

---

## Table of Contents

Homework 9 .....	1
Problem T9.1-1 .....	1
Problem T9.1-2 .....	2
Problem 9.3 .....	2
Problem 9.6 .....	3
Problem 9.9 .....	3

## Homework 9

ENGR 133-003 Created by Sean DeBarr 3/29/2019

```
clear
close all
clc
```

### Problem T9.1-1

```
clear

disp('*****' + newline + "Problem T9.1-1" + newline);

% declare variables
t = 0:10;
a = [0, 2, 4, 7, 11, 17, 24, 32, 41, 48, 51];

% preallocate for extra speed
d = zeros(1, 10);
v = zeros(1, 10);

% set initial value to 0
v(1) = 0;
d(1) = 0;

% calculate velocity and distance
for (k = 1:10)
    v(k + 1) = trapz(t(k:k + 1), a(k:k + 1)) + v(k);
    d(k + 1) = trapz(t(k:k + 1), v(k:k + 1)) + d(k);
end

% display results in table form
fprintf("Time (t)[sec] vs Distance (d)[m]:\n");
disp([t', d']);

% The final displacement in the textbook is wrong because when you run
% the code, the velocity at 9 sec is 117.5, but the book has it as
% being
% 117. Therefore, my values are slightly different.

*****
```

---

*Problem T9.1-1*

*Time (t)[sec] vs Distance (d)[m]:*

<i>t</i>	<i>d</i>
0	0
1.0000	0.5000
2.0000	3.0000
3.0000	9.7500
4.0000	23.7500
5.0000	49.2500
6.0000	92.0000
7.0000	159.0000
8.0000	258.2500
9.0000	398.0000
10.0000	584.7500

## Problem T9.1-2

```
clear

disp('*****' + newline + "Problem T9.1-2" + newline);

% calculate integral
A = integral(@(x) 1 ./ x, 2, 5);

% display results
fprintf("A = %.4f, which is the same solution as the\n", A);
fprintf("closed-form solution, which is A = 0.9163.\n\n");

*****
Problem T9.1-2

A = 0.9163, which is the same solution as the
closed-form solution, which is A = 0.9163.
```

## Problem 9.3

```
clear

disp('*****' + newline + "Problem 9.3" + newline);

% declare variables
t = 0:4;
a = 7 .* t;

% preallocate for extra speed
d = zeros(1, 4);
v = zeros(1, 4);

% set initial value to 3
v(1) = 3;
```

---

```
% set initial value to 0
d(1) = 0;

% calculate velocity and distance
for (k = 1:4)
    v(k + 1) = trapz(t(k:k + 1), a(k:k + 1)) + v(k);
    d(k + 1) = trapz(t(k:k + 1), v(k:k + 1)) + d(k);
end

% display results
fprintf("The total distance the object travels in 4s is %gm.\n\n",
    d(5));

*****
Problem 9.3

The total distance the object travels in 4s is 89m.
```

## Problem 9.6

```
clear

disp("*****" + newline + "Problem 9.6" + newline);

% declare variables
t = 0:10;
v = [0, 2, 5, 7, 9, 12, 15, 18, 22, 20, 17];
d(1) = 3;

% calculate position
for (k = 1:10)
    d(k + 1) = trapz(t(k:k + 1), v(k:k + 1)) + d(k);
end

% display results
fprintf("The objects position at t = 10s is %gm.\n\n", d(11));

*****
Problem 9.6

The objects position at t = 10s is 121.5m.
```

## Problem 9.9

```
clear

disp("*****" + newline + "Problem 9.9" + newline);

% declare variables and force
t = 0:5;
F = @(t) (500 .* (2 - exp(-t) .* sin(5 * pi .* t)));
```

---

```
% calculate acceleration
A = @(t) (F(t) / 100);

% calculate velocity
velocity = integral(A, 0, 5);

% display results
fprintf("The objects velocity at t = 5s is %gm.\n\n", velocity);
```

```
*****
```

*Problem 9.9*

*The objects velocity at t = 5s is 49.6808m.*

*Published with MATLAB® R2017b*