

Project 2: Extract, Transform, and Load

Data Boot Camp

Lesson 13.1





The Week Ahead

Day 1 (Today)	Introduction to ETL
	Introduction to the ETL project (goals and requirements)
	Develop feasible project idea (with the help of instructors and TAs)
	Submit project proposal
Day 2	Work on projects with the assistance instructors and TAs.
Day 3	Projects due!



Instructor Demonstration

Introduction to the Case Study Project

Case Study Project Requirements

Data sources

You must have at least two sources:

Recommended sources include:

- Kaggle
- Data.world
- Google Dataset Search
 (https://datasetsearch.research.google.com/)
- APIs may be used as an alternative source

Once your datasets are identified:

Perform the ETL process and create your documentation. Your documentation must include:

- Datasets used and their sources
- Types of data wrangling performed (data cleaning, joining, filtering, aggregating)
- The schemata used in the final production database



Instructor Demonstration

Introduction to ETL

Introduction to ETL

ETL: Extract, Transform, and Load

Extract

Read the data, often from multiple sources.

Transform

Clean and structure the data in desired form.

Load

Write the data into a database for storage.

Introduction to ETL: Extract

Data may come from disparate sources, such as:



CSV files



JSON files



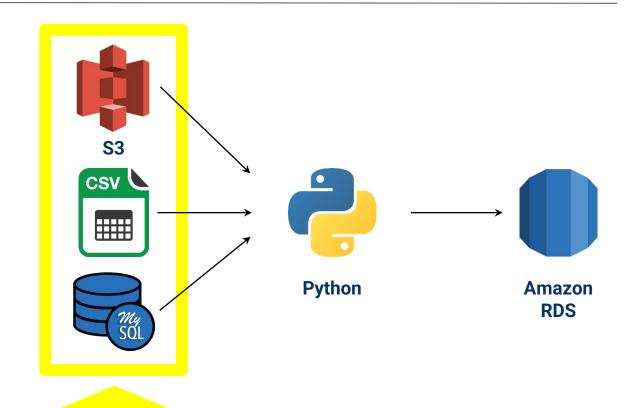
HTML tables



SQL databases



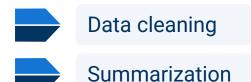
Spreadsheets



Extract

Introduction to ETL: Transform

Transform the data to suit business needs, including:

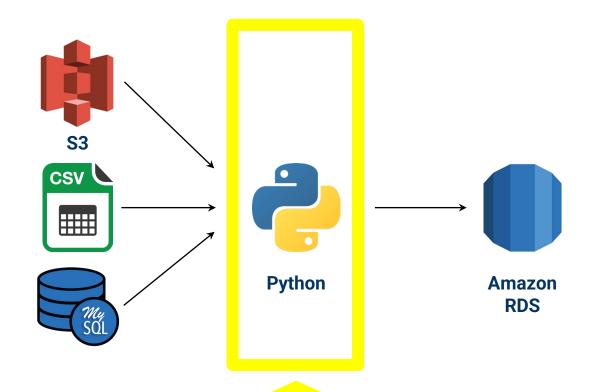






Filtering

Aggregating



Transform

Note: We will use Python and Pandas for transformation, which can also be done with SQL or a specialized ETL tool.





Introduction to ETL: Load

Load the data into a final database that can be used for future analysis or business applications:



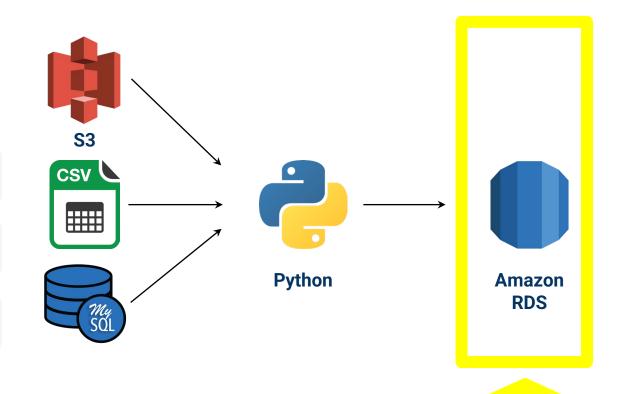
Can be a relational or non-relational database



Can be local or in the cloud



Can be a data lake or data warehouse



Load



Project Week (This Week)!

Day 1	Form groups
	Identify datasets
	Perform ETL on the data
Day 2	Develop database
Day 3	Complete final report

Project Proposals

Team effort

- Due to the brief timeline, teamwork will be crucial to your success!
- Work closely with your team through all phases of the project to ensure that there are no surprises at the end of the week.
- Working in a group enables you to address more difficult problems than you'd be able to manage on your own.
- Take advantage by working smart and dreaming big!

Project proposal

- Before you write any code, remember that you only have one week to complete this project.
- Think of this project like a typical work assignment. Imagine that a bunch of data came in, and you and your team have been tasked with migrating it to a production database.
- Try to take advantage of instructor and TA support during office hours and inclass project time.



Data Cleanup and Analysis Requirements

Teams will be responsible for:



Citing the data sources



Extracting the data from those sources



Transforming the data (cleaning, joining, filtering, aggregating, etc.)



Loading the data into a database (relational or non-relational)

Report Requirements

You will also prepare a report to address the following points:

Extract

Your original data sources and how the data were formatted (CSV, JSON, pgAdmin 4, etc.)

Transform

What data cleaning or transformation was required

Load

The final database, tables/collections, and why this was chosen.



Rubric Summary

Grading Categories

Project proposal

(20 points)

Technical report

(20 points)

GitHub repository

(20 points)



Data Suggestions

Feel free to ask us for input, but our general advice is to use data sources that:



Are sufficiently large



Have a consistent format



Ideally, contain more data than we need

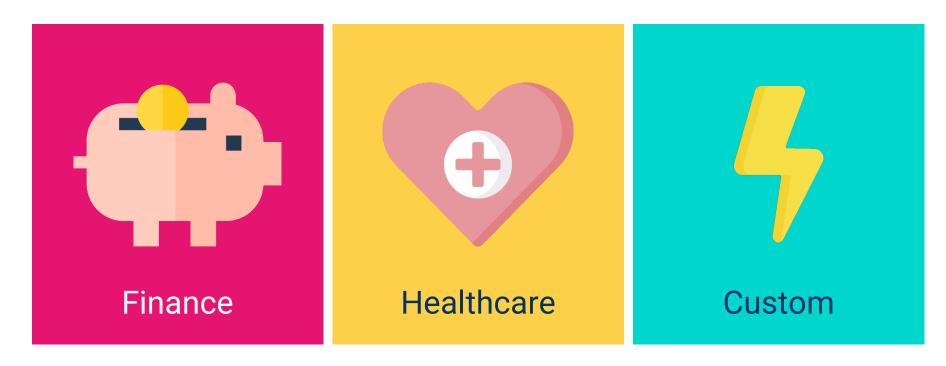


Are well documented



Choosing a Project Track

For this project, you can focus your efforts on a specific industry, including the following specializations:



ETL and Finance



When to use ETL in finance



Current treasury benchmarks are at an all-time low, and a financial analyst has decided to study the last 30 years worth of rates.



After pulling historical data, the analyst cleans and explores the data to perform their analysis, with the intent of predicting future benchmark trends.



Once the historical data have been collected, processed, and loaded into a database, the financial analyst turns their attention to present-day data. Using an API, they pull the most up-to-date information so it can be added to their established database.



They've already extracted the new data, but before loading them into the existing database, they need to ensure that they have the correct format. Once the data are transformed, they can load them to the database and continue with the analysis.

ETL and Healthcare

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When to use ETL in healthcare



An analyst working at a major hospital is tasked with reviewing policies regarding the upcoming flu season. The analyst is keeping the following questions in mind:

- How many patients does the hospital expect this year?
- How severe will flu season be this year?
- Will there be regional differences? Similarities?



The analyst wants to collect and analyze data from different sources so they can make predictions about the upcoming flu season.



Before combining the hospital's own data with regional data acquired externally, the analyst will need to extract the new data, transform them to match the existing data, and then load them into the database.

ETL in the Wild



Customize it! Several other industries use the ETL process, as well.



In marketing, analysts may acquire data from competitors to see how their products measure up. Multiple data sources would need to be extracted, transformed, and loaded into a common database prior to analysis.



An analyst working for a large retail chain is in charge of moving a legacy database into a cloud-based data warehouse.



An entrepreneur has a big business idea but wants to get a feel for their product idea. hey use web scraping and APIs to pull data from a variety of social media platforms with the intent of analyzing consumer reactions.

