



Description

Oneful Pairs

Program Description

Bob defines a pair of positive integers (a,b) to be a Oneful Pair, if

$$a + b + (a \cdot b) = 111$$

For example, $(1,55)$ is a Oneful Pair, since $1+55+(1 \cdot 55)=>56+55=111$. But $(1,56)$ is not a Oneful Pair, since $1+56+(1 \cdot 56)=>57+56=>113 \neq 111$.

Given two positive integers a and b , output Yes if they are a Oneful Pair. And No otherwise.

Input Format

The only line of input contains two space-separated integers a and b .

Output Format

Output Yes, if (a,b) form a Oneful Pair. Output No if they do not.

Constraints

$1 \leq a, b \leq 1000$

Input-1

1 55

Output-1

Yes

Input-2

1 56

Output-2

No

Light

C - GCC 11.1.0 ▾

Timer 0:06 sec



```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 int main()
3 {
4     int a,b;
5     scanf("%d %d",&a,&b);
6     if((a+b+(a*b))==111) printf("Yes");
7     else printf("No");
8     return 0;
9 }
```

 Run Code

Compiler Response

#	Testcase	Input	Expected Output	Your Output	Memory	CPU time	Result
1	1 55	1 55	Yes	Yes	1408 KB	3.525 ms	Pass
2	1 56	1 56	No	No	1408 KB	2.517 ms	Pass

All hidden testcases passed



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Light



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