

Need to show $(i_1 - \text{avg})^2 + (i_2 - \text{avg})^2 + \dots + (i_n - \text{avg})^2 = (i_1^2 + i_2^2 + \dots + i_n^2) - (n \cdot \text{avg}^2)$

$$\begin{aligned} &= (i_1 - \text{avg})(i_1 - \text{avg}) + (i_2 - \text{avg})(i_2 - \text{avg}) + \dots + (i_n - \text{avg})(i_n - \text{avg}) \\ &= (i_1^2 - 2(i_1 \cdot \text{avg}) + (\text{avg})^2) + (i_2^2 - 2(i_2 \cdot \text{avg}) + (\text{avg})^2) + \dots + (i_n^2 - 2(i_n \cdot \text{avg}) + (\text{avg})^2) \\ &= i_1^2 + i_2^2 + i_3^2 + \dots + i_n^2 + (n \cdot \text{avg}^2) - \text{avg}(2i_1 + 2i_2 + 2i_3 + \dots + 2i_n) \end{aligned}$$

let's change this
start by declaring

$$\text{avg} = \frac{\sum n \text{ numbers}}{n}$$

$$n \cdot \text{avg} = \sum n \text{ numbers}$$

$$n \cdot \text{avg}^2 = \text{avg} \cdot \sum n \text{ numbers}$$

$$2n \cdot \text{avg}^2 = 2 \cdot \text{avg} \cdot \sum n \text{ numbers}$$

$$(2n \cdot \text{avg}^2) = \text{avg}(2i_1 + 2i_2 + \dots + 2i_n)$$

thus
$$\begin{aligned} &= i_1^2 + i_2^2 + \dots + i_n^2 + n \cdot \text{avg}^2 - 2n \cdot \text{avg}^2 \\ &= (i_1^2 + i_2^2 + i_3^2 + \dots + i_n^2) - (n \cdot \text{avg}^2) \end{aligned}$$

