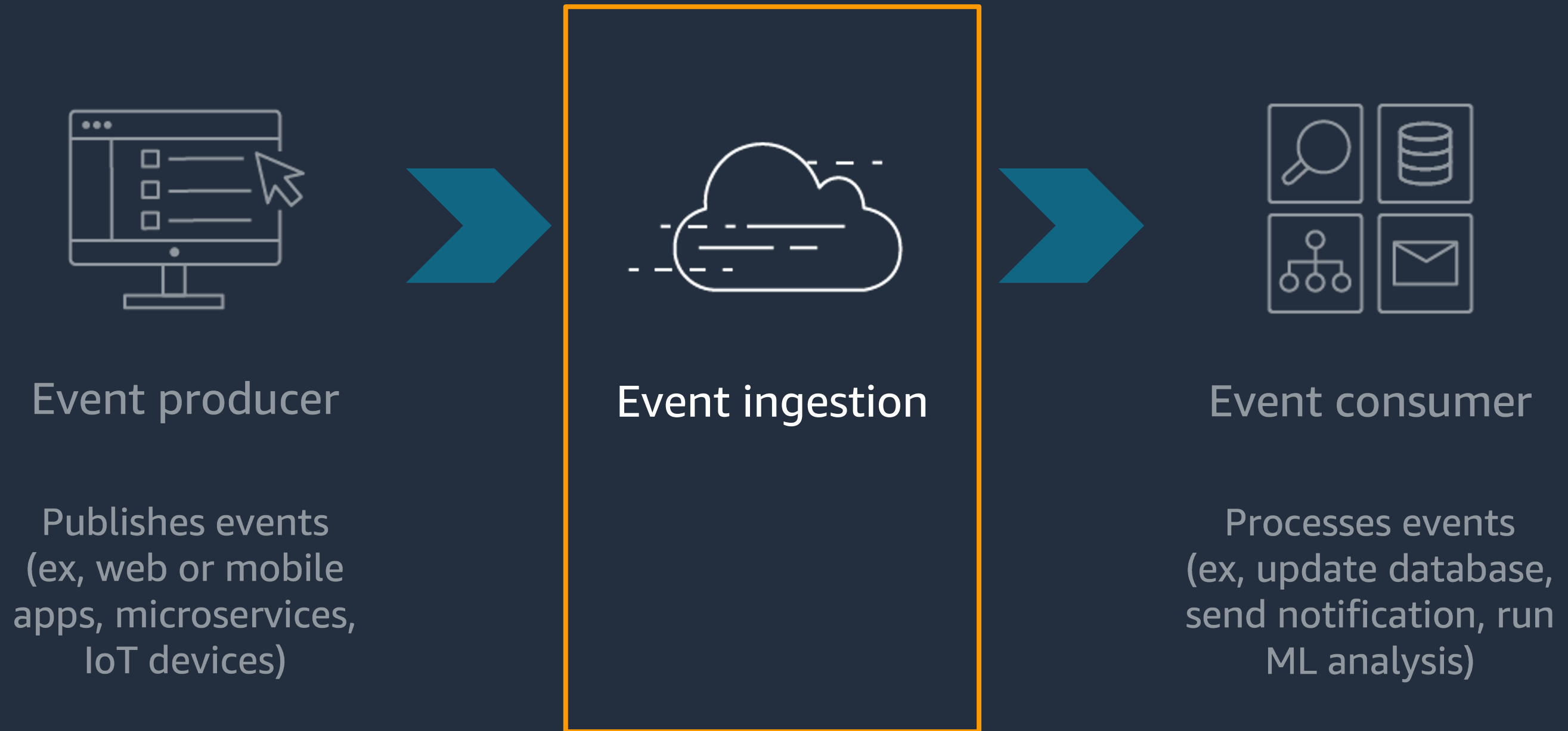
Targets



Over 42 Amazon EventBridge SaaS Integrations



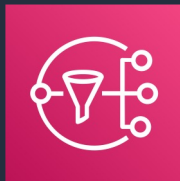
An event-driven architecture consists of three parts:



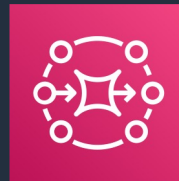
Comparing event ingestion services: Operations



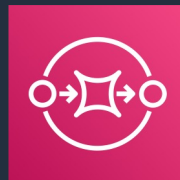
Amazon EventBridge



Amazon SNS



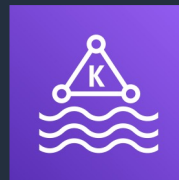
Amazon MQ



Amazon SQS



Amazon Kinesis
Data Streams



Amazon MSK



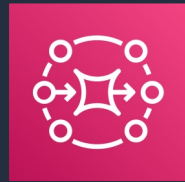
Less

Operational responsibility

More

Comparing event ingestion services: Ordering

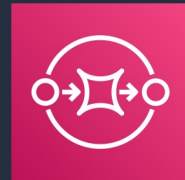
Event order guaranteed



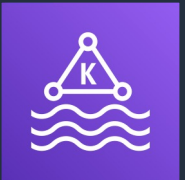
Amazon MQ



Amazon Kinesis
Data Streams



Amazon SQS
FIFO

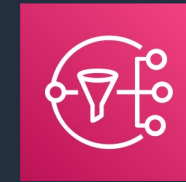


Amazon MSK

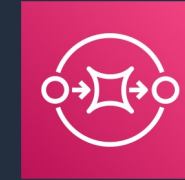
Event order not guaranteed



Amazon EventBridge

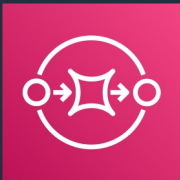

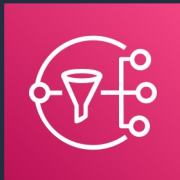


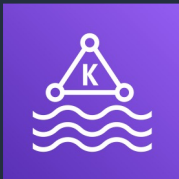
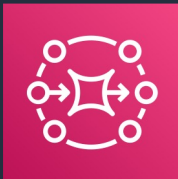


Amazon SNS



Amazon SQS

Event ingestion

	Event Store		Event Router	
	Queues	Streams	Topics	Event Bus
AWS native	<div> Amazon SQS</div>	<div> Amazon Kinesis</div>	<div> Amazon SNS</div>	<div> Amazon EventBridge</div>
Managed open source	<div> Amazon MQ</div>	<div> Amazon MSK</div>	<div> Amazon MQ</div>	

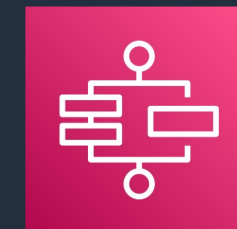
Event consumers

Serverless services:

- Have native integrations with event services.
- Only run when there are events to process.
- Scale up and down automatically as event volume changes.

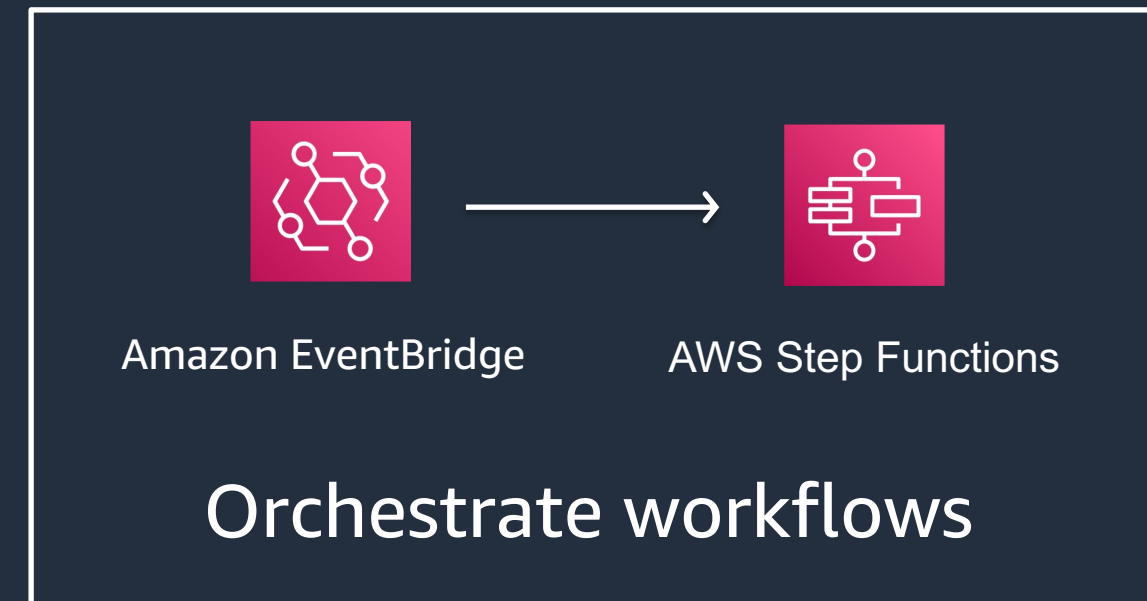
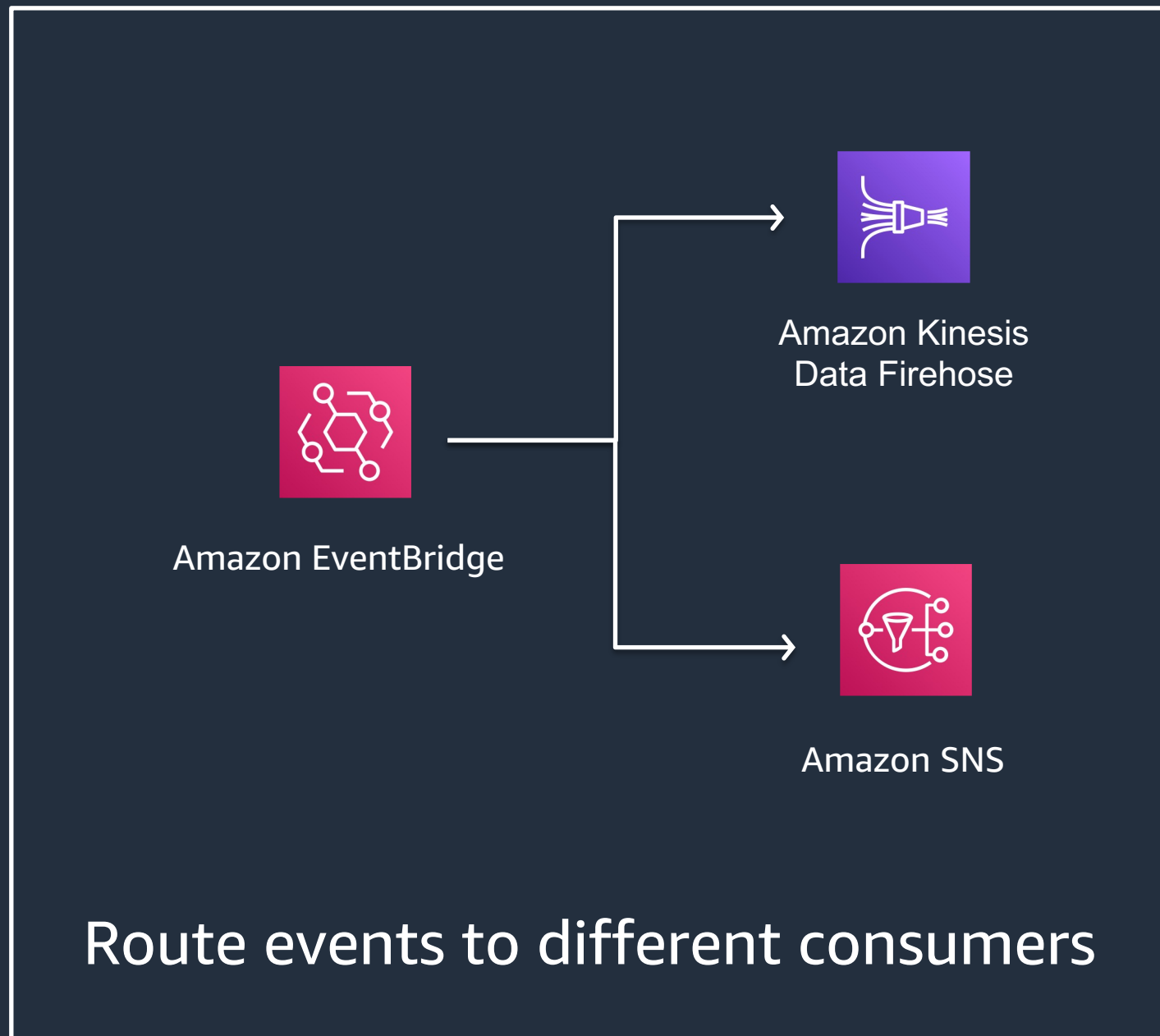


Invoke a Lambda function to process the event or send to another AWS service

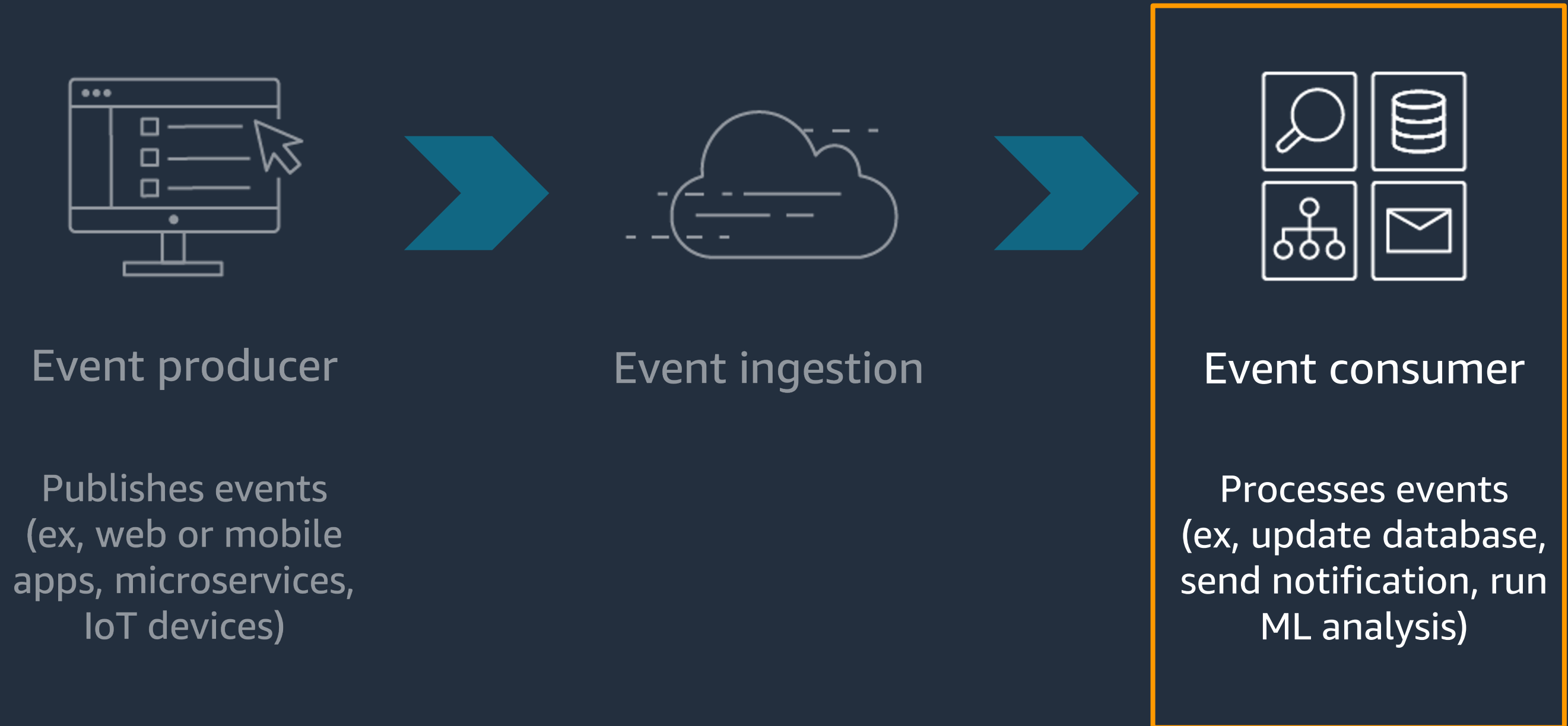


Trigger a Step Functions workflow

Combine event services for your use case



An event-driven architecture consists of three parts:



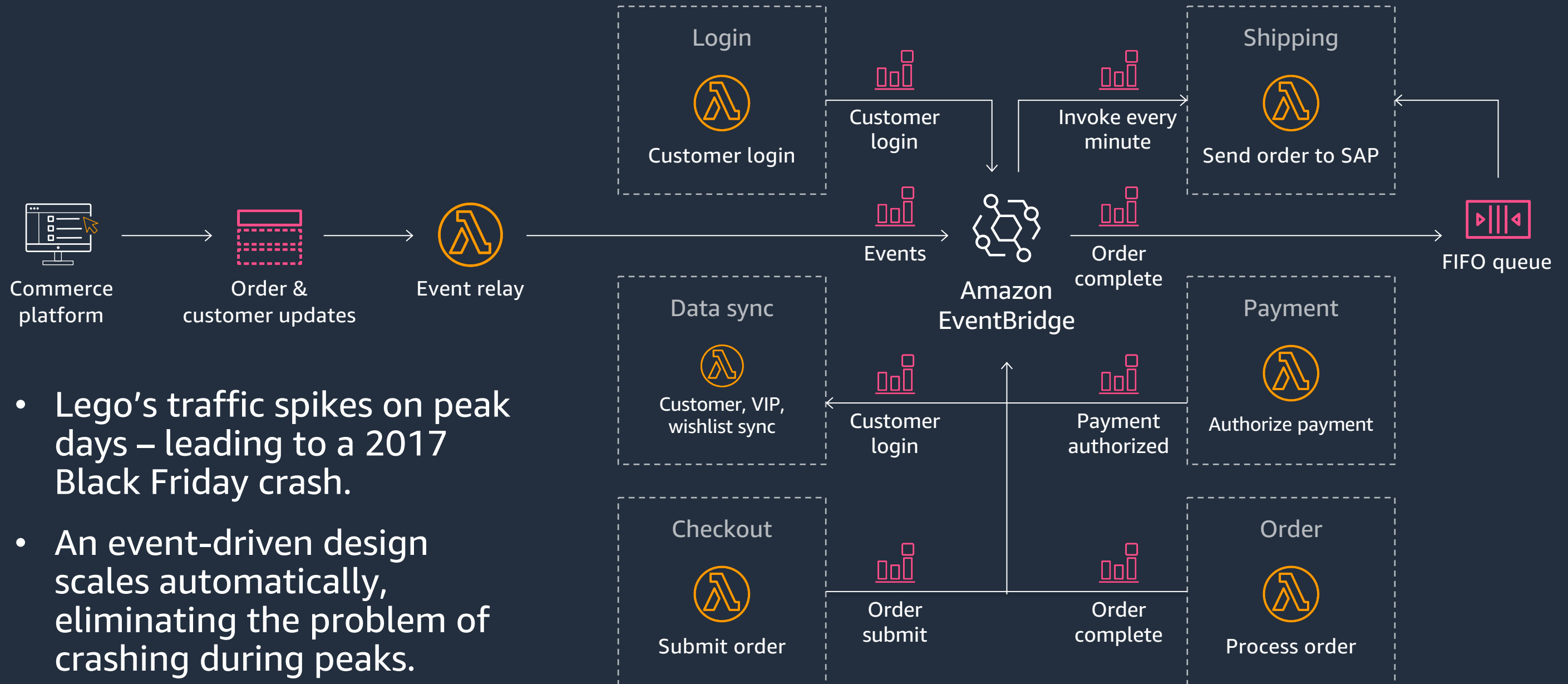
Amazon EventBridge targets



- AWS Lambda
- Amazon Kinesis
- AWS Step Functions
- Amazon API Gateway
- Amazon Redshift
- Amazon SNS
- Amazon SQS
- Amazon CloudWatch
- EventBridge event bus in a different account or region
- And more!

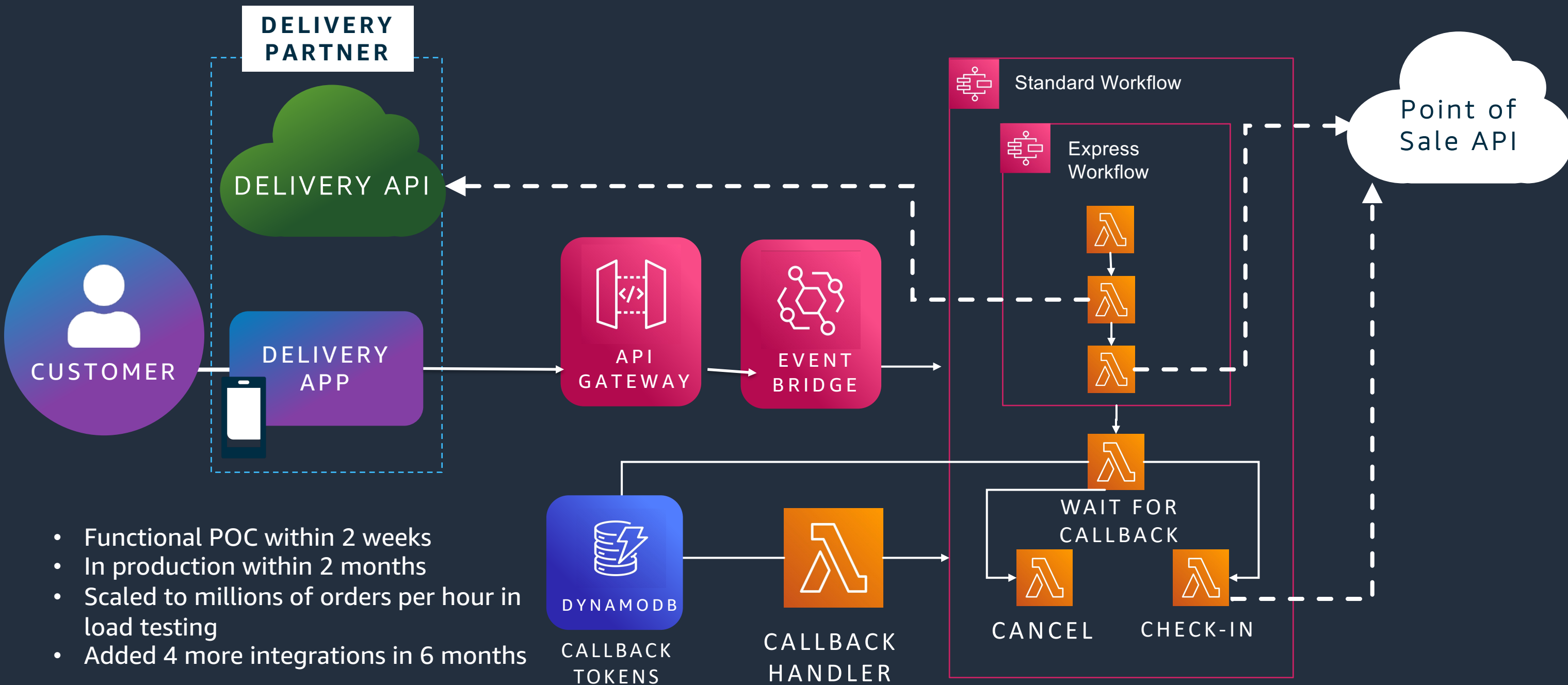
What are customers building with event-driven architectures?

Lego uses an event-driven design for scalability



- Lego's traffic spikes on peak days – leading to a 2017 Black Friday crash.
- An event-driven design scales automatically, eliminating the problem of crashing during peaks.

Taco Bell – Delivery partner order middleware solution



- Functional POC within 2 weeks
- In production within 2 months
- Scaled to millions of orders per hour in load testing
- Added 4 more integrations in 6 months

Resources

Talks:

- re:Invent 2021: [Building next-gen applications with event-driven architectures](#)
- re:Invent 2021: [Building modern applications? Think integration](#)

Tutorials:

- Serverless Land: [Build Decoupled, Event-Driven Architectures](#)
- AWS Skill Builder: [Building Serverless Applications with an Event-Driven Architecture](#)

Serverless Happy Hours – YouTube Channel



SCAN ME



Your Feedback is appreciated!

Thank You!



<https://www.pulse.aws/survey/THUYOIXW>

THANK YOU! Questions?