compiled Project

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```
source("na-convert.R")
library(tidyverse)
```

```
## -- Attaching packages --------------------------------------------------- tidyverse 1.3.0 --
```

```
## v ggplot2 3.3.0     v purrr   0.3.3
## v tibble  3.0.0     v dplyr   0.8.5
## v tidyr   1.0.2     v stringr 1.4.0
## v readr   1.3.1     v forcats 0.5.0
```

```
## -- Conflicts ------------------------------------------------------ tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()    masks stats::lag()
```

```
library(ggpubr)
```

```
## Loading required package: magrittr
```

```
##
## Attaching package: 'magrittr'
```

```
## The following object is masked from 'package:purrr':
##
##     set_names
```

```
## The following object is masked from 'package:tidyr':
##
##     extract
```

```
library(xtable)
```

EDA

Read in the data and make note of missing values

```
data_raw = read.csv("data/chd_risk.csv")
summary(data_raw)
```

```
##       age                     education      cigsPerDay        totChol
##  Min.   :32.00   College or Higher : 473   Min.   : 0.000   Min.   :107.0
##  1st Qu.:42.00   High School or GED:1253   1st Qu.: 0.000   1st Qu.:206.0
##  Median :49.00   Some College      : 687   Median : 0.000   Median :234.0
##  Mean   :49.58   Some High School  :1720   Mean   : 9.003   Mean   :236.7
##  3rd Qu.:56.00   NA's              : 105   3rd Qu.:20.000   3rd Qu.:263.0
##  Max.   :70.00                           Max.   :70.000   Max.   :696.0
##                                          NA's   :29       NA's   :50
```

```
##      sysBP           diaBP             BMI          heartRate
##  Min.   : 83.5   Min.   : 48.00   Min.   :15.54   Min.   : 44.00
##  1st Qu.:117.0   1st Qu.: 75.00   1st Qu.:23.07   1st Qu.: 68.00
##  Median :128.0   Median : 82.00   Median :25.40   Median : 75.00
##  Mean   :132.4   Mean   : 82.89   Mean   :25.80   Mean   : 75.88
##  3rd Qu.:144.0   3rd Qu.: 89.88   3rd Qu.:28.04   3rd Qu.: 83.00
##  Max.   :295.0   Max.   :142.50   Max.   :56.80   Max.   :143.00
##                                   NA's   :19      NA's   :1
##     glucose           sex             smoker     OnBPMeds    PrevStroke
##  Min.   : 40.00   female:2419   Nonsmoker:2144   No  :4061   No :4213
##  1st Qu.: 71.00   male  :1819   Smoker   :2094   Yes : 124   Yes:  25
##  Median : 78.00                                  NA's:  53
##  Mean   : 81.97
##  3rd Qu.: 87.00
##  Max.   :394.00
##  NA's   :388
##   Hyp        Diab      CHD_Risk
##  No :2922   No :4129   No :3594
##  Yes:1316   Yes: 109   Yes: 644
##
##
##
##
##
```

Count number in on missingness:

```
# Generate the number of missing values for each predictor
apply(is.na(data_raw), 2, sum)
```

```
##        age  education cigsPerDay    totChol      sysBP      diaBP        BMI
##          0        105         29         50          0          0         19
##  heartRate    glucose        sex     smoker   OnBPMeds PrevStroke        Hyp
##          1        388          0          0         53          0          0
##       Diab   CHD_Risk
##          0          0
```

```
missing_preds = c("education", "cigsPerDay", "totChol", "BMI",
                  "heartRate", "glucose", "OnBPMeds")
```

Visualize distribution of quantitative predictors conditional on the CHD outcome:

```
quant_preds = c("age", "cigsPerDay", "totChol", "sysBP",
                  "diaBP", "BMI", "heartRate", "glucose")

make_cond_hist = function(varname) {
  p1 = ggplot(data_raw, aes_string(x=varname)) +
    geom_histogram(aes(y = ..density..),
                   fill = "red", alpha = 0.5) +
    labs(title=paste(varname, "given CHD_Risk")) +
    xlab(varname) +
    ylab("Density") +
    facet_grid(. ~ CHD_Risk) +
    theme_bw()
  return(p1)
}
```

```
graphs = lapply(quant_preds, make_cond_hist)
figure1 = ggarrange(graphs[[1]], graphs[[2]], graphs[[3]], graphs[[4]],
          graphs[[5]], graphs[[6]], graphs[[7]], graphs[[8]],
          ncol = 2, nrow = 4)
annotate_figure(figure1,
                top = text_grob("Visualizing Quantitative Predictors given CHD_Risk (prevalence = 0.152)
)
```

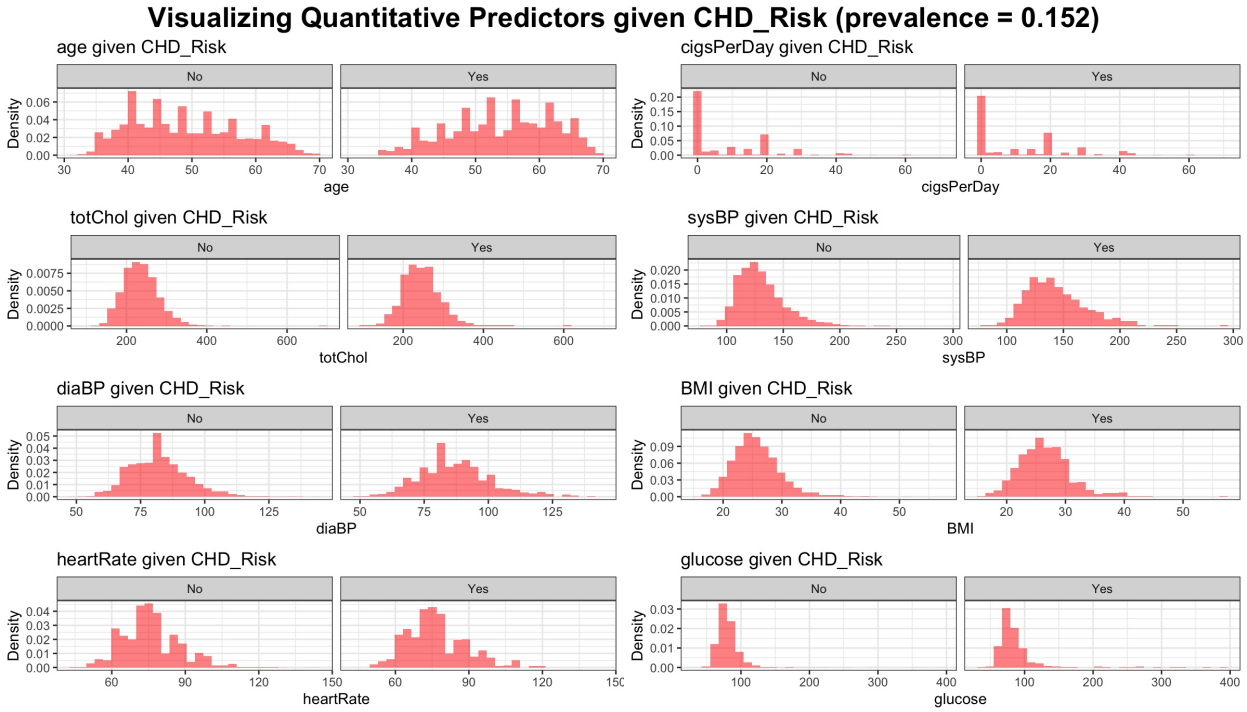

Figure 1: Quantitative EDA

Visualizing the Qualitative predictors by showing their distributions conditional on the outcome:

```
# Address Categorical predictors
cat_preds = c("education", "sex", "smoker", "OnBPMeds",
              "PrevStroke", "Hyp", "Diab")
get_cond_prob_table = function(TABLE, flag = 0) {
  col1 = TABLE[,1] / sum(TABLE[,1])
  col2 = TABLE[,2] / sum(TABLE[,2])
  return(cbind(No=col1, Yes=col2))
}
tab_education = get_cond_prob_table(table(data_raw$education, data_raw$CHD_Risk))
tab_sex = get_cond_prob_table(table(data_raw$sex, data_raw$CHD_Risk))
tab_smoker = get_cond_prob_table(table(data_raw$smoker, data_raw$CHD_Risk))
tab_OnBPMeds = get_cond_prob_table(table(data_raw$OnBPMeds, data_raw$CHD_Risk))
tab_PrevStroke = get_cond_prob_table(table(data_raw$PrevStroke, data_raw$CHD_Risk))
tab_Hyp = get_cond_prob_table(table(data_raw$Hyp, data_raw$CHD_Risk))
tab_Diab = get_cond_prob_table(table(data_raw$Diab, data_raw$CHD_Risk))

tab_prob_Yes = rbind(tab_education, tab_sex, tab_smoker,
                     tab_OnBPMeds, tab_PrevStroke, tab_Hyp,
```

```
                    tab_Diab)
round(tab_prob_Yes,3)
```

```
##                        No   Yes
## College or Higher  0.115 0.111
## High School or GED 0.316 0.234
## Some College       0.171 0.140
## Some High School   0.399 0.514
## female             0.589 0.467
## male               0.411 0.533
## Nonsmoker          0.510 0.483
## Smoker             0.490 0.517
## No                 0.977 0.935
## Yes                0.023 0.065
## No                 0.996 0.983
## Yes                0.004 0.017
## No                 0.724 0.495
## Yes                0.276 0.505
## No                 0.981 0.938
## Yes                0.019 0.062
```

Check for collinearity with GVIF.

```
# Check for collinearity
library(car)
```

```
## Loading required package: carData
```

```
##
## Attaching package: 'car'
```

```
## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##     recode
```

```
## The following object is masked from 'package:purrr':
##
##     some
```

```
mod.vif.lm <- lm(as.numeric(CHD_Risk) ~ ., data=data_raw)
vif(mod.vif.lm)
```

```
##                GVIF Df GVIF^(1/(2*Df))
## age        1.397737  1        1.182259
## education  1.124453  3        1.019742
## cigsPerDay 2.732416  1        1.653002
## totChol    1.116842  1        1.056808
## sysBP      3.767158  1        1.940917
## diaBP      3.000260  1        1.732126
## BMI        1.246685  1        1.116550
## heartRate  1.095015  1        1.046429
## glucose    1.638312  1        1.279966
## sex        1.223718  1        1.106218
## smoker     2.585357  1        1.607904
## OnBPMeds   1.111774  1        1.054407
## PrevStroke 1.017647  1        1.008785
## Hyp        2.051447  1        1.432287
```

```
## Diab       1.616622  1         1.271465
```

Because all values in the last column are less than $3.1623 = \sqrt{(10)}$, there is not significant/strong evidence of multicollinearity.