## Congratulations! You passed!

**Grade received** 100% **To pass** 80% or higher

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1.	The minimum edit distance between the words <i>deep</i> and <i>creepy</i> is:	1 / 1 point				
	4					
	✓ Correct That's correct. You need to replace d for c, which counts for 2, insert r and insert y.					
2.	Which of the following is a NOT VALID example of an edit string operation?	1/1 point				
	INSERT a letter: 'aple'> 'apple'					
	O DELETE a letter: 'cloack'> 'cloak'					
	SWITCH a letter 'Lusca'> 'Lucas'					
	REPLACE a letter 'Crayom'> 'Crayon'					
	Correct Switching a letter is a valid operation ONLY when switching adjacent letters! In this case there were two switches: switch s and c and after s and a.					
	Switching a letter is a valid operation onch when switching adjacent letters: in this case there were two switches, switch saild calld after saild a.					
3.	Autocorrect is only appliable when dealing with misspelled words.	1/1 point				
	False					
	○ True					
	That's right, autocorrect can also be used for words that does not make any sense for a particular sentence. For instance, 'Happy birthday deer friends' is a correct					
	spelled sentence, but the word <i>'deer'</i> makes no sense – it should be <b>dear</b> .					
4.	Given the corpus:	1/1 point				
	"I am happy because I am doing quizzes."					
	Based on this tiny corpus, consider the following sentence:					
	"I sm very good at solving quizzes."					
	Which of the following is true?					
	It is not possible to decide a correction for the misspelled word "sm".					
	There is a unique correction for the misspelled word "sm".					
	There is more than one possible candidate for a correction to the misspelled word "sm".					
	The corpus is too tiny, so it is not possible to build a probabilistic model for autocorrection.					
	○ Correct					
	That's correct! The correction would be the word "am".					
5	About the probabilistic model defined in the lecture, select all that apply.	1/1 point				
٥.	_	1/1 point				
	Words with the same probability in the corpus will be equally likely to be candidates for a possible word correction.					
	Replacing a character costs more than deleting a character.					
	○ Correct     This is correct, replacing a word costs 2 whereas deleting it costs 1.					
	If $C(w)$ is the number of times a word appear in a corpus and $V$ is the corpus size, then the probability of the word $w$ in the corpus is $P(w) = \frac{C(w)}{V}$ .					

	Correct This is correct.					
	✓ The sentence "Happy birthday deer friends" would not have any word corrected in the model defined in the lecture.					
	<ul> <li>Correct</li> <li>This is correct. Since the model just looks at misspelled words, the above sentence would not be corrected.</li> </ul>					
6.	Suppose we build a distance matrix D for the following case:	1/1 point				
	Source: Pie> Target: Bye					
	What is the value for D[3,2]?					
	5					
7.	About the Minimum edit distance algorithm, select all that apply. Let $D$ be the distance matrix, for two words of same size. The matrix size is $n$ .	1/1 point				
	lacksquare D[0,i] > D[0,j] if $i>j.$					
	Correct This is correct, the first line will always have increasing values as we move to the right because it is the cost from editing the null string.					
	$\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $					
	$ \square D[i,j] = min(D[i-1,j] + \text{del\_cost}, D[i,j-1] + \text{ins\_cost}, D[i-1,j-1] + \text{rep\_cost}) $					
	The algorithm avoids usage of brute force by implementing a dynamic programming approach.					
	Correct  That's correct. Using previous computed cells to compute another one is a dynamic programming method.					
8.	About the minimum edit distance, which of the following statement is not true?	1/1 point				
	O It is used to evaluate similarity between two strings.					
	It is used to check if a word is misspelled.					
	O It counts the minimum number of edits to transform one string into another.					
	O It is used to implement spelling correction, document similarity and machine translation.					
	Correct! It is a measure between two strings and not a method to decide if a string is misspelled or not.					
9.	The minimum edit distance calculation is more computationally intensive if we have a big corpus.	1/1 point				
	○ True					
	False					
	✓ Correct That's correct. The minimum edit distance depends only on the editing cost and the two words that are being considered and not on any corpus or vocabulary.					
10.	Given the corpus "Autocorrect is a powerful tool and it is used on our computer."	1/1 point				
	The value for $P(\mathrm{is})$ is:					
	The answer should have two decimal places (rounding up, if necessary). For example: 0.88888 should be answered as 0.89.					
	0.17					
	○ Correct     That's correct!					