Description

Strictly ODD

Program Description

An array can be called strictly odd, if every odd number in that array exists only at an odd index.

Note: It is guaranteed that there will be at least one odd number in the array.

Input Format

First-line contains an integer 'N' which indicates the length of the Array.
Next line contains 'N' array elements

Output Format

True if the array is strictly odd, False otherwise.

Constraints

1 ≤ N ≤ 100

Input-1

```
7

0 1 2 3 4 5 6
```

Output-1

```
True
```

Input-2

```
7
0 1 2 3 4 5 6
```

C - GCC 11.1.0 ▾ Timer 0:29 sec

Light

```c
#include <stdio.h>

int main() {
    int N;
    int arr[105];
    if (scanf("%d", &N) != 1) return 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < N; i++)
    {
        scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
    }
    for (int i = 1; i < N; i += 2) {
        if (arr[i] % 2 == 0) {
            printf("False");
            return 0;
        }
    }
    printf("True");
    return 0;
}
```

Run Code

Compiler Response

#	Testcase	Input	Expected Output	Your Output	Memory	CPU time	Result
1	4 10 13 17 19	4 10 13 17 19	True	True	1408 KB	3.653 ms	Pass
2	9 2 4 6 7 8 10 18 46 148	9 2 4 6 7 8 10 18 46 148	False	False	1408 KB	2.568 ms	Pass

All hidden testcases passed

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