```
In [17]: from lesson_functions import *
   import glob
   from os.path import join
   from sklearn.metrics import precision_score, classification_report, accu
   racy_score
   from sklearn.svm import LinearSVC, SVC, NuSVC
   from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
   import time
   import pickle
```

```
In [2]: def train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2):
    i = int((1 - test_size) * X.shape[0]) + 1
    X_train, X_test = np.split(X, [i])
    y_train, y_test = np.split(y, [i])
    return X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test
```

Parameters

While a lot of the parameters were taken from lessons in the class, others came from forum discussions, and others were purely from experimentation.

```
In [3]: color_space = 'HLS' # Can be RGB, HSV, LUV, HLS, YUV, YCrCb
    orient = 9 # HOG orientations
    pix_per_cell = 16 # HOG pixels per cell
    cell_per_block = 2 # HOG cells per block
    hog_channel = "ALL" # Can be 0, 1, 2, or "ALL"
    spatial_size = (16, 16) # Spatial binning dimensions
    hist_bins = 16 # Number of histogram bins
    spatial_feat = True # Spatial features on or off
    hist_feat = True # Histogram features on or off
    hog_feat = True # HOG features on or off
```

Data Source

```
In [4]: data_dir = "./images/"
    cars = glob.glob(join(data_dir, "vehicles/*/*.png"))
    notcars = glob.glob(join(data_dir, "non-vehicles/*/*.png"))
```

Extract Features for Cars and Non-Cars Using Class-Provided Methods and Passing in Appropriate Parameters

```
In [5]: car_features = extract_features(cars, color_space=color_space,
                                         spatial size=spatial size, hist bins=his
        t_bins,
                                         orient=orient, pix per cell=pix per cell
                                         cell per block=cell per block,
                                         hog channel=hog channel, spatial feat=sp
        atial feat,
                                         hist feat=hist feat, hog feat=hog feat)
        notcar_features = extract_features(notcars, color_space=color_space,
                                            spatial size=spatial size, hist bins=
        hist_bins,
                                            orient=orient, pix per_cell=pix per_c
        ell,
                                            cell per block=cell per block,
                                            hog channel=hog channel, spatial feat
        =spatial feat,
                                            hist feat=hist feat, hog feat=hog fea
        t)
```

/Users/seth.bunke/anaconda/envs/carnd-term1/lib/python3.5/site-package s/skimage/feature/_hog.py:119: skimage_deprecation: Default value of `b lock_norm` == `L1` is deprecated and will be changed to `L2-Hys` in v0.15 'be changed to `L2-Hys` in v0.15', skimage_deprecation)

Split Data

Scaling the Data

```
In [8]: X_scaler = StandardScaler().fit(np.vstack((X_train, X_test)))
X_train = X_scaler.transform(X_train)
X_test = X_scaler.transform(X_test)
```

Training the Classifier

Through disucssions on the class forum as well as my own testing I selected SVC as the model. The comparison of some models is shown below. The tuning of paramters did not make an appreciable difference in accuracy. Some of that tuning was based on this dicussion:

https://stats.stackexchange.com/questions/31066/what-is-the-influence-of-c-in-svms-with-linear-kernel (https://stats.stackexchange.com/questions/31066/what-is-the-influence-of-c-in-svms-with-linear-kernel)

```
In [13]: def train_model_report_accuracy(model):
             global X train
             global y train
             global X_test
             global y test
             # Check the training time for the SVC
             t = time.time()
             model.fit(X train, y train)
             t2 = time.time()
             print(round(t2 - t, 2), 'Seconds to train model...')
             t = time.time()
             p = model.predict(X test)
             t2 = time.time()
             # Check the prediction time
             print(round(t2 - t, 4), 'Seconds to predict with model...')
             # Check the score of the SVC
             print('Test accuracy: {:.4f}'.format(accuracy_score(y_test, p)))
             print("Test precision: {:.4f}".format(precision_score(y_test, p)))
             print(classification report(y test, p, digits=4))
             return model
In [14]: model = LinearSVC(dual=True, C=0.01)
In [15]: train model report accuracy(model)
         3.97 Seconds to train model...
         0.6391 Seconds to predict with model...
         Test accuracy: 0.9772
         Test precision: 0.9635
                      precision recall f1-score
                                                      support
                 0.0
                         0.9914 0.9632
                                             0.9771
                                                         1793
                 1.0
                         0.9635
                                   0.9915
                                             0.9773
                                                         1758
         avg / total
                         0.9776
                                   0.9772
                                             0.9772
                                                         3551
Out[15]: LinearSVC(C=0.01, class weight=None, dual=True, fit intercept=True,
              intercept scaling=1, loss='squared hinge', max iter=1000,
              multi class='ovr', penalty='12', random state=None, tol=0.0001,
              verbose=0)
```

```
In [21]:
         model 1 = SVC()
         train model report accuracy(model 1)
         54.37 Seconds to train model...
         12.6779 Seconds to predict with model...
         Test accuracy: 0.9904
         Test precision: 0.9826
                      precision
                                   recall f1-score
                                                       support
                 0.0
                          0.9983
                                    0.9827
                                              0.9904
                                                          1793
                                    0.9983
                                              0.9904
                 1.0
                          0.9826
                                                          1758
         avg / total
                          0.9905
                                    0.9904
                                              0.9904
                                                          3551
Out[21]: SVC(C=1.0, cache size=200, class weight=None, coef0=0.0,
           decision_function_shape='ovr', degree=3, gamma='auto', kernel='rbf',
           max iter=-1, probability=False, random state=None, shrinking=True,
           tol=0.001, verbose=False)
In [22]: from sklearn import tree
         model 2 = tree.DecisionTreeClassifier()
         train_model_report_accuracy(model_2)
         76.22 Seconds to train model...
         0.05 Seconds to predict with model...
         Test accuracy: 0.9285
         Test precision: 0.8841
                                   recall f1-score
                      precision
                                                       support
                 0.0
                          0.9831
                                    0.8734
                                              0.9250
                                                          1793
                          0.8841
                                    0.9846
                 1.0
                                              0.9316
                                                          1758
         avg / total
                          0.9340
                                    0.9285
                                              0.9283
                                                          3551
Out[22]: DecisionTreeClassifier(class weight=None, criterion='gini', max depth=N
         one,
                     max_features=None, max_leaf_nodes=None,
                     min impurity decrease=0.0, min impurity split=None,
                     min samples leaf=1, min samples split=2,
                     min weight fraction leaf=0.0, presort=False, random state=N
         one,
                     splitter='best')
```

Train Using All Data

```
In [23]: X = np.vstack((X_train, X_test))
y = np.hstack((y_train, y_test))

t = time.time()
final_model = SVC()
final_model.fit(X, y)
t2 = time.time()
print(round(t2 - t, 2), 'Seconds to train final model...')
74.11 Seconds to train final model...
```

Save Model