

HTML5



HTML Tutorial

IMAGES, AUDIO, VIDEO

La balise img

➤ *Create an image map*

Source Code:

Submit Code »

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>

<p>Click on the sun or on one of the planets to watch it
closer:</p>

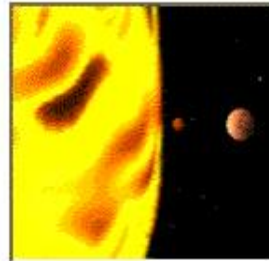


<map name="planetmap">
  <area shape="rect" coords="0,0,82,126" alt="Sun"
href="sun.htm">
  <area shape="circle" coords="90,58,3" alt="Mercury"
href="mercur.htm">
  <area shape="circle" coords="124,58,8" alt="Venus"
href="venus.htm">
</map>

</body>
</html>
```

Result:

Click on the sun or on one of the planets to watch it closer:



Edit the code above and click "Submit Code" to see the result.

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La balise img

➤ *Résultat d'un clic sur le soleil dans la page précédente*

Source Code:

Submit Code »

Result:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>

<p>Click on the sun or on one of the planets to watch it closer:</p>



<map name="planetmap">
  <area shape="rect" coords="0,0,82,126" alt="Sun" href="sun.htm">
  <area shape="circle" coords="90,58,3" alt="Mercury" href="mercur.htm">
  <area shape="circle" coords="124,58,8" alt="Venus" href="venus.htm">
</map>

</body>
</html>
```



Edit the code above and click "Submit Code" to see the result.

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La balise img

➤ Résultat d'un clic sur l'une des planètes

Source Code:

[Submit Code »](#)

Result:


```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>

<p>Click on the sun or on one of the planets to watch it closer:</p>



<map name="planetmap">
  <area shape="rect" coords="0,0,82,126" alt="Sun" href="sun.htm">
  <area shape="circle" coords="90,58,3" alt="Mercury"
href="mercur.htm">
  <area shape="circle" coords="124,58,8" alt="Venus"
href="venus.htm">
</map>

</body>
</html>
```



Edit the code above and click "Submit Code" to see the result.

[W3Schools.com](https://www.w3schools.com) - Try it yourself

La balise img

➤ *Résultat d'un clic sur l'une des planètes*

Source Code:

Submit Code »

Result:


```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>

<p>Click on the sun or on one of the planets to watch it closer:</p>



<map name="planetmap">
  <area shape="rect" coords="0,0,82,126" alt="Sun" href="sun.htm">
  <area shape="circle" coords="90,58,3" alt="Mercury"
href="mercur.htm">
  <area shape="circle" coords="124,58,8" alt="Venus"
href="venus.htm">
</map>

</body>
</html>
```



Edit the code above and click "Submit Code" to see the result.

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La balise img

➤ L'attribut ismap

Source Code:

[Submit Code »](#)

Result:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>

<a href="form_action.asp">

</a>
<p>Click the image, and the click coordinates will be sent to the server as
a URL query string.</p>
</body>
</html>
```



Click the image, and the click coordinates will be sent to the server as a URL query string.

Edit the code above and click "Submit Code" to see the result.

[W3Schools.com](#) - Try it yourself

La balise img

➤ L'attribut ismap

Source Code:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>

<a href="form_action.asp">

</a>
<p>Click the image, and the click coordinates will be
sent to the server as a URL query string.</p>
</body>
</html>
```

Result:

Input was received as:

39,72

This page was returned to you from the server. The server has processed your input and returned this answer.

It is not a part of the HTML tutorial to teach you how the server is processing this input. If you want to learn more about processing form input, please read our [PHP](#) or our [ASP](#) tutorial.

Use the back button in the browser to return to the example.

Edit the code above and click "Submit Code" to see the result.

[W3Schools.com](#) - Try it yourself

Note: l'attribut ismap est un attribut booléen. Ismap signifie ismap = 'true' et indique que le navigateur doit transmettre les coordonnées du point cliqué au serveur

FIGURE

➤ La balise figure

La balise **figure** identifie un contenu autonome, tel que des illustrations, des diagrammes, des photos, des listings de code, etc...

Tandis que le contenu de l'élément `<figure>` est relié au flux principal, sa position est indépendante du flux principal, et son retrait n'affecterait pas le flux du document.

La balise `<figure>` est nouvelle en HTML5.

La balise **figcaption** est utilisée pour ajouter une légende à la balise `<figure>`. Le fait de pouvoir traiter la légende et le contenu de figure comme un bloc est un l'un des principaux intérêts de la balise figure.

- L'utilisation de cette balise, bien qu'essentiellement consacrée à héberger des images, ne doit pas être comparée à la balise `img` (plus classique), mais plutôt à la balise `<aside>`.

La balise **figure** vise à traiter de façon autonome le contenu qu'elle héberge. Si ce contenu n'est pas essentiel, il faut préférer `<aside>`. En revanche, s'il est essentiel à la compréhension, mais que sa position dans le flux n'est pas importante, il faut préférer "figure"

Dans toute autre situation, il faut revenir aux éléments classiques : `img`, `div`, `blockquote` ...

La balise figure

Source Code:

Submit Code »

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>

<p>The Pulpit Rock is a massive cliff 604 metres (1982 feet)
above Lysefjorden, opposite the Kjerag plateau, in Forsand,
Ryfylke, Norway. The top of the cliff is approximately 25 by 25
metres (82 by 82 feet) square and almost flat, and is a famous
tourist attraction in Norway.</p>

<figure>
  
</figure>

</body>
</html>
```

Result:

The Pulpit Rock is a massive cliff 604 metres (1982 feet) above Lysefjorden, opposite the Kjerag plateau, in Forsand, Ryfylke, Norway. The top of the cliff is approximately 25 by 25 metres (82 by 82 feet) square and almost flat, and is a famous tourist attraction in Norway.



Edit the code above and click "Submit Code" to see the result.

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FIGURE

➤ La balise **figcaption**

La balise **figcaption** définit une légende pour l'élément `<figure>`.

L'élément `<figcaption>` peut être placé comme le premier ou le dernier enfant de l'élément `<figure>`

La balise **figcaption** est nouvelle en HTML5. Cette balise constitue la principale justification de la balise **figure**.

La balise figcaption

Source Code:

Submit Code »

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>

<p>The Pulpit Rock is a massive cliff 604 metres (1982 feet)
above Lysefjorden, opposite the Kjerag plateau, in Forsand,
Ryfylke, Norway. The top of the cliff is approximately 25 by 25
metres (82 by 82 feet) square and almost flat, and is a famous
tourist attraction in Norway.</p>

<figure>
  
  <figcaption>Fig.1 - A view of the pulpit rock in Norway.</
figcaption>
</figure>

</body>
</html>
```

Result:

The Pulpit Rock is a massive cliff 604 metres (1982 feet) above Lysefjorden, opposite the Kjerag plateau, in Forsand, Ryfylke, Norway. The top of the cliff is approximately 25 by 25 metres (82 by 82 feet) square and almost flat, and is a famous tourist attraction in Norway.



Fig.1 - A view of the pulpit rock in Norway.

Edit the code above and click "Submit Code" to see the result.

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