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Soal 2

=> Cari persamaan pangkat sederhana terhadap data berikut.

$$y = a \times b^x$$

x	2	3	4	5	6
y	4,84	6,44	7,92	9,26	10,52

x	y	$x_i = \log x$	$y_i = \log y$	$x_i^2 = x_i \cdot x_i$	$x_i \cdot y_i$
2	4,84	0,30	0,69	0,09	0,21
3	6,44	0,48	0,81	0,23	0,39
4	7,92	0,60	0,90	0,36	0,54
5	9,26	0,70	0,97	0,49	0,68
6	10,52	0,78	1,02	0,61	0,80
Total		2,86	4,39	1,78	2,62

$$\Rightarrow \bar{x} = \frac{2,86}{(6-2)+1} = \frac{2,86}{5} = 0,57 \quad \Rightarrow \bar{y} = \frac{4,39}{(6-2)+1} = \frac{4,39}{5} = 0,88$$

$$\Rightarrow a_1 = \frac{n \cdot (\sum x_i \cdot y_i) - \sum x_i \cdot \sum y_i}{n \cdot (\sum x_i \cdot x_i) - \sum x_i \cdot \sum x_i} = \frac{5 \cdot 2,62 - 2,86 \cdot 4,39}{5 \cdot 1,78 - 2,86 \cdot 2,86} = \frac{0,59}{0,72} = 0,82$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow a_0 &= \bar{y} - a_1 \cdot \bar{x} \\ &= 0,88 - (0,82 \cdot 0,57) \\ &= 0,45 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \log y &= \log a + b \cdot \log x \\ y &= a_0 + a_1 \cdot x \end{aligned} \right\} \begin{aligned} a_0 &= \log a \Rightarrow a = 10^{0,45} = 2,82 \\ b &= a_1 = 0,82 \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Didapat, } y = a \times b^x \Rightarrow y = 2,82 \times 0,82^x$$

Soal 1

1. Cari persamaan pangkat sederhana terhadap data berikut:

$$y = ae^{bx}$$

x	2	3	4	5	6
y	3,58	4,37	5,34	6,52	7,97

x	y	x=x	y _i = ln y	x _i ² x _i	x _i ² y _i
2	3,58	2	1,28	4	2,56
3	4,37	3	1,44	9	4,41
4	5,34	4	1,68	16	6,72
5	6,52	5	1,87	25	9,35
6	7,97	6	2,08	36	12,48
Total		20	8,38	90	35,52

$$\therefore X_r = \frac{20}{(6-2)+1} = \frac{20}{5} = 4$$

$$\therefore Y_r = \frac{8,38}{(6-2)+1} = \frac{8,38}{5} = 1,68$$

$$\therefore a_1 = \frac{n \cdot (\sum X_i Y_i) - \sum X_i \sum Y_i}{n \cdot (\sum X_i X_i) - \sum X_i \sum X_i} = \frac{5 \cdot (35,52) - 20 \cdot 8,38}{5 \cdot (90) - 20 \cdot 20} = \frac{10}{50} = 0,2$$

$$\therefore a_0 = Y_r - a_1 X_r = 1,68 - 0,2 \cdot 4 = 0,88$$

$$\ln y = \ln a + bx \quad \text{y} \quad a_0 = \ln a \Leftrightarrow a = e^{a_0} = e^{0,88} = 2,41$$

$$y = a_0 + a_1 x \quad a_1 = b = 0,2$$

\Rightarrow Didapat, $y = ae^{bx}$

$$y = 2,41 e^{0,2x}$$

* Regresi Polinomial

⇒ Cari persamaan polinomial berorde 2 terhadap tabel berikut:

$$Y = a_0 + a_1 X + a_2 X^2 \quad m=2 \quad n=6$$

X_i	Y_i	X_i^2	X_i^3	X_i^4	$X_i Y_i$	$X_i^2 Y_i$
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	9	1	1	1	9	9
2	29	4	8	16	98	96
3	49	9	27	81	197	441
4	89	16	64	256	386	1344
5	129	25	125	625	645	3225
Σ	15	295	55	225	979	5115

$$\Rightarrow \bar{X} = \frac{15}{6} = 2,5 \quad \Rightarrow \bar{Y} = \frac{295}{6} = 49,17$$

⇒ Pers. simulasi untuk orde 2, yakni:

$$n \cdot a_0 + \Sigma X_i a_1 + \Sigma X_i^2 a_2 = \Sigma Y_i$$

$$\Sigma X_i a_0 + \Sigma X_i^2 a_1 + \Sigma X_i^3 a_2 = \Sigma X_i Y_i$$

$$\Sigma X_i^2 a_0 + \Sigma X_i^3 a_1 + \Sigma X_i^4 a_2 = \Sigma X_i^2 Y_i$$

⇒ Sehingga:

$$6 a_0 + 15 a_1 + 55 a_2 = 295$$

$$15 a_0 + 55 a_1 + 225 a_2 = 1185$$

$$55 a_0 + 225 a_1 + 979 a_2 = 5115$$

Carilah a_0, a_1 , & a_2 dengan gauss-jordan

⇒ Iterasi 0 (Nilai Awal)

$$6 \quad 15 \quad 55 \quad 295$$

$$15 \quad 55 \quad 225 \quad 1185$$

$$55 \quad 225 \quad 979 \quad 5115$$

⇒ Iterasi 1 $R_1 = R_1/6$

$$1 \quad 2,50 \quad 9,17 \quad 49,17$$

$$15 \quad 55 \quad 225 \quad 1185$$

$$55 \quad 225 \quad 979 \quad 5115$$

⇒ Iterasi 2 $R_2 = R_2 - (15 \times R_1)$

$$1 \quad 2,50 \quad 9,17 \quad 49,17$$

$$0 \quad 17,50 \quad 87,45 \quad 447,45$$

$$55 \quad 225 \quad 979 \quad 5115$$

⇒ Iterasi 3 $R_3 = R_3 - (55 \times R_1)$

$$1 \quad 2,50 \quad 9,17 \quad 49,17$$

$$0 \quad 17,50 \quad 87,45 \quad 447,45$$

$$0 \quad 87,50 \quad 977,65 \quad 2910,65$$

$$o_1 \text{ Iterasi 4 } R_2 = R_2 / 17,5$$

$$1 \quad 2,5 \quad 9,17 \quad 49,17$$

$$0 \quad 1 \quad 5 \quad 25,57$$

$$0 \quad 0,7,5 \quad 449,65 \quad 2410,65$$

$$o_1 \text{ Iterasi 6 } R_1 = R_1 - (2,5 \cdot R_2)$$

$$1 \quad 0 \quad -3,33 \quad -14,57$$

$$0 \quad 1 \quad 5 \quad 25,57$$

$$0 \quad 0 \quad 37,15 \quad 173,28$$

$$o_1 \text{ Iterasi 8 } R_1 = R_1 - (-3,33 \cdot R_3)$$

$$1 \quad 0 \quad 0 \quad 0,77$$

$$0 \quad 1 \quad 5 \quad 25,57$$

$$0 \quad 0 \quad 1 \quad 4,66$$

$$o_1 \text{ Iterasi 5 } R_3 = R_3 - (0,7,5 \cdot R_2)$$

$$1 \quad 2,5 \quad 9,17 \quad 49,17$$

$$0 \quad 1 \quad 5 \quad 25,57$$

$$0 \quad 0 \quad 37,15 \quad 173,28$$

$$o_1 \text{ Iterasi 7 } R_3 = R_3 / 37,15$$

$$1 \quad 0 \quad -3,33 \quad -14,57$$

$$0 \quad 1 \quad 5 \quad 25,57$$

$$0 \quad 0 \quad 1 \quad 4,66$$

$$o_1 \text{ Iterasi 9 } R_2 = R_2 - (5 \cdot R_3)$$

$$1 \quad 0 \quad 0 \quad 0,77$$

$$0 \quad 1 \quad 0 \quad 2,27$$

$$0 \quad 0 \quad 1 \quad 4,66$$

$$\rightarrow \text{Dapat } a_0 = 0,77 \quad a_1 = 2,27 \quad a_2 = 4,66$$

$$\text{Sehingga, } y = a_0 + a_1 x + a_2 x^2$$

$$y = 0,77 + 2,27x + 4,66x^2$$