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Homework 13

ENGR 133-003 Created by Sean DeBarr 4/26/2019

```
clear
close all
clc
```

Problem T11.3-2

```
clear

disp("*****" + newline + "Problem T11.3-2" + newline);

% declare symbolic variables
syms x y;

% declare equation symbolically
z = 5*cos(2*x) * log(4*y);

% find derivative of function with respect to y
dzdy = diff(z, y);

% display results
fprintf("dz/dy = %s.\n\n", dzdy);

*****
Problem T11.3-2


$$dz/dy = (5*cos(2*x))/y.$$

```

Problem T11.3-3

```
clear

disp("*****" + newline + "Problem T11.3-3" + newline);
```

```
% declare symbolic variables
syms x;

% declare equation symbolically
y = x * sin(3*x);

% find integral of function with respect to x
integral = int(y);

% display results
fprintf("The integral = %s.\n\n", integral);

*****
Problem T11.3-3

The integral = sin(3*x)/9 - (x*cos(3*x))/3.
```

Problem T11.3-4

```
clear

disp("*****" + newline + "Problem T11.3-4" + newline);

% declare symbolic variables
syms x y;

% declare equation symbolically
z = 6*y^2 * tan(8*x);

% find integral of function with respect to x
integral = int(z, y);

% display results
fprintf("The integral = %s.\n\n", integral);

*****
Problem T11.3-4

The integral = 2*y^3*tan(8*x).
```

Problem T11.3-7

```
clear

disp("*****" + newline + "Problem T11.3-7" + newline);

% declare symbolic variable
syms m;

% find formula for the sum
form = symsum(m^3, m, 0, m-1);
```

```
% display results
fprintf("The formula is %s.\n\n", form);

*****
Problem T11.3-7

The formula is (m^2*(m - 1)^2)/4.
```

Problem T11.3-9

```
clear

disp("*****" + newline + "Problem T11.3-9" + newline);

% declare symbolic variable
syms x;

% declare equation symbolically
y = (2*x -10) / (x^3 - 125);

% evaluate the limit
lim = limit(y, x, 5);

% display results
fprintf("The limit as x -> 5 is %s.\n\n", lim);

*****
Problem T11.3-9

The limit as x -> 5 is 2/75.
```

Problem T11.11

```
clear

disp("*****" + newline + "Problem T11.11" + newline);

% declare symbolic variable
syms x;

% declare equation symbolically
y = 3^x - 2*x;

% find derivative of function with respect to x
dydx = diff(y, x);

% find values where dydx is 0
values = solve(dydx, x);

% display results
```

```
fprintf("The the value of x where the graph has a horizontal\n");
fprintf("tangent line %s.\n\n", values);
```

```
*****
```

Problem T11.11

*The the value of x where the graph has a horizontal
tangent line $(\log(2) - \log(\log(3)))/\log(3)$.*

Problem T11.13

```
clear
```

```
disp("*****" + newline + "Problem T11.13" + newline);
```

```
% declare symbolic variable
syms r;
```

```
% declare equations symbolically
S = 4*pi*r^2;
V = (4*pi*r^3)/3;
```

```
%
```

```
*****
```

```
% Part a
```

```
disp("Part a" + newline);
```

```
% find derivative
```

```
dSdV = diff(S, r) / diff(V, r);
```

```
% display results
```

```
fprintf("dS/dV = %s.\n\n", dSdV);
```

```
%
```

```
*****
```

```
% Part b
```

```
disp("Part b" + newline);
```

```
% solve for r
```

```
radius = solve(V == 30, r);
```

```
% substitute in radius to find rate
```

```
rate = double(subs(dSdV, radius(1)));
```

```
% display results
```

```
fprintf("The rate of increase in the balloon's surface area\n");
```

```
fprintf("is %g in^2/in^3.\n\n", rate);
```

```
*****
```

Problem T11.13

Part a

$$dS/dV = 2/r.$$

Part b

The rate of increase in the balloon's surface area
is $1.03757 \text{ in}^2/\text{in}^3$.

Problem T11.22

```
clear

disp('*****' + newline + "Problem T11.22" + newline);

syms t R;

%
% *****
% Part a
disp("Part a" + newline);

% declare current in A
i = 0.2 * (1 + sin(0.2 * t));

% take the integral to get function
E = int(i^2 * R);

% display result
fprintf("Energy dissipated as a function of time:\n%s\n\n", E);

%
% *****
% Part b
disp("Part b" + newline);

% find energy disipated in 1 minute
D = subs(E, {t, R}, {60, 1000});

% convert to double
D = double(D);

% display result
fprintf("Energy dissipated in 1 minute if R = 1000ohms is:\n");
fprintf("%g\n\n", D);
clear

*****
Problem T11.22

Part a

Energy dissipated as a function of time:
-(R*(4*cos(t/5) - (3*t)/5 + sin((2*t)/5)/2))/10
```

Part b

Energy dissipated in 1 minute if $R = 1000\text{ohms}$ is:
3307.74

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